"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair to-day; fair, warmer to-morrow; moderate winds, becoming south.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,375. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS

PRESSING HUERTA; LIND ADMITS IT

Intimations Made Verbally, and Mexico Understands Huerta Has Rejected Them.

SIGNIFICANT NAVY ORDERS

Dispatch of Cruiser Chester May Presage Early Decisive Action.

PRESS GANG IN CAPITAL

4,000 Mexicans Forced Into the Army in the Last Four Days.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Nov. 5.—John Lind, President Wilson's representative here, to-day admitted that the Washington Government was giving President Huerta strong intimations of the necessity of his resigning his office.

The admission has stirred the local press, and the people at large show evidences of even greater excitement.

The German cruiser Bremen sailed for Tampico to-day after her commander had had a conference with Admiral Fletcher.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 5.—The international situation remains the same on the surface. No propositions have been submitted to Mexico in writing; suggestions have merely been made of desirable action on the part of President Huerta. This was regarded as possible of accomplishment by diplomatic means until the report of an ultimatum became public—a report whose effects have not been entirely counteracted by Secretary Bryan's denials.

The suggestion submitted did not set a time limit, although it is generally considered that the limit, in the opinion of Washington, expired to-night. It is probable that the United States will now put its propositions in the form of demands in writing, which will require an answer. The suggestions as submitted merely indicated what would be regarded as acceptable to the United States.

It is generally understood here that President Huerta practically indicated his unwillingness to accede to the suggestions, and consequently left the United States free to make the next move. Developments are expected in the next few days, as it is understood that Chargé O'Shaughnessy is merely waiting for further instructions from Washington.

In view of the warlike preparations now being made and the wide publicity given to the ultimatum, it is believed that President Huerta will not yield to the representations of the Washington Government.

Conscription for the Federal Army is actively in progress. For the last four days all able-bodied Mexicans found on the streets have been pressed into the ranks. Employes of newspapers and other establishments requiring night work are in fear of seizure as they go to and from their places of employment; for many such have already been forced into military service.

President Huerta to-day issued a decree making bank bills legal tender for any amount and obligatory of acceptance throughout the Republic, and stating also that these bills would be irredeemable one year from date, although the banks would be obliged to maintain reserves to cover them according to law. The bankers expect this move to be followed by a drop in quotations of Mexican money, except coin, which is unexportable.

The move is regarded as drastic and is believed to be the outcome of the statement of the banks that they were unable to advance funds to the Government without weakening their reserves. It is regarded as entirely possible that the Government will ask the banks to substitute Government bonds for the gold and silver reserves now in their vaults. This has been expected for some time and was regarded as inevitable yesterday when the National Bank put in circulation a large number of bills dated Nov. 4.

NAVY ORDERS SIGNIFICANT.

Scout Cruiser Chester Ordered to Join Fleet in Mexican Waters.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The most significant thing bearing upon the present strained relations between the Wilson Administration and the Government of President Huerta that became known to-day was the announcement by the Navy Department that the scout cruiser Chester had been ordered placed in full commission and would leave Philadelphia in a day or two for the east coast of Mexico, and that the armored cruiser California, which was to have been relieved from service on the west coast of Mexico by the armored cruiser Pittsburgh, would remain there after the Pittsburgh arrived.

When the Chester reaches Vera Cruz there will be ten United States warships on the east coast of Mexico. This number is inclusive of one or two battleships that will go to Galveston whenever it is feasible, in order to give their crews shore liberty. Until yesterday there have been only six American warships on the east coast, inclusive of the

Continued on Page 6.

M'MANIGAL IN FAR FLIGHT.

Dynamiter Said to be in Florida on Way to South America.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 5.—Ortie E. McManigal, the dynamiter whose confession convicted the McNamaras, was taken from the County Jail here where he had been for two years and seven months, and it was said to-night that he was in or near Tampa, Fla., on his way to South America. An order to send his clothing and effects to Tampa was received at the jail to-day.

That McManigal is free is not denied by District Attorney Fredericks. Neither does the District Attorney deny that the dynamiter never will be brought back.

"It would be a nice thing for me to tell the world where he is and what he is going to do, wouldn't it?" said Mr. Fredericks.

Another county official, however, said to-day that Los Angeles had seen the last of McManigal, and that the indictments for blowing up the Llewellyn Iron Works would be dismissed within a reasonable time. He also said McManigal was released because the Government had no further use for him, and because when he was arrested he was practically assured that if he confessed he would not be prosecuted, providing he could show that he had caused no loss of life by his operations. His release was in accordance with that pledge, and through the mystery surrounding his departure the officials hoped to baffle his enemies.

BARE EPSTEIN'S WORK.

Poets Remove the Cover from the Censored Oscar Wilde Monument.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—A band of twenty men, composed for the most part of poets, to-day stormed Père Lachaise Cemetery and tore off and carried away the covering which has been concealing Epstein's monument over the grave of Oscar Wilde.

Up to to-night the authorities had taken no steps to replace the covering.

For some reason or other, never explained, the French authorities took a dislike to Jacob Epstein's remarkable monument to Wilde in Père Lachaise, and, as the sculptor indignantly refused to modify it, they covered it up.

The tomb is regarded as a masterpiece. Epstein was born in New York of Russo-Jewish parents in 1880, but has made his reputation in Europe. His work for the new building of the British Medical Association in London was the cause of an animated controversy. He is regarded as one of the most promising and original of the younger sculptors now working in England.

PRESIDENT WILSON PAID.

Attorney Sent Him a Distant Relative's Overdue Grocery Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

HADDONFIELD, N. J., Nov. 5.—W. S. Eldredge, a grocer here, received a check for $30.82 from President Wilson yesterday in payment of a debt incurred by a distant relative of his, J. Wilson Howe, for groceries and fruits nearly a year ago.

Howe had been running an account at the Eldredge store. He left the city nearly twelve months ago owing the grocer the balance named. Eldredge notified him that the account was still standing but received no reply. The grocer thought this was an oversight and sent several other statements, but the letters were apparently ignored. The matter was then put into the hands of an attorney, Harry Scovel, who, it is understood, finally appealed to the President. Mr. Wilson promptly responded with a check

TITANIC SURVIVOR DYING.

Mrs. Bishop Fatally Injured in an Automobile Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Nov. 5.—To survive the Titanic disaster only to be fatally injured in an automobile accident was the fate of Mrs. Dickinson Bishop of Dowagiac, Mich.

With her husband and a party of friends she was returning early this morning from a dance at the Country Club. The motor car evidently became unmanageable at a turn in the road or else was running at too high a rate of speed, for instead of turning it dashed straight ahead into a tree. Mrs. Bishop was thrown twenty-five feet, striking on the pavement. Her skull was fractured, and the doctors say her hurts are fatal. Her husband was only slightly injured.

SAW HER MOTHER KILLED.

The Two Got Separated Crossing a Street and Car Struck Elder Down.

While crossing Third Avenue at 149th Street in the Bronx last night, Mrs. Mary Stickles, of 789 East 166th Street, was struck by a north bound Woodlawn trolley car, and received injuries from which she later died in Lebanon Hospital.

Mrs. Stickles was with her daughter, Elizabeth, 18 years old, at the time of the accident. The young woman became separated from her mother in the rush of traffic, and Mrs. Stickles had crossed the street and was rushing back to look for her daughter when she stepped in front of the car. The daughter rushing with the crowd to the side of the injured woman recognized her mother.

The motorman of the car was Thomas Fox of 224 East 180th Street and the conductor was Owen Tramy of 308 East 134th Street.

SPRING-RICE BACK TO POST.

British Ambassador Left Boston for Washington Last Night.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—After a few days spent here, the British Ambassador, Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, left Boston to-night for Washington. The Ambassador has improved in health recently, but his physicians insist that he spare himself as much as possible until he has fully recovered from his debilitating illness. Lady Spring-Rice has preceded him to the capital.

The Ambassador was accompanied to Washington by Sir William Tyrrell, private secretary to the British Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Sir Edward Grey, who will be the guest of Sir Cecil for another month.

SCOTT WAS TEMPTED TO POISON HIMSELF

He and Others of the Party Induced Dr. Wilson to Hand Over Opium Tablets.

BUT DECIDED AGAINST IT

Made Up His Mind to Fight to the End—Diary of Antarctic Explorer Published in London To-day.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—"Capt. Scott's Last Expedition" is to be published to-morrow in two big, handsome volumes. It contains Capt. Scott's diary, written methodically day by day from the departure of the Terra Nova in 1910 to the moment in March, 1912, when, with death actually in the tent pitched for the last time in the frozen waste of the great Barrier, the dying commander wrote: "The end cannot be far. It seems a pity, but I do not think I can write more. For God's sake, look after our people."

Published in facsimile, the last lines, although they are penciled by the hand of a man suffering physical agonies due to frozen feet and the resultant commencement of mortification spreading upward, and to acute mental distress and almost at the actual point of death, are marked by masculine firmness and complete absence of tremor.

The second volume includes Dr. Atkinson's report giving the reasons why it was impossible to undertake the relief of Scott, but the bulk of the volume is devoted to the scientific achievements of the expedition.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has already published the main facts of Capt. Scott's absorbing narrative. What follows has been heretofore unpublished and throws light on obscure points.

Petty Officer Evans's Collapse.

Scott, next to the blizzards and the phenomenally low temperatures on the Barrier, ascribed the disaster mainly to the astonishing failure of the strongest man of the party, Petty Officer Evans, a physical giant. A study of the diaries shows the course and causes of the failure.

The first reference, Jan. 17, 1912, to Evans's frozen hands says this compelled premature camping. A week later Evans's nose was frozen and his fingers were badly blistered. Scott wrote: "He is a good deal run down. He is very much annoyed with himself, which is not a good sign."

On Jan. 29, 1912, "Evans dislodged two fingernails. His hands are really bad, and to my surprise he shows signs of losing heart over it. He has not been cheerful since the accident."

There are several subsequent similar entries. On Feb. 17 Scott writes: "A very terrible day. Evans looked a little better after a good sleep. He declared, as he always did, that he was quite well, and started in his place in the traces, but half an hour later he worked his ski-shoes adrift and had to leave the sledge. The surface was awfully soft, recently fallen snow clogging the ski and runners at every step.

"After we had stopped an hour Evans came up again, but very slowly. Half an hour later he dropped out again on the same plea, and asked Bowers to lend him a piece of string. I cautioned him to come on as quickly as he could. He answered cheerfully, as I thought. We had to push on, and the remainder of us were forced to pull very hard and were sweating very heavily.

"Seeing Evans a long way astern we camped for lunch. There was no alarm at first. Evans still not appearing, we looked out and saw him still far off. By this time we were alarmed and started back on skis.

"I was the first to reach the poor man. I was shocked by his appearance. He was on his knees, his clothing disarranged, his hands uncovered and frostbitten, a wild look in his eyes. I asked what was the matter. He replied with slow speech that he did not know; he thought he must have fainted.

"We got him to his feet, but after two or three steps he sank down again and showed every sign of complete collapse.

"Wilson, Bowers, and I went for the sledge. Oates remained with him. When we returned he was practically unconscious. When we got him into the tent he was quite comatose and died quietly at 12:30 in the morning.

"On discussing the symptoms we think he began to get weaker just before we reached the Pole. The downward path was accelerated first by the shock of the frostbitten fingers, later by falls during the rough traveling on the glacier, and further by the loss of confidence in himself. Wilson thinks it certain that he must have injured his brain by his fall.

"It is a terrible thing to lose a companion in this way, but calm reflection shows that there could not have been a better ending to the terrible anxiety of the last week. We were in a desperate pass with a sick man on our hands at such a distance from home."

Capt. Oates's Heroism.

Capt. Oates did not begin to fail until March 3, when he reluctantly ad-

Continued on Page 6.

An Ideal City to be a World Centre.
French dreamer spends a fortune and years of effort in perfecting a plan for a Utopian metropolis.
IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

ABANDONS HIS CAR AND KILLS HIMSELF

Deserted Auto Led to Finding of Dr. Hjardemaal Dead from Gas in Huntington House.

Special to The New York Times.

HUNTINGTON, L. I., Nov. 5.—Curious about a car which had been found Tuesday afternoon, abandoned here at New York and Fairview Avenues, the owner of the Willets garage, to whose care the police had instrusted it, telephoned to-day to the office of the Secretary of State, and learned that the machine was registered as that of Dr. Herman E. Hjardemaal, a successful physician with a practice in Brooklyn and Huntington, where he had a Summer home in New Street. Willets called the Summer home and central told him Huntington 131 M did not answer. Then he called Dr. Hjardemaal's house at 520 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, and Mrs. Hjardemaal came to the telephone.

She did not seem greatly surprised to learn that the automobile had been found thus cast away, and urged Mr. Willets to go or send to the New Street home to see if Dr. Hjardemaal were there.

"Please go at once," she urged, "for I am afraid he has killed himself."

A few moments later, accompanied by Policeman Biggs, the Coroner, Dr. William B. Gibson of Huntington, was on his way to Dr. Hjardemaal's home here. The house appeared to be deserted, and the frequent ringing of the bell brought no response.

Then they forced their way in and once inside, the overpowering odor of escaping gas confirmed the fears of Mrs. Hjardemaal. The gas led them to the bathroom adjoining the doctor's bed-room on the second floor and there they found him dead. With the most methodical arrangement of detail, he had committed suicide, probably more than twenty-four hours before.

With his back against the wall, he was seated on a mattress which he had pulled from the bed in the next room. Before seating himself there, he had taken a dose of morphine and turned on the gas.

He was dressed in his bathrobe and his clothing was found in the bed-room, neatly piled. On the table was a roll of money, weighted down by his watch. There, too, was an envelope full of family photographs and the envelope had scribbled on it the information that he had intended burning the pictures but had changed his mind. He left two letters, one to his wife and one to Peter Aitken of Brooklyn.

The letter to Mrs. Hjardemaal was brief. It simply said he was going away and expressed the hope that she would be happy.

The note to Aitken was couched in an intimacy that hid the meaning from the officials.

"I hardly think," it read, "that T. K. will be far ahead of me. I will soon find out. My cousin Leunbach is due on the steamer Savoie on the sixteenth. You see him and do what explaining is necessary."

From Mrs. Hjardemaal the authorities learned later that she had driven out to Huntington with him Monday, where he went three times a week to keep office hours. During the afternoon, while his patients were visiting him she went out, and when she returned, thinking to drive back to Brooklyn, his stenographer told her he had driven off somewhere. After waiting a while, Mrs. Hjardemaal took her motor coat over her arm and marched to the station to return to Brooklyn alone and by train. She saw her husband again Monday evening in their Nostrand Avenue home. Between them there that evening there was some dispute, one that was neither violent nor unprecedented, according to his wife, but one which ended in his putting on his hat, leaving the house and driving off, never to return.

If, as some of the neighbors think, they heard him halting his car in New Street just at daylight on Tuesday morning, the doctor may have driven up and down Long Island all the earlier hours of election day developing in his mind the purpose that led to his empty home and his suicide.

There was persistent recurrence of the story in Huntington that the doctor had been repeatedly harassed during all his residence there by an anonymous letter writer.

Dr. Hjardemaal was 40 years old.

MISS DUKE FOR FOOTBALL.

Also Puts Her Father on Record Before Trinity College Students.

Special to The New York Times.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 5.—Benjamin N. Duke was awakened from early sleep to-night at his Durham home when Trinity College boys cheered his daughter, Mary, as she spoke for football denied to them by the Faculty and Trustees. Six hundred students parading the Durham streets and clamoring for the restoration of football went to Mr. Duke's home. Mr. Duke was asleep, but his daughter made a speech.

"Everybody in this house is for football," she said, and the cheers brought her father downstairs.

"I am not unfavorable to football," he said, "but I don't run the college."

Mr. Duke has given more than a million dollars to Trinity College, and is its largest benefactor.

Notwithstanding his declaration, the students held a mass-meeting and resolved not to participate in any kind of athletics until football was restored. The game was outlawed sixteen years ago at Trinity. Miss Duke's speech may be the means of restoring it.

BEAR CHASE IN THE BRONX.

Animal Which Escaped from Gypsy Camp Caught by Policeman.

There was a bear chase in the Bronx late yesterday afternoon when "Bruno," a large, brown bear, belonging to a gypsy camp at White Plains Road and Pelham Avenue, tiring of his shackles, broke them and departed. He was soon missed by the gypsies and then the chase began. The bear ran for about two and three-quarter miles, but was finally lassoed by Walter Ferguson, of the Bronx Zoo, with the assistance of Mounted Patrolman Raynor of the Bronx Park Station and returned to the camp.

In his race for freedom, the bear traversed White Plains Road to the old Boston Road, passing the Bronx Zoo until he came to the end of the Bronx Park Subway at 180th Street, where he turned west and was finally captured. In his trip he passed several tenement houses, scaring the occupants.

BANDITS SHOOT AT TWO IN AUTO

Fail to Hold Up Gail A. McLaury and Woman Companion on Lafayette Boulevard.

Gail A. McLaury, a feather importer living at 18 West Twenty-fifth Street, reported an exciting meeting with highwaymen early this morning in the extreme northern end of Manhattan. He was shot at several times, he said, and the bullets, which smashed the windshield of his automobile, passed between himself and a woman sitting by his side.

"I was driving up Lafayette Boulevard in my automobile," said Mr. McLaury, "going to Yonkers with a lady. As we were opposite the home of C. K. G. Billings, at Fort Washington Road and 196th Street, I noticed another automobile between the roadway and the river with its front wheels in a gutter. A man ran out into the road when he saw me coming and began waving his arms. I thought his car had broken down and prepared to stop and give what assistance I could.

"As I slowed down, however, I suddenly saw a revolver in his right hand. In a flash I realized what it meant. The man was a highwayman. Determined to take a chance, I jerked my throttle wide open and dashed full speed straight at the man. He fired pointblank at me as he jumped out of the way, and three bullets splintered my glass windshield and went whistling between me and my companion. I heard them distinctly, and they came close.

"The man fired two more shots, I think, but in less than a second I was past him and speeding as fast as my automobile would go up the road. I saw another man in the automobile at the roadside as I flew past, and the lady with me said she saw two or three. I wouldn't swear how many there were, but they were certainly clever and daring highway robbers. I know I escaped by a narrow margin."

Mr. McLaury said he drove on to 207th Street and Broadway and notified the police, who told him a hold-up of an automobile party had occurred two weeks ago near the spot where he met the highwaymen. Mr. McLaury added that he had passed several mounted policemen along the road on which he was driving before the robbery was attempted, and that one of these had passed less than half a mile south of the place.

39 FRENCH TRAIN VICTIMS.

Thirteen Others Badly Hurt in Disaster to Marseilles Express.

MELUN, Nov. 5.—Over forty persons were killed when the Marseilles-Paris express train was wrecked by a collision with a local train near here late last night.

When darkness caused a suspension of operations to-night thirty-nine bodies had been recovered from the wreck, and others are believed to be under the ruins.

Several persons in a dying condition are still pinned beneath the wreckage. After many hours of agony, one of them, Mme. Amic, gave directions for the disposal of her jewels.

Nine of the victims were Government postal clerks who were engaged in sorting letters in the mail cars. Two of the others were a French infantry captain and his wife, while another was a well known merchant of Lyons.

Thirteen passengers were seriously hurt, and others were badly shaken.

None of the killed or injured is an American. One of the passengers on the train who escaped injury gave the name of McAdams of Tennessee.

President Poincaré and Louis Masse, Minister of Commerce and Posts, today visited the scene of the wreck, afterward going to the hospitals where the injured are being cared for. The two statesmen subscribed $1,000 as the nucleus of a fund for the assistance of the families of the victims.

DIVORCES F. D. OLMSTED.

Mount Vernon Woman Gets a Reno Decree on Cruelty Plea.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 5.—Mrs. Ruth L. Olmsted obtained a decree of divorce from Frederick Draper Olmsted of Mount Vernon, N. Y., to-day on allegations of cruelty. She also obtained legal custody of her three children, who are here with her. The Olmsteds were married at Mount Vernon in 1898 and separated in 1909.

Mrs. Olmsted testified that in 1906 her husband threatened to shoot her; that in 1904 he struck and beat her, and that in 1909 he threatened to have her put in an lunatic asylum.

Mr. Olmsted did not contest the action.

MANN AND DONOVAN CLASH.

House Adjourned to End Wrangle Over Absentee Question.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—During a wrangle in the House to-day over the absentee question, Representative Donovan, Democrat, of Connecticut, declared Republican Leader Mann had violated the law in not objecting to leaves of absence, and Mr. Mann retorted that Mr. Donovan was "a slanderer of the House and ought to resign."

Representative Hull, acting Democratic leader, stopped the hostilities by adjourning the House.

AMOS. T. FRENCH REPLIES.

Files Answer to Divorce Suit, but Will Not Appear in Court.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Nov. 5.—Amos Tuck French, who was sued for divorce last week in the Superior Court on a plea of non support and misconduct, filed his answer to-day through Attorney Charles H. Koehne, Jr. It is reported that Mr. French does not intend to defend the suit by personal appearance in court, but will be represented by his counsel. Mrs. French will ask for the proper support of herself and their three sons. The case probably will be heard on Dec. 2, all the testimony being in the form of depositions.

James Wilson to Write a Book.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—James Wilson, who for sixteen years prior to last March was Secretary of Agriculture, called on Secretary Houston to-day. He said that he probably would spend part of the Winter here, and that he was planning to write a book covering the work of the department during his Secretaryship.

DEMOCRATS DEMAND MURPHY'S REMOVAL

Tri-Borough Combination May Oust Him by Breaking McCooey in Kings.

MARTIN SEES NEW TAMMANY

Men Like Mitchel or Malone May Come to Leadership When the "Joke" Has Been Removed.

How is the Democratic organization in this city to be reformed?

That question occupied the minds yesterday of many independent Democrats as well as organization men, and before many weeks actual steps, in all probability, will be taken to carry into effect some plan that will mean the end of Charles F. Murphy as the controlling power and the rise of a new and better local Democracy.

The overwhelming defeat of Tammany on Tuesday has brought the present unenviable position of the Democracy in New York City sharply to the attention of those Democrats who want to see the party placed in a better light before the nation. The opportunity, it is freely admitted, was never better; but it is also thoroughly understood that it must be seized at once, before Murphy and his adherents have time to reassemble their disheartened forces. In the general discussion of the situation yesterday it was agreed that there were two ways of attacking the problem—one from the inside, the other from the outside of Tammany.

To reform Tammany from the outside, it was stated, would mean the building up of a rival Democratic organization. The method of attacking Tammany from the inside appeals with greater force to the men who are practical enough to realize that to try to displace it with another organization would mean a fight lasting years. To fight it from the inside, it was pointed out, would mean that the district leaders themselves could be used in the cleaning-up process, helped by the independent Democrats from the outside, who would support the organization so long as supreme power was not intrusted to one man.

Will Begin the War via McCooey.

No matter what course is finally decided upon, the fight to dislodge Murphy will begin at once. Inside of the organization, and working entirely apart from those on the outside, certain leaders have already started a movement with that object in view, and it was pretty generally agreed on all sides yesterday that Murphy was at last face to face with conditions which warrant the opinion that the end of his rulership was at hand.

Ever since the Baltimore convention there have been mutterings of revolt in the inner circles of Tammany, and Tuesday's disaster has brought the insurrection almost to a head. Even the most hide-bound district leader is aware that the organization cannot live on defeats, and the more radical are already looking anxiously toward another leader. In all probability Murphy will be informed in a gentle way during the next few days that the best thing that could happen for all concerned would be for him to resign. If he does not take the hint, the plan to dislodge him will then be carried out.

One of the dissatisfied leaders explained yesterday that the fight to get rid of Murphy would not be made directly upon him, but upon John H. McCooey, the Democratic leader in Brooklyn. Murphy and McCooey hold the balance of power in the organization and so long as McCooey is in control in Brooklyn he will deliver enough district leaders to "put over" anything Murphy wants. With McCooey out of the way and a less servile party man in his place, the leaders of the Bronx and Queens will join with Brooklyn and hold the balance of power in the Executive Committee of the organization. Then Murphy's power will be broken and he will have to step down and out.

"Murphy is drunk with power. He does not realize that he is directly responsible for the humiliating position the party is in to-day," said one of the more independent leaders yesterday. "He has gone further than any other boss of Tammany Hall ever dared go. The party will go down to greater humiliation if he is not pried loose."

Prefer Reform From the Inside.

The anti-Murphy element within Tammany does not take kindly to the suggestion that the independent Democrats form a rival organization, for they say that thousands of Democrats who believe in Tammany will remain loyal to it and even stand by Murphy rather than see it driven out of existence. Moreover, they point out, these same independent Democrats will work willingly with the organization if its one-man power is overthrown. If a means can be devised of uniting the anti-Murphy Democrats in and out of the regular organization, Tammany can be reorganized in a way to establish it in the good graces of the community.

After the cleaning-up process has been completed, it is probable that a plan will be evolved whereby the different boroughs of the city will have better representation in the party councils. Instead of a few men gathering secretly at night at Delmonico's or some other favored place, to make up a municipal ticket, every leader will have a chance to be heard, and his opinion will be respected. That method alone, it was pointed out, would work a complete revolution within the organization. One leader who did not wish his name used, talked of the situation yesterday as follows:

"Murphy obtains his power from the district leaders. If he controls enough district leaders to have a majority in the Executive Committee of the organization, he can do pretty much as he pleases. That is what he has been doing all along. If new district leaders are elected who are anti-Murphy, they can take the power away from Murphy.

"Under the primary law candidates for district leaders must go before the people in their districts for election. There is nothing to prevent the better element of the party from putting up decent men who will not be controlled by such men as Murphy. If they are elected they will be in a position to fight Murphy from the inside, which is the most effectual way to fight him. If these independent Democrats who want to bring about a change in Tammany will follow some such method as this they will accomplish far more than if they established an organization of their own and tried to put Tammany out of business by starving it to death.

"There must be a leader of any kind of an organization and if a new leader is established in Tammany Hall, all the reforms now so strenuously advocated can be brought about. The trouble with the independent Democrats, so-called, is that many of them are not sincere in their talk about reforming Tammany. They have selfish reasons for wishing the downfall of the organization and they will do anything to bring it about. Many of them are disappointed office-seekers, and any organization they have anything to do with will be worse than Tammany in the long run. Let them elect district leaders who will not stand

Continued on Page 2.

HIGH COURT HEARS WOMAN.

Mrs. Sorin Argues Mining Suit Before Judges of Supreme Bench.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—A rare occurrence took place to-day in the Supreme Court of the United States, when Mrs. Sarah H. Sorin of Arizona appeared as the sole representative of a corporation in a big mining suit. Only on a few occasions have women addressed the court, and then, in nearly every instance, only as associate counsel.

Mrs. Sorin was defending the claim of the United Globe Mines, a corporation of which she is general counsel, to two mining claims in Gila County, Arizona. James H. Work also claims the mines.

When the case was brought to the Supreme Court Mrs. Sorin was associated with her father, William Herring, as counsel. Since then Mr. Herring has died, and Mrs. Sorin has undertaken to fight the case to the end. The decision in the Supreme Court of Arizona was in her favor.

WON'T SAVE MRS. WAKEFIELD

Gov. Baldwin Declines to Commute the Death Sentence.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 5.—Gov. Baldwin said to-day that he would let the law take its course in the case of Mrs. Bessie Wakefield, who was sentenced yesterday to be hanged next March for complicity in the murder of her husband. However, the Governor's statement did not check the movement for the commutation of the woman's sentence.

The Women's Political Equality Club of this city is circulating a petition asking that the sentence be changed to life imprisonment. Mrs. Lee H. Herz of the club said to-night: "I am opposed to capital punishment and shall work for the commutation of Mrs. Wakefield's sentence. If women had the right to vote there would be no capital punishment."

Mrs. Terrence McDermott, another member, said: "I hope that Mrs. Wakefield will not be hanged and that the sentence will be commuted."

WOMEN DOCTORS TESTIFY.

Co-respondent In Walker Divorce Case Innocent, They Say.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Nov. 5.—Dr. Sarah Ellen Palmer and Dr. Emma B. Culbertson, both of Boston, testified to-day in the divorce suit of Nina Walker against James Wilson G. Walker, formerly a civil engineer in the navy, that Mabel Cochrane, named as co-respondent, was innocent. They based their statements on examinations made by them on May 23, 1911.

The suit was for limited divorce, and was settled once in favor of Mrs. Walker, but the Supreme Court of Rhode Island allowed a new trial when attorneys for Mr. Walker announced that they had important new evidence which they could not obtain for the first trial. This was the medical evidence introduced to-day.

ECHO OF LORIMER CASE.

Funk Bares Alleged Plot in Illinois Senatorial Fight.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—The State to-day rested its case against Attorney Daniel Donahoe and Detective Isaac Stiefel, charged with having conspired to defame Clarence S. Funk after Funk had testified that he never had seen Mrs. John C. Henning until she appeared at the trial. He also disclosed what the State alleged to be the motive for the attacks by repeating a part of his testimony in the Lorimer Senatorial investigation.

The court would not allow Mr. Funk to testify that he had been watched by detectives, one of whom had told him that he was employed by Edward Hines. The names of Hines and Lorimer were brought in when Funk testified that Hines had asked him for $10,000 toward a $100,000 fund that had been used to "put Lorimer over" as United States Senator.

NORTH CAROLINA ROAD DAY.

Gov. Craig and Hundreds of Citizens Work on the Highways.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 5.—Gov. Locke Craig to-day abandoned his frock coat for overalls and joined a squad of citizens in grading a stretch of road in the Haw Creek district, near Asheville. The work was voluntary on the part of the citizens, and was done in response to a proclamation recently issued by Gov. Craig, setting aside to-day and to-morrow as "Good Roads Days."

The presence of the Governor aroused great enthusiasm, and many miles of roads were put in first class repair without cost to the county or State.

Gov. Craig received reports to-night from various parts of the State, and all told the same story of enthusiasm in the road work. A barbecue will be held in this county to-morrow. Gov. Craig and other officials being the guests. Estimates to-night were that $25,000 worth of road work had been done in Western North Carolina to-day.

ROBBED IN HIS STORE.

Two Thieves Hold Kalb While a Third Loots His Safe.

Two men, who said they were Joseph Kalb, a printer, of 949 First Avenue, and Frank Tomicelli of 405 East Twenty-ninth Street, were arrested last night after a struggle by Detective Finn of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station on complaint of Benjamin Weinstein of 157 East Twenty-eighth Street.

According to Weinstein, who has a printing establishment at the Twenty-ninth Street address, he was closing the store last night when the two prisoners and a third man entered it. Weinstein says he had put $25 in the safe. Weinstein says the two prisoners seized him while the third man went to the safe and stole the $25. The three then ran from the store, with Weinstein close behind them calling for the police.

At Lexington Avenue, Detective Finn, who was on a car, saw the three men running, followed by Weinstein and a crowd, and as they got to the corner, Finn, who had jumped from the car, seized the fugitives. He managed to hold the two prisoners, but the third man escaped. At the station Weinstein said the man who had got away was the man who had the money.

RAN IN, CARRIED OUT.

Volunteer Smoke-Eater Overcome in Effort to Aid at a Fire.

Venturing into a cellar at 249 West Sixty-sixth Street, where a small fire was discovered last night, Michael Perkins, 21 years old, of 241 West Sixty-seventh Street, was overcome by smoke, and when taken out by firemen was removed to Bellevue Hospital. The fire was trifling and was extinguished easily.

Perkins said he was passing the house when he saw smoke coming from the basement, and ran in to aid any one who might need his help.

TAMMANY'S ROUT MADE COMPLETE IN CITY AND STATE

New York City Gave Mitchel a Plurality of 121,209 Over McCall.

ONE LONE OFFICE SAVED

Wigwam May Get a Vote in the Board of Estimate from McCormack.

WERNER'S FATE IS IN DOUBT

With Returns from 4 Counties Incomplete He May Have Lost Chief Judgeship.

HISCOCK, ASSOCIATE, WINS

29 Out of 46 Assemblymen Who Impeached Sulzer Are Beaten.

CARDOZO WINS IN THE CITY

Heavy Fusion Vote in the Bronx Deprives Tammany of a Supreme Court Judgeship.

More complete returns from Tuesday's election from the State and city show remarkable results in more ways than one. In the city the Fusion landslide was greater even than Tuesday's late figures indicated.

John Purroy Mitchel's plurality over Edward E. McCall, the Tammany Mayoralty candidate, was 121,209; Controller Prendergast's over Herman A. Metz, 41,788, and George McAneny's over Joseph A. Goulden for President of the Board of Aldermen, 73,143, while Marcus M. Marks, for Borough President of Manhattan, had a plurality over his Democratic opponent of 25,122. The entire Fusion county ticket was swept in by pluralities larger even than Tuesday's late results indicated.

In the State, the one case which full revised returns are not yet available is the contest for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, and the result is very close. On the face of the present returns William E. Werner, the Republican candidate, has apparently lost by about 1,600 votes.

Complete returns may change this result. With complete figures from four counties still to come in, Judge Bartlett's plurality over Judge Werner is 1,615. These counties are Alleghany, Franklin, Tioga, and Wyoming.

William Barnes, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, after figuring on yesterday's early returns, was inclined to concede Judge Bartlett's election. He said:

"Apparently Judge Werner has been defeated for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals by about 7,000. Judge Hiscock, however, has been elected by about 60,000. The disparity in the vote is the Independence League vote, which was against Werner.

"It is clear from the figures that the Republican Party of the State is energized and full of vital force. The newly elected Republican Assembly will met expectations by a programme of enlightened advance on orderly lines, especially if it proposes a thorough revision of our restrictive principles and election laws."

With the full figures from the above eight counties missing, Judge Hiscock's plurality over that of his Democratic opponent, Abram I. Elkus, is 41,835. Judge Bartlett's plurality in New York County was 43,534; in the Bronx, 13,040, and in Kings, 7,953. Erie gave Judge Bartlett a plurality of 8,004. It was these big pluralities in Democratic strongholds that overturned the big vote from the strongly Republican counties.

Complete returns show that eighty-two Republican Assemblymen, fifty Democratic, and eighteen Progressives were elected. Twenty-nine of the Democratic Assemblymen who voted for the impeachment of Gov. Sulzer were defeated and seventeen were elected out of the forty-six renominated who voted against the Governor.

Returns from the vote on the four constitutional amendments are so meagre that it is difficult yet to forecast the result. From the counties heard from, however, the indications are that all four amendments were voted upon favorably.

These counties all voted in favor of the four amendments: Genesee, Cayuga, Herkimer, Warren, Monroe, Essex, Chemung, Livingston, Montgomery, Broome, and Erie.

In Broome County three of the amendments passed, but that referring to the increase of County Judges in New York will probably lose there, the farmers taking pains to vote against it on the ground that it was a Tammany scheme. Genessee County voted against the amendments. In New York City the result of the vote on the amendments will not be known until the Board of Canvassers goes over the returns.

Tammany still has the consolation of keeping one vote in the Board of Estimate, that of Charles A. McCormack, who was elected Borough President of Richmond over George Cromwell, his Republican rival. McCormack's plurality is less than 500.

The single triumph does not afford Tammany much consolation, however, for the returns show that if Fusion had

prevailed there McCormack would have been decisively beaten. The Progressives had a candidate of their own, William Watt Mills, and he divided the opposition vote.

An interesting result in Manhattan was that Sheriff Julius Harburger, "the friend of the East Side," received the smallest number of votes of the four Tammany candidates for Coroner. He got only 98,353 votes; the candidate on the Tammany ticket who received the highest number got 104,536.

THE VOTE ON THE CITY TICKET.

Mitchel's Plurality 121,209, McAneny's 73,143, and Prendergast's 41,788.

Yesterday's revised returns on the city election put Mr. Mitchel's plurality over Judge McCall at the unprecedented figure of 121,209. His fellow-candidates on the Fusion ticket ran a good way behind him, but came in with large pluralities. Mr. McAneny, for President of the Board of Aldermen, defeated Joseph A. Goulden by 73,143. William A. Prendergast, Controller-elect, defeated Herman A. Metz by 41,788.

Every borough gave Mitchel a plurality, Brooklyn contributing his highest plurality, 58,691 votes. In Manhattan his plurality was 26,697. Richmond was the only borough in which the vote was close. Here Mitchel received 8,447 and McCall 6,915.

Mr. Prendergast was the only one of the three candidates to lose a single borough. Metz ran ahead of him in Richmond by 7,551 votes to 7,000, and Queens gave Metz a plurality of 19 votes. Brooklyn, his home borough, gave Mr. Prendergast the handsome plurality of 21,561, and this, with 9,703 plurality in Manhattan and 10,994 in the Bronx, brought him his decisive victory.

Brooklyn likewise gave Mr. McAneny his greatest advantage. His plurality there was 41,218; he got 17,241 plurality in Manhattan, and 10,367 in the Bronx. He carried Queens by 4,156, and Richmond, where Prendergast fell 551 below Metz, gave him 161 plurality.

The revised figures give the Socialist candidate for Mayor, Charles Edward Russell, 32,109 out of the 622,676 votes cast for Mayor.

The Independence League vote for President of the Board of Aldermen gave Simmons 39,549 and Sutro, for Controller, 37,299.

Here is the complete vote in detail:

RECAPITULATION.

	MAYOR—McCall, Dem.	MAYOR—Mitchel, Fus.	MAYOR—Russell, Soc.	CONTROLLER—Metz, Dem.	CONTROLLER—Prendergast, Rep.-N.P.	CONTROLLER—Sutro, Ind. (I.L.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Goulden, Dem.	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—McAneny, Fus.	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Simmons, (I.L.)
Manhattan	106,766	130,453	11,768	106,097	115,900	11,868	101,345	119,086	12,349
Bronx	25,804	46,941	5,676	27,450	38,444	6,583	27,688	38,055	6,404
Brooklyn	77,905	136,596	11,560	89,151	110,712	14,646	77,990	119,208	15,806
Queens	20,299	33,451	2,858	25,170	25,151	3,684	22,536	26,692	4,412
Richmond	6,915	8,447	247	7,551	7,000	518	7,155	7,316	578
Total	234,679	355,888	32,109	255,419	297,207	37,299	237,214	310,357	39,549

Pluralities: Mitchel, 121,209; Prendergast, 41,788; McAneny, 73,143.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	MAYOR—McCall, Dem.	MAYOR—Mitchel, Fus.	MAYOR—Russell, (Soc.)	CONTROLLER—Metz, (Dem.)	CONTROLLER—Prendergast, Rep.-N.P.	CONTROLLER—Sutro, (I.L.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Goulden, (Dem.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—McAneny, Fus.	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Simmons, (I.L.)
1	3,448	2,291	53	3,330	1,918	223	3,441	1,986	324
2	2,593	2,154	488	3,570	2,032	176	3,556	2,030	327
3	4,705	2,052	213	4,673	1,868	179	4,595	1,916	214
4	2,883	2,105	666	2,911	1,974	62	2,696	1,992	61
5	4,478	2,408	103	4,585	1,946	314	4,585	2,017	341
6	1,383	3,629	674	4,585	1,946	50	1,355	3,914	34
7	3,001	2,880	145	3,729	2,401	346	3,644	2,456	343
8	2,370	2,835	689	2,376	2,495	67	2,412	2,689	143
9	3,401	2,224	154	3,473	1,728	384	3,427	1,690	388
10	1,850	3,522	683	1,933	3,267	247	1,857	3,280	195
11	4,185	2,978	157	4,326	2,308	508	4,252	2,373	462
12	4,524	2,083	355	4,615	1,736	258	4,548	1,727	281
13	3,724	2,283	97	3,760	1,833	372	3,719	1,846	390
14	3,919	3,031	218	4,036	2,521	387	3,947	2,496	409
15	5,413	6,593	130	5,222	6,908	525	5,222	6,688	338
16	3,498	2,996	282	3,586	2,444	389	3,488	2,555	383
17	3,001	6,478	220	3,028	6,042	386	2,766	6,270	387
18	3,238	3,444	584	3,371	2,759	502	3,193	2,850	521
19	4,583	8,789	397	4,621	8,120	521	4,296	8,502	569
20	3,143	5,224	712	3,289	2,558	479	3,204	2,706	481
21	3,458	7,333	342	3,640	6,421	617	3,334	6,685	632
22	2,916	3,817	892	3,121	2,940	681	2,995	3,014	994
23	7,580	15,820	630	15,357	1,641	1,641	14,118	14,117	1,596
24	2,099	2,126	588	2,855	1,725	364	2,750	1,747	307
25	2,538	4,532	136	2,585	4,284	261	2,453	4,943	275
26	2,343	4,521	910	2,457	4,139	436	2,263	4,155	516
27	2,327	3,836	60	2,271	3,741	193	2,152	3,892	211
28	2,143	2,599	315	2,198	2,259	225	2,161	2,242	234
29	2,799	5,592	132	2,828	5,321	250	2,538	5,589	263
30 (part)	3,507	4,359	402	3,606	3,677	536	3,351	3,724	554
31	2,529	7,622	413	2,060	7,088	386	2,448	7,1012	428
Total	103,756	130,453	11,768	108,097	115,806	11,868	101,845	119,086	12,349

Pluralities—Mitchel, 26,697; Prendergast, 9,703; McAneny, 17,241.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	MAYOR—McCall, (Dem.)	MAYOR—Mitchel, (Fus.)	MAYOR—Russell, (Soc.)	CONTROLLER—Metz, (Dem.)	CONTROLLER—Prendergast, Rep.-N.P.	CONTROLLER—Sutro, (I.L.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Goulden, (Dem.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—McAneny, Fus.	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Simmons, (I.L.)
1	2,906	4,384	159	3,186	3,775	312	2,783	4,117	341
2	3,359	2,100	127	3,569	1,691	271	3,379	1,811	322
3	1,861	2,130	68	4,022	1,039	301	3,876	1,742	326
4	2,905	4,828	401	3,310	3,970	410	2,988	4,290	417
5	2,640	7,467	232	3,289	6,345	568	2,669	6,862	646
6	2,022	5,281	806	2,340	4,424	456	2,061	4,580	557
7	1,507	3,611	165	1,769	2,984	494	1,916	3,017	513
8	3,454	2,943	148	3,729	2,253	391	3,542	2,541	422
9	5,430	9,249	588	5,861	7,305	1,485	5,449	7,575	1,626
10	3,290	5,521	162	3,705	4,771	307	3,176	5,216	412
11	3,117	5,630	160	3,544	4,836	408	3,039	5,254	527
12	3,799	7,362	244	4,594	6,148	450	3,659	6,844	451
13	2,952	3,611	332	3,363	2,799	391	3,121	2,863	449
14	2,949	3,090	290	3,271	2,327	426	3,042	2,505	450
15	3,795	3,839	259	4,173	2,825	421	3,393	2,997	630
16	6,091	11,528	555	6,993	9,460	1,423	5,883	9,909	1,980
17	2,296	6,767	231	2,812	5,730	398	2,220	6,357	428
18	5,117	12,549	397	5,910	10,909	872	4,814	11,919	875
19	2,258	3,897	899	2,648	2,924	608	2,408	3,056	648
20	2,379	5,934	563	3,129	4,512	749	2,570	4,950	835
21	1,393	2,910	624	1,571	2,242	310	1,453	2,398	371
22	4,817	13,687	1,725	6,236	10,487	1,934	5,169	11,427	1,995
23	3,600	8,202	2,206	4,496	6,378	1,001	3,727	6,981	905
Total	77,905	136,596	11,560	89,151	110,712	14,646	77,990	119,208	15,806

Pluralities: Mitchel, 58,691; Prendergast, 21,561; McAneny, 41,218.

BRONX.

A. D.	MAYOR—McCall, (Dem.)	MAYOR—Mitchel, (Fus.)	MAYOR—Russell, (Soc.)	CONTROLLER—Metz, (Dem.)	CONTROLLER—Prendergast, Rep.-N.P.	CONTROLLER—Sutro, (I.L.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Goulden, (Dem.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—McAneny, Fus.	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Simmons, (I.L.)
30 (part)	1,191	1,548	221	1,238	1,219	253	1,263	1,207	289
32	7,554	14,388	1,422	7,919	12,075	1,756	7,943	11,878	1,764
33	3,881	6,394	1,169	4,074	4,293	1,236	4,191	4,952	1,058
34	6,494	13,778	2,043	7,052	11,010	2,072	7,049	11,022	2,064
35	6,684	10,853	1,043	7,052	9,166	1,286	7,242	8,996	1,258
Total	25,804	46,941	5,676	27,450	38,444	6,583	27,688	38,055	6,404

Pluralities—Mitchel, 21,137; Prendergast, 10,994; McAneny, 10,367.

QUEENS.

A. D.	MAYOR—McCall, (Dem.)	MAYOR—Mitchel, (Fus.)	MAYOR—Russell, (Soc.)	CONTROLLER—Metz, (Dem.)	CONTROLLER—Prendergast, Rep.-N.P.)	CONTROLLER—Sutro, (I.L.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Goulden, (Dem.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—McAneny, Fus.	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Simmons, (I.L.)
1	4,445	5,715	555	5,452	4,115	709	4,869	4,443	804
2	4,783	5,632	359	5,633	4,200	675	5,309	4,438	729
3	6,152	11,572	1,319	8,299	8,321	1,530	7,335	8,628	1,645
4	4,919	10,532	425	5,825	8,506	770	5,028	9,183	1,234
Total	20,299	33,451	2,858	25,170	25,151	3,684	22,536	26,692	4,412

Pluralities: Mitchel, 13,152; Metz, 19; McAneny, 4,156.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	MAYOR—McCall, (Dem.)	MAYOR—Mitchel, (Fus.)	MAYOR—Russell, (Soc.)	CONTROLLER—Metz, (Dem.)	CONTROLLER—Prendergast, Rep.-N.P.)	CONTROLLER—Sutro, (I.L.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Goulden, (Dem.)	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—McAneny, Fus.	PRES. BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Simmons, (I.L.)
1	6,915	8,447	247	7,551	7,000	518	7,155	7,316	578

Pluralities: Mitchel, 1,532; Metz, 551; McAneny, 161.

BOROUGH PRESIDENTS.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	Darlington. (Dem.)	Marks. (Fus.)
1	3,472	2,249
2	2,532	2,249
3	4,622	2,093
4	2,883	2,084
5	4,543	2,381
6	1,332	3,981
7	3,706	2,751
8	2,301	2,876
9	3,371	2,149
10	1,852	3,488
11	4,272	2,852
12	4,536	2,035
13	3,741	2,237
14	3,984	2,924
15	3,179	6,764
16	2,514	2,912
17	2,887	6,586
18	3,275	8,433
19	4,464	8,888
20	3,196	3,192
21	3,357	7,087
22	3,013	3,668
23	7,729	15,651
24	2,795	2,077
25	2,640	4,416
26	2,306	4,542
27	2,323	3,882
28	2,668	2,489
29	2,695	5,712
30 (Part)	3,549	4,272
31	2,402	7,706
Total	104,140	129,263
Marks's plurality	25,128.	

THE BRONX.

A. D.	Mitchell, Dem.	Mathewson, Rep.-I.L.	Raldiris, N. P.	Botty, B.C.I.U.
30 (Part).	1,210	1,277	231	15
32	7,474	11,056	2,851	84
33	4,001	4,859	1,355	57
34	9,107	9,102	4,122	282
35	6,605	8,412	2,419	36
Total	25,992	34,691	11,008	474

Mathewson's plurality—8,699.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	Mann. (Dem.)	Pounds. (Fus.)
1	2,811	4,429
2	3,292	2,182
3	2,900	2,058
4	3,023	4,715
5	2,964	7,254
6	2,288	4,803
7	3,560	3,401
8	3,490	2,892
9	5,508	9,115
10	3,194	5,624
11	3,083	5,677
12	3,818	7,249
13	3,230	2,307
14	3,054	2,953
15	3,927	3,663
16	5,819	11,708
17	2,255	6,678
18	4,938	12,757
19	2,879	3,835
20	3,043	5,304
21	1,588	13,054
22	2,688	13,054
23	3,805	7,858
Total	81,247	182,998

Pounds's plurality—51,721.

QUEENS.

A. D.	Connolly, (Dem.)	Smith, (Fus.)
1	5,626	4,677
2	7,385	3,300
3	10,392	6,934
4	9,317	6,298
Total	32,720	21,209

Connolly's plurality—11,511.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	McCormack, (Dem.)	Cromwell, (R.-I. L.)	Mills, (Prog.)
1	7,423	6,987	1,208

McCormack's plurality—430.

COUNTY TICKETS.

Manhattan.

SHERIFF.

Grifenhagen, (F.,) 128,457; Dietz, (Tam.,) 103,713; Grifenhagen's plurality, 24,744.

COUNTY CLERK.

Schneider, (F.,) 127,839; Sullivan, (Tam.) 104,948; Schneider's plurality, 22,891.

REGISTER.

Hopper, (F.,) 129,804; Dieches, (Tam.,) 102,-882; Hopper's plurality, 26,922.

JUDGES OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Nott, (F.,) 123,911; Wadhams, (F.,) 125,723; Foster, (D.,) 109,157; Zeller, (D.,) 105,220. Wadhams over Foster, 16,566. Nott over Zeller, 18,885.

CORONERS.

Riordan, (F.,) 127,383; Healy, (F.,) 132,191; Feinberg, (F.,) 128,959; Hellenstein, (F.,) 127,334; Delaney, (D.,) 104,536; Harburger, (D.,) 99,333; Perilli, (D.,) 103,827; Johnson, (D.,) 102,759. Healy over Delany, 27,655. Riordan over Perilli, 24,556. Hellenstein over Johnson, 24,575. Feinberg over Harburger, 27,606.

The Bronx.

SHERIFF.

O'Brien, (D.,) 25,370; O'Neil, (R.,) 25,090; Fleck, (F.,) 20,820; O'Brien's plurality, 271.

COUNTY CLERK.

Ganley, (D.,) 25,979; Herbst, (R.,) 23,739; Henessy, (F.,) 21,571; Ganley's plurality, 2,240.

REGISTER.

Polak, (D.,) 25,644; Simonds, 24,351; Hohn, (P. and I. L.,) 13,556; Polak's plurality, 1,293.

SURROGATE.

Schulz, (D.,) 27,451; Boyle, (R.,) 23,527; Millard, (F.,) 20,343; Schulz's plurality, 3,924.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Martin, (D.,) 25,717; Ten Eyck, 22,084; Press, (F.,) 23,922; Martin's plurality, 3,633.

COUNTY JUDGE.

Van Doran, (D.,) 26,034; Gibbs, (R.,) 27,148; Davis, (F.,) 18,024; Gibbs's plurality, 1,114.

CORONERS.

Healy, (D.,) 26,140; Minouge, (D.,) 25,768; Flynn, (R.,) 26,328; Kelly, (R.,) 24,420; Bernstein, (H. P.,) 19,129; Zipf, (N. P.,) 19,953. Healy and Flynn elected.

Brooklyn.

SHERIFF.

Farley, (D.,) 80,447; Swasey, (F.,) 104,907; Thompson, (N. P.,) 28,004; Swasey's plurality, 24,520.

COUNTY CLERK.

Durack, (D.,) 76,644; Devoy, (F.,) 136,206; Devoy's plurality, 59,562.

REGISTER.

Corsa, (D.,) 78,200; O'Loughlin, (F.,) 134,587; O'Loughlin's plurality, 56,327.

SURROGATE.

Ketcham, (D. and N. P.,) 111,209; Eggington, (R. and I. L.,) 102,109; Ketcham's plurality, 9,100.

COUNTY JUDGE.

Richards, (D.,) 71,406; Fuller, (D. and N. P.,) 95,930; Fawcett, (F.,) 142,645; Dike, (F.,) 119,941; Fawcett and Dike elected.

CORONERS.

Rooney, (D.,) 80,878; Glinnon, (D.,) 78,730; Wagner, (F.,) 127,800; Senior, (R. and I. L.,) 102,654; Dexter, (N. P.,) 29,963; Wagner and Senior elected.

Queens.

CORONERS.

Voegel, (D. and I. L.,) 27,047; Ebert, (D. and I. L.,) 26,518; Marsden, (R. and N. P.,) 24,444; Moore, (R. and N. P.,) 24,977; Voegel and Ebert elected.

Richmond.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Fach, (D. and N. P.,) 9,695; Scofield, (R. and I. L.,) 5,716; Fach's plurality, 3,979.

CORONER.

Vail, (D.,) 6,544; Hughes, (R. and I. L.,) 5,243; Jackson, (N. P.,) 3,435; Vail's plurality, 1,301.

SUPREME COURT, FIRST DISTRICT.

RECAPITULATION.

	Weeks, (Dem.)	Cardozo, (Fusion.)
Bronx	33,030	37,771
Manhattan	116,768	114,823
Total	149,798	152,594
Cardozo's plurality, 2,796.		

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	Weeks, (Dem.)	Cardozo, (Fus.)
1	3,738	1,990
2	3,706	2,027
3	4,820	1,851
4	3,070	1,879
5	4,723	1,906
6	1,376	3,696
7	4,022	2,418
8	2,430	2,730
9	3,828	1,717
10	2,015	2,274
11	4,768	2,355
12	4,797	1,762
13	4,126	1,672
14	4,366	2,534
15	3,865	6,017
16	3,907	2,512
17	3,448	5,968
18	3,807	2,806
19	5,318	7,957
20	3,696	2,779
21	4,062	6,472
22	2,060	2,993
23	9,601	13,705
24	2,943	1,770
25	2,999	4,118
26	2,853	4,172
27	2,599	3,458
28	2,379	2,220
29	3,099	5,246
30 (Part)	2,962	5,741
31	7,099	4,869
Total	116,768	114,823

Weeks's plurality in Manhattan—1,945.

THE BRONX.

A.D.	Weeks, (Dem.)	Cardozo. (Fusion.)
30, (part)	1,474	1,233
32	11,726	11,717
33	5,062	4,970
34	8,855	10,965
35	8,329	8,886
Total	33,030	37,771

Cardozo's plurality in the Bronx, 4,741.

City Court, Manhattan.

Luce, (D.), 103,802; Ransom, (F.), 130,338; Ransom's plurality, 26,536.

Municipal Courts.

SECOND DISTRICT, MANHATTAN.

Levy, (D. and I. L.), 11,447; Hartman, (R.), 10,981; Goldstein, (N. P.), 5,122; Levi's plurality, 446.

FIFTH DISTRICT, MANHATTAN.

Stover, 6,612; Coleman, 8,861; Stern, 4,189; Coleman's plurality, 2,252.

Congress.

Thirteenth District—Loft, (D. & J. L.,) 5,945; Hyman, (R.,) 2,408; Tozzi, (P.,) 2,118; Apelbaum, (Home Rule,) 341. Loft's plurality, 3,539.

Twentieth District—Cantor (D. & I. L.,) 5,335; Guterman, (R.,) 3,157; Hourwich, (P.,) 3,149. Cantor's plurality, 2,178.

State Senate, Twenty-first District.

Davidson, (D.,) 12,326; Schector, (Fus.,) 11,509. Davidson's plurality, 817.

ASSEMBLYMEN.

MANHATTAN.

1	T. B. Coughlin, (D.)	3,213
	V. C. Pepe, (F.)	2,433
	Coughlin's plurality	780
2	A. E. Smith, (D.)	3,803
	M. Cohen, (F.)	2,158
	Smith's plurality	1,445
3	J. B. Golden, (D.)	4,455
	J. E. March, Jr., (R.)	1,073
	R. E. Taylor, Jr., (N. P.)	909
	Golden's plurality	3,380
4	H. S. Schimmel, (D.)	2,940
	B. E. Greenspan, (F.)	2,011
	Schimmel's plurality	929
5	J. J. Walker, (D.)	4,243
	D. F. MacDonald, (F.)	2,386
	Walker's plurality	1,959
6	J. Silverstein, (D.)	1,019
	H. Kopp, (R. & I. L.)	1,183
	W. Sulzer, (N. P.)	3,435
	Sulzer's plurality	2,250
7	P. P. McElligott, (D.)	3,663
	J. C. Baker, (F.)	2,870
	Fleming, (I. L.)	266
	McElligott's plurality	1,293
8	M. Graubard, (D.)	2,392
	S. Sufrin, (F.)	2,673
	Sufrin's plurality	281
9	C. D. Donohue, (D.)	3,361
	J. P. King, (F.)	2,109
	Donohue's plurality	1,254
10	W. M. Friedland, (D. & I. L.)	2,038
	L. Bleeker, (F.)	3,243
	Bleeker's plurality	1,205
11	J. Kerrigan, (D.)	4,105
	T. F. McAndrews, (F.)	3,000
	Kerrigan's plurality	1,103
12	J. D. Kelly, (D. & I. L.)	4,733
	M. A. Denecke, (R.)	1,991
	J. H. Kutner, (N. P.)	542
	Kelly's plurality	3,642
13	J. C. Campbell, (D.)	3,706
	C. M. Shannon, (R.)	1,178
	J. A. Donnelly, (N. P.)	973
	Campbell's plurality	2,528
14	R. L. Tudor, (D.)	3,744
	F. P. Beaudry, (F.)	3,118
	Tudor's plurality	626
15	F. J. Ryan, (D.)	3,141
	A. Ellenbogen, (R. & I. L.)	4,830
	A. A. Vantine, (N. P.)	1,648
	Ellenbogen's plurality	1,698
16	G. McCue, (D.)	3,343
	J. Meinz, (R.)	1,848
	Andrew Bittner, (N. P.)	782
	Daly	324
	McCue's plurality	1,495
17	Mark Eisner, (D. & N. P.)	4,817
	N. Bourke, (R.)	4,129
	Elsner's plurality	688
18	Mark Goldberg, (D.)	3,436
	James Gear, (F.)	3,157
	Goldberg's plurality	279
19	T. F. Denny, (D.)	4,207
	C. Wilson, (R.)	4,130
	A. F. Murray, (N. P. & I. L.)	4,840
	Murray's plurality	633
20	P. J. McGrath, (D.)	3,247
	W. J. Schweiger, (F.)	3,068
	McGrath's plurality	179
21	Thomas Kane, (D.)	3,351
	Dean Nelson, (R. & I. L.)	4,008
	M. Hotchner, (N. P.)	2,482
	Nelson's plurality	1,526
22	Edward Weil, (D.)	2,739
	B. E. Moore, (F.)	3,801
	Moore's plurality	1,062
23	D. C. Lewis, (D.)	7,229
	S. C. Crane, (R. & I. L.)	10,247
	H. M. Schmidt, (N. P.)	5,383
	Crane's plurality	3,021
24	O. M. Kiernan, (D.)	2,724
	J. Keleher, (F.)	2,145
	Kiernan's plurality	581
25	J. K. Keller, (D.)	2,406
	F. R. Stoddard, Jr., (R. & I. L.)	3,598
	E. B. Essig, (N. P.)	725
	Stoddard's plurality	1,192
26	A. Greenberg, (D. & I. L.)	2,594
	Isaac Gutman, (R.)	1,641
	J. Steinberg, (N. P.)	2,589
	Greenberg's plurality	5
27	St. Clair Smith, (D. & I. L.)	2,486
	E. M. Meyer, (F.)	3,600
	Meyer's plurality	1,114
28	S. A. Cotillo, (D.)	2,101
	G. E. Findlater, (F.)	2,468
	Findlater's plurality	367
29	C. J. Carroll, (D.)	2,772
	H. Conkling, (R. & I. L.)	3,747
	L. H. Newkirk, (N. P.)	1,750
	Conkling's plurality	975
30	L. A. Cuvillier, (D.)	3,338
	E. S. Boylston, (F.)	4,241
	Boylston's plurality	903
31	J. E. Davidson, (D.)	2,468
	A. A. Feinberg, (R.)	2,575
	M. Schaap, (N. P. & I. L.)	5,026
	Schaap's plurality	2,451

THE BRONX.

30	L. A. Cuvillier, (D.)	1,162
	E. S. Boylston, (F.)	1,489
	Boylston's plurality	327
32	W. S. Evans, (D.)	7,708
	L. P. Grimler, (R.)	8,465
	A. H. A. Thompson, (N. P. & I. L.)	5,040
	Grimler's plurality	756
33	T. J. Lane, (D.)	3,570
	F. X. McDonough, (R.)	3,487
	E. J. Farrell, (N. P. & I. L.)	2,571
	Lane's plurality	883
34	P. J. McMahon, (D.)	6,673
	Theodore Repley, (R.)	5,997
	O. Henschel, (N. P. & I. L.)	6,719
	Henschel's plurality	46
35	W. F. Cahill, (D.)	6,761
	H. D. Patton, (F.)	9,055
	Patton's plurality	2,284

BROOKLYN.

1	J. J. Kelly, (D.)	2,628
	R. H. McQuist'n, (R. & I. L.)	3,570
	E. J. Mackin, (N. P.)	1,040
	McQuistin's plurality	942
2	E. J. Gillen, (D.)	3,532
	T. F. Moriarity, (R.)	1,418
	G. Gunhouse, (N. P.)	474
	G. M. Perry, (I. L.)	292
	Gillen's plurality	2,114
3	F. J. Taylor, (D.)	3,637
	E. J. Fitzgerald, (R.)	1,631
	Carr	437
	L. M. Nimschke, (I. L.)	350
	Taylor's plurality	2,006
4	H. W. Kornobis, (D.)	2,832
	G. Langhorst, (R. & I. L.)	3,512
	G. H. McClelland, (N. P.)	1,421
	Langhorst's plurality	680
5	G. H. Rhoades, (D.)	2,744
	C. C. Lockwood, (R. & I. L.)	5,881
	R. C. Shephard, (N. P.)	1,449
	Lockwood's plurality	3,137
6	C. J. Bushner, (D.)	2,374
	G. H. Ittleman, (F.)	4,866
	Ittleman's plurality	2,492
7	D. F. Farrell, (D.)	3,671
	A. F. Vachris, (F.)	3,474
	Farrell's plurality	197
8	J. J. McKeon, (D.)	3,854
	C. A. Walker, (R. & I. L.)	2,084
	J. F. O'Rourke, (N. P.)	853
	McKeon's plurality	1,820
9	F. S. Burr, (D.)	5,590
	W. J. McRoberts, (F.)	4,194
	Burke	1,439
	McRoberts' plurality	1,595
10	G. E. Dennen, (D.)	2,940
	F. M. Ahern, (R. & I. L.)	4,676
	E. F. Warriton, (N. P.)	1,143
	Ahern's plurality	1,627
11	K. S. Deitz, (D.)	2,999
	G. R. Brennan, (R.)	3,829
	A. L. Perkins, (N. P. & I. L.)	1,719
	Brennan's plurality	830
12	E. J. Sullivan, (D. and N. P.)	4,813
	W. P. Simpson, (R. and I. L.)	6,345
	Simpson's plurality	1,532
13	Herman Kramer, (D.)	3,341
	L. J. Perasso, (F.)	3,172
	Kramer's plurality	169
14	J. J. Garvey, (D.)	2,874
	J. P. La Frenz, (F.)	3,050
	La Frenz's plurality	176
15	J. T. Phelan, (D.)	3,909
	W. P. Cosgrove, (F.)	3,586
	Phelan's plurality	323
16	J. P. Larrimer, (D.)	6,280
	S. R. Green, (R. and I. L.)	6,142
	G. A. Hahn, (N. P.)	2,676
	Green's plurality	1,862
17	F. Ulrich, (D.)	2,277
	A. W. Burlingame, (R.)	4,380
	C. T. Krouse, (N. P. and I. L.)	2,172
	Burlingame's plurality	2,103
18	J. H. Esquirol, (D.)	4,657
	A. W. Hoff, (R. and I. L.)	9,384
	W. S. Winans, (N. P.)	2,984

WORK AHEAD CLEAR FOR THE FUSIONISTS

Nearly All in Board of Estimate Know City Problems and the Solution of Them.

SUBWAYS AND PIERS FIRST

With That, or as Soon as Practicable, an Improved Sewer System—A Useful Board of Aldermen.

The Fusion forces are not only in control of the Board of Estimate, but it is doubtful if Tammany can count on even the two votes in the board which are not theoretically Fusion. When the questions to be solved in the next four years are considered, it is, perhaps, important that the new board will be so little changed that it may be considered as a continuation of the present board.

After Jan. 1, Fusion may rely on 14 of the 16 votes of the board, namely, Mayor John Purroy Mitchel, 3 votes; Controller Prendergast, 3 votes; President McAneny of the Board of Aldermen, 3 votes; President Marks of the Borough of Manhattan, 2 votes; President Pounds of the Borough of Brooklyn, 2 votes, and President Douglas Mathewson of the Bronx, 1 vote.

On the other hand, President Connolly of the Borough of Queens with his one vote might have been running on the Fusion ticket if it had not been for the tempestuous local politics of Queens, and only President McCormack of the Borough of Richmond, who has unseated George Cromwell, who had almost acquired the reputation of being irremovable, is not likely to have much consideration for Tammany Hall in the casting of his single vote.

Mayor-elect Mitchel has left the Board of Estimate for so short a time that he is in thorough touch with all the pressing city problems. Controller Prendergast and President McAneny, of course, were re-elected on the record they made in the Board. President Pounds of Brooklyn, although he succeeded President Steers only a few months ago, had been familiar with the needs of his borough for three years before as Superintendent of Public Works, and President Connolly has shown himself since he took charge of the affairs of Queens to be a first-class administrator, and has achieved particular distinction in the earnestness with which he has pushed forward the rapid transit needs of that part of the city and in repairing the roads.

Of the three members of the board who will take their seats for the first time on Jan. 1, one, Douglas Mathewson, has been serving as a Deputy Controller and has made a name in that office. Controller Prendergast has been able to leave a number of highly important matters to his discretion, and he has a wide experience of the difficult art of budget making.

Really Only Two New Men.

Neither President Marks nor President McCormack has as yet taken direct part in municipal affairs, but the success of Mr. Marks as a business man, both in the conduct of his own affairs and the management of charitable institutions and the handling of labor disputes, makes it certain that he will materially strengthen the executive ability of the Board of Estimate. President McCormack is the only member of the new board who will have to show what is within him.

The first duty which the Mitchel administration will have to fulfill will be the completion of the new rapid transit system. It is supposed to be finished by Jan. 1, 1917, a year before the new board completes its term, and its success and failure will be assuredly judged largely by this.

Since the dual subway contracts have been signed with the Interborough and the B. R. T., and, as Mr. Mitchel has pointed out continually in his campaign speeches, now are a legal obligation of the city, the work of the board will be merely to provide the money for the work as it is needed, to approve of such physical plans as the Public Service Commission and the companies may submit, and to see that the contracts are complied with without modification. The main task of the Board of Estimate in solving the rapid transit problem was completed last Summer, but there is a great mass of detail to which it must attend, and it is likely enough that a great deal of pressure will be put on it from time to time to induce it to agree to changes.

Already such suggestions have been made to the present Board by the Interborough in connection with the Steinway Tunnel's temporary operation, and President McAneny then took the stand that it was imperative that the Board should not countenance any modification of the contracts, however harmless they might seem. It is certain that Mayor Mitchel and his colleagues will follow the same policy if any further suggestions of change in the agreement come up.

Next to the subways is the dock problem. This has been growing more and more pressing each year, but it had perforce to be shelved in order to permit the city officials to turn all their energies to the negotiations with the rapid transit companies. Now, however, the Board will be expected to draw up a comprehensive plan for the improvement of the port, and get it fully under way during its term of office.

Neither Mr. Mitchel nor Mr. McAneny will come into the new board without clear ideas on this subject. They have already stood for the creation of a great docking centre in South Brooklyn, and the construction of long piers for the largest ships likely to come to this port on the North River above Forty-fourth Street, on the Manhattan side. The work of construction of the first uptown long pier was actually begun yesterday afternoon, and President McAneny has often said that if the plans they have laid down for the port improvements in South Brooklyn are so extensive that the city cannot at the moment find money for them, the first steps, at least, might be undertaken, and such a beginning made as to direct the efforts of the city when it does find itself in funds.

In this connection may be mentioned also the West Side Improvement, involving the elimination of the tracks of the New York Central from Eleventh Avenue, the increase of the railroad's lines along and under Riverside Park and the extension of that park further into the North River.

It was Mr. Mitchel, who, as President of the Board of Aldermen, prepared the bargain with the New York Central Railroad Company, which has since been so much discussed. A great deal of criticism of it has been made, but Mr. Mitchel has said that he put forth the plan as a suggestion in order to test public opinion, and that he never meant that it should be taken as a perfected bargain.

Sewer System to Get Attention.

Of another great improvement which the city must undertake before many years little as yet has been said. It is notorious that New York has outgrown its sewerage system, and Borough President McAneny has had his engineers studying plans for improvement for a long time. The engineers have not yet reached such conclusions that the results of their work can be announced, but it is likely as not that within the next four years a plan will be laid before the citizens for the final settlement of this difficult problem.

These changes will inevitably cost a good deal of money, and it will be necessary for the Board of Estimate to administer the affairs of the city with the utmost economy. The members hope to be able to do this largely through the introduction of improved methods in the Mayor's departments, as well as the Borough President's bureaus. At the same time they believe that they can accomplish much without disturbing any city employe who is doing his duty or cutting any one's salary. By the institution of efficiency methods in the purchase of supplies, by the grading of city positions according to their importance and the difficulty of their demands, Mayor-elect Mitchel and his associates are confident that they can actually improve the position of the average city employe at the same time that they save large sums for the city's finances.

Borough President McAneny, as he scanned the returns of the Board of Aldermen, had great hopes yesterday that in all the reforms the Board of Estimate would have the support of a really efficient Board of Aldermen. He found a comfortable Fusion majority, and he has plans to so reorganize the popular branch of the City Government as to make it a really useful part of the municipal administration.

FEAR TAMMANY ISN'T DEAD.

London Papers Recall Previous Returns of the Tiger to Power.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 6.—The newspapers give much space to the New York elections, and the editorials without exception reflect satisfaction at the defeat of Tammany, which, apart from its corruption, is accused of being invariably anti-English. But strong doubts are expressed as to whether the present victory of its opponents means more than a temporary suppression.

The Daily Mail, for instance, begins its editorial with the following Kipling line: "E's generally shammin' when e's dead." It goes on to point out that Tammany too often has been resuscitated after previous burials to allow any but the optimists to believe it dead, and fears that the victory of the advocates of decent municipal politics is an ephemeral triumph. The Daily Mail describes Tammany as a political and social society which derives its revenue mainly from blackmail. "This is drawn from various joint stock companies, which are always the target of the needy politician, and from the criminal or semi-criminal class of New York."

The Times hails the Tammany rout as a most gratifying success for purity in municipal life, as it gives the reformers a chance of demonstrating that the second largest city in the world can better be administered by honest men, whose first object is the public weal, than by the nominees of an organization whose name has become a byword for corruption. The Times, however, doubts whether the victory would have been won if Tammany had not fallen out with Gaynor and Sulzer, and adds that it would feel greater confidence in the lasting defeat of Tammany and the lasting success of the cause of honest government had not the battle been complicated by the quarrel between Sulzer and his former friends. The Times adds that while the enemies of corruption in all countries will rejoice that Tammany has met a rebuff, the students of American politics will be the last to be sanguine that its defeat is permanent. It goes on to recount the former occasions when Tammany has been beaten and has emerged stronger and more confident than ever. The Times concludes: "In New York the reformers are now upon trial. As warm friends of the nation whose political and civic ideals stand nearest to our own we heartily wish that they may emerge with credit from the test."

The Daily Telegraph, which describes the name of Tammany, as a Synonym all over the English-speaking world and widely beyond it for everything that may cool the faith of Democrats in their own political ideals, says:

"For decades this most efficient of all party machines has been a byword for systematic corruption of the electorate, malversation of the public moneys, protection of criminals, encouragement of official dishonesty and blackmail, degredation of judicial authority, cynical toleration of the grossest evils in social life, and shameless betrayal generally of the public interests of which it professed to be the guardian. The overwhelming defeat of Tammany is striking confirmation for the hopes of those who see a vision of the new birth of American democracy, and it is the earnest prayer of all who venerate the institutions degraded by such use as Tammany and its like have made of them that that vision may come soon to a splendid and assured fulfilment."

The Standard says: "The defeat of Tammany emphasizes the determination of the strongest and best element in the American population to enforce a higher standard of civic responsibility and a less cynical tone in public life."

KLINE PRAISES THE POLICE.

Mayor Asks Waldo to Thank the Force for Its Work on Election Day.

Mayor Kline sent a letter to Police Commissioner Waldo yesterday asking him to thank the officers and men of the department for the good work they did at the polls on Tuesday. This is the Mayor's letter:

Office of the Mayor, Nov. 5, 1913.

Sir: Will you please convey to the officers and men of the Police Department my compliments upon the splendid and impartial way in which they performed their duties yesterday at the polling places throughout the city? So far as I have been able to ascertain, it was the quietest and most peaceful important election ever held in this city, and that fact reflects especial credit upon the Police Department, in view of the circumstance that all of the Captains and men in the ranks were on duty in territory entirely new to them. This was the first time in the history of the city, I believe, that both Captains and men were transferred into new precincts on Election Day, and the way in which they did their work was a splendid demonstration of the efficiency of the Police Department. I have heard nothing but praise for the way in which the peace was preserved and the law enforced. Very truly yours,

A. L. KLINE, Mayor.

R. Waldo, Esq., Police Commissioner, New York.

The Mayor also sent a communication to the voters of the Tenth Assembly District in Brooklyn, thanking them for re-electing him Alderman.

"I appreciate your action all the more," wrote the Mayor, "because I was unable, owing to my duties as Mayor, to make any campaign. The compliment of a re-election under such circumstances by so large a vote touches me most deeply. The manner in which I have performed the duties of my office in the past is, I believe, a sufficient guarantee that I will not be less mindful of your interests in the future."

Minnesota Towns Beat Socialism.

CROOKSTON, Minn., Nov. 5.—A "union" ticket, backed by all parties opposed to Socialism, was successful in yesterday's municipal election, ousting a Socialist Mayor and other officials of that party. At Thief River Falls also the Socialist ticket was defeated.

Pueblo Adopts the Single Tax.

PUEBLO, Col., Nov. 5.—By a majority of about 500 Pueblo yesterday adopted the single tax for municipal purposes. Under the charter amendment adopted, all taxes for city expenses will be raised by the assessment of lots alone without regard to the value of improvements.

MALONE IS SLATED FOR MITCHEL'S POST

President Almost Certain to Name O'Gorman's Son-in-Law for Collector of Customs.

CAUSES POLITICAL TANGLE

New York Senator and His Relative at Sharp Differences in the City Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The most interesting political news of the day in Washington was that President Wilson was considering the advisability of appointing Dudley Field Malone, Third Assistant Secretary of State, to the post of Collector of Customs at New York to succeed John Purroy Mitchel. It was said at the White House that an announcement might be expected soon concerning the acceptance of Mr. Mitchel's resignation, which he tendered to the President early in October.

Mr. Malone is the son-in-law of Senator O'Gorman, and this relationship presents an interesting phase of the situation growing out of the defeat of Tammany Hall in yesterday's election. There had been rumors for a week or so that Mr. Malone might be appointed Collector, but these were unauthoritative, and apparently were based on a revival of the fact that Mr. Malone had been anxious to obtain the Collectorship before Mr. Mitchel was appointed. To-day, however, the information came from very high authority that Mr. Malone's chances of succeeding Mr. Mitchel were excellent.

When the term of William Loeb, Jr., as Collector of the Port of New York expired Mr. Malone was regarded as one of the active candidates for the place. His ambition in that direction got no encouragement from Senator O'Gorman. Whatever the Senator's interest might have been in promoting his son-in-law's success in life, he felt a hesitancy in recommending him for the Collectorship or any other office on account of the family relationship. Mr. Malone was President Wilson's personal selection for Third Assistant Secretary of State.

From a political standpoint the prevailing preference is for Mr. Malone in connection with the collectorship. Toward the close of the municipal campaign in New York Mr. Malone made a red-hot speech in behalf of Mr. Mitchel and the Fusion ticket. He attacked Tammany Hall, referred to Representative John J. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn as "Murphy's messenger boy," and said that Democrats who supported Tammany were not of the Woodrow Wilson brand.

O'Gorman for McCall.

Evidently apprehensive that this language from his son-in-law might be construed as having been instigated by himself, Senator O'Gorman gave out a formal statement declaring for Edward E. McCall. Nothing appeared after that to indicate that there were any personal differences between Senator O'Gorman and Mr. Malone, but it was clear that Senator O'Gorman wished to emphasize that they were entirely apart as far as New York City politics was concerned.

It is believed here that Senator O'Gorman will have a large part—probably the principal part—in the reorganization, or renovation of Tammany Hall. He is regarded as a man of high character and in the national campaign of 1912 was counted among those who favored the progressive policies advocated by Mr. Wilson. Mr. O'Gorman's advocacy of Judge McCall's election immediately following the public espousal of Mr. Mitchel's cause by Mr. Malone will place the Senator in a peculiar and probably embarrassing position should President Wilson determine to nominate the Senator's son-in-law for the office of Collector of Customs in New York. Mr. Malone's nomination probably would be bitterly opposed by prominent organization Democrats with whom Senator O'Gorman would have to deal if he should undertake the Tammany house cleaning. In this state of affairs there are possibilities of a spirited political contest within the Democratic party between President Wilson and Senator O'Gorman, with Mr. Malone as the nominal bone of contention.

There is a possibility that President Wilson and Senator O'Gorman may lock horns over the Collectorship. Their political relations were critically near the breaking point when Mr. Wilson was endeavoring to select a successor to Mr. Loeb, and that time Secretary McAdoo advocated the appointment of Frank L. Polk, a Manhattan lawyer, but Senator O'Gorman declined to assent to Mr. Polk's nomination and laid down the principle that under the constitutional provision for appointments "by and with the advice and consent of the Senate," his rights in the premises were superior to those of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Polk Eliminated.

Mr. O'Gorman submitted to the President a list of eight New York Democrats any one of whom, he said, would be acceptable to him, for the Collectorship. Mr. Polk was eliminated from consideration, but the President preferred Mr. Mitchel to any of Mr. O'Gorman's suggestions and Mr. Mitchel was nominated with Mr. O'Gorman's consent. While the New York Senator declines to discuss the subject of the Collectorship or to make any comment on the outcome of the New York election, there is every reason to believe that he will insist on being consulted with reference to Mr. Mitchel's successor.

Secretary McAdoo gave out a statement to-night which is interpreted to mean that he will not press Mr. Polk for the Collectorship again. This is the statement:

Secretary McAdoo said to-day that the reports to the effect that Frank L. Polk of New York was a candidate for Collector of Customs at New York or that his friends were pressing him for that position are entirely erroneous. Mr. Polk has never at any time been a candidate for the office. The Secretary said that Mr. Polk had been asked by him last Spring if he would accept the position if it were offered to him, but that he had never at any time lifted a finger to obtain it.

The Secretary said it had not been decided when a successor to Mr. Mitchel would be appointed. The subject has not yet been taken up.

Dudley Field Malone refused yesterday to discuss the report that he was about to be appointed Collector of the Port in succession to Mayor-elect Mitchel. He had, he said, received absolutely no communication about it from Washington.

TANGLE IN WESTCHESTER.

Supposed Republican Sweep Upset When Figures Are Corrected.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Because of a mistake in transmitting the returns to political headquarters at White Plains last night it was found to-day that instead of the Republicans sweeping the county, they only elected Daniel J. Cashin of Yonkers for County Clerk, Col. Frederick E. Weeks of White Plains for District Attorney, and three Assemblymen. The Democrats re-elected County Judge William Platt of White Plains by a plurality of 4,200 over former Assemblyman Frank L. Young of Ossining.

V. Everit Macy of Ossining, who was on the Democratic and Progressive tickets for Superintendent of the Poor, defeated Joseph Haight of Rye by 2,200. The late returns show that August L. Martin, the Democratic candidate for Assembly in the Second District, which takes in Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, Mamaroneck, Pelham and East Chester, was elected by 900 plurality. The Westchester Board of Supervisors is controlled by the Republicans, who elected twenty-four out of thirty-eight members.

Mayor Edward W. Fiske of Mount Vernon was re-elected for the seventh term by the largest plurality in the history of his political career. He carried every ward in the city, and all the other Democratic nominees for city offices were also elected by a big vote.

"KOH-I-NOOR Pencils write so smoothly" said a noted author. KOH-I-NOOR stands for pencil perfection. 17 variations of lead; also Copying.—Adv.

FUSION FIGHT CASTS LIGHT ON LEAGUE

Shows Hearst Organization No Factor When Forces Combine Against Tammany.

NO STRENGTH UP-STATE

Republicans Calculate on the Basis of 100,000 Plurality in the State—Decline of Bull Moose.

Because there were so many interlocking candidacies and so many coalitions in the election this year, the politicians found it very difficult yesterday to gauge the comparative strength of the three leading parties on the basis of returns received.

According to both the Republican and Progressive leaders, however, the results show that the Independence League, which William R. Hearst discarded a little more than a year ago when he enrolled as a regular Democrat, is no longer a factor in any election in this city when there is a fusion of forces in opposition to Tammany. On the other hand, the results of Tuesday's election indicate clearly that the Independence League must be reckoned with in any campaign where the division is on straight party lines.

Mr. Hearst, although officially he has severed all relations with the Independence League, which he created a few years ago to further his own political purposes, used that organization in the campaign which has just come to an end with a view of defeating William A. Prendergast for Controller and George McAneny for President of the Board of Aldermen. The success of his plan could have had only one result, according to well informed political observers—to give Tammany Hall six votes and possibly control in the Board of Estimate.

The signal failure of the Hearst plan and the election of Mr. Prendergast and Mr. McAneny, according to the Republican and Progressive leaders, has demonstrated the weakness of the former Hearst organization. They assert that the strength of the Independence League is approximately 35,000 votes in the City the Bronx. Dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES from its correspondents up-State give evidence that in most neighborhoods the once powerful Independence League organization has dwindled to nothing.

Mr. Prendergast ran approximately 79,000 votes behind John Purroy Mitchel and Mr. McAneny in round numbers was 48,000 votes behind the Mayoralty candidate. In the case of Controller Prendergast resentment among Roman Catholics growing out of the controversy over the accounting by charitable institutions of aid received from the city, as well as the popularity of Herman Metz, his Democratic rival for the office, are elusive factors the result of which it would be exceedingly difficult to translate into figures, but political analysts assert that these factors might readily account for 44,000 votes in the entire city with the Independence League's estimated 35,000 bringing the total up to the 79,000 Prendergast ran behind Mitchel.

In the vote of Mr. McAneny also, influences aside from the Independence League are held responsible for 13,000 out of the 48,000 votes he ran behind Mitchel.

In the vote of the Independence League candidate for Controller, received about 37,000 votes, and Simmons, the candidate for the Presidency of the Board of Aldermen, received about 39,000 votes.

Col. Lafayette B. Gleason, Secretary of the Republican State Committee, said yesterday that the aggregate of the Republican pluralities for successful candidates for Assembly throughout the State, with the returns somewhat incomplete, was 100,000. In the case of Judge William E. Werner, candidate for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, whose election late last night was in doubt with returns incomplete, it was estimated by the Republicans that at worst he would come within a few thousand votes of being elected, although he was opposed not only by the Democrats, but by the Independence League, which threw its support to Judge Willard Bartlett, Judge Werner's Democratic opponent for the Chief Judgeship.

Judge Werner ran as the straight Republican candidate on a platform based on the principles laid down in the conservative platform adopted by the Republican National Convention at Chicago as to.

Figures of the Progressive vote cast throughout the State for Justice Samuel Seabury and Judge Hand, the Progressive candidates for the Court of Appeals, were incomplete last night.

In thirty-nine out of sixty-three counties, Judge Hand had polled 137,000, while Judge Seabury had polled 136,000 in thirty-three counties. In both instances the counties from which returns had been received included the five counties in New York City, where the Progressive Party showed greater strength in the elections last year than in most of the up-State counties.

While these returns afford no safe basis for an estimate of the total vote, this was estimated to be from 170,000 to 200,000 in the entire State, as compared with 390,000 cast throughout the State in the Presidential election last year.

William Sulzer, despite the demonstrations on his behalf and the spectacular fight he made, did not obtain as many votes in the Sixth Assembly District, where he was the Progressive candidate for Assemblyman, as did the Fusion candidates for city, borough, county, and judicial offices. This is shown by a comparison of votes and pluralities of that district shown in the following table:

SIXTH DISTRICT VOTES.	Vote.	Plurality.
Mitchel, Mayor	3,959	2,959
McAneny, Pres. Board of Ald.	3,914	2,559
Prendergast, Controller	3,890	2,497
Marks, Borough President	3,981	2,649
Grifenhagen, Sheriff	3,955	2,615
Hopper, Register	3,915	2,564
Schneider, County Clerk	3,926	2,570
Hellenstein, Coroner	3,988	2,626
Cardozo, Supreme Court	3,969	2,593
Wadhams, General Sessions	3,929	2,451
Ransom, City Court	3,942	2,593
Sulzer, Assembly	3,435	2,250

Mr. Sulzer's Tammany opponent, Jacob Silverstein, received 1,019 votes and the Republican and Independence League candidate, Harry Kopp, received 1,185. If the Republicans and Independence League had indorsed Mr. Sulzer and an equal number of votes had followed the indorsement his total vote would have been 4,620 and his plurality over his Democratic opponent 3,501.

CHAIRMAN BARNES'S VIEWS.

He Analyzes the Vote and Sees Bright Republican Outlook.

Chairman William Barnes, Jr., of the Republican State Committee, issued this statement yesterday:

The defeat of Judge Werner by what is now apparently something less than 30,000 plurality, in a poll of fully 1,300,000, without disparagement to the character and ability of Judge Bartlett, is a misfortune to the State, because Judge Werner was bitterly and unjustly attacked for the reason that he had written an opinion upon which the Court of Appeals was unanimous.

Judge Werner, however, would have been elected had not Judge Bartlett received 35,000 or more votes on the Independence League ticket.

The indorsement of Judge Hiscock by the Independence League has resulted in his election by a plurality in the neighborhood of 50,000.

The Progressive vote in the State for Hand and Seabury for Judges of the Court of Appeals was about 180,000, whereas last year the vote of that party was 390,000. Last year President Wilson carried the State over Taft by over 200,000.

Figures are not at hand to indicate the exact size of the Republican and Democratic vote in the State, but they may be roughly estimated as follows:

In 1912, Democratic	650,000
In 1913, Democratic	510,000
In 1912, Republican	450,000
In 1913, Republican	540,000

It is clear from these figures that the Republican Party of the State of New York is now in vigorous and vital form, and ought to be able to make such a record in the newly elected Republican Assembly, through a programme of enlightened advance on orderly lines, especially if it proposes a thorough revision of our restrictive primary and election laws, to build successfully for the election of 1914, when a Governor, a United States Senator, and members of Congress are to be chosen.

WILLIAM BARNES.

At the Republican State headquarters it was said last night that returns from the country districts might cut down Judge Bartlett's lead over Werner.

PRAISES FUSION LEADER.

Morgenthau Says Credit Should Be Given to Joseph M. Price.

M. Morgenthau, Jr., manager of the successful campaign of Marcus M. Marks for the borough Presidency of Manhattan, has written to THE NEW YORK TIMES to suggest that some recognition should be made of the service which Joseph M. Price, Chairman of the Fusion executive committee, has rendered to the community. Mr. Morgenthau says he was in personal touch with Mr. Price at the time the Fusion movement was first suggested to him.

"In this matter," says Mr. Morgenthau, "he sought the advice of his closest friends and was warned by them of the tremendous difficulties which stood in the way of success, and was told that a movement to fuse such opposing forces as the Republicans, the Progressives and the Independence Leaguers was absolutely impossible and impracticable. In spite of this advice, and in spite of discouragements and disappointments too numerous to mention, he persevered. The opposition and criticism which he encountered was even greater than anticipated. Nevertheless, he fought on and has wrested a magnificent victory from what at first seemed certain defeat.

"It has been said that this success was largely due to developments at Albany, which, of course, had no bearing on the work of the Fusion Committee. There can be no question, however, had it not been for the constructive work of Mr. Price, that there would have been no foundation on which to build at the late hour of these revelations. With a divided opposition, Tammany would surely have captured the city, as will be conclusively shown by a careful study of the returns.

"Such men as Mr. Price are, unfortunately, much too rare in our American public life. It seems fitting, therefore, when so great a victory has been achieved at such great personal sacrifice, proper recognition be made—in this instance, to Mr. Price."

MARYLAND ELECTION MIX-UP

Question Whether Lee Can Replace Jackson as Senator at Once.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Though elected in the primaries yesterday United States Senator from Maryland to fill out the term of the late Isidor Rayner, which does not expire until March 3, 1917, Blair Lee of Maryland does not know when he will be able to present his credentials to the United States Senate.

Some Senators think he should be allowed to take his seat as soon as his credentials can be sent to Washington. Others contend that under no circumstances would he be entitled to present his credentials until after the Legislature of Maryland has held a meeting.

The peculiarity of the Maryland situation is to be found in the fact that Gov. Phillips Lee Goldsborough, a Republican, who issued the writ for the Senatorial election in which Mr. Lee won in Maryland yesterday, was also responsible for the appointment of William P. Jackson, a Republican, to fill the identical unexpired term of the late Senator Rayner for which Mr. Lee was a candidate.

Senator Jackson was appointed on Nov. 29, 1912. This was prior to the ratification by the States of the Constitutional amendment for the direct vote for Senators, which did not become a valid part of the American Constitution until the present year. The Constitution formerly provided that in the event of a vacancy in the Senate during the recess of a State Legislature the Governor might make a temporary appointment "until the next meeting of the Legislature." Under this provision and the statutes based on it Senator Jackson would be entitled to sit in the Senate until the Maryland Legislature meets next January, and should the Legislature then fail to take action in the matter by confirming his appointment or by electing a successor to him. Senator Jackson automatically would lose his seat.

Some Senators argue that the constitutional amendment does not apply in Senator Jackson's case, inasmuch as he was appointed under the old order of things. They point to the last clause, which reads:

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes a valid part of the Constitution.

Those opposing this contention insist that the Senator is serving only by temporary "appointment" and was not "chosen" within the meaning of that word as used in the constitutional amendment. They also point out that even when the Maryland Legislature meets it will have no power to choose a Senator, since all Senators must be elected by the people.

A prominent Senator said to-night he thought the responsibility for disturbing Senator Jackson in favor of Senator-elect Lee would rest with Gov. Goldsborough and depend upon whether he elects to send Senator-elect Lee's credentials to Washington at once or to wait until after the Legislature has met. If Mr. Lee's credentials are received here they probably will be acted upon soon afterward and Senator Lee seated.

MORE GAINS IN BAY STATE.

Democrats, with Progressives, Control Lower House and Council.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Following the catastrophe of losing their entire State ticket, as disclosed by last night's returns, Bay State Republicans to-day received further shocks when it became plain that they had lost control of the lower house of the Legislature for the first time since the party became a dominant force in State politics more than sixty years ago, and had also failed to elect a majority of the Governor's Council, which confirms or rejects all Executive nominations.

The latter body, it seems, will be composed of four Democrats, three Republicans and one Progressive. Among the successful candidates was Edward Mortimer of Grafton, Progressive and Democratic candidate in the Seventh District. The Lieutenant-Governor, who presides at the deliberations of the Council, and has a vote when he cares to cast it, is a Democrat.

To organize the House of Representatives 121 votes are needed, and the Republicans have failed to elect that number. Apparently the next House will stand: 114 Republicans, 106 Democrats, 19 Progressives, and 1 Socialist. The Progressives thus hold the balance of power and are expected to help the Democrats in the organization of the body.

The New Senate will include twenty-two Republicans, sixteen Democrats, and two Progressives. This indicates the choice of a Republican for President of the body.

Revision of the returns on the Governorship vote gives David I. Walsh a plurality of 53,691, the largest plurality ever obtained by a Democratic candidate for the office. The complete returns show these results:

David I. Walsh, (Dem.) 180,368; Charles S. Bird, (Prog.) 126,677; Augustus P. Gardner, (Rep.) 116,314; Eugene N. Foss, (Ind.) 20,815.

The feautre of the election, outside of the extent of the Democratic victory, was the strength shown by the Progressives. For the first time since the Republicans came into power as a party in this State, their nominee for Governor was forced into third position, Mr. Bird leading Representative Gardner by 10,363 votes.

Rabbi Schulman to Lecture on Graft

Rabbi Gabriel Schulman will lecture at the Temple Emanu-El, Yonkers, on next Friday evening on the subject of "What Is Graft?" The lecture is the result of a somewhat heated discussion participated in by a number of buyers yesterday, to which the rabbi was a party. It promises to be exceptionally interesting. All are welcome.

FIELDER IS VICTOR BY NEARLY 33,000

New Jersey's Election Notable for the Collapse of the Progressive Movement.

REPUBLICANS' BIG GAINS

They Win Back Many Legislative Seats, but Democrats Will Still Control Both Houses.

James F. Fielder, the Democratic candidate for Governor of New Jersey, was elected by a plurality of almost 33,000 over Edward C. Stokes, Republican, according to the revised returns of Tuesday's balloting.

With about thirty election districts missing out of 1,867 in the State, Fielder has 169,612 votes to Stokes's 136,693. Everett Colby, Progressive, who had the express indorsement of Col. Roosevelt, received but 38,693 votes, or barely one-fourth as many as Roosevelt received when he ran for President last year.

The fading away of the Progressive vote, and the huge Republican gains from the vote received by Taft were, in fact, the feature of the result. Thus in Essex County, where Taft received 16,904 votes in 1912, Stokes polled 24,726. At the same time Colby received only 11,428 votes in that county, as against 33,627 cast for Roosevelt.

Hudson County gave Colby only 4,306 votes, where Roosevelt obtained 24,156. The Republican vote leaped from 8,763 for Taft in 1912 to 15,313 for Stokes in 1913.

In Passaic County, where the Roosevelt ticket led both Wilson and Taft last year, the Progressive total being double that of the Republican, Colby polled but 1,933 votes Tuesday, against Roosevelt's 1912 total of 11,701, while Stokes carried the county over Fielder by about 500. The Republican candidate for Governor received 9,679 votes, or 4,330 more than Taft last year.

The Colby vote in some other counties was: Camden, 2,470, to Roosevelt's 8,718; Cumberland, 1,218, to Roosevelt's 4,097; Mercer, 1,497, to Roosevelt's 6,907, and Monmouth, 1,411, to Roosevelt's 6,305.

Fielder carried fifteen counties and Stokes six, Colby running a poor third everywhere.

Both Houses Democratic.

The Democrats retain control of both houses of the Legislature, but by a reduced majority in each. The Senate will be Democratic by a margin of 1, standing 11 Democrats and 10 Republicans. Eight counties voted for Senators. Democrats were chosen in Bergen, Cumberland, Hudson, and Salem, while Republican candidates were successful in Atlantic, Mercer, Morris, and Ocean.

The Democratic majority in the Assembly is reduced from 42 to 16. Republican Assembly tickets were elected in Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Morris, Ocean, and Passaic Counties, with two of the party's twelve candidates chosen in Essex. Eight Democrats were elected there, as were the candidates in Bergen, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Monmouth, Salem, Somerset, Sussex, Union, and Warren Counties.

The success of Fielder in carrying Essex County by a small plurality was a hard blow to the Smith-Nugent machine. The Democratic candidate for Governor had publicly said he did not expect the support of ex-Senator James Smith, Jr., or Nugent and he did not get it. In the Newark wards, controlled by the machine, the Nugent forces slashed the head of the ticket unmercifully, but despite this Stokes led in the city by only 98 plurality.

Fielder carried his home county, Hudson, by a plurality of 25,000. This big big lead was the decisive factor in the result.

Bergen County, thanks to the Republican-Progressive struggle, was carried by Fielder by about 3,000 plurality. Charles O'Connor Hennessy, brother of John A. Hennessy of New York and a single tax member of the Assembly, won the Senatorial fight with two opponents. The three Democratic candidates for the Assembly and the Democratic candidate for Sheriff were also swept into office.

Apparently the Jury Reform act has been generally adopted in the counties. In Essex County the vote on the referendum showed 6,000 majority in favor of the reform.

Colby Not Discouraged.

Progressive leaders profess not to be disturbed by the small vote for the party ticket. Said Mr. Colby yesterday:

"I am not the least bit discouraged by the outcome. The fight has just begun. We will open headquarters next week, and there will be no let-up in the efforts of the Progressives to interest the voters of the State in the fight against political corruption."

Ex-Gov. Stokes commented on the result:

"It was a united Democratic Party against a divided opposition. I was figuring to rehabilitate and rejuvenate the Republican Party."

The Democratic State Chairman, Mr. Grosscup, made this statement:

"It is a magnificent victory. It again proves that the people of New Jersey stand by President Wilson and his policies. It surely entrenches progressive Democracy."

In Tuesday's election Dr. Bert Daly, Fusionist, was elected Mayor of Bayonne, defeating his opponent, Mayor Matthew T. Cronin, Democrat, by a majority of 278. Cronin had controlled the city for six years, and his downfall came as a great surprise to his followers.

In Hoboken Mayor Martin Cooke, Democrat, was re-elected over Gardner, Fusionist, by 154 votes.

Mayor John McMahon, Democrat, of Wallington Borough, Bergen County, was re-elected by 1 vote over W. H. Maher, Republican.

SULZER'S EYES NOW ON THE NEW PARTY

Assemblyman-Elect Says He Is a Democrat Though Progressives Elected Him.

PLANS TO STUMP STATE

He Will Deliver Lectures Up to the Time He Joins the Assembly—May Run for Senator.

Assemblyman-elect William Sulzer of the Sixth District was busy all yesterday receiving visitors and messages of congratulation at his headquarters in the Broadway Central Hotel. Those close to him had said that Mr. Sulzer would take a few days' rest in some "white farmhouse by the roadside" in Orange County immediately after the election. But yesterday Mr. Sulzer had not made up his mind on that point.

"I never need a rest," he told the reporters.

Chester C. Platt, secretary to Mr. Sulzer, said the Assemblyman would probably spend much of the time until he takes office on speaking trips through the State. He had received several very gratifying offers of employment by lecture bureaus, said Mr. Platt, but had not accepted any of them. Mr. Platt asserted that many Democratic and Progressive Assemblymen before his election agreed to vote for Mr. Sulzer for Speaker. The secretary said he believed that a number of the Republicans elected on Tuesday would vote for Mr. Sulzer because he had championed the Direct Primaries bill. The secretary announced that although Mr. Sulzer had been elected on the Progressive ticket in the Sixth Assembly District, he did not consider himself a Progressive, and would not identify himself with the Progressive members of the Legislature.

"He feels that he is a real Democrat, and that Silverstein, who ran against him on the Tammany ticket, was only a make-believe Democrat, like Murphy himself," Mr. Platt said. "Mr. Sulzer feels that he owes allegiance primarily to the Democratic Party the more now that the blot of Murphy has been removed from it."

Mr. Platt added that the question of running for United States Senator to succeed Elihu Root at the expiration of Mr. Root's term had been considered by Mr. Sulzer, and that many of his friends throughout the country had urged him to enter the race. Mr. Sulzer, according to his secretary, favored direct nominations for this office, in accordance with the bill he had urged in Albany, but if that method was not adopted it might be possible to nominate him by petition, Mr. Platt said.

It was gathered from Mr. Platt's talk that Sulzer's ambition now was to come to the front in the new independent and anti-Tammany Democracy which seems likely to rise above the horizon now that the Tiger's sun has set.

Several hundred telegrams of congratulation were received by Mr. Sulzer from all parts of the country yesterday. Here are some of them:

Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 4, 1913.
Hon. William Sulzer, Broadway Central Hotel, New York: Congratulations. You are the greatest moral force in our State.
M. E. HAVEN.

Newburg, N. Y., Nov. 4, 1913.
Hon. William Sulzer, Broadway Central Hotel, New York: My heartiest congratulations. You will be our next Governor. It's the will of the people. Sulzer did it. I am tickled to death.
J. H. CENTER.

Waterloo, Iowa.
Hon. William Sulzer, New York: We doff our hat on you. The Lord is good.
GEORGE C. GREENUP.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Nov. 5, 1913.
Hon. William Sulzer, Broadway Central Hotel, New York: When it comes to getting votes you bet you're the Same Old Bill.
JOHN C. WHITNEY.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 5, 1913.
Hon. William Sulzer, Broadway Central Hotel, New York: Levy is the

LITTLE MORTGAGES

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A man who owned a short railroad once said to J. J. Hill that his railroad was not so long as the Great Northern but that it was just as wide.

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STYLE is not a coating that you can apply to shoes, like lacquer to a chair. You can't measure it with a yardstick, nor weigh it upon scales. It is born of *forethought*, not *afterthought*. It starts with the "last," goes along with the leather and enters into every stitch.

The *same* materials and processes may yield *different* shoes, even though they are offered at the *same* price. The difference is one of skill and spirit, personality and purpose. Some shoes are mere commodities of commerce —others are sheer objects of art.

Every Regal Style, whatever its selling price, is *style-charged*. Even the roomy-toed, broad-soled "lasts" possess a lure of line and glamour of good form that grip the glance.

You curtail the purchasing power of your money and belittle your taste, if you wear *misshapen* shoes that suggest *malformed* feet. In a Regal "comfort last" like the "Belmont"—$4.50—sketched above, style dwells outside and ease nestles within.

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Regal Shoe Company
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Broadway at Spring — 6th Ave. at 21st
Broadway at 10th — 14th St. at 3rd Ave.
Broadway at 27th — 125th St. at 7th Ave.
Nassau at Ann
BROOKLYN
501 Broadway — 1375 Broadway — 512 Fulton St.
1049 Broadway — 357 Fulton St. — 465 Fifth Ave.
JERSEY CITY — NEWARK, N. J.
108 Newark Ave. — 825 Broad St.

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PROGRESSIVES' GRIP ON STATE ASSEMBLY

Slender Republican Majority Includes Nine Men Indorsed by Moose and Hostile to Barnes.

OPPOSE A MACHINE SPEAKER

Progressives Scoff at Sulzer as Candidate—Albany Boss to Keep Out of the Contest.

29 Anti-Sulzer Assemblymen Defeated.

Bradley, Republican	Niagara
Burr, Democrat	Kings
Carroll, Democrat	New York
Costello, Democrat	New York
Cronin, Democrat	Kings
Cuvillier, Democrat	New York
Deitz, Democrat	Kings
Dennen, Democrat	Kings
Denney, Democrat	New York
Esquirol, Democrat	Kings
Fallon, Democrat	Suffolk
Garvey, Democrat	Kings
Greenberg, Democrat	New York
Heyman, Democrat	Kings
Ingram, Democrat	Kings
Jackson, Democrat	Erie
Kane, Democrat	New York
Kelly, J. A., Democrat	Dutchess
Kelly, J. J., Democrat	Kings
Larrimer, Democrat	Kings
Lewis, Democrat	New York
McMahon, Democrat	Bronx
Schifferdecker, Democrat	Kings
Silverstein, Democrat	New York
Smith, M. A., Republican	Dutchess
Ulrich, Democrat	Kings
Van Woert, Democrat	Lewis
Weil, Democrat	New York
Yard, Democrat	Westchester

17 Anti-Sulzer Assemblymen Elected.

Campbell, Democrat	New York
Caughlan, Democrat	New York
Donohue, Democrat	New York
Farrell, Democrat	Kings
Gillen, Democrat	Kings
Goldberg, Democrat	New York
Kelly, J. D., Democrat	New York
Kerrigan, Democrat	New York
Kiernan, Democrat	New York
Lane, Democrat	Bronx
McCue, Democrat	New York
McElligott, Democrat	New York
McGrath, Democrat	New York
Smith, A. E., Democrat	New York
Taylor, F. J., Democrat	Kings
Tudor, Democrat	New York
Walker, Democrat	New York

Revised returns from all parts of the State, indicating that the next Assembly will be composed of 82 Republicans, 50 Democrats, and 18 Progressives, clearly foreshadow, in the opinion of many politicians, a fight over the Speakership, which will render it more difficult than would appear at first for the dominant Republicans to control the organization of that branch of the Legislature next year.

Incidentally the revised returns give a clear indication of the feeling roused throughout the State against Assemblymen who voted for the impeachment of William Sulzer. In all 79 members of the lower house voted for the resolution providing for his impeachment. Forty-six of these, mostly Democrats, were renominated. Twenty-nine of the 46 were defeated, and only 17 were elected, all the latter being from New York, Kings, and Bronx Counties.

With 82 Republican members seated the Republicans will have a margin of six above a bare majority. Under ordinary circumstances this would be ample to insure control. But with nine Republicans, elected with the indorsement of the Progressives and of distinctly radical tendencies, the Republican leaders fear and the Progressive leaders jubilantly predict that the 18 straight Progressive members of the Assembly, reinforced by the Republicans and Democrats, who have been elected with the aid of Progressive votes, will be able to prevent the Republican majority from selecting for the Speakership any member of their own party who does not win their approval.

Five Republican candidates for the Speakership have already appeared in the field. Four of these are of the stand-pat type and only one—John Leo Sullivan of the Second Chautauqua district—is an avowed Progressive Republican. The other candidates are Harold J. Hinman of Albany, who as Republican floor leader in the present Assembly is looked upon as having a good claim on promotion to the Speakership; Alexander MacDonald of Franklin County, who has served three terms; Thaddeus C. Sweet, who has been elected from Oswego County for four successive terms, and John A. Smith of the Second St. Lawrence district, who will be serving his second term next year.

For Schaap and Not Sulzer.

Francis K. Bird, chairman of the New York County Progressive Committee, announced last night that Michael Schaap, who was elected from the Thirty-first New York district, would be the Progressive candidate for the Speakership, with the backing of the State organization. Mr. Schaap is a lawyer, who showed considerable ability as leader of the handful of Progressives in the Assembly during the regular and extraordinary session this year while serving his first term.

While William Sulzer will go to the Capitol with Speakership aspirations, he will receive no support from the Progressive organization, on which he would have to depend for success. It may be stated on good authority that the Bull Moose leaders do not look upon the election of Mr. Sulzer under Progressive auspices as a blessing. They did all they could to prevent his nomination by the Progressive organization in the Sixth District, and would frown upon any movement, started in the next Assembly, with a view of giving him a position of leadership in the Progressive delegation.

The Progressive leaders had a conference last night at the headquarters of the National Progressive Committee, at which an inventory was taken of the increased party assets, which has come to the Progressives as a result of the elections.

In the last Assembly there were only five members of the Progressive Party. In the next Assembly there will be eighteen straight Progressives, a majority of whom, however, have been elected with the indorsement of the Republicans or Democrats.

Theodore Douglas Robinson, Chairman of the State Committee, told a TIMES reporter last night that of the Republicans and Democrats who ran for the Assembly with Progressive backing, many were Progressives in disguise and that there would be, in reality, twenty-four out-and-out Progressives in the next Assembly. Mr. Robinson made this analysis of the body:

Republicans, 70; Fusion Republicans, 6; Democrats, 40; Fusion Democrats, 10; Progressives, 24.

Barnes to Keep Hands Off.

At the headquarters of the Republican State Committee it was said yesterday that Chairman Barnes would keep his hands off in the Speakership fight. Mr. Hinman, one of the candidates, represents a district in Mr. Barnes's political bailiwick. Nor has he was a consistent champion of Mr. Sulzer during the fight preceding the adoption of the impeachment resolution, and while he has lined up with the Progressive element in the Assembly on more than one measure, the opinion is freely expressed yesterday that because he was nominated by the Barnes organization, Hinman would encounter opposition from the progressive Republicans. There is little doubt that the Republicans, who are hostile to the leadership of Barnes, would decline to enter any caucus that would bind them to the election of Mr. Hinman.

Clinton T. Horton, who was re-elected from the Second Erie district, has been suggested by this element as an opponent to Hinman. Mr. Horton has many friends among the independent Democrats, besides having the almost united support of the independent Republicans.

To conciliate this element, it has been suggested that the organization, in case it should be found impossible to elect Mr. Hinman, would make Cyrus W. Phillips, re-elected from the Fourth Monroe District, as the "regular" Republican candidate for the Speakership. Mr. Phillips, who is a lawyer and has served several terms in the Assembly, has been active in promoting labor legislation. While he is regarded as an organization man, he has never offended the progressive faction.

Little Legislation Likely.

With a Democratic Governor and Senate and a Republican Assembly the chances are distinctly against a large amount of legislation at next year's session. That the Republican element in the Assembly will direct all its efforts to making political capital for the Gubernatorial campaign next Fall may be taken for granted.

In connection with this it was learned on good authority yesterday that the Republican programme included the enactment of an amended direct primary law, which would abolish all party designating committees and provide for the designation of all candidates for places on the primary ballot by petition.

The State Convention, with delegates designated by petition and elected by direct vote at the primaries, is to be retained under the Republican plan. The opinion was expressed yesterday that should the Republican Assembly pass such a bill, the Democratic Senate would concur and Gov. Glynn would sign it.

The abolition of useless offices, created during the Sulzer administration, including the Department of Efficiency and Economy, which was brought into the limelight during the campaign in the speeches made by John A. Hennessy, is another part of the programme.

It is also likely that a committee of the Assembly will be directed to investigate the work on the barge canal with a view to ascertaining why State Engineer Bensel should require $15,000,000, in addition to the $101,000,000, provided for in the original bond issue, which at that time was regarded as ample to complete the canal.

THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

SENATORS ELECTED.

Dist. 21. J. Davidson, D. — Dist. 28. J. E. Towner, R.

ASSEMBLYMEN ELECTED.

Dist.		Dist.	
	ALBANY		BROOME
1.	H. J. Hinman, R.*	S.	P. Quick, R.
2.	J. G. Malone, R.*		CHAUTAUQUA
3.	W. C. Baxter, R.*	C.	Willard, D. & P.*
	ALLEGANY		CAYUGA
E.	E. Ferry, R.	C.	H. Springer, R.
	CHAUTAUQUA		CHENANGO
1.	A. M. Cheney, R.	W.	E. Knapp, R., P.
2.	J. L. Sullivan, R.*	S.	A. Jones, R.
	CHENUNG		CLINTON
A.	W. Fairbank, R.	A.	W. Fairbank, R.
	COLUMBIA		CORTLAND
A.	W. Hover, D., P.*	N.	F. Webb, R.*
	DELAWARE		DUTCHESS
E.	A. Mackey, R.	1.	C. W. Garrison, D., P.
2.	M. G. Dubois, R.		ERIE
1.	W. H. Warhus, D.	2.	C. T. Horton, R., P.*
3.	A. F. Geyer, D., P.*	4.	P. W. Quigley, D. & P.
5.	R. F. Hearn, D.*	6.	L. F. Tuchokca, D.
7.	W. P. Gremler, D., P.	8.	W. Thayer, P., D.
9.	F. B. Thorn, R.		ESSEX
R.	T. Kenyon, R.		FRANKLIN
A.	MacDonald, R.*		FULTON & HAMILTON
J.	H. Wood, R.*		GENESEE
L.	H. Wells, R.		GREENE
G.	H. Chase, R.		HERKIMER
F.	D. Fitch, D.		JEFFERSON
1.	H. E. Machold, R.*	2.	J. G. Jones, R.*
	KINGS		
1.	R. H. McQuestion, R.	2.	W. J. Gillen, D.*
3.	F. J. Taylor, D.	4.	G. Langhorst, R.
5.	G. C. Lockwood, R.	6.	R. P. Ittleman, P., R.
7.	D. F. Farrell, D.*	8.	J. J. McKeon, D.*
9.	W. J. McRoberts, P., R.	10.	F. M. Ahearn, R.
11.	G. R. Brennan, R.	12.	W. T. Simpson, R.
13.	H. Kramer, D.	14.	J. P. LaFrenz, R., P.
15.	T. T. Phelan, D.	16.	S. R. Green, R.
17.	A. W. Burlingame, Jr., R.	18.	A. W. Hoff, R.
19.	H. Scheldermann, P., R.	20.	A. C. Flamman, R.
21.	H. C. Karpen, R., P.	22.	E. R. V. Kuntz, R.
23.	W. F. Mathewson, R.		LEWIS
H.	L. Grant, R., P.		LIVINGSTON
E.	M. Magee, R.*		MADISON
M.	E. Miller, R.*		MONROE
1.	H. B. Warner, P., D.	2.	S. L. Adler, R.*
3.	G. D. Fish, R.	4.	C. W. Phillips, R.*
5.	C. Gallup, D. & P.*		MONTGOMERY
W.	A. Gage, R., P.*		NASSAU
J.	Lyon, R.		NEW YORK
1.	T. D. Caughlan, D.*	2.	A. E. Smith, D.*
3.	J. B. Golden, D.	4.	H. S. Schimmel, D.
5.	F. J. Walker, D.*	6.	W. Sulzer, P.
7.	P. P. McElligott, D.*	8.	S. Sufrin, P., R.*
9.	C. D. Donohue, D.*	10.	L. Bleecker, P., R.
11.	J. Kerrigan, D.*	12.	J. D. Kelly, D.*
13.	J. C. Campbell, D.*	14.	R. L. Tudor, D.*
15.	A. Ellenbogen, R.		

Dist.		Dist.	
16.	M. G. McCue, D.*		
17.	M. Elsner, D., P.*		
18.	M. Goldberg, D.*		
19.	A. F. Murray, P.		
20.	F. J. McGrath, D.*		
21.	D. Nelson, R.		
22.	B. E. Moore, P., R.		
23.	S. C. Crane, R.		
24.	G. M. Kiernan, D.*		
25.	F. R. Stoddard, R.		
26.	J. Heinberg, P.		
27.	S. M. Meyer, P., R.		
28.	G. E. Pindiater, P., R.		
29.	H. Conkling, R.		
30.	E. S. Boyiston, R., P.		
31.	M. Schaap, P.*		
32.	L. P. Grimler, R.		
33.	T. J. Lane, D.*		
34.	Otto Henschel, P.		
35.	H. D. Patton, P., R.		
	NIAGARA		
1.	W. Bewley, R.		
2.	J. W. Williams, D.		
	ONEIDA		
1.	F. F. Emden, D.*		
2.	C. F. Puess, R.		
3.	J. B. Fuller, R.*		
	ONONDAGA		
1.	E. Smith, R.		
2.	G. M. Haight, D.		
3.	J. Buechler, R.		
	ONTARIO		
H.	E. Wheeler, R.		
	ORANGE		
1.	J. B. Montgomery, R.		
2.	C. J. Boyd, R.		
C.	P. Wright, D., P.		
	OSWEGO		
T.	C. Sweet, R.*		
	OTSEGO		
G.	L. Bockes, R.		
	PUTNAM		
H.	Fish, P., D.		
	QUEENS		
1.	N. Nehrbauer, D.		
2.	F. G. McGarry, D.		
3.	C. Garbe, R.		
4.	J. S. Eadie, R., P.		
	RENSSELAER		
1.	C. F. Schwarz, D.*		
2.	T. D. Taylor, D.*		
	RICHMOND		
C.	D. Van Name, D.		
	ROCKLAND		
B.	C. Dunlop, P., R.		
	ST. LAWRENCE		
1.	F. A. Seaker, R.*		
2.	J. A. Smith, R.*		
	SARATOGA		
G.	T. Seelye, R.*		
	SCHENECTADY		
A.	P. Squire, D., P.*		
	SCHOHARIE		
E.	A. Dox, D., P.*		
	SCHUYLER		
H.	S. Howard, R., P.		
	SENECA		
W.	J. Maier, R.		
	STEUBEN		
1.	C. A. Brewster, D.*		
2.	J. L. Seeley, D.*		
	SUFFOLK		
1.	D. C. Talmage, R.		
2.	H. A. Murphy, R.		
	SULLIVAN		
G.	H. Smith, D.		
	TIOGA		
W.	S. Moore, R.		
	TOMPKINS		
J.	W. Presswick, R., P.		
	ULSTER		
1.	H. R. DeWitt, R.		
2.	A. LeFevre, R.		
	WARREN		
H.	E. H. Brereton, R.*		
	WASHINGTON		
C.	D. Pratt, R.		
	WAYNE		
W.	A. Wilson, R.		
	WESTCHESTER		
1.	G. Blakely, R.		
2.	A. L. Martin, D., P.		
3.	W. W. Law, Jr., R.		
4.	F. D. Hopkins, R.		
	WYOMING		
J.	Knight, R.*		
	YATES		
E.	C. Gillett, R., P.*		

*Re-elected.

Recapitulation.

Republican	82
Democratic	50
Progressive	18
Total	150

ASKS POLICE PROTECTION.

Investigator of Worcester Asylum Fears Violence from Attendants.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 5.—The police were called to Worcester State Hospital this afternoon for the second time since the investigation of the place was begun by the State Board of Insanity.

A policeman was sent at the request of John Addison Halen, Boston, who is prosecuting the investigation in behalf of the petitioning nurses, to protect Mr. Halen and his star witness of the day, Max E. Frankil, an attendant who left the hospital Tuesday. Mr. Halen alleged that he had received threatening letters and that he feared an attack from male attendants who have been accused in testimony.

Frankil, in his testimony to-day, charged that Matti Kenonen, a patient, was once tied to the bed for two weeks, and that his body became covered with sores. From the hospital records Dr. L. Vernon Briggs, State Board member, read extracts showing this to be true. The date given in the records was Aug. 17, 1912, while Frankil fixed five days earlier as the time. No reason for the alleged tying was given.

That Charles Vogel, a patient now in New York went two and one-half days without food, was another allegation of the witness. Frankil said also that attendants had stolen fruit and other delicacies from the patients.

Dr. Ernest V. Scribner, Superintendent, brought forward many witnesses during the afternoon in his efforts to prove that allegations made against the hospital were untrue. They testified that the food was good and that efforts to make it so were begun long before the investigation.

Comstock a Purity Delegate.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Secretary Bryan to-day announced the appointment of the following delegates to represent the United States at the seventh International Congress of the World's Purity Federation, to be held in Minneapolis, Nov. 7-12: Anthony Comstock and James B. Reynolds of New York, Clifford G. Roe and the Rev. D. C. MacLeod of Illinois, the Rev. W. F. Crafts of Washington, J. Frank Chase of Massachusetts and J. A. Pike of Minnesota.

Waltham Automobile Timepieces

Waltham Automobile Timepieces are as accurate and dependable as Waltham Watches—we could give no greater praise. These timepieces are of chronometer construction, adapted especially to meet varying conditions of road and temperature. Choice is offered of a raised dial or dial flush with the dash. The most desirable model costs $25.

The quality and range in our Waltham Watches, our silverware and jewelry are not duplicated in New York.

DIAMONDS · GOLD JEWELRY · STERLING SILVER
LEATHER GOODS · CANES AND UMBRELLAS · ART STATIONERY

Reed & Barton
5th Avenue at Thirty-second Street

The Coward Shoe
"REG. U. S. PAT. OFF."

Coward Extension Heel — Arch Support Shoe

For Men, Women and Children

A large percentage of people afflicted with weak arches are ignorant of their condition. A still larger percentage are doing nothing to prevent an existing tendency to this painful deformity.

The only rational way of correcting a falling arch is by mechanical assistance. This is perfectly applied by the steel bridge and extension heel of the Coward Arch Support Shoe. A SHOE WIDELY IMITATED BUT NEVER DUPLICATED. The ORIGINAL Arch Support Shoe and the BEST. Highly Endorsed by orthopedists, surgeons and physicians.

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Department, for over 33 years.

JAMES S. COWARD — 264-274 Greenwich St. (Near Warren St.) — NEW YORK
Mail Orders Filled — SOLD NOWHERE ELSE — Send for Catalogue

WILSON IS CHEERED BY PARTY TRIUMPHS

Believes the People Have Approved His Administration—Cabinet Officers Jubilant.

NO SORROW FOR TAMMANY

Senator Kern Is Frankly Glad—Progressives See Need of Reuniting with Republicans.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—President Wilson was in fine humor to-day over the results of the elections. The victory of James F. Fielder for Governor of New Jersey was a personal pleasure to Mr. Wilson, but the feeling that national issues had played an important part in the contests all over the country carried the broader conviction that the people of many States had approved the Democratic Administration at Washington.

Every detail of the vote in New Jersey seemed to add to the pleasure of President Wilson and Secretary Tumulty. The result in Essex County, the home of the Smith-Nugent faction, was particularly gratifying, and the indorsement of the Washington Administration, they felt, was unmistakable.

The President, who sent his congratulations to Mr. Fielder last night, sent this dispatch to Gov.-elect Walsh of Massachusetts to-day:

My heartiest congratulations. It was a splendid victory finely won.

To Blair Lee, elected United States Senator in Maryland, the President wired:

I congratulate you and the party most warmly. The victory was complete.

To his personal friend, Mayor Newton D. Baker, re-elected in Cleveland, he sent this message:

Please accept my warmest congratulations. It did us all good to hear of your victory.

Kern Glad of Tammany Defeat.

The crushing defeat of Tammany did not seem in the least to take the edge from Democratic rejoicing in Washington. Senator Kern of Indiana, majority leader in the Senate, made this frank comment:

"I do not regard that as a Democratic disaster. On the contrary, it will give the Democrats of New York a chance to reorganize and eliminate the machine methods through which nearly all of them have been disfranchised for nearly half a century, in so far as any voice in party management is concerned."

Secretary of State Bryan said that yesterday was the people's first opportunity to give judgment on the Wilson Administration. That judgment was an enthusiastic indorsement, he said.

"In New Jersey, the home of the President," continued Mr. Bryan, "the returns afford a verdict which will be received with gratification by the party throughout the country.

"The victory in Massachusetts also gives cause for congratulation. The local victories seem to snow the same general trend toward the Democratic Party. From what I know of John Purroy Mitchel, I think he will make a good Mayor for New York."

Secretary Daniels said:

"As a rule, the first elections after the Administration has come into power are not so substantially an approval of the policies of the Administration as were yesterday's. In every State election is in favor with the people and that they trust the Democratic people to fulfill the promises of reforms made last November."

Secretary McAdoo said:

"A glorious victory all along the line. It is a vindication of the President and his Administration."

Progresives Read a Lesson.

Not the least interesting of to-day's comments were expressions from Republican and Progressive leaders. It was easy to see that the moral that most of them drew from yesterday's disasters was that the two factions of the Republican Party must reunite if the Democrats are to be overcome.

Senator Borah, Progressive Republican, of Idaho, said:

"I did not suppose at any time that it would be possible for us to win out in New Jersey or Massachusetts. After being in New Jersey I felt that Colby would poll a much larger vote than he did. The same is true with reference to the third party vote in Maryland. It is smaller than I supposed it would be. And everywhere the third party vote and Republican vote combined would control.

"So, to my way of thinking, the result of the election taken as a whole in Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Maryland is far more than we had a right to hope for at this time. It indicates very clearly what the Republicans are going to do in the future."

Senator Norris of Nebraska, Progressive Republican, said:

"The result does not surprise me. I expected Democratic victory, and it may be expected as long as the Republican Party is split into two factions."

Engineer Not Guilty of Wreck Death

LITCHFIELD, Conn., Nov. 5.—William H. Rigby of Harrison, N. Y., was found not guilty of manslaughter by a jury in the Superior Court here to-day. He was engineer of a special train which was in collision with a freight train at North Kent last June. Thomas Weldon of Stamford, his fireman, was killed and Rigby himself was severely injured. He was held criminally responsible for Weldon's death by the Coroner and as a result was arrested for manslaughter.

A Poor Man's Tribute to Morris.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—The funeral of Edward Morris, the packer, was held here to-day. In the profusion of floral tributes were two white roses which bore a card with this inscription:

I thought more of Mr. Morris than any man in the world. A POOR MAN.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

Announce for To-Day

A Very Important Sale

Women's Fur Coats and Small Furs

At Much Less Than Regular Prices

Kit Fox Sets
Muff with head and tails 24.50
Large animal scarf ... 24.50

Mole Sets
Large pillow muff ... 24.50
54 inch long scarf 18.50

Fitch Sets
Large Pillow muff ... 45.00
Scarf to match 32.50

Pointed Fox Sets
Extra large muff 32.50
Animal scarf to match 22.50

Skunk Sets
Four stripe muff 29.50
Toga scarf to match .. 14.50

Hudson Seal Sets
Large pillow muff 22.50
Scarf to match 19.50

Fur Trimmed French Seal Coats
Made from Selected French Seal Pelts.
Actual Value 75.00 58.00
Collars of Skunk or German Fitch

French Seal Coats
45 inches long, made from selected French seal pelts. Value 65.00 55.00

Trim'd Caracul Coats
42 inches long, collars of skunk, German fitch or ermine. Value 110.00 95.00

Moire Caracul Coats
42 inches long, made from flat curl, lustrous pelts. Value 95.00 75.00

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats
45 inches long, collars of German fitch, ermine or skunk. Value 145.00 125.00

Hudson Seal Coats
made from French dyed muskrat pelts.
85.00 Actual Value 110.00
45 *Inches Long, Extremely Smart Model*

Fifth Avenue at 38th Street.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-66-68 FIFTH AVENUE — 46th & 47th STS.

FEATURE SPECIAL VALUES, THURSDAY, IN

Tailleur Suits at $45 — *Usually $65 to $75*
Of broadcloth, duvetyn, velour-cloth and other fashionable materials—an adjustment of regular stocks.

Smart Street Dresses at $35
Usually $45 to $65—Of silk and serge, in tailored and semi-tailored effects; plain colors or fashionable combinations of plaids with plain materials.

Street & Semi-Dress Hats—$18
Values to $35—Many of the season's ultra-smart effects.

WOMEN AID "DRY" VICTORY.

Their Votes Banish Saloons from Eighteen Illinois Towns.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—Some astute politicians believe that the passing of the saloon in the State of Illinois is foreshadowed as a result of the down-State elections yesterday. Eighteen out of twenty-four towns in which elections were held went "dry." The victory of the "dry" element was ascribed to the woman vote, 80 per cent. of that cast yesterday being in favor of abolishing the saloons.

Sixty-five saloons were eliminated by yesterday's vote. One county, Massac, joined the ranks of the "totally dry," bringing the number of "dry" counties to thirty-one out of 102 in Illinois. Gauged by the incomplete figures, approximately 15,000 women voted yesterday.

The more important cities affected by the voting were Jacksonville, Beardstown, Duquoin, and Petersburg. Duquoin keeps its saloons by a majority of 350. The woman vote was almost evenly divided with 1,200 of them voting. The other three cities went "dry."

Local option elections will be held in about three hundred cities and towns in all parts of the State next April and the Anti-Saloon League predicts that, aided by the woman voters, the "drys" will carry most of them.

Speaking of yesterday's vote, Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst said:

"It means that it is only a question of time when women will drive the liquor traffic from the State."

LEVY IS AT PEACE.

Municipal Judge Says He Forgives His Political Enemies.

Assemblyman Aaron J. Levy, Municipal Judge-elect in the Second Judicial District, gave out last night this statement through his secretary, Murray W. Stand:

"Now that the battle has been fought and all is over, I convey to the good citizens of the judicial district my deepest and most heartfelt gratefulness for their vote of confidence in me. I have no quarrels with any one and am at peace with all. While no man in public life was so unfortunate a victim of vituperation and vilification as I, still I forgive my political enemies for the many acts of indiscretion directed against me.

"I know that my judicial service will be exemplary, as I shall make every effort to reflect credit on those who made possible my election to this important post. I thank all."

Phoebe Couzins Seeks a Job.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Miss Phoebe Couzins, the first American woman lawyer, is seeking a Government post in Washington. She has written from her home in St. Louis to friends here asking them to aid her in obtaining a place in one of the departments. Miss Couzins is 73 years old and almost destitute.

SWAPPING HORSES

Swapping horses while crossing a stream is always a dangerous expedient.

In a building operation it is well-nigh impossible to do this, and in those cases where an Architect has swapped contractors in the middle of a building operation, it has involved a tremendous sacrifice.

It is better to employ us while you can than wish you could when you can't.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

SILVERWARE
Always a Joy to look upon when Cleaned and Polished with

ELECTRO SILICON
The Unrivalled SILVER POLISH
Put up in either CREAM or POWDER form

Quickly removes all dirt and tarnish and imparts a wonderful lustre without scratching or marring. Free from acids or other injurious substances. Equally effective for Nickel, Aluminum and all fine metals. Send address for Free Sample.

Electro Silicon Co. 30 Cliff St. N. Y. Sold by Grocers, Druggists and all Leading Dealers.

APPLES APPLES

From the Tree to You
14 qt. basket, hand-picked, delivered at your door, $1

PASCACK RIVER FARM, HILLSDALE, N. J.
Please state whether red or green apples are desired.
No apples sent C. O. D.

Sensational Sale of

1537 Suits and 1754 Overcoats

REDUCED 25% TO 40%

Smith Gray & Co. have manufactured their own clothing for 68 years, saving nearly a million men the wholesalers' profits.

Our policy, that insists upon *continuous factory productions* regardless of sales, is the *direct cause* of this *great cut in prices.*

The past few weeks of unseasonable weather has put the October clothing sales in New York, *according to Daily Trade Record, 35%* behind last year, and we are offering our surplus production—all *brand new* garments—at prices, considering quality, that have *not* been *equalled* this season.

$15 to $20 Suits and Med. Weight Overcoats $13.50
$22 to $25 Suits and Med. Weight Overcoats $17.50
$28 to $32 Suits and Med. Weight Overcoats $23.50
$35 to $40 Suits and Med. Weight Overcoats $28.50

Smith Gray & Co.
UNDER SAME CONTROL AND OWNERSHIP SINCE 1845
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST. — NEW YORK — 5TH AV., BET. 27TH & 28TH STS.
FULTON ST., AT FLATBUSH AV. — BROOKLYN — BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

GLASTENBURY HEALTH UNDERWEAR

GLASTENBURY TRADE MARK

FOR MEN

Perfect fit, unshrinkable quality, superior workmanship and the highest grade materials obtainable have made GLASTENBURY the popular TWO-PIECE FLAT KNIT UNDERWEAR for over half a century. Every garment is shaped to the figure and GUARANTEED NOT TO SHRINK.

Look for our trade-marks; they guarantee longest wear and absolute satisfaction.

GLASTENBURY affords protection against sudden chills, colds, pneumonia and rheumatism.

Costs 60% less than imported goods of same quality.

No dye stuff used in our natural grays.

Made in fifteen grades, Light, Medium and Heavy Weights, of fine Wool and Worsted.

Ask your dealer to show you some of the following numbers:

3005 Natural Gray Wool, Winter Weight (double thread)	per garment $1.75
We make a Special Feature of ADJUSTABLE DRAWER BANDS on	
C B Natural Gray Worsted, light weight	per garment 1.50
A Natural Gray Australian Lamb's Wool, light weight	per garment 1.75
W/W Natural Gray Worsted, medium weight	per garment 1.50
G/B Natural Gray Worsted, medium weight	per garment 2.00
A H Natural Gray Australian Lamb's Wool, Winter Weight	per garment 2.50

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Wild's Orientals

There are obvious resemblances between most Oriental rugs—when you see them in shops. It is worth your while to have the differences intelligently pointed out.

The salesmen of Wild's Orientals are experts at your service.

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Monday Evening Next, Nov. 10th,
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An Almost Complete Collection of the
ETCHINGS
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Sir Francis Seymour Haden
Collected many years ago by
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It is indeed a rare occurrence that so fine a collection of Seymour Haden's work as this one of Mr. Dillaway's is offered to the public, and it is an opportunity which should afford a delightful treat to all discriminating print lovers.

*,*Illustrated catalogue by Carl Zigrosser mailed on receipt of Fifty Cents.

The sale will be conducted by
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$1.50 to $10.

IMPORTED FOR THOSE WHO WANT THE BEST

PERRIN GLOVES

FAMOUS THE WORLD OVER

FOR MEN — FOR WOMEN

Every PERRIN size stamped on the Ace of Clubs

WILL CALL M'GUIRE IN NEW GRAFT HUNT

His Testimony Will Be About Contractors Who, Hennessy Says, Were 'Sandbagged.'

43 NAMES ON THE LIST

Whitman Also Will Question Gene Wood and Hennessy—To Follow Tactics in Police Cases.

George H. McGuire of Syracuse, brother of ex-Mayor James K. McGuire of the same city, now a resident of New Rochelle, was closeted with District Attorney Whitman for several hours yesterday afternoon. After the conference it was announced that McGuire would be a witness this afternoon in the John Doe investigation into the Hennessy graft charges before Chief Magistrate McAdoo, in the Criminal Court Building. It was said that McGuire had supported Hennessy's story in many details, but not as a whole. Other witnesses who will be questioned by Mr. Whitman to-day are Eugene D. Wood, the ex-lobbyist, and John A. Hennessy.

McGuire's testimony, it is expected, will dwell on the collection of campaign contributions from contractors on the Barge Canal and on the State highways. McGuire acted as broker for various bonding concerns which furnished bonds for the contractors, and he became well acquainted with the contractors. Hennessy said under oath that McGuire was his chief source of information as to the up-State graft collections.

"Gene" Wood's testimony, it is expected, will refer to the Murphy-Brady-McCall-Plunkitt conferences at the Hoffman House in 1902 and the alleged dickering for a Supreme Court Bench nomination by McCall.

District Attorney Whitman it is likely will show to McGuire a list of forty-three canal and highway contractors who, according to Hennessy, were levied upon for Democratic campaign contributions. These contributions were not recorded in the official reports filed with the Secretary of State by Arthur McLean, Treasurer of the Democratic State organization, or by Philip F. Donohue, Treasurer of Tammany Hall. The names of these contractors were given in the original Hennessy affidavit which served to start the John Doe inquiry. Mr. Whitman's staff of assistants has compared the Hennessy list with the official lists of the last three years, and it was said yesterday that the names of only two of the contractors named by Hennessy had been included in the McLean and Donohue sworn statements.

Hennessy's List of Contractors.

Here are the contractors who, according to Hennessy, were "sandbagged" into giving contributions which, it is alleged, never were recorded. In a few instances the amount of the contribution follows the name:

Aetna Engineering and Construction Company of Herkimer, Max R. Aldridge of Dutchess, American Pipe and Construction Company of Philadelphia, Acme Engineering and Construction Company of Herkimer, Barber Asphalt Company; amount, $5,000.

Barrett Manufacturing Company of Boston, Bridgeport Construction Company of Poughkeepsie, W. J. Burns Company of Syracuse; amount, $250.

Crowell-Sherman-Statler Company of Cleveland, Ohio; amount, $5,000.

Cassey & Murray of Rochester, Thomas Crimmins Company of New York, De Graaf & Hoogeboon of Kingston, Guy B. Dickinson of Syracuse; amount, $250.

[illegible] of Syracuse; amount, $250.

Empire Engineering Corporation of New York, Fort Orange Construction Company of Albany, Edward M. Graves of Cleveland, Great Lakes Construction Company of Buffalo, T. A. Gillespie Company of New York, Richard Hopkins of Troy, H. S. Kerbaugh of Philadelphia and New York, Kinser Construction Company of Chicago, Lane Brothers of Buena Vista, Va.; Lane Construction Company of Meriden, Conn.; I. M. Ludington & Son of Rochester, Larkin & Sangster of Seneca Falls, Patrick H. Murray of Rochester; amount, $1,000.

Patrick H. McGovern & Co., Millard & Lupton, Pittsburgh Eastern Company of Troy, S. Pierson & Son of New York, Suffolk Construction Company of Huntington, L. I.; Semper Brothers of Watertown, Conn.; Schunnemunk Construction Company of Highland Falls, N. Y.; Scott Brothers of Rome, N. Y.; Shanley-Morrisey Company, James Stewart & Co., M. A. Talbott of Rome, N. Y.; Tarvia, — — of Boston, United Engineering and Construction Company, James Walker of New Paltz; amount, $1,000.

John H. Weidman of Syracuse: amount, $250.

Warren Brothers Bitulithis Company of Boston; amount, $3,000.

It is likely that a representative of each of the forty-three concerns or individuals mentioned in the Hennessy affidavit will be called before Magistrate McAdoo and questioned by Mr. Whitman. The District Attorney has information of his own to prove that graft was collected, and remains for him to find out who collected it and where it went. None of the contractors was aware until recently, it is understood, that the District Attorney of New York County was making investigations, and there is likelihood of perjury indictments, it was pointed out yesterday, if the "marked" men fail to tell the truth. It is planned to let the man at the bottom inform on the man higher up, and so on until the men highest up have been reached. This method was used successfully in the recent graft prosecution, and failed only when four Inspectors of Police chose to go to the penitentiary rather than inform on the men to whom they paid tribute.

Contributions by Judges.

A study of the original county reports of campaign receipts and expenditures as filed with the Secretary of State by Philip Donohue showed that at least thirty-five contributions were received by the County Committee for the campaigns of 1910 and 1911 from Judges or ex-Judges. John A. Hennessy during the campaign asserted that the judiciary was freely called upon for campaign contributions.

The name of Edward E. McCall, the defeated Mayoralty candidate, who was or the Supreme Court bench until he was made Chairman of the Public Service Commission, does not appear.

Here are some of the contributions by occupants or ex-occupants of the bench in 1910 and 1911 as reported to Donohue, Treasurer of Tammany Hall:

SUPREME COURT.

	1910.	1911.
Justice Francis K. Pendleton	$500	....
Justice Daniel F. Cohalan	....	....
Ex-Justice H. A. Gildersleeve	500	$100
Ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien	500	200
Justice Bartow S. Weeks	....	100
Ex-Justice James A. O'Gorman	....	250
Ex-Justice James W. Gerard	....	500
Justice Philip H. Dugro	....	300
Justice Henry D. Hotchkiss	250	....
Justice Charles L. Guy	250	250

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

	1910.	1911.
Judge Warren W. Foster	$250	$500
Judge T. C. T. Crain	250	500
Judge Edward Swann	....	1,000

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

	1910.	1911.
Justice Lorenz Zeller	$200	$100
Justice Moses Herrman	200	200
Justice Frederick P. Kernochan	100	....

CITY MAGISTRATES.

	1910.	1911.
Magistrate Matthew P. Breen	....	$100
Magistrate John J. Freschl	$200	150
Magistrate Peter T. Barlow	....	50
Magistrate Arthur C. Butts, (deceased)	50	....

MUNICIPAL COURTS.

	1910.	1911.
Justice Leon Sanders	$200	$200
Ex-Justice Thomas F. Noonan	150	....

CITY COURT.

	1910.	1911.
Judge Alexander Finelite	$200	$250
Judge Edward F. O'Dwyer	100	150

The Crowell-Sherman-Statler Company, canal contractors of Cleveland, Ohio, appears as the contributor of $2,500 on one of the New York County lists.

After to-day the John Doe hearings will begin at an earlier hour and as many witnesses as possible will be examined every day. After "Gene" Wood, George H. McGuire, and Mr. Hennessy are out of the way several members of former Inspector McLaughlin's family will be called. Mr. Whitman said yesterday that he might call James K. McGuire. Then will follow a number of contractors.

COLOMBIA AGAIN PROTESTS.

Tuesday Was the Tenth Anniversary of the Separation of Panama.

BOGOTA, Nov. 5.—On the tenth anniversary of the separation of Panama from Colombia the Colombian Senate met and, by a unanimously adopted resolution, again declared that Colombia's isthmian rights are imprescriptible. At the same time the Senate protested against the causes preventing Colombia's use and defense of her rights and stated that she would view with satisfaction "anything modifying those causes and replacing them by acts of euity and justice."

Panama, formerly a Department of the Republic of Colombia, asserted its independence on Nov. 4, 1903.

GLYNN PROMISES AID TO HENNESSY

Will Assist Graft Inquiry and See That Any Substantiated Charge Is Prosecuted.

NO OFFICE FOR HENNESSY

Investigator Says He Would Decline Appointment if Made—Gets Explanation from Carlisle.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 5.—John A. Hennessy came to Albany from New York to-day and met Gov. Glynn by appointment to urge a thorough investigation of his graft disclosures involving officials and employes of the State. Gov. Glynn was about to leave for New York and could not confer with Mr. Hennessy at length. It was agreed, however, that they should meet again next Monday. Mr. Hennessy then will present all the evidence he has in relation to graft and suggest new ways of ferreting out corruption which he charges exists. The Governor promised publicly that he would see that any criminal charge Hennessy could substantiate was prosecuted.

At the close of the conference Mr. Hennessy said the Governor's "attitude was very friendly, and he wants to do what he can."

"I have nothing to add to what I have already stated in regard to Hennessy's allegation," said Gov. Glynn. "If he has any facts to substantiate his charges, I am going to learn them. I submitted to Hennessy all the reports I had in my possession. Hennessy learned, I think, that I did not have as much material as he thought I had. Some of the records, Hennessy said, must have been submitted to the Frawley committee or taken to other departments."

"I will return on Monday," Mr. Hennessy declared, "and then will stay as long as the Governor wants me to. I also plan to visit the Albany County District Attorney when I return."

Will Take No Office.

Mr. Hennessy said to-day that he was not a candidate for any public office in New York City or in the State, and that he would not accept one if tendered to him. It had been rumored that he would accept an appointment under Mayor-elect Mitchel.

"I won't accept any public office," he said. "I stuck to Sulzer as a personal friend. But I am anxious to help Gov. Glynn, too.

After visiting the Governor, Mr. Hennessy caused to be issued by Highway Commissioner John N. Carlisle a statement that Carlisle's recent denial of a charge that $8,000,000 in State highway funds had been wasted in the last year was meant in no way to reflect on any statement by Hennessy. Mr. Carlisle said his former statement was in reply to a charge made by a Republican campaign committee in a "boiler plate" story and not to anything Hennessy had said. The original story made it appear that he was answering Hennessy.

"For some reason or other Mr. Hennessy seemed to take this up as an answer to some statement that he had made," Mr. Carlisle said. "I cannot understand why he should have considered the matter from this viewpoint, except that he could not have carefully read the statement.

"Mr. Hennessy has done valuable work in the Highway Department in connection with investigations, and has had our active co-operation in every way, and I am sorry he should have gotten into such a frame of mind as he apparently is in.

"This department intends to compel the observance of the terms of all contracts on the part of contractors; to punish every wrongdoer that we can discover, and there will be no let up on our part in this work."

Fails to Get Martin's Books.

Mr. Hennessy to-night said he had not received possession of the field books which John Martin used while assisting in some of the highway investigations. Hennessy demanded the books shortly after his arrival in town, and Martin agreed to produce them this afternoon. A short time before election Martin was quoted as saying, in effect, that he had found no fraud in the purchase of supplies for the maintenance department of the Highway Commission. Mr. Hennessy to-day declared he "would show fraud from Martin's own books."

Mr. Hennessy came to Albany on the Empire State Express to-day. On the same parlor car with him was John H. Delaney, Commissioner of Efficiency and Economy, and a former friend. They got off opposite ends of the car upon reaching here. Mr. Hennessy remarked that he saw Delaney, but that Delaney did not see him.

NEW ISLE NOT DANGEROUS.

Reported Discovery of Spot of Land Off Sable Island Confirmed.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 5.—The reported discovery of a new island in the Atlantic was confirmed by Capt. Anderson of the Canadian Government steamer Arcadia, on her arrival here to-day from an exploration trip off Sable Island. Capt. Anderson said he had found a new spot of land on the east spit of Sable Island bank which would likely be three feet out of water at low spring tide.

"It is two miles inside the extremity of the east spit as shown on the chart, and is not a danger to navigation," he said. "I think the island so-called is the result of the gradual accumulation of sand and eventually will form part of the mainland."

The new land was first reported a week ago by the Gloucester fishing schooner Lizzie Griffin.

CHINA YIELDS TO RUSSIA.

Agreement Signed Recognizing Autonomy of Outer Mongolia.

PEKING, Nov. 5.—A Russo-Chinese agreement by which China recognizes the autonomy of Outer Mongolia was signed here to-day. Russia continues to acknowledge Chinese suzerainty and undertakes to refrain from colonization or military occupation of the country, with the exception of consular guards.

The agreement provides that autonomous Outer Mongolia shall comprise those regions formerly under the jurisdiction of the Chinese Governor at Urga, the Tartar General at Uliassutai, and the Chinese Governor at Kobdo, but, since no detailed maps of the country exist, the exact future frontier will be the subject of negotiations.

BAVARIA HAS A NEW KING.

Insane Monarch Otto Deposed and Regent Ludwig Succeeds Him.

MUNICH, Nov. 5.—The insane King Otto of Bavaria was to-day deposed from the throne, which he has occupied for twenty-seven years, and Prince Regent Ludwig proclaimed himself King in his place in pursuance of the provisions of a law just enacted by the two houses of the Bavarian Diet.

The new King is to be known as Ludwig III. He will take the constitutional oath probably on Nov. 8.

A royal proclamation which was posted throughout the kingdom to-day declared incurable the insanity which has incapacitated King Otto from ruling, and states that, in consequence of this, Prince Regent Ludwig has brought his regency to an end, has ascended the throne, and has nominated himself King.

In his proclamation Ludwig III. alludes to himself as "King by the grace of God," and uses a number of similar expressions.

Two members of the Diet were yesterday sent as a delegation to Fürstenried Palace to visit the insane King Otto. They found him, according to their report, in a pathetic condition. When he saw them he stammered some inarticulate words. When they withdrew from the room they heard a great crash, and on going to see what had caused it they found that Otto had dashed to the floor a tea tray, which had been set for the Deputies, and had smashed all the costly porcelain.

The deposed King was born on April 27, 1848, and succeeded his brother, Ludwig II., who drowned himself in Starnberg Lake on June 13, 1886.

STEFANSSON HEARD FROM.

All with the Expedition Well When Advices Were Sent in August.

OTTAWA, Nov. 5.—Vilhjalmar Stefansson's Canadian arctic expedition has been heard from at the northernmost point of Alaska. At the Geographical Survey offices to-day it was announced that advices received by mail stated that the Karluk, the Mary Sachs, and the Alaska, bearing the explorer and his party, passed Barrow Point on Aug. 8, Aug. 15, and Aug. 20, respectively. The expedition, hearing from the natives that no ice had been reported, hoped to reach Herschel Island by Aug. 24. All on board the three vessels were well, it was stated.

Stefansson, on behalf of the Canadian Government, is in search of an "unknown continent" in the arctic, which since his departure has been reported to have been discovered by Russian explorers. Stefansson planned to divide his expedition at Herschel Island, pushing on himself as leader of the exploring party, and leaving behind a group of scientists headed by Dr. R. M. Anderson, who were to study copper deposits and the "White Eskimos."

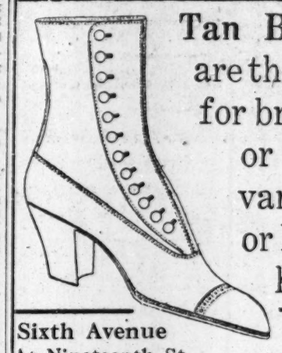
McCALL SEEKS A REST.

Slips Away on Vacation Trip and Keeps Whereabouts Secret.

Edward E. McCall went out of the city yesterday to seek rest, and Joseph Johnson went back to Fire Headquarters. Mr. McCall kept his whereabouts a profound secret. Charles A. Hickey, Mr. McCall's private secretary, said early in the day that Mr. McCall had gone to Hot Springs, Va., but at Mr. McCall's home, 321 West Eighty-sixth Street, this was denied.

It was given out there that Mr. McCall had gone into the country a short distance from the city for a few days' rest, and that he would return within a week and take up his duties as Chairman of the Public Service Commission.

Andrew Alexander



Tan Boots For Women are the appropriate thing for bracing walks in town or country. New long vamp models, button or lace, low to medium high heels. $5 to $9

Sixth Avenue At Nineteenth St. — 548 Fifth Avenue Above Forty-fifth Street

B. Altman & Co.

The Dressmaking Department

is prepared to make to order, in workrooms in the establishment,

WOMEN'S THREE-PIECE SUITS

at the following exceptional prices:

Broadcloth Suits . . . at $100.00
Silk Plush Suits . . . at 125.00
Karakul Cloth or Duvetyn Suits at 150.00

Models and Materials are displayed on the Seventh Floor.

(THIRTY-FIFTH STREET ELEVATORS.)

The Rug Department

Arrangements have been made in Europe for the making to order and importing of period or other rugs. Choice qualities of Savonnerie, Aubusson and Austrian fabrics are now available, and orders can be executed under most advantageous terms. Designs featuring the newest ideas in decoration will be submitted on request.

Attention is directed especially to an exclusive hand-made rug fabric in the newest and most desirable plain colors, maintained in the regular stock. Rugs of this material, not exceeding 20 feet in width, can be supplied at short notice in any desired size or shape.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Tudor Furniture For the Dining Room.

MANY are the alluring suggestions for the furnishing of the Dining Room of today offered by the sunny "Parloir" of the Tudor Manor House, which with its raftered ceiling and dusky oak-panelled walls was used as a Living Room when not in actual service for the mid-day meal.

For the plenishing of the modern room recourse may well be had to the Hampton Reproductions of Seventeenth Century English Furniture. A hospitable appearing Refectory Table of sturdy oak, for example, or a set of high-backed chairs in carven walnut, combining a high degree of comfort with an aspect of spacious dignity.

Hampton Shops
34 and 36 West 32d Street, New York
Between Fifth Ave. and Broadway

Arnold Constable & Co.

Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled—Telephone Gramercy 5100

A Special Sale of 2525 Pieces of

Fine American Made Underwear

Marked Considerably Under the Regular Prices

The assortment comprises the best shapes and styles now in vogue—reproductions of the latest and most advanced Paris Creations to suit the present dress style.

The materials and trimmings are of the finest and the garments are exquisitely made and finished to our special order.

200 NIGHTGOWNS of Nainsook, two models, embroidery yoke or torchon trim. *Value $1.15* — 75c

300 NIGHTGOWNS of Nainsook, three models, lace or embroidery trim. *Value $1.25* — 90c

100 NIGHTGOWNS of Nainsook, Van Dyke points of lace, trimmed front and sleeve. *Value $2.50* — 1.85

100 NIGHTGOWNS of Nainsook, two models, Antoinette body of dotted Swiss design of Val. insertions, or Bolero models of Swiss embroidery and Val. lace. *Value $4.00* — 2.95

100 NIGHTGOWNS of Nainsook, Georgette models, Val. lace and cluny motif in body and sleeves. *Value $5.00* — 3.25

200 CHEMISES of Nainsook, Val. lace and insertion trim. *Value $1.35* — 95c

200 CHEMISES of Nainsook, Val. lace and embroidery beading. *Value $1.75* — 1.25

200 CHEMISES of Longcloth, embroidered scallop finish. *Value $2.00* — 1.45

300 COMBINATIONS of Longcloth or crepe, embroidered yoke or torchon trim. *Value $1.35* — 90c

200 COMBINATIONS of Nainsook, Swiss Embroidery and Val. Insertions. *Value $2.00* — 1.45

200 COMBINATIONS of Nainsook, Val. Lace and Insertions. *Value $2.50* — 1.95

200 PRINCESS SLIPS of Nainsook, Florentine Lace Insertion and Edge on skirt and body. *Value $4.00* — 2.95

200 PRINCESS SLIPS of Nainsook, Val. Lace and Insertions; dainty design. *Value $5.50* — 3.95

BRIDAL SETS of fine Nainsook, lace or embroidery trimming; nightgown and drawer combinations. *Value $4.50 to $12.50* — At 3.50 to 10.50

Men's Fine Furnishings

At Great Price Reductions

THE NEW SHORT BOSOM SHIRTS—These most popular of all Fall style shirts—made from jacquarded madras and fine percales. Regular coat models with cuffs attached. Plain and pleated styles. Sizes 13½ to 18 inch neck. *Regularly $1.50, $2.00* — 95c and 1.20

SILK AND CASHMERE HALF HOSE—a most comfortable and fine appearing hose. Plain and two tone mixtures of blue, brown, tan and maroons. *Regularly 60c pair* 3 pair for $1.00 — 35c

LARGE SILK CRAVATS—Made from silk squares and manufacturers' sample display pieces. Ties the full knot with the wide flaring ends. Over 500 patterns to select from and hardly more than two alike in the lot. *Regularly $1.00, $1.50* — 60c

Sale of Brettle's English Silk Underwear

Closing out our entire Wholesale and Retail stocks of this famous brand, the best shaped and best proportioned silk underwear, at **Unprecedented Reductions in prices.**

Six and nine thread weights

Sizes 28 to 32. *Regularly $5.50 to $8.00.*	Now	3.75
Sizes 34 to 36. *Regularly $6.50 to $7.50.*	Now	4.50
Sizes 42 to 44. *Regularly $7.00 to $11.00.*	Now	5.50
Extra Sizes 46 to 50. *Regularly $8.00 to $13.00.*	Now	6.95

Twelve, sixteen and twenty thread weights

Sizes 28 to 32. *Regularly $8.00 to $13.00.*	Now	6.75
Size 34. *Regularly $10.00 to $15.00.*	Now	8.75
Sizes 42 to 44. *Regularly $13.50 to $20.00.*	Now	10.50
Extra Sizes 46 to 50. *Regularly $16.00 to $25.00.*	Now	12.75

Assortments complete in small and extra sizes.

Broadway & 19th Street

The Knabe Mignonette grand Piano

5 feet 2 inches — $700 *in mahogany*

is a finality of perfection in tone and grace of form. *Indispensable* where space is to be considered—*desirable* in the highest degree where an abundance of space exists.

Convenient Terms of Payment
Your Piano Taken in Exchange

KNABE WAREROOMS
5th Ave., Cor. 39th St.

The Eternal Masculine

By

Mary Raymond Shipman Andrews

Author of

The Perfect Tribute

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GUARANTEED MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES
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LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus, $8,500,000
59 Liberty St., N.Y. 184 Montague St., Bkn.

PRESSING HUERTA; LIND ADMITS IT

Continued from Page 1.

vessel permitted to proceed to Galveston. Yesterday the battleships Rhode Island, New Jersey and Virginia arrived at Vera Cruz, and it was announced shortly before they reached there that the battleships that they were sent to relieve would not be withdrawn.

Although the Secretary of the Navy explained to-day that he had added the Chester to the force in eastern Mexican waters without consulting the Secretary of State, the sudden and heavy augmentation of the American squadron appears to be significant. On the face of things the Government seems to be preparing for a possible emergency requiring the use of force.

The strength of the squadron is shown by a brief statement given out by the Navy Department to-day.

"The third division of the Atlantic fleet under command of Rear Admiral Boush," says the statement, "has reached Mexican ports, but for the present the second division will also remain there. The combined force, consisting of the battleships Louisiana, Michigan, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, New Jersey, Virginia, and Nebraska, as well as the cruiser Tacoma and gunboat Wheeling, will be under the command of Rear Admiral Fletcher."

In the Navy Department's statement it was explained that the Chester was going to the east coast of Mexico, because "her light draft will enable her to enter ports where battleships cannot enter in order to get any Americans who may wish to leave the country, and a further purpose is that she may relieve a battleship on the coast if it becomes desirable to send one north."

When the Pittsburgh arrives on the west coast of Mexico the American naval force on that coast will consist of the armored cruisers California, Maryland, and Pittsburgh, the gunboat Annapolis, and the supply ship Glacier. Rear Admiral Cowles commands this squadron.

In addition to the significance attached to the orders to the Chester, it was pointed out to-day that this vessel is fitted with the most powerful radio telegraph apparatus possessed by any ship in the United States Navy. It is believed that she would be able to communicate by wireless from Vera Cruz to the Pensacola Navy Yard and perhaps be able to send messages to and receive them from the Naval radio station at Arlington, Va., a few miles from Washington.

It is apparent that seven battleships and three other war vessels are more than sufficient to attend to the work of relieving distressed American citizens who may desire to quit Mexican territory. The Navy Department acknowledged this when it announced some time ago that when Rear Admiral Boush's squadron of battleships reached Vera Cruz the battleships already there would return to the United States. The change of plan was evidently determined upon very recently. It came at a time when the situation in Mexico had become critical, and when this Government was giving consideration to the measures it would feel justified in taking to bring to an end the condition of affairs in that country.

All these things indicate that the Government is making careful preparations for some important eventuality in connection with the Mexican situation.

The increase in the naval forces on the coasts of Mexico obtains added significance in view of the orders issued by President Wilson last Summer that no action should be taken by either the War Department or the Navy Department that would give rise to a belief that the United States Government was preparing to meet a hostile emergency in Mexico.

The Mexican situation, so far as its diplomatic end was concerned, furnished a sensation to-day. The mystery as to the character of the most recent representations or inquiries by this Government in Mexico City remains unsolved. While it now appears to be clear that nothing in the nature of a formal "ultimatum," much less that the term implies, has been delivered to the Mexican Government, there is no reason to revise the belief that Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American Charge d'Affaires in the Mexican capital, has been orally pressing the Foreign Office there for information as to when President Huerta intends to make good his promise to the foreign diplomatic body not to remain in the Presidential office as a result of the Federal elections of Oct. 26.

Secretary Bryan was willing to say to-day that he had received several telegrams from Mr. O'Shaughnessy reporting on various phases of the Mexican situation, but he did not feel at liberty to make public the nature of Mr. O'Shaughnessy's communications.

Nothing that occurred here to-day gives ground for the belief that European or other foreign Governments will be asked to adjust the Mexican troubles by mediation. A press dispatch from Paris mentioned a report that Mexico had asked the French Government to serve in a mediatory capacity. Although M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, saw Secretary Bryan to-day, it is known he had no information to confirm the Paris dispatch, and that the State Department has had nothing from any source to indicate that France has been or will be asked to exercise its good offices in the matter.

Should a request of that character be placed before the French Government by the Mexican Government France would decline to consider it unless a hint came from the United States that her services would be acceptable. The European Powers have been made aware that President Wilson does not desire active diplomatic assistance from Europe in his effort to adjust conditions in the southern republic, and these nations appear to be willing to respect the President's wishes. Their understanding of the American position is that this Government regards the Mexican difficulty as an American affair. Secretary Bryan said this afternoon that he knew nothing of any suggestion that the Government of France should tender its good offices.

Secretary Bryan was in good humor to-day. It was evident that he had recovered from the vexation he showed yesterday over the press report that an ultimatum had been delivered to the Mexican Government in behalf of the United States. He would not furnish any information in regard to what the United States contemplated in its endeavor to bring about a change of conditions in Mexico, but he showed no irritation over questions asked him along this line.

In some quarters significance is attached to the fact that Mr. Bryan conducted an investigation to-day into the circumstances under which the "ultimatum" story had been sent to the press of this country. He had an interview with the president and the Washington agent of the press association which transmitted the dispatch and was convinced by their production of the sheets received from the telegraph company that the dispatch was authentic and had come from Mexico City via Vera Cruz.

Yesterday Mr. Bryan voiced a suspicion that the "ultimatum" story had originated in the United States. In the face of the denials made that the dispatch contained correct information it is curious that an inquiry is being conducted by the State Department to ascertain whether there was any "leak" in the Department itself. This suggests a question as to why it is necessary to endeavor to ascertain if any news leaked out if there is no foundation for the news itself.

ZEPEDA'S CRIME CONDONED.

Huerta's Relative Held to be an Irresponsible Murderer.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 5.—Alienists today declared not responsible for his act Enrique Zepeda, a near relative of President Huerta, and former Governor of the Federal District, who, while in office, entered the Belem Prison on March 27 this year and caused the murder of Major Gabriel Hernandez, a commandant of rural guards under the Madero Administration.

Zepeda took a squad of mounted police to the prison, where Hernandes was confined as a political prisoner, ordered him out, and had him shot by the men he commanded. Zepeda then caused firewood to be piled in the prison courtyard and had the body of Hernandes placed on top and burned.

The report of the alienists has been taken under advisement by the civil Judge, who is expected to liberate Zepeda. A former decision of the alienists against him was set aside a month ago, and a new inquiry was ordered.

Zepeda, it is alleged, was under the influence of drugs or drink at the time of the commission of the crime.

MOVE ON PIEDRAS NEGRAS.

Constitutionalists Preparing to Recapture Their Capital.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., Nov. 5.—Constitutionalist forces are closing in on Piedras Negras, and to-night the Government troops are sleeping on their arms in anticipation of an attack. Today the village of El Morale, five miles south of the border, was surrendered to the rebels, the Federal garrison retiring to Piedras Negras.

Early to-night the Constitutionalists were reported within five miles of Piedgras Negras and advancing from all sides. The town, which was the provisional capital of the Constitutionalists, was abandoned to the Federals several weeks ago.

FIGURE WAR WOULD BE COSTLY

German Experts Certain We Could Not Whip Mexico Easily.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—German military experts incline to the view that the United States will be unable to whip Mexico unless it draws lavishly on "its full financial power and human material."

"Mexico," according to Major Moraht, the military expert of the Berliner Tageblatt, "cannot be subdued speedily unless there are many strokes of good luck and the expenditure of many millions of dollars" on the part of the United States.

If the country is prepared to go to the full extent of its capacities in terms of both blood and treasure, German experts "are ready to admit" that favorable results might be attained without a long or costly war. It is believed, however, that the problem of marching to the capital from Vera Cruz, while at the same time employing offensive troops in the north, would offer the American General Staff difficulties perhaps of far greater magnitude than are now contemplated.

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—Ambassador James W. Gerard received a long dispatch to-day from Washington for presentation to the German Foreign Office, explaining the steps the United States had taken and was about to take for the settlement of the Mexican situation.

GETTING WAR MATERIALS HERE

Hamburg Merchant Said to be Operating Through Pittsburgh Agents.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—It is learned that a Hamburg merchant who specializes in supplying ships, guns, ammunition, and other materials of war to belligerent States and revolutionary armies has of late been the medium of supplying enormous quantities of war materials to Mexico. He is said to have operated through agents in Pittsburgh.

SOUNDS FRANCE ON MEDIATION

Mexican Foreign Office Learns That Washington Must Be Consulted.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—The French Foreign Office was asked informally to-day by the Mexican Foreign Office if it was disposed to mediate between the United States and Mexico.

The French Government has taken the attitude that it will do nothing until further advised as to the policy of the United States toward Mexico and will then do nothing which might be unwelcome to the Washington Government.

CARRANZA EXPECTS DR. HALE.

But Washington Denies Sending Any Envoy to the Rebels.

NOGALES, Sonora, Nov. 5.—Gen. Carranza is waiting here in the belief he will be visited soon by William Bayard Hale as an unofficial representative of the Washington Administration. A report has reached Nogales that Dr. Hale is on his way from Washington in company with Peres Romero, agent of the Constitutionalist Government.

At the request of Gen. Carranza, Dr. Henry Allen Tupper, of the International Peace Forum, telegraphed Secretary Bryan to-day as follows:

"Carranza makes only this request—that our Government permit the free importation into Mexico of arms and equipment. He gives positive assurance under these circumstances of speedy peace and stable constitutional government, and he deplores intervention as a grave and disastrous mistake."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Peres Romero said to-night that he knew nothing of any intended visit of Dr. Hale in his company to Sonora.

Persistent reports have been reaching here from border points stating that Dr. Hale was en route south, but officials of the Government say that no envoys are being sent to the Constitutionalists and deny knowledge of Dr. Hale's whereabouts.

MEXICANS REACH CUBA.

S. Dominguez Again Attacks Huerta —Calero Coming Here.

HAVANA, Nov. 5.—Manuel Calero, the candidate of the Liberal Party at the recent Presidential elections in Mexico, arrived here to-day on the steamer Corcovado. He was accompanied by his two daughters. He is on his way to the United States, but says he will return to Mexico within a month.

Señor Calero declared that owing to the abnormal conditions in his country he had retired from the political field and would make no statement regarding the elections, except to express the opinion that they would be annulled.

Sortenes Dominguez, a brother of Senator Belisario Dominguez, who made a speech in the Mexican Senate attacking President Huerta, and later mysteriously disappeared, was a passenger on the Corcovado, Señor Dominguez gave out a pamphlet entitled: "Words From a Dead Man." The pamphlet contains strong charges against Gen. Huerta.

CHESTER BEGINS LOADING.

Cruiser Should Reach Vera Cruz by Monday or Tuesday.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—As soon as orders were received at the Navy Yard for the scout cruiser Chester to sail for Vera Cruz the work of loading her was begun. It was said at the yard this afternoon that the ship would take on board 1,400 tons of coal, 2,000 rounds of 3-inch shells and 600 rounds of 6-inch shells; also machine and field guns. The Chester will have a crew of 350 men.

It will be necessary to pick up enough enlisted men from the battleship North Dakota at the New York Navy Yard and elsewhere to bring the Chester's crew up to the full complement. It is expected that this can be done in twenty-four hours. As the Chester is one of the fast ships of the navy, having made more than twenty-s x and one-half knots on her trial trip, she should reach Vera Cruz by next Monday evening or Tuesday morning.

SCOTT WAS TEMPTED TO POISON HIMSELF

Continued from Page 1.

mitted that his feet were frostbitten. On March 6 Scott expressed the fear that Oates would not survive the increased cold. On March 7 he writes:

"Poor Oates is unable to pull. He sits in the sledge when we are trackssearching. He is wonderfully plucky, as his feet must be giving great pain. He does not complain, but his spirits only come up in spurts. He now grows silent in the tent. The poor soldier has become a terrible hindrance, though he does his utmost. One feels that for poor Oates the crisis is near."

On March 10 Scott wrote:

"Things are steadily going down hill. Oates's foot is worse. He has rare pluck. He must know he can never get through. He asked Wilson if he had a chance. Wilson had to say he did not know.

"As a point of fact, Oates has none. Apart from him, even if he went under now, I doubt whether we could get through. With great care we might have a dog's chance, but no more. The weather conditions are awful, and our gear gets steadily more icy and difficult to manage.

"At the same time poor Oates is the greatest hindrance and keeps us waiting in the morning until we have breakfast, when the only wise policy is to be up and away at once. Poor chap! It is too pathetic to watch him. One cannot but try to cheer him up."

On March 11 Scott wrote:

"Oates is very near the end one feels. What we or he will do, God only knows. We discussed the matter after breakfast. He is a brave fellow and understands the situation, but he practically asked for advice. Nothing could be said but to urge him to march as long as he could.

"One satisfactory result of the discussion was that I practically ordered Wilson to hand over the means to us of ending our troubles, so that any one of us may know how to do so. Wilson had no choice between doing so and our ransacking his medicine case.

"We have thirty opium tabloids apiece, and Wilson is left with a tube of morphine."

This tragic decision was revoked, for in the last entry but one in the diary Scott wrote:

"We must be near the end. I have decided it shall be natural. We shall march for the depot with or without our effects, and die in our tracks."

THE NEW YORK TIMES has already published Scott's story of Oates's march to death. The diary adds:

"Oates's last thoughts were of his mother, but immediately before leaving he took pride in thinking that his regiment would be pleased at the bold way he met his death. We all hope to meet the end in a similar spirit, and assuredly the end is not far."

Depressed by Amundsen's Success.

A perusal of the diaries leaves no doubt that the discovery of Capt. Amundsen's triumph depressed the entire party to such an extent that it must be reckoned as a part cause of the disaster. A typical entry is:

"The Norwegians forestalled us. It is a terrible disappointment. I am very sorry for my loyal companions. We must hasten home with all the speed we can compass. All the daydreams must go. It will be a wearisome return. Well, we must turn our back now on the goal of our ambition and must face our 800 miles of solid dragging—a desperate struggle. I wonder if we can do it."

This is the first note of despondency. Thereafter they are fairly frequent. For nearly a month before the end the despondency is almost unrelieved. Although he kept the knowledge to himself, it seems evident that Capt. Scott knew that all were doomed.

Dr. Atkinson's report concludes: "I bid a final farewell to the resting-place of three heroes, there alone in their greatness. They will lie without change or bodily decay, with the most fitting tomb in the world above them."

In addition to his diary, when dying, Capt. Scott wrote letters to friends and relatives. An extract from his last letter to his wife is:

"Make our boy interested in natural history if you can. It is better than games. Keep him in the open air. Above all, you must guard him against indolence. Make him a strenuous man. The great God has called me. Take comfort in that. I die in peace with the world and myself, and not afraid."

ROOSEVELT IN ARGENTINA.

State Officials and Diplomats Meet His Ship at Buenos Aires.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 5.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt arrived here shortly after 10 o'clock this morning on board the Argentinian gunboat Uruguay from Montevideo.

The gunboat was escorted into the harbor by several steamers dressed with flags from stem to stern. As she approached she fired a salute of twenty-one guns, to which the gunboat Rosario replied.

Several delegations composed of prominent political personages and representatives of leading institutions went on board to greet the distinguished visitor, who, when he landed at 10:30, was met on the quay by the American Minister, John W. Garrett; the aids-de-camp of the President, the Argentinian Minister of War and Marine, the chief of the protocol, members of the foreign diplomatic corps, and a number of high officers of the army and navy.

A military band played the American and Argentinian national anthems, and an enormous crowd applauded as Col. Roosevelt stepped ashore.

The Colonel afterward went with Mr. Garrett to his residence amid the acclamations of thousands of people gathered in the streets.

He called on the Acting President, Dr. de la Plaza, with whom he remained for nearly an hour. On his return to the Legation he was escorted by 800 Boy Scouts and accompanied by great crowds, which cheered continuously for Roosevelt and the United States. From the balcony of the Legation he thanked the people for this manifestation of sympathy for his country.

Speaking later to a group of prominent men, the ex-President declared that the American nations ought to show reciprocal respect for the spirit of equality.

This evening Col. Roosevelt was the guest of honor at a reception arranged by the American colony.

All the newspapers of Buenos Aires to-day contain articles of welcome, and Roosevelt's portrait is displayed everywhere in the city.

COULDN'T LAND IN CUBA.

Spanish Merchant Barred Out by Health Officer's Stupidity.

Antonio Franco, a wealthy Spanish merchant of Barcelona, who arrived yesterday from Colon on the Royal Mail Steam Packet Oruba, said that he had to travel all the way to New York to get to Cuba, instead of leaving the ship at Antilla on Saturday, because of the stupidity of the Cuban officials at that port.

"I arrived from Barcelona in July," he said, "and then went to South America, intending to finish my trip in Cuba, and then call at New York on my way home. To my great surprise, when the Oruba arrived at Antilla on Saturday the health officer, who is not a doctor, said that I could not land in Cuba because I had trachoma.

"This was ridiculous," Mr. Franco went on to say, "because I have never had any eye trouble in my life and would not have been allowed to land here in July if such had been the case. The ship's surgeon and a New York doctor at Antilla told the health officer that I was in the best of health, but he insisted that I had the eye disease, and so I had to pay my fare and come on to New York."

Señor Franco had no difficulty with the Health Department at the Quarantine station yesterday. He will leave to-day on the Morro Castle for Havana.

On Sunday the Oruba ran into a strong northeast gale with heavy seas, and had to go at reduced speed till 4 A. M. on Monday.

WOMEN HURT BY RUNAWAY.

Policeman Saves Children as Wagon Hits Their Mother.

Two women were knocked down and injured yesterday afternoon when a runaway horse ran into persons who were crossing Melrose Avenue, at 150th Street, in the Bronx. Mrs. Mary Breen, 63 years old, was bruised about the head and body, and Mrs. Wanda Hearn, 36 years old, of 333 East 150th Street, was cut on the head and face.

The two children of Mrs. Hearn, Philip, aged 2, and Grace, 9 months old, who was in a baby carriage, were saved from injury by the prompt action of Patrolman Pieff of the Morrisania Station, who dragged the children out of the way as the side of the wagon to which ther unaway horse was attached struck Mrs. Hearn.

The runaway horse was owned by the Empire Guard and Paper Company of 2,382 Second Avenue, and was driven by Louis Sakian of 304 Grand Street. Sakian lost control of the horse while he was driving across Melrose Avenue.

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DESERTING HALEDON, N. J.

Republican Families Going Because Socialists Run the Borough.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 5.—Haledon, N. J., which was put on the map because its Socialist mayor, William Breuckman, invited the I. W. W. men to do as they pleased in his town during the long silk strike, now faces a wholesale desertion of Republican families. The Socialists elected two members of the council board which, with the Mayor and two other Socialist councilmen, gives them complete control of the town.

Three Republican business men have placed for sale ads in two papers, and over ten others have said they would move as soon as they could get rid of their business. The Socialists boast they will hold every office in the town inside of a few months. They say they will show the State how to run a borough properly and fairly.

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Every detail—even the cap that protects the lip of the bottle—is an added safeguard to health.
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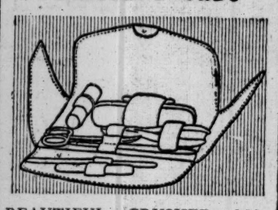

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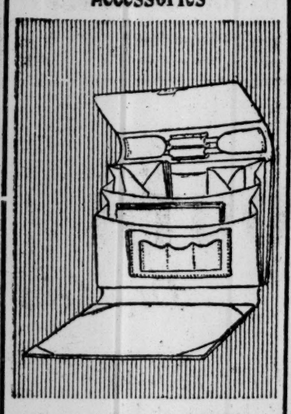

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TIMES SQUARE NOW IS CITY'S CENTRE

Thousands Flock There to Get Election Returns, Neglecting Former Gathering Places.

BULLETINS GAVE THE NEWS

Newspapers Recognize Popularity of the New Centre by Erecting Screens to Give Figures on Vote.

The fact that Times Square has come to be the acknowledged centre in all the city's celebrations was evidenced strikingly on Tuesday night by the shifting of the election crowds of former years to that point from the squares in other parts of the city, by the establishment in Times Square of election headquarters by the leading political parties and by the erection of screens for showing election returns and bulletins by other newspapers as well as THE TIMES. While the election and New Year's crowd has always been immense around the Times Building, the pre-eminence of that point as a centre for the city's mass meetings was never so emphatically attested as at this election.

The crowd massed at the front end of the Times Building from early evening watched the returns chronicled on THE NEW YORK TIMES bulletin board in the window. Then a large white screen with immense letters flashed the election tidings at every period far out over the great square to the 100,000 persons gathered there. The police kept open narrow lanes for traffic through the dense crowd, but the cars and other vehicles were obliged to crawl along carefully to avoid accidents.

But THE TIMES was by no means the only one to avail itself of this opportunity of giving to the citizens at the point of their selection the news they craved. In the Cohan Theatre Building, just east of the Times Building, the Brooklyn Eagle had rented offices for the night and rigged up two bulletin boards with stereopticon machines for flashing forth the news of the election at every stage of the returns. Occasionally, in dull moments amid the counting of ballots, The Eagle varied its flashes with pictures.

Just north of the Eagle bulletins, in the Wallick Building, the windows were draped in the national colors and the walls between them filled with pictures of the genially smiling but disappointed Tammany candidate for Mayor. This was one of the most popular of the McCall campaign offices. It was packed from early evening till after midnight with Tammany sympathizers, who watched eagerly both THE TIMES and Eagle bulletin boards.

Across the street, at the northwest corner of Forty-third Street and Seventh Avenue, the College Men's Mitchel League thronged the windows above Shanley's for their share of the sightseeing and election news in Times Square. From this point, too, at various times in the night, flashlight photographs were taken of the densely packed throng east and north and south, the flashes booming forth like dynamite explosions and startling the multitude.

Save for a narrow lane kept free at the entrance to the uptown Subway kiosk and across Forty-third Street, the vast space north of the Times Building was packed almost solid with New York on the watch. So were the sidewalks on both sides of the square and on the cross streets for hundreds of feet on either side. Amid the crowd reporters for various newspapers elbowed their way, some of them taking notes about this, the biggest of the election crowds, and some jotting down figures from the bulletin boards to telephone to their own offices.

Where the square narrowed the crowd thinned out somewhat, but only to flare up again before the illustrated bulletin boards of The New York American rigged up in front of a wooden platform and shack in the middle of the square at Forty-sixth Street. On this bulletin screen The American flashed election returns when there were any, and moving pictures, comic and otherwise, when there weren't. Occasionally, too, the screens bore stanzas of popular songs, which the crowd sang.

Shanley's, Wallick's, Claridge's, the Hotel Astor—all had their quota of a heavy election crowd that spent part of the night in watching the doings on the square and part in feasting within.

The combined crowds from all the theatres began to pour into Times Square at about 11 o'clock. Automobiles grotesquely rigged up and filled with men and women bent on celebrating the election chose Times Square for their rendezvous. Thousands of persons on foot flocked to Times Square, and instead of trooping southward to Herald and Union Squares, Park Row, and other centres where election returns were being displayed, as on previous years, kept marching around and around the dense throngs massed in the great double triangle of the city's biggest square.

CHICAGO BOND SALE ON.

Issue of $1,880,000 to be Offered "Over the Counter" To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 5.—A public sale of $1,880,000 of 4 per cent. gold bonds of the City of Chicago, denomination $1,000, will begin over the counter to-morrow, according to an announcement made to-day by City Controller Traeger. This method of disposing of municipal bonds has been tried successfully in other cities, but it is an experiment in Chicago. Notices of the sale say that the bonds are to be sold at par and interest and are a guaranteed investment.

The present issue is a part of the bonds approved by the voters at the Spring election to recoup the City Treasury as the result of the Juul law decision.

Mayor Harrison said to-day he believed a certain percentage of municipal bonds hereafter should be made in smaller denominations, some at $100 and $200, so that small investors could take advantage of the sale.

Held for Assault on Watcher.

Eugene Howard, a driver of 119 Cherry Street, who was arrested on Tuesday afternoon on a charge of assaulting William K. Andrews, a Columbia University student and a watcher for the Honest Ballot Association, was held in $500 bail yesterday by Magistrate Freschi in the Tombs Court. Andrews asserted that Howard had assaulted him without provocation in the polling place of the Ninth Election District of the Second Assembly District at 120 Cherry Street. Howard denied the charge.

Rescued from Death, Fined $50.

MANITOWOC, Wis., Nov. 5.—Rescued from probable death from exhaustion to-day after he had been adrift on the lake for seventeen hours, John Raddantz, a local fisherman, was arrested and fined $50 and costs on a charge of planting nets after the closed season. While lifting his nets the gasoline supply in the launch gave out. When the Two Rivers life saving crew found him, Raddantz was lying in the bottom of the craft wrapped in a piece of canvas.

INDIANAPOLIS ASKS FOR STATE TROOPS

Governor Likely to Order Out Militia To-day to Quell Rioting Car Strikers.

FOUR ON THE DEATH LIST

Mob Wrecks Car and Maims Seven Strikebreakers and Two Policemen—Men Offer New Terms.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 5.—An effort to resume street car traffic which had been tied up since last Friday night by a strike, resulted to-day in the serious injury of seven strikebreakers and two policemen and the destruction of a car. A crowd of several thousand persons, many of them armed with bricks, surrounded the car, while a downpour of missiles from the roofs and windows of buildings along the route threatened the lives of the strikebreakers and police.

Indications were to-night that the militia would be called out to-morrow. A committee of seven members of the civic and commercial organizations presented a petition to Gov. Ralston, asking for troops and saying the organizations would share responsibility for the action if he would order out the militia.

While the Governor would not say what he would do he intimated that his reason for not calling out the troops at once was that they could not be mobilized before to-morrow morning and that he feared the announcement of a call to-night would result in general disorder, the loss of lives and further destruction of property.

The demand for troops came after the Governor had spent the morning in conference with the Brigadier General of the State militia and the county and city authorities.

"There are a great many people here who were not workingmen," said the Governor, "and many of them evidently are desperate characters."

Those of the strikebreakers injured in to-day's rioting who were able to travel returned to Chicago to-night at the expense of the labor union. When John Sullivan, motorman of the car, was knocked down the others of the crew surrendered and agreed to leave Indianapolis. Several strike sympathizers went back to the wrecked car later in the day and turned it across the tracks to block further traffic on the line. They were dispersed when a riot call brought fifty policemen to the spot. Most of the cars which were deserted on the streets when the strike was called have been derailed.

Thomas Carleton, a chauffeur, who was shot while watching the rioting at the Louisiana car barn yesterday, died to-day. This was the fourth death resulting from the strike. As soon as the police heard that Carleton was dead they arrested Charles Fisher, a strikebreaker from Chicago, and charged him with murder. Fisher denied that he shot Carleton, but he was identified by J. J. Weaver as the man who did the shooting. Fisher was arrested on Monday on a charge of assault with intent to kill, and was released on $1,000 bond, signed by an official of the street car company.

The strikers submitted a new proposal to the Governor to-night in which they waived recognition of the newly formed union. The demand that the union be recognized by the Indianapolis Terminal and Traction Company was the main objection the company made to the first terms offered by its men.

The strikers, however, still demand higher wages, shorter hours, and arbitration of all future differences. They also insist that all the strikers be taken back into the employ of the company, and that they shall have a yearly contract.

Gov. Ralston presented the new proposal to Robert I. Todd, President of the company. Mr. Todd refused to comment on it.

PIPES WATER 250 MILES.

Los Angeles Celebrating Completion of New $30,000,000 System.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 5.—Having accomplished the feat of bringing its municipal water supply through conduits more than 250 miles, Los Angeles began two days of festivities to-day in celebration of the achievement. Thousands of citizens went this morning to the head of San Fernandino Valley, twenty-three miles north of the city, and saw Gen. Adna R. Chaffee lift the gates which turned into the San Fernandino Reservoir a flow assuring to the city 260,000,000 gallons of water every twenty-four hours.

There will be dedicated to-morrow a fountain costing half a million dollars and commemorating a work that entailed eight years of labor and an expenditure, including a project to develop 47,000 horse power, of more than $30,000,000.

Cornell Has 6,209 Students.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 5.—According to figures compiled here to-day, the total registration of students at Cornell University is 6,209. This is the first time in the university's history that the registration has gone above the 6,000 mark. These figures show an increase of 352 over last year. Of this number 4,760 are taking work in the university now. The Summer school and short Winter courses make up the rest of the list. The total number of "co-eds" in the university is 487, of whom 288 are registered in the College of Arts and Sciences and 192 in the College of Agriculture.

Mercury Tablet Victims in Trenton.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 5.—This city is furnishing its quota of victims of bichloride of mercury. One man died last week after he had taken the drug in mistake for medicine, and to-day Harry Paschal of Cliff Street, a plumber, took five tablets with suicidal intent. He is critically ill in St. Francis Hospital.

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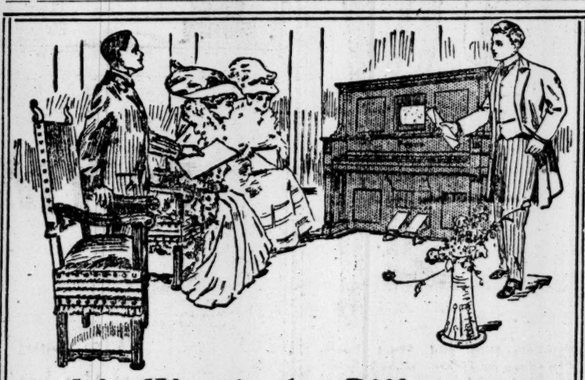
FREEZOMINT
The original and genuine
CRÈME DE MENTHE CUSENIER
distilled and imported from France
Freezomint alone gives to the palate that keen and delicious sensation of refreshing and relieving coolness, due to the purity and delicacy of the ingredients with which it is compounded.
There are Imitations. Compare them.



It's Worth the Difference

THE HAND PLAYED PIANO is not used over half an hour a day in the average home, and in some families it is a piece of necessary furniture only, as it is never used.

If you haven't a piano, start right, and be sure to buy a player-piano; it's worth the difference in price, and if you expect to also use the piano by hand, be sure to buy a

Pease Player-Piano

as it is one of the few players that are equally good for hand playing.

The piano action is light and responsive, the tone is deep and rich, and it stays well in tune—just the qualities that are needed in a piano that will have double use.

If you have a piano and don't use it, let us take it in trade for a new player; the better your piano the more we allow for it.

Our prices range from $475 to $750, and we have a special FREE exchange music roll plan; $10 per month buys the player. Used pianos at reduced prices.

Write for Player Catalog and Music Plan.

PEASE PIANO CO.,
128 West 42d St., near Broadway, New York.
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A full line of Victor and Columbia Talking Machines.

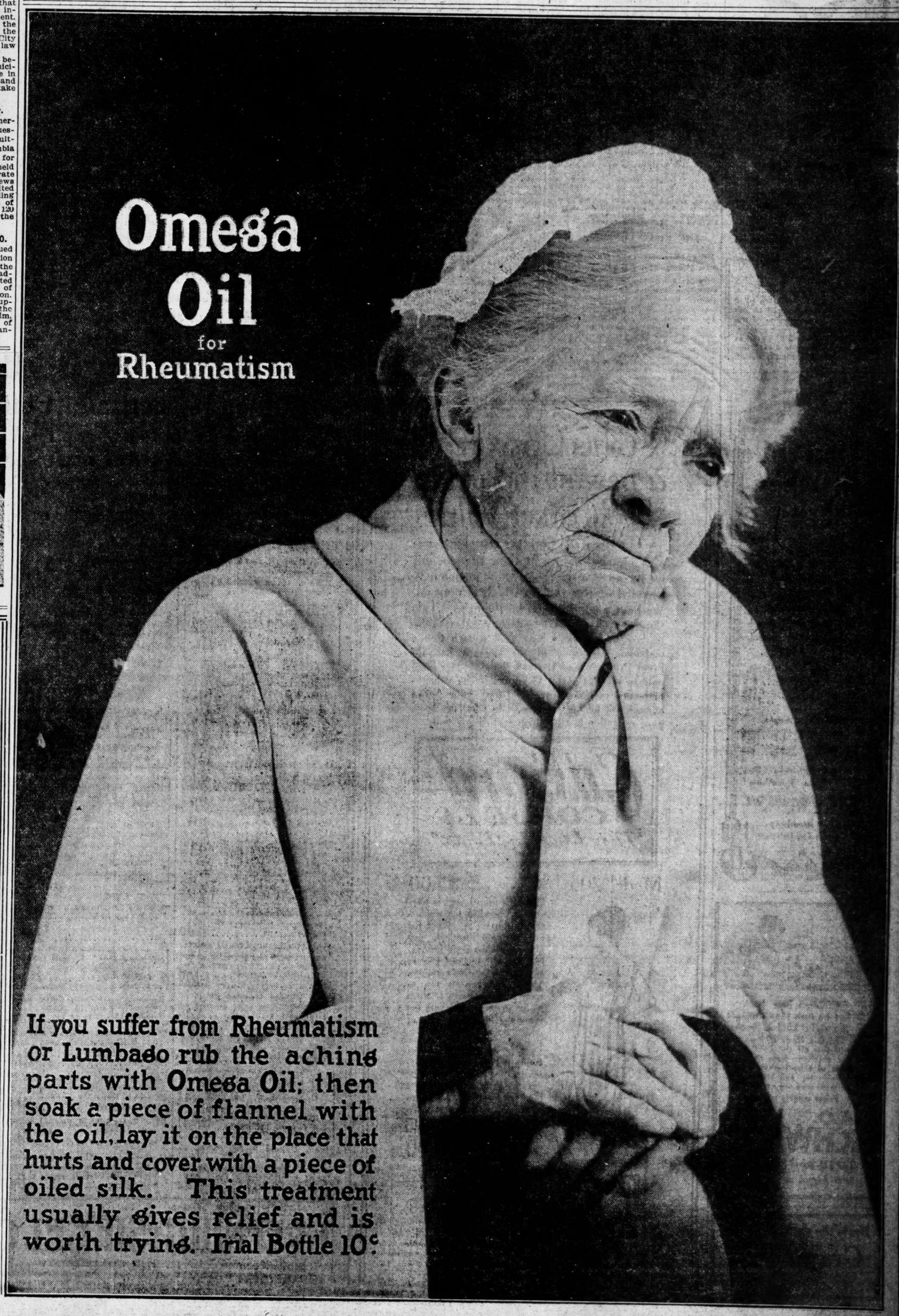
Gunther Furs

Russian Sables and Silver Foxes

The collection includes Skins ranging from medium shades to the finest and darkest skins obtainable.

C.G.GUNTHER'S SONS
391 FIFTH AVENUE, NY

Omega Oil for Rheumatism



If you suffer from Rheumatism or Lumbago rub the aching parts with Omega Oil; then soak a piece of flannel with the oil, lay it on the place that hurts and cover with a piece of oiled silk. This treatment usually gives relief and is worth trying. Trial Bottle 10c

Upper Fifth Avenue location for a

High-Class Retail Business

that will make an ideal permanent home for a concern wanting to be in the most exclusive shopping district.

The property can be bought on a basis that will tempt a merchant to buy rather than rent.

Wm. A. White & Sons,

62 CEDAR STREET.

$1.00 Bargain—Our Regular Price $2.00. Look Below for Coupon.

Elegant Christmas or Wedding Gift.

For this Hanging Basket, made of solid brass; highly polished; filled with an assortment of fine ferns and flowers; made of linen, chemically prepared.

14 inches high. 14 inches high.

Other bargains in Furniture, Carpets, Housefurnishing Goods, etc. Grand Rapids Furniture and Selling Agents for Karpens—at Low Prices.

MASON'S

Doing Business 70 Years
On Corner Myrtle Avenue and Bridge Street,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

$1 MADE

COUPON NO. 11.

Cut this out and send $1 with it. We will send you Basket with flowers. This is a bona fide offer—the loss being charged to advertising. The reputation of the Mason house is sufficient guarantee that the basket will be sent as advertised, by Parcels Post free.

Howard Watches

The possession of a Howard Watch is one of those little things which often tend to distinguish the efficient man from the commonplace. Efficiency and accuracy go hand in hand—and the Howard is the outward symbol of absolute accuracy.

14 Kt. Gold Heavy Cases.

17 Jewel Open Face... $75
19 " " " ... $95
23 " " " ...$125

Gold Filled Cases.

17 Jewel Open Face....$40
19 " " " $60
23 " " " $90

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GEORGE W. WELSH'S SON
256 Broadway
Opposite City Hall Park

Children love books—but be sure that they get the right kind of books.

In this *Home of Toys* you will find all the good books for children—from the simplest of baby books to those suitable to, and beloved by, children who are growing up.

Prices notably moderate.

F.A.O. SCHWARZ
TOYS and BOOKS
Fifth Avenue at 31st Street

Begin the day well on

Grape-Nuts

for breakfast

DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

'EXPERT' AT KIEFF CANNOT TRANSLATE

Pranaites Unable to Decipher Titles of Treatises from Which He Quotes.

END OF TRIAL THIS WEEK

Precautions Taken to Defend Jews —Prosecutor Attacks Them for Alleged Agitations Over Trial.

KIEFF, Nov. 5.—The verdict in the trial of Mendel Beliiss is expected about the end of this week. According to the Russian law, the verdict of a majority of the jury is valid, and if the jury is equally divided the prisoner obtains the benefit of the doubt.

The closing stage to-day of the cross-examination of Father Pranaites, the Catholic priest from Turkestan, formerly a Jew, who is the principal witness for the prosecution, showed that he could not even translate the titles of the treatises he himself had quoted as the sources of his anti-Semitic allegations.

Counsel for the defense quoted chapter and verse in court to-day with the object of showing that Pranaites's allegations had been taken from earlier mistranslations.

The speeches of counsel for the prosecution and defense, which began to-day, will, it is understood, occupy at least three days.

The Public Prosecutor in his speech to-day attacked the Jews for their agitations in connection with the trial, but promised that the Government would protect them, whatever the verdict might be. He alluded scornfully to Mistchuk, an ex-chief of detectives, for casting suspicion on Yushinsky's own relatives rather than admitting the existence of "ritual murders," and accused Krassovsky, formerly head of the Kieff police, of knowing but concealing the secret of the crime.

The Prosecutor insinuated that the attempts to incriminate Vera Tcheberiak and her gang were fostered and financed by Jews, but he declared that they had failed. He characterized the woman's associates as simple-minded men, though criminals.

The Prosecutor drew an analogy between this case and the Dreyfus case, and his whole speech had a strong political trend.

Elaborate precautions have been taken by the authorities for the prevention of disorders in case Beiliss should be acquitted. On the day on which the jury gives its verdict lines of police are to be drawn around the court, and no person who is not connected with the trial or who has not a special permit will be allowed to approach the building.

THE KIEFF CONSPIRACY.

George Kennan Tells How a Common Murder Has Been Made Use Of.

George Kennan, who is an authority on things Russian, has written for the current number of The Outlook a remarkable article on the "Ritual Murder" case in Kieff, in which he shows that, by a strange chain of circumstances, a common murder, committed by professional robbers in their haunts, has become identified with the policy of the Czar himself. The author charges that the Russian Government deliberately trumped up the scandalous charge against the Jews to suit its own political ends, and has persisted in it in the face of the evidence produced by its own officials.

According to Mr. Kennan, the lad, Andrew Yushinsky, was murdered in 1911 in the rooms of Vera Tcheberiak simply because the gang of which she was the leader believed that it was he who was responsible for the information which had got them into trouble with the police. The stabs which have played so marked a part in the trial were inflicted merely to extort from the unfortunate boy a confession before he was put out of his misery. Then, when the boy was found, Manzelevski, one of the murderers, set going the hideous calumny on the Jews by writing a letter, signed "A Christian," to the mother of the lad, saying that "The tied hands, the punctured body, and the circumstances generally suggest one of the ritual murders of the Middle Ages."

Although there was some attempt to take up this cry by the anti-Semitic fanatics of Kieff, the agitation failed, and so the Jew ters brought the matter before the Duma in open session. The Liberal leaders, Mr. Kennan says, protested indignantly at the revival of this ancient charge, and declared it to be a disgrace to a civilized Parliament. Even then the matter might have dropped if it had not suited the Imperial Government to revive it. This is how Mr. Kennan says this came about.

"In February, 1911, only a month before the murder of Yushinski 166 members of the Duma, including many Octobrists, had united in the introduction of a bill for the complete abolition of the Jewish Pale of Settlement, and this bill had been referred to the Committee on Inviolability of the Person by the decisive vote of 208 to 138. This seemed to the Czar and his Ministers a very disquieting symptom of disaffection, and when the mysterious murder of the Russian boy in Kieff became known and the cry of 'ritual murder' was raised the Government saw in the crime a possible means of disgracing the Jews and of preventing the introduction or adoption of such bills as that for the abolition of the Pale of Settlement. The Czar and his Ministers therefore determined to support the 'ritual murder' charge and to justify their anti-Semitic policy, as well as strengthen their position in the Duma, by showing that the Jews really used Christian blood in the preparation of their Passover bread and killed Christian children in order to obtain it. It was a foolish and short-sighted policy, and one which soon involved them in difficulties of the most formidable character."

The unfortunate prisoner in the case, Mendel Beiliss, Mr. Kennan says, had not been suspected, until it suited the Imperial authorities to find a scapegoat for the crime. There was no evidence against him, but it was manufactured to order.

"As a matter of fact, the murder of the lad was about to be cleared up by a police officer in the ordinary course of his duty. There were certain clues and, says Mr. Kennan, 'Working on these clues, Mishchuk, the Chief of the Kieff Detective Bureau, soon got on the track of what he believed to be a gang of common criminals, and formed the theory that the members of the gang had killed the boy in simulation of a 'ritual murder,' and had then written the letter signed 'A Christian' to throw suspicion on the Jews and incite a pogrom which would give them opportunities for plunder. He laid his clues and proofs before the investigating Magistrate, Fenenko, and the latter agreed with the detective's conclusions."

This, however, did not please the authorities, and so they laid a trap for the too zealous Mishchuk, convicted him on the trumped-up charge of manufacturing evidence to prove the innocence of Beiliss, and had him and three of his subordinates sentenced to a year in the convict battalions.

But Mishchuk's work was taken up by yet another detective, Krassovsky, whom Mr. Kennan describes as a man of the Burns type, who combined ability and courage with subtlety and prudence. The Government learned that he was following the right track, and so it first transferred him frim Kieff and then dismissed him from its service. However, Krassovsky, with a journalist named Brazul-Brushkovsky, continued the investigation on their own account. Mr. Kennan thus states the result:

"Early in 1912 the official preliminary investigation was concluded, and Beiliss was formally indicted for murder. In May, 1912, Krassovsky finished his researches and submitted to the Kieff gendarmerie, and afterward to the investigating Magistrate, Fenenko, the history of the crime. It completely cleared up the whole mystery and showed conclusively that Yushinsky was murdered by a gang of common criminals who had their headquarters in the Tcheberiak tenement house. Krassovsky's statement was supported by the names of his witnesses, and by a mass of detailed facts. The revelation created a great sensation in official circles, both in Kieff and in St. Petersburg, and counsel for Beiliss immediately demanded the quashing of the indictment and a reopening of the preliminary investigation. The Government hesitated, and apparently did not know what to do; but its hand was soon forced."

On June 12, 1912, Brazul-Brushkovsky published a four-column article, giving the results of the investigation, and then Vera Tchebariak proceeded to prosecute for libel all the newspapers which published it. This, says Mr. Kennan, was one of the most curious results of the case. The woman's gang had been broken up; all the other members had been sent to prison. "Vera herself was the only prominent member of the gang left at liberty, and she, under the protection of the Black Hundreds, the Double-Headed Eagles, the Archangel Michaels, the Ministry of Justice, and the Czar, had the hardihood to begin suits for criminal libel against the Kief newspapers."

However, the public interest in the case had been aroused, and even the Russian Government found that it must pay attention to the story told by Krassovsky. It found that it could not rely on its original investigator, because he was begining to sympathize with the detective, and it had to send a special prosecutor from St. Petersburg to take up the case.

"At the same time," goes on Mr. Kennan, "the authorities began to cast about for some means of discrediting and disgracing Krassovsky. He was too wary to be caught in a trap, so they looked up his official record, and on the 30th of July, 1912, arrested him upon the charge of having kept a peasant in prison without trial longer than the law allowed. When the Circuit Court dismissed this case, they imprisoned him again on the ground that he had failed to get a voucher for one ruble and thirty kopecks of Government money, spent while he was acting as chief of the Kieff detective force. His wife then appealed to the Governor General to protect her husband from such persecution.

"The counsel for Beiliss suffered little less than the detectives. One of them was held for disciplinary punishment because he had talked to a witness; another (Gregorovich-Barski) was arraigned in the Circuit Court of Kieff on the charge of signing a protest against the 'blood libel,' while a third (Margolin) was prosecuted for circulating an inflammatory, pro-Jewish brochure. The brochure in question was a part of the classical treatise on 'The Jew and Human Sacrifice,' by Herman L. Strack, Regius Professor of Theology in the University of Berlin.

"On May 8, 1913, the second preliminary investigation was completed, and Beiliss was again indicted for murder. He had then been in prison, and most of the time incommunicado, for nearly two years. He is at last on trial before a jury. Everything has been done that possibly could be done by supreme and irresponsible power to cripple the defense, conceal the facts, and incriminate the Jews. But, as Zola said at a critical stage in the Dreyfus case, 'La vérité est en marche et rien ne l'arrêtera plus!'"

STRATEGY AND CANES USED BY MILITANTS

Sylvia Pankhurst Addresses Meeting After ex-M.P.'s Daughter Has Impersonated Her.

TELLS OF PLANS FOR 'ARMY'

Sir Francis Vane, Its Organizer, Says It Is to be a Labor Training Corps—Lively Fight with Police.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—By a clever stratagem, which completely hoodwinked the large forceof police sent to prevent her from speaking, Sylvia Pankhurst was enabled to announce to-night at Bow Baths, in the East End of London, the formation of a volunteer corps, organized under the command of Capt. Sir Francis Vane, a Boer War veteran, for the protection of militant suffragettes and labor unionists.

Zelie Emerson of Jackson, Mich., presided at the meeting. Just as the meeting was called to order the statement was made that the residence of George Lansbury, formerly a Socialist member of Parliament and a warm supporter of the militant suffragettes, was surrounded by police. The crowd rushed from the building and found a large number of foot and mounted police around Mr. Lansbury's house, with a taxicab in front of the entrance.

Mr. Lansbury arrived on the scene and was uproariously greeted as he entered his home. The report was spread that the preparations portended the arrest of Sylvia Pankhurst.

The lights in the house were extinguished, and suddenly a woman rushed from the doorway and sprang into the taxicab, which, surrounded by mounted police, proceeded to Bethnal Green. There Miss Daisy Lansbury, daughter of the ex-Socialist Member, stepped out, much to the discomfiture of the police.

Meanwhile, Miss Pankhurst entered the meeting place, practically unobserved. The only disorder was caused by an attack by the women on a few reporters whom they suspected of being dectectives.

Mr. Lansbury and Sir Francis Vane followed Miss Pankhurst to the platform. Sir Francis explained that he proposed to establish a Labor training corps. Waving aloft a huge knotted club, he said he was prepared to use that weapon wherever he saw women injured and in labor disputes, or wherever the oppressed needed aid.

The general staff of the organization will be drawn from officers who have seen war, and both men and women are eligible for the ranks.

Miss Pankhurst said that the plan was based on the Ulster model, and she expected the same immunity from Governmental interference as Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster leader, enjoyed.

When Miss Pankhurst left the meeting she was surrounded by a bodyguard of East Enders, and made her escape after a lively battle with the police, who were compelled to draw their clubs. The crowd retaliated with sticks, and the result was that several of the belligerents were injured, among them Miss Emerson, who was knocked down and bruised about the head. She, too, escaped arrest, being carried away by sympathizers.

WEST CASE IS SETTLED.

Action Against Former Lady Randolph Churchill Withdrawn.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The action of Lengyon & Co., house decorators, against Mrs. George Cornwallis West (Lady Randolph Churchill) was today struck out of the records of the High Court, the word "Settled" being written across the entry. Nothing is stated as to who paid the $1,000 to settle the account, and the lawyers refuse information.

The case aroused much discussion in society circles. It is stated that Mrs. West and her son, First Lord of the Admiralty Winston Churchill, protested strongly to Mr. West against further publicity in open court regarding the family's private disagreements.

PEACE IN CUBAN CONGRESS.

Liberal Senators Will Not Break a Quorum—Loan Likely to be Voted.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Nov. 5.—The refusal of Deputies to permit a quorum is not likely to occur again in the Cuban Congress. The Liberal Senators, in a private caucus to-day, decided to attend all the sessions and to permit the majority to decide all national questions.

This decision is very important, because, if the House Liberals make the same agreement, as it is believed they will, the Government will obtain authority to negotiate its proposed loan of $15,000,000.

LET FILIPINOS STARVE.

GHENT, Nov. 5.—Fifty-five Filipinos who were brought here as one of the attractions at the exposition appear to be actually starving, and nine of them have died from exposure. They alleged to-day that they had received no wages for eight months owing to the failure of the amusement enterprise by which they were engaged.

The Filipinos have petitioned the American Consul General at Antwerp to be sent home, declaring that otherwise they must starve or be sent to jail as vagabonds.

This Gossard is a new standard in $5.00 Corset Values

ALL Gossard Corsets represent unequaled values at their prices—but we have put a degree of value in this new Gossard at five dollars which is unusual. We have a good reason for doing so. This Gossard is a special introductory value to introduce thousands of New York women to the matchless efficiency of the Gossard Lace-in-Front Principle and Gossard design. You have only to see this corset to appreciate its value—and once you are correctly fitted, your future corsets will all be Gossards. Be fitted today—your reflection in the mirror will decide you.

THE Gossard CORSETS "They Lace In Front"

Model 205 - - - $5.00

Our high priced models were closely copied in the production of this corset. While the lines are not identical, they give almost the same fashionable contour to the figure as our more expensive creations. This corset permits you to wear any suit, gown or dress of the present vogue with becoming effect, regardless of its individual style.

To achieve a model capable of fitting all of these requirements, we lowered the bust line, lengthened the skirt, gave the back a flat effect, and enlarged the waist just a trifle. The hips were of course reduced. Made in enduring Batiste, of dainty texture..... $5.00

The H. W. Gossard Co.

Largest Makers of Fine Corsets

For Sale by

Bonwit Teller & Co., New York
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James McCutcheon & Co., New York
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Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn
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Aux Trois Quartiers, Paris

"Everybody's Going to The Big Store"

—MAIN BUILDING—

Surplus Stocks from the World's Leading Mills in Today's Sale of

Knitted Underwear

For Men, Women and Children

Prices that No Other New York Store Has Ever Approached in November

Weather's becoming "nippy" already—The Big Store takes the hint. Come here and do likewise.

EXTRA HELP—EXTRA SELLING SPACE—AND EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN THIS SALE WHICH BEGINS THIS MORNING.

Men's Heavy Natural Wool Single- or Double-Breasted Shirts, or Drawers—extra well made; values to $2; at... $1.25

Men's Heavy Natural Wool or Camel's Hair Color Shirts and Drawers—all steam-shrunk; values to $1.50; at..... 79c

Men's Fine Worsted Shirts and Drawers—natural color; light, medium or heavy weight; plain or ribbed; all steam-shrunk; taped seams; values to $1.50; at..... 98c

Men's Australian Wool Shirts and Drawers—extra quality; natural color; shirts in single-breasted style; at..... $1.95

Same, double-breasted styles, at..... $2.25

Youths' and Boys' Natural Merino Wool Shirts and Drawers—heavyweight; sizes 26 to 34; at..... 49c

Men's Fine Ribbed Egyptian Cotton and Natural Ribbed Wool Shirts and Drawers—shirts are all steam-shrunk; medium weight; drawers have double gussets and suspender tapes; values to $1.75; at..... 79c

Men's Fleeced Shirts and Drawers—handsomely trimmed; silver gray or ecru; at..... 59c

Men's Fine Egyptian Cotton Combination Suits—all hand-finished and splendidly made; trimmed with pearl buttons; at..... $1.25

Men's Natural Worsted Shirts or Drawers—extra good quality; all steam-shrunk; sizes up to 48; at..... 98c

Men's Heavy Natural Combination Suits—extra well made; slightly fleeced; at..... 98c

Men's Natural Wool Single- or Double-Breasted Shirts, or Drawers—heavy-weight, steam-shrunk; drawers taped seams; double gussets; finished with pearl buttons; at..... 98c

Men's Natural Color Shirts or Drawers—heavy fleeced; extra well finished; drawers have double gussets; trimmed with pearl buttons; at..... 49c

Men's Ribbed Egyptian Cotton Shirts and Drawers—medium-weight; drawers have double-woven seats; reg. 75c; at 49c

Women's Tights, Drawers or Vests—fine cotton; hand-finished, silk-trimmed; medium-weight ribbed or heavy-weight fleeced; at 65c

Women's ¾ Wool, Hand-Finished Ribbed Vests, Drawers or Tights—white or natural color; at..... 95c

Women's Vests, Tights or Drawers—white; all hand-trimmed; regular or extra sizes; at..... 49c

Misses' and Children's White Wool and Fine Cotton Ribbed Vests and Pantalettes—hand-finished; values up to 65c; at..... 29c

Women's White Fleeced Cotton Combination Suits—extra fine quality; regular or extra sizes; at..... 69c

Women's Combination Suits—¾ wool; hand-finished; perfect-fitting; white or natural; at..... $1.95

Women's Heavy Fleeced Cotton Vests—nicely trimmed; regular sizes; at..... 15c

Women's Combination Suits—hand finished; white or cream color; regularly $1.25; at... 79c

Women's Medium-Weight Combination Suits—slightly fleeced; handsomely trimmed; regularly 85c; at..... 49c

Boys', Girls' and Children's Combination Suits—perfect-fitting; nicely fleeced; cream or natural color; all sizes; at..... 49c

Boys' Heavy Ribbed, Fleeced Shirts and Drawers—all sizes; at..... 29c

Women's Fine White Cotton Vests and Drawers—hand-finished; beautifully fleeced; nicely trimmed; at..... 39c

Women's Silk and Wool Vests, Drawers or Tights—ribbed; hand-finished and handsomely trimmed; at..... $1.25

Children's and Misses' Fine Ribbed Wool Vests and Pantalettes—hand-finished; 5c additional for every size upward from Size 2 at..... 55c

Misses' and Children's Combination Suits—hand-finished; extra good quality; sizes 4 to 14 years; values to $1.25; at..... 59c

Misses', Youths', Boys' and Children's Combination Suits—cream, white or natural; hand-finished and handsomely trimmed; 5c additional for every size upward from.....Size 2 at $1.05

Women's Ribbed Combination Suits, Plain or Fleeced—low- or high-neck models; hand-trimmed; at..... $1.25

Women's Vests or Drawers—plain Merino wool; natural gray or white; values up to $1.25; at..... 79c

Women's Fine White Cotton Fleeced Combination Suits—fall and winter weights; extra well made; values to 69c; at..... 39c

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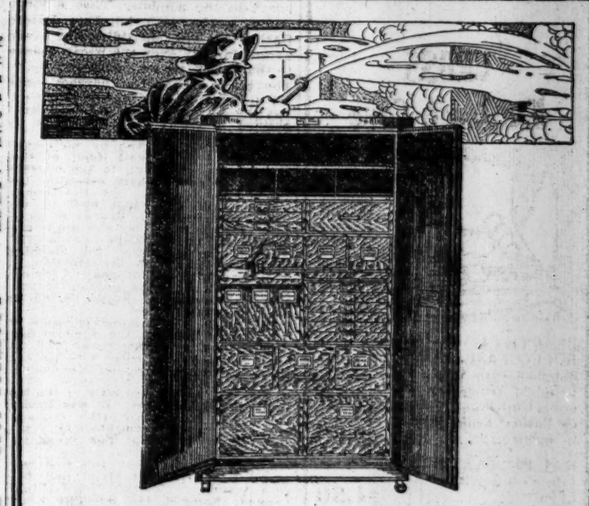

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BANKER SEEKS WIFE LOST SINCE MONDAY

General Alarm for Mrs. Fitzpatrick, Who Was Under Care of Nurse for Nervous Trouble.

HAD DISAPPEARED BEFORE

But Returned in a Short Time—Husband Fears She May Have Attempted Suicide.

Mrs. Alice Fitzpatrick, wife of Frank J. E. Fitzpatrick, a wealthy banker connected with L. F. Dommerich & Co. of 254 Fourth Avenue, has been missing from her home at 220 West Ninety-eighth Street since Monday, it was learned yesterday, and a general alarm has been sent out for her by the police of the West 100th Street Station at her husband's request.

Mrs. Fitzpatrick suffered from a severe form of melancholia which at times made her irresponsible. For this reason the banker fears that she may have committed suicide. Yesterday he decided that publicity might aid him in finding her, although he had kept the matter secret until then in the hope that his wife would return as she did once before.

"Mrs. Fitzpatrick has suffered from melancholia for the past year," said Mr. Fitzpatrick yesterday. "Her despondency was so great at times that she threatened to kill herself. Some time ago she disappeared from the house over night and on her return the next day she told me she had gone to High Bridge intending to end her life by jumping into the water.

"Then ten days ago we were over in a Brooklyn department store shopping when she again suddenly disappeared. After a vain search I had to go home without her, but she came home shortly after I reached there. She told me then that she didn't know why she had left me. She said that she had had every intention of returning to my waiting place in the store but that suddenly an irresistible impulse overmastered her and led her steps the other way.

"Two months ago she tried to end her life by swallowing bichloride of mercury, but she was saved by the prompt action of a physician. Then she went to a sanitarium where she seemed to recover her health and appeared normal again. But her melancholia returned. Recently I employed a nurse to be with her constantly. About 5 o'clock Monday afternoon she said she was going to the baker's to buy some cakes. She was in such good spirits that she said she didn't want the nurse to go with her. I didn't object and she left the house. After about an hour passed and she did not come back I began to be alarmed. The nurse went to the baker's on Amsterdam Avenue between Ninety-seventh and Ninety-eighth Streets and was told that Mrs. Fitzpatrick had been there, bought some trifles and left apparently in the best of spirits, and presumably for home. Since that time I haven't been able to get any trace of her.

"I am sure she was not likely to go with any one she didn't know because her melancholia made her shy of all strangers and even her friends. She would not attract attention on the street, although the keen observer might notice a slight wavering, undecided expression in her eyes."

Mrs. Fitzpatrick is rather pretty slender and 42 years old. She has large masses of dark brown hair faintly streaked with gray, gray eyes and small, regular features. Her sickness has developed a nervous habit of twitching her lips and biting them. She is quite active and walks with quick, nervous steps. She wore a two-piece suit of dark blue, trimmed with black and white striped satin; a white shirtwaist, small purple hat with an aigrette, patent leather shoes with brown suede uppers, and white kid gloves. One of her hatpins was tipped with an elongated pearl.

PUT SUFFRAGE IN MOVIES.

New Drama Depicts Success of Women in 1915 Campaign.

A suffrage drama in moving pictures had its first presentation before the woman suffragists of the city yesterday at the Bryant Theatre, on Forty-second Street, near Seventh Avenue. Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English suffragette leader, and Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, President of the Woman's Political Union, figured in the drama, which was written by Mrs. Florence Maule Cooley of the Woman's Political Union. The finale depicts the receipt of the election returns after the 1915 campaign, when the women's question is put before the people, and there is great jubilation at the Union Headquarters when they are seen to be favorable. Many of the women looking on from the audience yesterday saw themselves in the "movie" 1915 victory. There is a love story in the play, a shooting, and three men go behind the bars.

The play is opened by Mrs. Pankhurst, who makes a speech and then visits a political boss and makes a dramatic appeal to him. The first picture of Mrs. Pankhurst standing alone, apparently addressing the audience before her, with all the little familiar tricks in the use of her hands and little smiles, was very realistic. Mrs. Blatch was next seen sitting at her desk.

It was planned to present the play at 11 o'clock in the morning and the audience was present at that time, but it was 1 P. M. before the films had arrived and the play was staged. In the meantime Mrs. Blatch made references to the delay in a humorous speech about the inefficiency of mere men. In conclusion, she said:

"We couldn't do better than you, but if we were doing this you would say the play was delayed because we were women. We know you are not doing this badly because you are men, but because you are human."

LOST JEWELRY IN THEATRE.

Mrs. Martin Offers Reward for Watch and Diamond Pin.

Mrs. M. V. Martin of 41 West Seventy-second Street, accompanied by her husband, went to a performance at the Criterion Theatre in West Forty-fourth Street on last Saturday night, and the next day missed a gold watch and diamond set fleur de lis pin, valued at $500, which she wore to the threatre. When inquiry for the lost watch and pin was made at the theatre, one of the attendants recalled that a man accompanied by a woman had picked up a watch and pin, and had inquired about the nearest police station to which he might send the jewelry. One of the attendants gave the information asked for, but Mr. Martin learned that the finder had not turned the watch and pin over to the police.

Through THE TIMES he is offering a reward of $100 for the return of the jewelry to his home at 41 West Seventy-second Street, or to his business address, 307 Greenwich Street.

CALLS DAUGHTER INGRATE.

Mrs. Gleason Cuts Child Off with $1 in Her Will.

"I make this small gift to her on account of her ingratitude and her lack of affection toward me," wrote Mrs. Mary Gleason in her will in bequeathing $1 of her $9,000 estate to her daughter, Catherine Crowe.

The residue of Mrs. Gleason's estate was divided in equal shares between her husband, Michael Gleason, and James, Mary, Helen, Dorothy, John, Loretta, Aline, and Michael Gleason, Jr., her other children. The will was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogates Court.

THREATEN TAXICAB STRIKE.

Chauffeurs in This City Demand a Ten-Hour Day.

Whether there will be a general strike of the taxicab chauffeurs against fourteen companies, which will disorganize the taxicab service of the city, will depend on developments in the next two days. A long conference was held yesterday afternoon and last evening between representatives of the Chauffeurs and Helpers' Union and agents of the companies at Healy's restaurant, at Sixty-sixth Street and Columbus Avenue. The men demand a ten-hour day for the present rate of pay, which is $2.50 a day for a day of twelve hours.

Two of the companies on which the demands were made were not represented at the conference. These are Haverty's and the Renault Taxicab Company, against which a strike has been called. The men struck against these employers in violation of the orders of the union. The chauffeurs struck also against six other firms, but returned to work later by order of the union.

COLLECTORS MEET MITCHEL

Greets Them All in Conference After His Election as Mayor.

John Purroy Mitchel, the Collector of the Port, attended yesterday's session of the Collectors representing the various customs districts of this country. The conference is being held at the Custom House. Mr. Mitchel received the congratulations of the Collectors on his election as Mayor. In a brief speech he outlined the plans for efficiency and economy at this port which he reported recently to the Secretary of the Treasury.

The new tariff act makes it possible to eliminate much of the present operating cost of the service. It is expected that the customs officials attending the conference, representing all the important customs districts in the country, will devise a uniform plan for efficient administration.

SHIP HELD UP BY WIRELESS.

The Caracas Waits at Quarantine for Passengers from Europe.

Frank Schroder, general manager of the Red "D" Steamship Line in Venezuela, was on board the North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which arrived yesterday, with his wife and daughter. They had spent the Summer in Europe, and had arranged to go to La Guayra on the Caracas, sailing yesterday.

The Caracas left her pier at noon and on arrival at Quarantine her Captain received a wireless from Mr. Schroder requesting him to anchor there and wait for the German steamer. A special permit was obtained from the Collector of Customs and the Schroders were transferred with their baggage from the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse to the Caracas.

On her return to Bremen the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse will lay up for the annual overhauling and repairs until January.

SHOT BY CRAZY MAN.

Macaroni Maker Thought Tailor Had Hypnotic Influence Over Him.

Benjamin Seidler, a tailor of 442 Lorimer Street, Williamsburg, while sitting on a workbench in his shop yesterday morning was shot in the right arm by Daniel Digeor, a macaroni maker, of 180 Johnson Avenue, who told the police that the tailor exercised a hypnotic influence over him. Digeor fired five shots at the tailor, only one of which hit him.

Detective Ferris of the Stagg Street Station pursued the assailant and caught him after a chase of four blocks. The prisoner was held without bail in the Manhattan Avenue Court. He is insane, the police say.

TO PAY MRS. EDGELL WHILE SHE TEACHES

Her Case Not to be Tried Until Courts Have Passed on Removal of Mrs. Peixotto.

COMMITTEE SO DECIDES

But Board of Education May Overrule Recommendations Favoring Teacher Who Became a Mother.

Mrs. Katherine C. Edgell, teacher of physical training in Erasmus Hall High School in Flatbush, is to be paid her salary from Sept. 1, at which time she resumed her school duties after an absence of some months to bear and rear a child. She is not to be tried on charges of neglect of duty for such absence without leave until the courts have decided the case of Mrs. Bridget C. Peixotto, former teacher in charge of the Throgs Neck Public School, who appealed from the action of the Board of Education in dismissing her on charges similar to those which it was expected would be preferred yesterday against Mrs. Edgell.

These points in the Brooklyn teacher's favor depend, however, on the adoption by the Board of Education of the recommendations made by the Committee on High and Training Schools in private session yesterday after full discussion of Mrs. Edgell's case. There were present at the committee's meeting Commissioner Arthur S. Somers, its Chairman; Vice President John Greene, former President Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., Miss Olivia Leventritt, Dr. Ira S. Wile, Frank D. Wilsey, Associate City Supt. Clarence E. Meleney, and District Supt. Darwin L. Bardwell.

It was thought that the committee would go through the formality of instructing City Supt. Maxwell, according to the rules of the Board of Education, to prefer charges of neglect of duty against Mrs. Edgell for having remained away from school after she had requested and had been denied a year's leave of absence for the purpose, as she herself frankly stated, of bearing and rearing a child. When the case was reached on the calendar, however, the sentiment of the majority of the members was strongly in favor of a do-nothing policy until the Peixotto case had been decided in court. After a general talk over the matter it was unanimously decided to hand in a report to the Board of Education recommending that it take no action with regard to Mrs. Edgell until the Peixotto appeal was settled.

In Auditor Cook's absence his deputy, Frederick D. Chambers, was asked by the committee to explain how it had happened that despite the fact that Mrs. Edgell had never been suspended and that she had been attending to her school duties regularly since the reopening of the present school term, her salary had been held up. After listening to his explanation the committee decided to recommend that Mrs. Edgell receive her usual monthly pay from Sept. 1 until such time as her case shall be heard.

It was in January last that Mrs. Edgell made the request for leave of absence. She quit her work as teacher in Erasmus Hall High School in February. She gave birth to a boy on May 26. A large majority of the Committee on High Schools recommended that her request be granted, but a large majority of the Board of Education disapproved of the recommendation.

The case of another teacher, Mrs. Rice King of Wadleigh High School, was also on yesterday's calendar of the meeting of the Committee on High Schools. A hearing of the charges of neglect of duty against her had already been held, and it was thought that the committee would come to a decision in the matter, but her case went over until the next meeting.

The Board of Education is expected to take actior at its meeting next Wednesday on the recommendations of the Committee on High Schools in the Edgell case.

DECLARE TITLE VACANT.

French Boxing Authorities Take Action Against Jack Johnson.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—The International Boxing Union to-day declared vacant the heavyweight boxing championship, which has been held by Jack Johnson since 1910. The reasons given for the action were that Johnson had been sentenced to imprisonment in America and had continually refused challenges to defend his title, notably the challenges of Sam Langford.

Six Teams Tied in Cycle Race.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—The bicycle riders participating in the six-day race at the Arena were unable to-night to break the top tie. Six teams were bracketed in the lead at the end of the twenty-sixth hour, with 603 miles of pedaling behind them. Two teams were eliminated and another created to-night by withdrawals and a re-pairing. George Cameron, of New York, who broke a collarbone in an accident last night, was forced to retire. Bob Spears, an Australian, found the grind not to his liking and quit. Their mates, Grassy Ryan, of Newark, and Frank Corry, of Australia, teamed up, accepting a handicap of one lap behind the leaders. The Kopeky-Keefe, Coburn-Carmen combinations were two laps behind the top six.

Brunson First in Road Run.

J. Brunson of the Salem Crescent A. C. was the winner of the road run held last night over the Central Park course by the St. Vincent Ferrar A. C. Brunson won with plenty to spare, finishing almost a minute ahead of E. Rank of the Holy Cross Lyceum. Twenty-two runners took part in the four-mile race and the winner's time was 24:06. The order of finish: J. Brunson, Salem Crescent A. C.; E. Rank, Holy Cross Lyceum; F. McGay, Holy Cross Lyceum; J. Byrne, Holy Cross Lyceum; J. Statts, unattached; S. Sinclair, Ozanam A. A.; Kaufmann, Broadhurst Field Club; E. Erickson, unattached; J. Egan, St. Vincent Ferrar A. C.; D. Monoca, Ozanam A. A.; J. A. Hughes, Ozanam A. A.; T. O'Reilly, Broadway Field Club; W. Fenton, Holy Cross Lyceum; J. Wanamaker, Union Settlement A. C.; W. Berg, unattached; G. Venturini, Ozanam A. A.; J. Hagstrom, Glencoe A. C.; W. Burke, Union Settlement A. C.; S. Santariera, Ozanam A. A.; M. Collins, Union Settlement A. C.; D. Zickerman, New York Evening High School.

News for the Golfers.

More than fifty golfers will tee up to-day in the Fall tournament of the Sleepy Hollow Club, coincident with which an eighteen-hole medal play handicap will be run off. This is a departure from the custom of holding the handicap on the last day and permits the contestants to take part in the handicap as well as in the testing circuit with one round of play. Gilman P. Tiffany, of Powelton, who won the chief prize in the Spring event, will probably be a starter.

The Women's Metropolitan Golf Association Executive Committee held a meeting yesterday, at which Mrs. H. R. Stockton of Plainfield was awarded the prize offered a year ago by Mrs. E. F. Sanford of Essex County for the woman in the district showing the greatest improvement during the season. Mrs. Stockton's handicap has been reduced several strokes, it being three at the present time. The Inwood Country Club was elected to membership.

Winners with the Cue.

J. M. Millette of Brooklyn was defeated by George H. Sutton of Milwaukee in an exhibition game of 18.2 balk-line billiards at Keeney's Academy in Brooklyn last night by the score of 250 to 56 in fourteen innings. Sutton made high runs of 48, 42, and 36, and averaged 17 13-14.

Contrary to schedule, only one game was decided last night in the amateur handicap three-cushion tournament at the Morningside Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue. The contestants were H. Moore and J. Prager, and after fifty-two innings of one-sided playing the former was returned the winner by a score of 16 to 10. Both contestants were playing at the sixteen-point mark.

Other Sports on Page 12.

DE ORO WINS FIRST BLOCK IN BILLIARDS

Champion Defeats Carney 50 to 37 in Three-Cushion Game.

CUBAN EXPERT IN FORM

Accomplishes Some Sensational Shots and Makes a Run of Four Points in Fifty-seventh Inning.

Alfredo De Oro, the three-cushion billiard champion, showed to the fore last night in the opening block of fifty points in his match for the American title at Doyle's Academy against Joseph Carney of San Francisco, the challenger, whom he defeated by 50 to 37. The winner required eighty-two innings, while Carney had one time less at the table. De Oro's best effort in any inning netted him 4, this high run of the match coming in the fifty-seventh inning.

One hundred and fifty points in all will be played, with the match scheduled to continue to-night and to-morrow. Aside from the championship honors involved, the men are playing for a sweepstakes of $500. Albert G. Cutler of Boston officiated as referee.

The enthusiasts were treated to some of the sort of three-cushions which can always be looked for when the champion is engaged as a contestant for the honors. Although some of the periods were far from brilliant because of the purposeful safety by each, there were spots in which the shots were kaleidoscopic, each man showing himself to be a past master at the art of discovering seemingly impossible angles.

One of these by De Oro stood out as a gallery shot. This occurred in the sixty-fifth inning, when De Oro's cue ball was hemmed in a corner with the two object spheres about four inches from the end and side rails, with the three forming a pyramid. The champion just glanced at the layout provided and promptly made a masse, which caused his cue ball to take on all the actions of a gyroscope, with the result that three cushions were hit with the cue ball traveling probably not further than eight inches in all in making the count.

Carney began to act on the defensive early in the match. He distributed "oil" upon eleven occasions in his efforts at safety, while De Oro responded in kind five times. Each appeared in good stroke, with the Cuban's play the more dashing. Carney went after his shots with a slow methodical style, and although thirteen to the bad at the finish of the first block, his adherents pointed to the fact that in their last match for the title De Oro had led him by 50 to 25 at a similar stage, so that the lead of last night would have little or no bearing on his future play.

Each missed on his initial try. De Oro was the first to place buttons to his credit, when he amassed two in the second inning. Carney came back in the third with a bevy of three naturals, in which he showed a disposition to be delicate in his drives. He slipped up on a shot which was kissed off after he had made a beautiful reverse for four cushions. He went to the six mark as the result of two in his fifth inning, the first of which was a capitally executed four cushion bank.

After a lapse in scoring for three innings, De Oro showed a reverse into a corner, out and along the lower rail for a count. The champion's twenty-first inning sent him into the van when he garnered two points, the first of which was a neatly played shot and followed by a reverse draw around the table to both side rails and on to the object ball which lay in the middle of the lower rail. Carney made the string a tie in his next essay when he made a reverse into the corner and caused his cue ball to bob along the end rail for the completion of a bank shot.

Carney's twenty-seventh inning was productive of a six-cushion carrom, which again made the score a tie. He went into the lead with the tally of three in two innings later, the first shot of which was a great try from the object sphere near the top rail to the side cushion, where the ball wriggled snake-like, finally dying on the face of the second object ball.

De Oro was enabled to get within one of his opponent in the thirtieth inning when he made a bank from a ball in the corner after which he took four cushions to the second ball in the middle of the opposite top rail. This he followed with a six-cushion drive which, although it counted, caused the champion to "root" it on, as it appeared about to find the "hole" between the cushion and the ball.

The champion's next shot of a sensational order was a reverse from a ball on the lower rail, which had a world of English on it, as, after coming quarter way up the table, it stopped, described a quarter circle, went to the side rail and back into the opposite corner for a count. As if to prove that the shot was not a scratch De Oro duplicated it almost perfectly in his next effort, again scoring and putting himself in the lead.

Carney took the "pace" from the champion in the thirty-seventh inning with a force follow around the table in which it was necessary to get the second object ball away from being kissed out of position. This stage marked the last when he was in the van as De Oro totaled five as the result of his next three innings, coming along later with a tally of three in the forty-fifth, which helped materially.

De Oro began to corral his record run of four with a draw off a ball on the middle of the side rail into the corner to the ball on the lower third of the same rail. His next was a reverse off ball in a corner to the object ball on the side rail, the shot having to be perfect to count. In his next time at table the champion made a beautiful carrom from ball into a corner and around the table for a count.

While some excellent play was seen at various intervals leading up to the seventy-fifth inning, it remained for that stage with De Oro at the table for a peep at one of the champion's sky-rocket tries. The two object balls were together and near the top rail with his cue ball three parts the length of the table away. He hit the outer sphere and caused it to drive the other down the table while his cue ball chased it in an endeavor to get to the side rail and out in the attempt at contact. Although he missed by a hair, the shot gave an insight as to how far the champion can look for a count.

It was all over but the shouting when De Oro went to the table for second inning, as he found fairly easy for him, which left developed into a six-cushion cl glued to the lower rail, from whi glided to the right hand side rail to the top, to the other side, and into the corner and out for a count, the last needed for his fifty points, while his opponent showed but thirty-seven.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOV. 6, 1913.

DEMOCRACY WITHOUT TAMMANY.

The blind leader MURPHY will lead so long as the followers are blind. They have eyes, they may see if they will. Surely they can see the figures of Mr. MITCHEL'S plurality. He had 121,000 more votes than Mr. MCCALL. That is the most terrific thrashing ever administered to Tammany. Mr. MITCHEL has not merely a plurality, he has a majority of all the votes cast in the city. That is what the voters of New York think of MURPHY. There were 355,000 of them holding that opinion. But why should MURPHY'S 234,000 have any different opinion? How can they fail to see that he is the least competent, the stupidest leader Tammany has ever had? Are they not a part of the general citizenship? What separates them from the others? Is it because they want place and patronage, the profits of politics, that they follow the blind leader MURPHY? It is a mighty poor way to attain their ends, for during the next four years no Tammany man in all the five boroughs will get so much as a bone.

Take MCCOOEY in the Borough of Brooklyn. He has never been anything more than a political body servant of MURPHY'S, coming or going, doing this or that, at the snap of MURPHY'S finger. And the inconceivably foolish Democrats of the Brooklyn organization have blindly followed MCCOOEY, who is blinder than MURPHY himself. MCCOOEY'S own nest is nicely feathered; he keeps his place. Surrogate KETCHAM has been re-elected, and MCCOOEY will continue to be Clerk of the Surrogate's Court. But if the McCooey Democrats of Brooklyn are to lay their heads anywhere, they must provide the place. The City Hall will be as inaccessible to them as to the Cassidy Democrats of Queens.

If political fights are made for offices, what's the use of fighting with a leader and an organization that in city campaigns make elaborate and entirely successful preparations to give every least morsel of patronage to the opposition? That is the lower view of political duty and interest, the view that might be supposed to appeal to Murphy men and to McCooey men. But there are thousands of them, and some, we should suppose, would have a little pride in their Democracy. The refuge for them and for all New York Democrats who are not of Tammany is the organization of a City Democracy that will be wholly apart from Tammany. The election of the candidates opposed to Tammany will not of itself do it, the defeat of MURPHY will not of itself do it. Bosses do not evaporate, they do not willingly disappear—they must be thrust aside by the stronger hand. Is there no Democrat in New York now with WILLIAM R. GRACE'S capacity for organization? The County Democracy smothered Tammany, but the breath of life soon left it. The opportunity is better and greater now. Is there any insuperable reason why there should not be a Democratic organization in New York City that can send delegates to a National Convention who will not be loathed and despised by the delegates from the rest of the country? Tammany has never been in any true sense Democratic; it has been selfish, treacherous, out of harmony with the great body of the Democracy, and it has never been trusted. Now, if ever, is the time to change all this.

The Democracy up the State has had its lesson. It has submitted to MURPHY. We hope that in its present shame and disgust it will cast him off and leave him in no doubt of its temper toward him. Gov. GLYNN has his part to play in the reorganization. Certainly he can have no wish to maintain relations with Tammany as an organization, or with MURPHY as its chief. He has an official duty to perform. There are investigations to be made, inquiries into charges of corrupt dealing in matters of State expenditure. Mr. GLYNN should make these inquiries in his own way, with his own men. Nothing could more surely enhance his reputation and win for him the confidence of the people than a successful exposure and punishment of corruption in the letting or carrying out of contracts for State work. That will be Mr. GLYNN'S part of the great Democratic housecleaning, so well begun in this city on Tuesday. And out of it all there should come not only a reorganization but a regeneration of the Democratic Party in the State and in the City of New York.

MINORITY RULE IN NATION AND STATES.

One of the clearest lessons of the election in the States is the indorsement of the National Administration. And yet the fact remains that the candidates elected in sympathy with the President are minority officers, like himself. Of the 15,000,000 votes cast for President, Mr. WILSON received only a little over 6,000,000.

In his own State the candidate for Governor whom he favored to the extent of sending his Secretary of State to campaign for him received a vote but little below that of Mr. WILSON, but the combined vote of his opponents is larger. The candidate not favored by Mr. WILSON received some 60,000 more than last year's vote, the increase coming from the Progressive candidate's loss. For Mr. WILSON'S triumph in New Jersey to be complete those wandering Progressives ought to have been attracted to the Democratic camp.

In Massachusetts it is the same way. The Democrat received a plurality of 50,000 and more, but is in a minority of 80,000. The Administration has reason for gratification, but the returns show that party relations are unstable, and that the Democrats must walk warily if they are to retain their rule as a minority. The Republicans were in clover so long as the Democrats were divided. But the Democrats got together.

THE WORK OF THE MAYOR.

The World publishes a carefully prepared statement of the offices which Mr. MITCHEL will be called on to fill. There are some two hundred and fifty of them, and the salaries attached to them amount to a million of dollars, which The World not unnaturally describes as "the new Mayor's patronage." They would have been treated as patronage by a Tammany Mayor, and their value would have been measured not only as patronage but as sources of plunder. We are rejoiced to believe that in the hands of Mr. MITCHEL they will be treated as a trust to be administered for the good of the city, to be filled by the best men that can be found and made to contribute to the safety, the welfare, and the progress of the city.

That is the ideal that Mr. MITCHEL has professed, and it is the one that he has very effectively followed in the offices he has held. It is an exacting ideal, and he will be held to a pretty strict responsibility for the way in which he pursues it. He is to be the executive head of the city, associated with a Board of Estimate possessing important powers, the aid and cooperation of which will be of much value; but his direct authority and accountability quite independent of this board will be very serious. Look for a moment at the list of chief departments for which he will choose heads. They are: The Police, Charities, Health, Correction, Docks, Fire, Parks, Water Supply, Street Cleaning, Tenements. There are a number of other important appointments, but these, as will be seen, touch the life of the citizens of New York, of every class and condition, very closely. They concern the rich and the poor, and the poor even more intimately than the rich. If Mr. MITCHEL makes his selections for capability and character solely, without a thought as to their political effect, he will not only serve the city well but he will make the continuance of good management of the public interests easier and more sure in the city and in the State.

It does not follow that he will be called upon to change all the present incumbents. So many of them as have shown that they can meet the tests which he ought solely to apply will, if retained, have the great advantage of experience. Nor will the task of selection, difficult as it must be in the most favorable circumstances, be nearly as hard for Mr. MITCHEL as it has been for Mayors in the past. He is essentially and practically independent. He is indebted for his place to no party and to no faction. Non-partisanship is not only expected but demanded of him. Even the dictates of honorable ambition on his part will tend to make him comply with that demand. Young as he is, he has had close experience with serious public business, and he knows its requirements. Especially he is the chief of a strong and well-established movement for the very best administration of the city. He has a rewarding task before him and a great opportunity.

YUAN'S REPUBLIC.

YUAN SHIH-KAI, the President of the Republic of China, has followed in the steps of OLIVER CROMWELL, the two NAPOLEONS, and Gen. HUERTA. He has practically broken up the Parliament that was all there was representative in the Government of which he is the head. He has expelled over 300 members constituting the party known as the Kuo Ming Tang, of which Dr. SUN YAT-SEN was the former leader, leaving only a minority of the Parliament which he will have no trouble in controlling. The dispatches grimly state that martial law is declared in Peking and that summary executions will continue.

This is rather a gloomy outlook for the sincere republicans in China, of whom there is a certain number. But it is an outcome of the conditions there that need surprise no one. The only hope of anything like unity in the management of the affairs of the country and the maintenance of its integrity as against the ambitions of other nations lies in a central authority strong enough to preserve a reasonable degree of order. The Chinese are too little trained in the art of self-government to establish a central authority of this sort on the basis of Parliamentary control. A President or a Ministry responsible to the Legislature would be at the mercy of faction with no definite public sentiment to rely on. So far as can be seen, an adequate central authority can be set up in China only by force. For this work YUAN is as well fitted as any man in China. His rule is no more republican than was that of the Dowager Empress, but at present it seems the only one practicable.

MAYOR KLINE.

Consistent with the modest and efficient conduct of his office since its duties devolved on him, Mayor KLINE has played no politics during the campaign that has ended so happily. In fact, his quiet work in "shaking up" the police on the eve of the election, exchanging their posts in a way effectually to forestall collusion in any attempted frauds at the polls, contributed not a little to this happy ending.

Mayor KLINE has by this time won the approval and admiration of every respectable element in the community.

CACOGENICS.

Just as there is a great war on between the anthropologists over the recent discovery of the Piltdown skull, so the opening guns of battle begin to boom between the schools of eugenists over the report of the discovery by Dr. C. B. DAVENPORT of the Eugenics Record Office at Cold Spring Harbor, that the weak-minded, insane, and those possessing undesirable traits may marry with impunity, so far as posterity is concerned, the strong and better favored. From the Galton Laboratory of the University of London Dr. DAVID HERON sends a warlike pamphlet declaring that probably nothing during the course of the last year has been more detrimental to the true progress of eugenics as a science, "than the "papers read and the statements "made at the recent International "Eugenics Congress." The masses of the people take these statements for Gospel truth:

> They see it stated in the daily newspapers that Professor So-and-so, at what they take to be a great congress of specialists, has declared that degenerate stocks mend themselves by dying out; or they hear that Dr. Blank has discovered that insanity or mental deficiency obeys the laws of MENDEL, and that the children of an insane parent, if normal themselves, may marry other normals without detriment to their future offspring or the race. They do not know that the professor's statement may simply be based on an obvious fallacy in his statistical treatment, or that Dr. Blank within a year will have propounded a new theory, the very opposite of his earlier opinion!

Dr. HERON frankly challenges Dr. DAVENPORT'S theory, which has been accepted by physicians everywhere and made the basis of radical legislation, that when both parents are feeble-minded all of the children will be so likewise, and that a defective person married to a pure normal will have directly no defective offspring. The theory that "strength might marry weakness," and that, instead of segregating mental defectives, the State should endeavor to provide them with healthy mates, is attacked by Dr. HERON as essentially mischievous. This English disciple of GALTON also questions the accuracy of the published American reports on feeble-mindedness, gathered by persons whom he believes incompetent. But his chief attack is upon MENDEL'S celebrated theory of heredity as applied to diseased humanity. We shall hear more of this controversy.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Editorial Space Was Costly.

When EDWARD STETSON GRIFFING, now Mayor-elect of New Rochelle, was nominated for the position he is to fill, THE TIMES promptly expressed well-mingled surprise and satisfaction, both strongly felt, that for once the chance of getting an important public office had been given to a man for the admirable, but far from usual, reason that careful study of municipal government and experience in its conduct had made him especially competent for performing the duties of that office.

These remarks were read by one of Mr. GRIFFING'S friends with so little understanding of the motive of which they were the outcome that they elicited the inquiry, "What did that piece in THE TIMES cost you?" The reply that was made to this cynical question is worth recording, and for two reasons—the first that it was quite true, and the second because it clearly reveals the means by which any aspirant for higher official position than he has previously held can get the support of this paper, and, we are glad to say, of a good many others—the number being exactly equal to that of the papers no longer regarding offices as rewards to be bestowed in recompense for party services.

"The editorial commendation of THE TIMES," said Mr. GRIFFING, "cost me a lot—it cost me four years of work as Controller, the hardest I ever did in my life."

And that is the exact and full explanation, or at any rate it would have been had its implication been made explicit, for it was not the hardness of the work that counted for much, but that the work won recognition as well done and as fitting preparation for administering as Mayor the affairs of a city.

As a mildly interesting part of modern history, Mr. GRIFFING might have added that the comments on his candidacy were made by THE TIMES without any request, or even the slightest suggestion, from him, and that no man, woman, or child in New Rochelle or anywhere else had less to do with their appearance than he did. If they had the effect of increasing the size of his vote, the importance of that fact depends wholly on the merits of his administration. Whether or not they contributed to the winning of a Republican victory in Westchester County is to us a matter of perfect indifference, and we hope that it is to him.

On the Luring Away of Servants.

A highly interesting problem in what might be called domestic ethics was formulated—and in a way and for the moment solved—the other day when a little group of women who would be properly described as near-New Yorkers met to decide whether or not an article written by one of their number should be printed in a publication which they controlled.

The article contended, with vivacity and a wealth of anecdotal illustration, that many women, on hearing that a neighbor has a good servant, will proceed to lure the "treasure" away by an offer of higher wages. It also contended that this practice was a distinctly vicious one and violative of both sound morals and sound economics, to say nothing of courtesy and friendship.

Whether these assertions were or were not aimed at—whether they did or did not hit—any of the women present has not been revealed, but an apparently credible rumor has it that the sentiment of the meeting was strongly against the publication of the article. It is also said that one of its critics had the courage to explain her antagonism by declaring that any woman had a right to get any servant she could by paying any wages she pleased—that this was exactly what business men constantly did without exciting reproach, and that to adopt the contrary policy would be a cruel injustice to the maids, in that it would deprive them of practically all opportunity for improving their condition and increasing their earnings.

This last argument has, or seems to have, considerable weight, for wages are rarely raised except where competition for the worker's services is free, and yet there must be some foundation or excuse for the indignation which most women undoubtedly feel when a neighbor, by taking away her servant, inflicts upon her the cruel inconveniences which the loss of a good servant usually causes. And is it not true that the luring is commonly done secretly, and that the bereaved mistress rarely has presented to her the alternative to her loss of paying a higher wage? And about the business men? That some of them sometimes do this thing is true, but where friendship has existed between them does not the doing tend to make the temperature of that friendship perceptibly lower?

A Defender of the Appendix.

That the appendix vermiformis is what biologists call a vestigial organ, and useless or worse, has long been the general opinion among medical men, but that opinion has never been unanimous. Ever since this troublesome extension of the alimentary canal began to receive attention—which is ever since antisepsis and asepsis made abdominal operations fairly safe—there have been those who held that the appendix presumably served a purpose, and that its removal was not an unmixed blessing.

What the purpose was has been the subject of many guesses among this faction, but none of those hitherto presented has been very satisfactory, and of the innumerable people who have been deprived of this mysterious organ few have suffered from subsequent inconveniences that could with any certainty be ascribed to its absence.

Now a French doctor has reported to the Paris Academy of Science that serums extracted from freshly removed appendixes, when injected into animals, have a measurably stimulating effect on the contractile, or peristaltic, movements of the intestinal walls, and that in all probability along this line is to be sought and found the use of that which has been declared useless. This is in effect the assertion that the appendix, instead of being the degenerate and therefore dangerous vestige of a once active viscus, is still a secreting gland and an efficient aid in the complicated process of digestion.

MEXICO AND MOBILIZATION.

Only 200,000 American Soldiers Available, Army Officer Says.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to call your attention to a misleading statement on the first page of this morning's issue regarding the "plans for prompt mobilization" of the army.

To begin with, the Ordnance Department has nothing whatever to do with the mobilizing of troops or the mustering in of militia or volunteers. Its duty is solely to supply the arms, ammunition, and a great part of the equipment of the army, and, being a supply department, pure and simple, its plans can cover only questions of supply. Fortunately, the body of the article deals only with these matters of supply and supports in no way the erroneous statements of the headlines. The impression conveyed by the headlines, however, should be corrected.

A high estimate of our entire military strength in the United States, if mobilized now, is actually no more than the following:

REGULAR ARMY.

The entire infantry, cavalry, field artillery, engineers, and signal troops, comprising the mobile army in the United States	32,220
The entire coast artillery, whose duty lies in manning the coast defenses	10,150
Raw recruits injected to bring the regular army to war strength	20,460
Total	62,830

MILITIA.

The entire infantry, cavalry, field artillery, coast artillery, engineers, and signal troops, of all the States	136,520
Aggregate	199,350

Of this aggregate 42,870 would be trained soldiers. The War Department has stated that 500,000 men would be needed to guard foreign property in Mexico, without undertaking extensive operations. We thus would lack 360,000 men, over and above this aggregate strength, and this after denuding every military post and coast defense battery of the regular army, and draining each and every State of its last militiaman.

Given officers and non-commissioned officers who are trained, it is conceded that the training of these 360,000 individuals could be very fairly accomplished for the purpose intended in a few months. But how can this be done, when every last officer and non-commissioned officer would be urgently needed in Mexico? It looks as though the inadequate 200,000 would be further handicapped by being drawn upon to provide their own reinforcements.

The magnitude of an intervention in Mexico appears to be wholly beyond the ken of the general public, and it would seem wrong to encourage indifference to a serious matter by unwittingly permitting an error of the sort shown to get into print.

A. R. WILLIAMS.
Fort Slocum, New York, Nov. 4, 1913.

ART NOTES.

American Artists' Paintings to be Sold at Clarke's—Prints by Sir Seymour Haden.

At the Clarke Auction Rooms is a collection of pictures belonging to John Forsythe; there are also a number from the estate of the late William N. Peak, and others from several private estates not named. Among them are beautiful examples of the work of Theodore Robinson, Childe Hassam, Herbert Denman, Emil Carlsen, Eastman Johnson, Henry Golden Dearth, and others of good American repute. One of the Hassam pictures is a marine, the sea and sky of the ineffable blue of which Mr. Hassam knows the secret, and a shimmering white sail. Less sensitive but more vigorous in color is the earlier marine which shows a pier jutting boldly into the water and a man standing on it looking over the vivacious blue water, with a little town on the further shore.

A "Snowbound" by Twachtman is a brook in Winter, the dark water making a distinguished pattern between the white banks, and a couple of little trees with orange leaves striking life into the color. The finest of the Robinson landscapes is the "West River Valley," with violet hills encircling a fertile plain, one of the canvases in which the painter caught the mystery of atmosphere without sacrificing anything of subtle form. A figure subject, a girl seated in a garden, in a coarse, rustic dress, with a couple of watering pots on the ground beside her, also shows him in a happy mood. "Summertime" by Herbert Denman is wrongly catalogued as by H. Herman. It is one of the works of his Paris period, probably, a girl lying on a marble bench, with another seated beside her. The violet and yellow robes, charmingly painted, and the sprays of yellow blossom enlivening the composition recall Albert Moore, as does also the warmth and richness of the flesh-painting. The sale takes place this evening and to-morrow evening, and there is a chance for great bargains if too many people are not clever in time.

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At the American Art Galleries this week is the Dillaway collection of etchings and dry-points by Seymour Haden. The catalogue is the reverse of extravagant in its statement that so fine a collection of the work of this noted etcher is seldom offered to the public. Mr. Dillaway began to collect before fine impressions of Haden's etchings were rare and when it was possible to get hold, also, of states now inaccessible. Added to this good fortune in the time of assembling his prints was a native taste and power of discrimination between the good and the little better that kept the whole group on a high plane.

There are very beautiful impressions of the scarce "Combe Bottom," an intermediate trial proof with the shadows of the rabbits removed; of the rich and stately "Shere Mill Pond," enframed in bushy British foliage; of the Dorsetshire etchings with their breadth of treatment, and the fine dry-point "A Sunset in Ireland." There is also what one sees less often, a superb artist's proof of "The Turkish Bath with One Figure," altogether the most beautiful of the figure subjects attempted by the artist. In this little shampooer (although called "The Turkish Bath," the plate is really a study of a shampooer) Haden displayed all his power of anatomical research, of picturesque line, and effective execution. It is a dark jewel of a print, with the little black head surmounting a girlish form, the shoulders and neck bare, and admirably drawn. Another brilliant and not too common plate is the "Hand Painting," a portrait of an artist's hand at its work. The sale will take place next Monday evening.

A WIDOW'S LEISURE.

How May She Use It to Best Advantage?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you or some of your readers kindly help me to solve the problem of how to make the best use of my life? I have recently become a widow, am 40 years old, without children, and an income barely sufficient to live on. All my associations have been with well-educated people, and I have a knowledge of the ways of society, but I fear my abilities are of the commonplace variety.

I have kept house a number of years, I can sew very well, and have an artistic taste in the arrangement of a room or house. With a love of the best in literature, society no longer interests me, and I desire to find some occupation of absorbing interest that will take up the greater part of my time, and be remunerative if possible.

I am filled with vague aspirations and longings to be of some service to mankind, (though I should not care for settlement work,) which would mean my own self-development, instead of sitting still and drifting through life as I am doing now; but I do not know what to do, or how to go about finding anything. MEDIOCRE.

New York, Nov. 5, 1913.

No Place Left for the Newspaper "Organ."

From The Chattanooga Times.

With the issue of Sunday morning The Nashville Democrat, a newspaper called into being two years ago for the purpose of giving the Democrats of the capital city and of middle Tennessee a hearing, and representation in the field of fair publicity, announced its suspension. The cause was lack of sustenance. Finding that the expense of publishing the paper so heavily overbalanced its income as to have become a serious burden upon its shareholders, its managers decided the time had come to quit.

The story of this newspaper illustrates the inevitable act that the day of the mere newspaper organ has passed. People want a newspaper for the news, straight, cold-blooded and uncolored to suit the interest, fancy or promotion of any man or set of men. It may say what it believes in its editorial columns and its readers may take its opinions or let them alone, according to taste, but in its statement of events and happenings and in relating what it intends the public shall regard as facts, it must print the truth; impartially and without prejudice or bias. The personal and partisan organs cannot do this, hence their failure to receive support and consideration from the reading public. The people are coming more and more to demand of the newspapers public service and not the mere exploiters of men, the promoters of special interests and the advocates of partisan or factional politics. Only when the press stands independent of all considerations, save the public weal, and can, with candor and frankness, expose the wrong whether committed by friend or foe and espouse the right, the good of all, regardless of personal or political interests or alignments, can it confidently expect financial success or impress its influence upon the community wherein it operates. The newspaper graveyard is full of skeletons because of the failure of editors and publishers to recognize this fundamental truth: There is no place in any self-respecting community for a sycophantic, slavish or partial organ, or a newspaper incapable of doing justice and affording fair play to all shades of opinion, or that fails to give to its readers the full measure of honest news, whether it helps or hurts any cause to which it may be devoted.

Gen. Huerta's Picture.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A remarkably inquisitive countenance that of Gen. Huerta, in this morning's TIMES. Is the General trying to locate a Wilson cat under the meal?

S. J. DOUGLASS.
New Haven, Conn., Nov. 4, 1913.

THE EVENING COLLEGE.

Prof. Robinson Describes Growth of the City's Institution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read the article in THE TIMES of last Sunday, by Dr. Frederic C. Howe, Director of the People's Institute, which refers at length to waste, inefficiency, and a lack of democratization in the New York system of education.

It was in 1909 that the evening session of the College of the City of New York was established by the Board of Trustees on the recommendation of Dr. John H. Finley. Its foremost advocate, Stephen P. Duggan, Professor of Education at the college, had prevailed with the President and the Trustees, the courses at night were started, and Prof. Duggan was made Director.

Dr. Howe notices that of the 85,000 who enroll in the city elementary evening schools only 1,534 remain for ninety days in attendance. Contrast with this the wonderful record of the students of the evening sessions of the City College. Last term the average attendance was between 80 and 90 per cent. and the loss of students after enrollment was not greater than that which is normally expected in any college conducted during the day.

Starting in 1909 with but 200 students, the registration grew to 303 in 1910, 450 in 1911, 602 in October, 1912, and 703 in February, 1913. The enrollment for the present term is 863. The students are doctors, lawyers, dentists, teachers, civil engineers, and business men of maturity, working side by side with the young student who has just received his diploma from a high school. They form an earnest and enthusiastic body of men. Of course there is never any question of discipline; the only problem is to provide them with more opportunities for work and study. How could higher education possibly be made more democratic than this?

Moreover, in the evening sessions of the College of the City of New York the city is receiving a very direct help in social efficiency. Many city employes come to take courses to improve their usefulness to the city and to advance themselves in rank. One feature is as excellent as it is unexpected; many of these men take not only technical and vocational courses but also those of general culture. The courses in literature, rhetoric, ethics, history, politics, government, public speaking, and philosophy are as popular as the more practical work in biology, chemistry, physics, and surveying.

The appropriation for instruction last year was less than $15 per capita. We may safely say that nowhere else in the world has collegiate education of a high grade been given at so small an expense. The economy has been made possible by the altruism and social-mindedness of Director Duggan and his corps of professors, who render their services in the evening at a nominal fee and in some cases gratis.

Another great educational force at the City College, also inaugurated and directed by Prof. Duggan, is in the extension courses for teachers. It was started in 1908. The courses are offered free to the teachers of the public school system. More than 3,000 teachers are now taking over 4,500 courses. The work is designed to improve their efficiency in the classroom through the agency of general culture on the one hand and professional or pedagogical training, on the other. After the school day is over, they come to attend their lectures and classes at the college, in the afternoons at 4:15 P. M. and Saturday mornings. Assuming that each teacher has an average of thirty pupils, it means that the college is influencing over 90,000 school children through their teachers every year. And the expense to the city last year for all this was only $3,000.

Dr. Howe also mentions co-operation with the city by the college in municipal research. Already the City College has a sociological museum and courses in government and politics; already students have been sent to co-operate with various city departments and help has been rendered by them to some of the offices of the city administration. The education department of the college, furthermore, has an educational clinic to which any parent may bring his child for diagnosis and advice. It is a "laboratory for educational problems." This department is also in co-operation with the Parents' Association and philanthropic organizations which study educational problems.

F. B. ROBINSON,
College of the City of New York.
New York, Nov. 4, 1913.

Brooklyn's Bureau of Complaints.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is gratifying to see by THE TIMES that the Borough of Manhattan and the Bureau of Municipal Research have at last awakened to the value of a Bureau of Complaints. We, citizens of benighted Brooklyn, have been enjoying the many advantages of such a bureau for the past eleven years, or since 1902, during which time about 25,000 complaints have been received and settled to the satisfaction of the borough authorities and the citizens.

Why is it that Manhattan has only now organized such a bureau? Early in 1902, after a conference of the five Borough Presidents, the establishment of a Bureau of Complaints for each of the five boroughs was decided upon and a civil service examination was held for the selection of Supervisors of Complaints. If the Bureau of Municipal Research wants any points they will be sure to get some valuable ones by calling on the Brooklyn Bureau of Complaints in the Municipal Building. BROOKLYNITE.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 3, 1913.

Amending the Testament.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A more harmless "amending of the Testament" is not often devised than the one brought to us by a gentleman all the way from London via St. Louis, viz., that we should no longer read and quote "I came to send a sword," but for "sword" read a "division," the correct translation instead of the wrong one. Now, Matthew x., 34 unquestionably reads "a sword," but Luke xii., 51, "division." Whether the one or the other, or both, were originally uttered by the Master is quite another question, which London possibly has not settled.

Let us have peace. J. A. T.

Jamaica, N. Y., Nov. 4, 1913.

A MAIDEN'S PRAYER.

Lord, when the women vote and rule
And live on lines of men,
Let me just be a "little fool,"
All pinkie-white and sweet and cool;
Just let me be a doll—a hen.

Lord, make me lovable and shy,
And banish logic from my brain;
Indulge me in the "real good cry,"
That eighteen-carat "husband-try."
I want to be a doll—to reign.

Lord, when the suffragettes parade—
Degrading, pitiable sight—
When march they brazen, unafraid,
Their flaunting banners' gab displayed,
I want to be a doll—held tight.

Lord, let me be of brainless mien,
A dainty pampered pet.
A dressed up lollypop, serene—
The kind men think are "awful keen."
I want to be a doll—YOU BET!!

MABEL ROWLAND.

WANTS TO LOSE A RAILROAD.

Cranberry Lake Company Seeks Permission to Abandon the Line.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 5.—It now looks as if the Rich Lumber Company would have to go to the Legislature to rid itself of a six-mile railroad which is a constant loss to the corporation. The Public Service Commission to-day heard the application of the Cranberry Lake Railroad Company for permission to surrender its charter and to abandon its railroad.

This railroad operates from Benson Mines, at which it connects with the New York Central, to Wanakena. It was originally constructed mainly for the transportation of lumber by the Rich Lumber Company. That company has now practically abandoned the territory through which it runs. Thomas H. Dowd, for the company, said that every effort has been made to work out some basis for operation, but without result. He said that the railroad had been offered to the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company for nothing, and that even this offer had been rejected. He intimated that such action on the part of the Central was sufficient evidence that the Cranberry Lake Railroad could not be operated as a paying proposition.

Discussion between the attorney and the Commissioners brought forth the fact that the Public Service Commission was without jurisdiction to issue an order granting the abandonment of the road. Mr. Dowd said that it was the company's intention, if the commission denied the application, to bring the matter before the Legislature and have that body amend the Public Service Commission law so as to give the commission the necessary authority.

If such a request is denied by the Legislature the company will then stop the operation of its railroad and await action on the part of the Attorney General.

The commission announced that it would issue an order denying the application.

MISSING MAN'S WILL FILED.

Joseph Helm Left His Estate to the Young Son of a Friend.

The will of Joseph V. Helm, who disappeared on Aug. 3, 1904, and has never since been heard from, was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. A petition also was filed, asking that citations be issued in probate proceedings.

This story was told by Mr. and Mrs. John F. Grady in the papers filed with the will yesterday:

Joseph V. Helm was an engineer and machinist of good character and steady habits who in the year 1904 was living in the village of Winfield in Queens. He and Mr. and Mrs. Grady were neighbors and good friends. Helm was fond of the Grady children and would often drop in of a Sunday afternoon and bring them presents. He was a widower without children or, as far as the Gradys knew, any relatives whatever.

In August, 1904, two Sundays passed and Helm did not make his accustomed call. Knowing that he was suffering from heart trouble they made inquiries of the proprietor of the hotel at which Helm lived. They were told by the proprietor that on Aug. 3 Helm had left the hotel saying that he was going to Albany for a short visit. His room in the hotel had been paid for in advance and in it he left his trunk and many of his clothes. He never returned to the hotel or to his place of employment, where he had left his tools.

In Helm's will the bulk of his estate, amounting to $1,500, was left to Patrick Grady, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Grady. The boy's parents were made trustees and it was further provided that if young Patrick on coming of age was deemed by the parents unworthy of receiving it the estate was to go to Elizabeth Grady, the mother.

More than nine years have gone by since Helm disappeared and all efforts made by Mr. and Mrs. Grady to find him have proved fruitless. In view of this, and in view of the fact that Helm had suffered from heart attacks of a rather serious nature, Mr. and Mrs. Grady are convinced that Helm is dead.

FRENCH THEATRE'S PLANS.

May Postpone Opening, but Does Not Lack Financial Support.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue of THE TIMES there appeared a letter in which Le Theatre Francais Company, Incorporated, is represented as having collapsed, owing to lack of financial support. As a matter of fact, this enterprise, far from having collapsed, is more alive and flourishing than ever, as you may readily verify if you will take the trouble to scan the list of our subscribers and patrons. From this you will realize that it does not and can not lack financial support.

The truth of the matter is that it is extremely difficult for outsiders in the New York theatrical field to rent a suitable theatre at a reasonable figure. This is the more so when a small theatre is required. To date, we are as yet undecided as to our plans, and a meeting of our Board of Directors will decide as to the advisability of endangering the existence of an institution that is to be permanent by proceeding prematurely or postponing the season for either three months or a year. The latter course seems the more probable, as our artistic managers in Paris, MM. Moncharmont and Perrin, advise us that considerable time must elapse before the plays best suited to New York audiences can be obtained.

GEORGES RAOUL VLOBER.
Secretary Le Theatre Francais Company.
New York, Nov. 5, 1913.

HUNTING THE TRUSTS.

Consumers Tired of Needless Attacks on Corporations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue of THE TIMES you had a heading over an article from Washington, "Wilson After Trusts Next." When will this turmoil and agitation about and against trusts cease? We are tired of it and its poor results, except as to filling the Government's coffers with millions of fines. But what many of us wish to learn is, Where do the consumers come in, where do we benefit by all this perpetual agitation and clamor of prosecution, and, in some instances, of persecution?

The President, the Senate, and the Interstate Commerce Commission all have surrendered to the views of the Socialists, playing to the galleries, *ad captandum vulgus*. What is the result? Every time the Government has won a case against a so-called trust and gathered in a handsome fine, the trust has, in every instance, advanced the price of its commodity to the consumer, and we have gained nothing but empty promises.

Rutherford, Nov. 4, 1913. CUI BONO.

Marring Riverside Drive.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Cannot the Riverside Drive be relieved of the bulletin boards which are placed along its beautiful pathway?

The more one travels in the Old World the more one realizes that there is to be found no more wonderfully beautiful road—where one can see a noble river on the one side and foliage-covered heights on the other—our one boulevard which nature has enriched and science perfected.

From Grant's Tomb at intervals down to Seventy-second Street that dreadful "pink girl" (not lady) stares at us like a nightmare, and at 105th Street electric lights over the bulletin board let Jersey see how we "beautify" this Riverside Drive, which we all profess to admire.

Mrs. CHARLES APPLETON TERRY.
New York, Nov. 3, 1913.

The Suffrage Color.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice that the Rev. Anna Shaw, with that gentle charity and Christian kindness for which she is universally revered, has discovered and proclaimed that the red and black of anti-suffrage represent, respectively, anarchy and piracy. Do not blame her. She is an advocate of woman's suffrage and wears the Yellow Jack of Quarantine, warning us of a pestilence to be pitied, not hated.

SYMPATHY.
Park Hill, Yonkers, Nov. 4, 1913.

CURRENCY CHANGE ROUSES OWEN'S IRE

Senate Committee Votes to Give Federal Board Control of One-Half of Reserves.

THE PRESIDENT UNEASY

O'Gorman's Plan for Popular Subscription to Regional Bank Stock Likely to Fail.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—In the face of threats from Senators friendly to the Administration that a Democratic caucus would take the Owen-Glass Bill into its own hands unless the Committee on Banking and Currency respected its essential provisions, the committee this afternoon adopted an amendment that is a long stride toward providing a central bank of issue.

This change in the measure directs that one-half of the reserves to be deposited by member banks with the regional reserve institutions shall be turned over to the Federal Reserve Board. The board may then use it in any part of the country where financial relief is considered necessary. This fund, it is estimated, would be about $300,000,000.

This provision is a compromise, almost half and half, between the House bill, which the Administration indorses, and the Vanderlip plan for a single central bank of issue with stock subscribed by the people. The committee has already shown itself ready to adopt the popular subscription provision and has reduced the number of regional banks from twelve to four. And even the decentralization expected to be accomplished by establishing four banks is reduced almost one-half by to-day's amendment putting half of the reserves of the entire system under a single control.

Hitchcock Breaks Tie Vote.

The amendment finally adopted by the committee was proposed in a slightly different form this morning by Mr. Reed of Missouri, a Democrat who has wavered between support of the White House and adhesion to the central bank idea. He later modified his own proposal and it was put to a vote. The result was a tie, six to six, Mr. Reed being the only Democrat supporting his amendment. But Mr. Hitchcock, of Nebraska, the most outspoken of the Democratic critics of the House bill, saw an opportunity for strategic advantage and changed his vote. That made it seven to five and the provision was adopted in the tentative manner of all the committee votes taken so far.

Chairman Owen, who is the Administration's spokesman on the committee, was very angry at this action. He said that in five minutes he could show the unwisdom of the amendment adopted by the committee, and the committee promptly requested him to state his views. This Mr. Owen will do when the committee reconvenes to-morrow morning, and his address is expected to be followed by an effort to have the committee reconsider its vote of this afternoon.

It is almost certain that to-day's action by the committee will revive to-morrow the plan for a caucus, which has been in abeyance for several

MIMIC WAR IN CUBA FOR YANKEE 'MOVIES'

Richard Harding Davis and Gus Thomas Produce "Soldiers of Fortune" in the Open.

CUBAN ARMY TAKES PART

Heroine Who "Escaped" in Ball Gown Was Nearly Eaten Alive by Mosquitos in a Palm Grove.

Richard Harding Davis, Augustus Thomas, Dustin Farnum and twenty members of the stock company of the All-Star Feature Corporation, a moving picture concern, returned to New York from Cuba yesterday, where they had been to produce a photo play of Mr. Davis's "Soldiers of Fortune," once made into a drama by Mr. Thomas. Dustin Farnum played the leading rôle before the camera in Cuba.

"Soldiers of Fortune" is a war play, with its scenes laid in a tropical republic, and for that reason Cuba was invaded by the Davis-Thomas forces. Several hundred rifles, thousands of rounds of ammunition and enough uniforms to fit out the army of any south or Central American revolutionist also went along, but were not used, as Mr. Davis succeeded in obtaining the right to use the regular soldiers of the Cuban Army, together with a large force of American bluejackets and an American machine gun.

"There was quite a story in our trip," said Mr. Davis at the Hotel Webster last night. "When I was a young man just out of college, long before I had begun to write anything, I went to Santiago, Cuba, to work for an iron company because I knew the president of the company. I stayed there a couple of years, and all the time the company was in hot water with revolutionists and Spaniards, and occasionally Americans mixed up in the continual scrapping which was going on. At last I came back home, and ten years later wrote my first novel, 'Soldiers of Fortune.' Five years later 'Gus' Thomas dramatized it, and now, nearly fifteen years after that, we get together again and do it for the camera. It is to be put on the screen in a Broadway theatre about the first of the year.

"We left New York on Oct. 11 and went at once to Santiago and put the play on. I tell you it was quite a surprise to see real live people walking in and out of real houses and going through the scenes just as I imagined them when I wrote the story. You see, you don't get the same sort of feeling at all when you see a story of your own on the stage, where the scenery is all painted and flimsy; but down in Cuba we had the real thing every time, and the big fight scene took place in the plaza of the town, just as I had pictured it, and we had the soldiers defending the gate and the heroine escaping on the locomotive, and everything else that the book called for. In all we took 233 separate scenes, all outlined by Mr. Thomas and directed by him.

"The Cuban Government was splendid to us and lent us the army to do any thing we wished with. We had 2,000 Cuban regulars fighting before the camera and 25 blue jackets from the American boat Cisceola, and in addition the people of the city took a great interest in the work and used to turn out and watch the picture taking and applaud just as though they were seeing a show in a theatre.

"There were no stage doors for the Cuban Johnnies to hang around, but they followed us from place to place, and before long we had them working in every scene. Sometimes they were coal passers and at other times they were society men, but they did what ever we wanted them to do, and it was considered quite an honor to be in the picture or to lend your house for a scene.

"The only trouble we had was in getting permission to land the rapid fire gun. It was a case of landing a firearm on foreign soil, and we had to get permission from the President, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Governor of the Province of Santiago, the Alcalde of the city and the American Consul, but finally we got it through. There was some opposition, too, on the part of the soldiers and city people to taking part in what they thought was a picture of the war between the United States and Spain, but finally we showed them that it was a fight between the people of an imaginary country, and then it was all right. They would not consent to allow the Cuban flag to be used, however, nor the real flag of any other country, so we had to get up a special flag. We designed one in green and white with green and pink stars and they were willing to stand for that.

"The woman who played the rôle of the wife of the President was called upon to do a lot of escaping. Once when she got away from the villain dressed in a bail gown, I found her sitting in a grove of palm trees fighting off mosquitos that were almost eating her bare neck and arms off.

"'If I had known I was going to escape like this,' she told me, 'I'd have stuck to the palace and got shot, whether it would have spoiled your old play or not.'

"Another actress was dressed up to represent a very rich Spanish woman and I doubt if any such creature as she looked like ever lived except in a comic opera. One day when it came time to take a scene with her in it she was missing and I went out to look for her. I saw an American workman on the road and I said to him, 'did you see an American woman pass this way just now!'

"'No,' repiled the man, 'but I just saw the Queen of Spain go by.'"

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SOCIAL NOTES.

The annual entertainment of the Junior League will take place on Jan. 16 and 17 in the large ballroom at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart have returned from Lenox and opened their town house, 54 East Fifty-third Street, for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt are at 960 Park Avenue for the Winter.

Mrs. Walter Cutting and Miss Juliana Cutting have arrived in town and are at their apartment, 565 Park Avenue, for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Kountze are at the Ritz-Carlton for several days; also Mrs. Honore Palmer, who will be joined by the Countess Gizscka to-day

Mrs. Samuel W. Andrews of 875 Madison Avenue is to give a reception for her débutante daughter, Miss Naomi H. Andrews, on Dec. 11.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene S. Reynald of Rocky Dell, White Plains, N. Y., are at the Hotel Gotham to remain until Jan. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Harkness motored here from their place at New London, Conn., and are stopping at the St. Regis.

The marriage of Miss Edith Landon, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hutton Landon, to Eugene Mitchell Sawyer will take place at 3:30 this afternoon in the Chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, and will be followed by a small reception at the Landon residence, 19 East Fifty-third Street.

The wedding of Miss Agnes Macolm Gayley, a daughter of Mrs. Gardiner Gayley, and Gerrish H. Milliken will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the Church of the Ascension. The reception will be held at 20 Washington Square North.

Miss Elinor Kendall, the third and youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Beals Kendall, will make her début at a tea on Nov. 24, to be given by her sister, Mrs. Archibald Denny of Pittsburgh, at the Kendall residence, 41 West Eleventh Street.

The first of the dancing teas under the patronage of Mrs. Edward Clarkson Potter, Mrs. Edwin Gould, Mrs. Johnston Livingston, and others was held yesterday in the large ballroom of the Plaza. The attendance included an unusual number of young dancing men.

A new series of dances are to be given this year at Delmonico's under the direction of Mrs. H. M. Cowperthwaite. The dates chosen are Nov. 20, Dec. 16, Jan. 6 and 27, and Feb. 25.

A performance of "The Prince and the Pauper" is to be given this evening at the clubhouse, Tuxedo Park, by the members of the Children's Educational Theatre, under the auspices of Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. Charles H. Coster, Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting, Mrs. Henry P. Loomis, and Mrs. J. Fred Tams.

Miss Frances Stockwell gave a luncheon yesterday at her home, 130 East Sixty-seventh Street, for Miss Genevieve Clark, the débutante daughter of Speaker Champ Clark. Among those present were the Misses Madeleine Edison, Margaret Colgate, Frederica Paterson, Agnes C. Allen, Dorothy Harvey, Beatrix Buel, and Brenda Putnam.

MISS KATHRYN DILLON WEDS.

Married to Samuel Zucker, New York Importer, in Philadelphia.

The marriage is announced of Miss Kathryn Dillon, daughter of Michael Dillon of this city, to Samuel Zucker, a well-known New York importer, which took place on Tuesday afternoon, at the residence of Mrs. Clarence K. Arnold, 2039 North Broad Street, Philadelphia. Col. Samuel D. Lit gave Miss Dillon in marriage and Mrs. Lit acted as matron of honor.

Mr. and Mrs. Zucker are sailing shortly for Europe, and will return in January, when they will make their home in this city.

Among those present at the wedding and the breakfast which followed were Mr. and Mrs. Milton Herold, Mr. and Mrs. Jules Mastbaum, Mrs. Philip Frank, D. J. Lit and Richard Van Baalen.

TEMPLE EMANUEL SISTERHOOD

Celebration of 25th Anniversary at the Temple Dec. 6 and 7.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the Sisterhood of Temple Emanu-El will be celebrated on Dec. 6 and 7 at the Temple Emanu-El. Features have been arranged by the clubs and classes, and many prominent persons are to deliver addresses. The Sisterhood was founded by the Rev. Dr. Gotthell, who is to speak, as is also Jacob H. Schiff, Leopold Plaut, President of the United Hebrew Charities of New York; Mrs. William Einstein, President of the Sisterhood, will give a report of the work, and Mrs. Alexander Kohuth is to give its history.

Among those who have the celebration in charge are Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mrs. Henry Myers, Miss Carrie Wise, and the Board of Trustees of the Sisterhood. Mrs. Alexander Kohuth is Chairman of the committee.

MME. ARNDT-OBER ARRIVES.

German Contralto's First Visit Here—Other Singers Return.

Mme. Margarete Arndt-Ober, the new German contralto for the Metropolitan Opera Company, arrived yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from Bremen. This is her first visit to the United States, she said, or to any English-speaking country. Mme. Arndt-Ober has sung several times in Berlin for the German Emperor, at Munich for the Prince Regent, who has just been proclaimed King, and for the Queen of Holland in Amsterdam. Her first appearance before the American public will be as Ortrud in "Lohengrin," and late she will sing the rôle of Octavien in Richard Strauss's opera, "Der Rosen Kavalier."

The prima donna was accompanied by her husband, and carried a small brown dachshund, which William Guard of the Metropolitan Opera Company told the reporters was a Berlin beagle.

Señorina Lucrezia Bori, the Spanish soprano of the Metropolitan, arrived on the same liner from her vacation spent in Spain. She sang at the Verdi festival at Busetto, the composer's birthplace.

Mme. Bella Alten, soprano; Hermann Weil, baritone, and Cristalli, a new lyric tenor, also arrived on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse for the Metropolitan Opera Company.

Charles Dalmores, the French tenor of the Chicago Opera Company, arrived on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from Paris, and will join the company in Philadelphia to-morrow.

ANNA PAVLOWA TO RETURN.

Dancer to Appear for Week at Manhattan-Panlowa Carnival.

Anna Pavlowa, the Russian dancer, and her company will return to New York for a week's engagement at the Manhattan Opera House, beginning a week from next Monday. Originally the only appearances here on her schedule were those of last Monday at the Metropolitan and Tuesday in Brooklyn.

Another appearance for the dancer in New York will be on the night of Dec. 19, when she and her company will appear at the Pavlowa Carnival, to be held on that evening in Madison Square Garden. This appearance is to be made under the auspices of a committee of society men and women, whose number includes Mrs. Wilmrd Straight, Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Mrs. Arthur H. Scribner, Mrs. Frederick T. Van Buren, Mrs. Charles Healy Ditson, Mrs. Miles Carpenter, Mrs. Rudolph E. Schirmer, and Miss Christine V. Baker, Chairman; also Chester Holmes Aldrich, Albert H. Wiggin, Otto H. Kahn, Robert W. de Forest, Frank H. Simmons, and Robert Hartshorne.

Ruffo Sings in "Barber of Seville."

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 5.—The second opera of the season brought forward for his first appearance this Fall the baritone Titta Ruffo as the Figaro in Rossini's "Barber of Seville." His reception was enthusiastic. The representation of society was as large as that Monday night, when Mary Garden opened the season in "La Tosca."

FALLS WITH CRASH IN HOUSETOP FLIGHT

Fugitive's Wild Drop Through Skylight Halts Police Pursuit Two Stories Higher Up.

PROSPECTIVE VICTIM AIDS

"The Rascal!" Said He, When He Learned Injured Man Had Been Robbing His Show Case.

Two men calmly rifling a haberdashery show case in front of the store at 688 Grand Street yesterday morning at 1:30 o'clock attracted the attention of Patrolman Fleischer on his way to the Clinton Street Station, and another bluecoat came along to hold one prisoner for him just in time to free him for the pursuit of the second one, whose feet he had heard clattering up the steps in the hall of the tenement next door

The chase led to the roof, six stories above. The fugitive saw a fifteen-foot drop between him and the roof of the next building. He jumped. So did Fleischer. There was a scramble and a rush across this roof. The next drop was one of two stories. The fugitive hung and dropped. Fleischer did not, but he might have tried it if he had not profited by the example of his pacemaker, who had fallen into a skylight and disappeared to the sound of shattering glass and a cry of pain. Fleischer observed to the sky that that ought "to hold him a while," long enough, anyway, to give the policeman time to approach the skylight from the other direction.

So Fleischer returned to the street and mounted to the top floor of the house at 566. There he found his quarry, badly bruised and cut and enjoying the ministrations of the family of Louis Schmitt, grouped around him in the night clothes they had been wearing when he dropped in on them.

Their shock was increased when they learned from Fleischer that this man had been one of two who would be accused of having emptied the showcase in front of 688.

"Why," exclaimed the head of the house, inspecting his wounded visitor with a new interest, "the rascal! That is my showcase."

Then an ambulance was sent for, the cuts were dressed by a disinterested party, and the patient was taken, with the other prisoner, to the station, both to be locked up on a charge of attempted robbery. The first prisoner said he was George Ryan of 52 Rutledge Street. The agile prisoner said he was Edward Gilligan of 218 Monroe Street.

WILLIAM MARK HELD IN CUBA

New York Man Accused of Trying to Smuggle $30,000 Gems.

HAVANA, Nov. 5.—William Mark, a passenger on board the steamer Saratoga, which arrived here from New York to-day, was arrested charged with an attempt to smuggle diamonds to the value of $30,000.

He was caught in the act of placing on a bag containing the diamonds a customs stamp which had been removed from a trunk.

"Ourselves," Vice Play, for Lyric.

"The Girl and the Pennant" is to go on the road after this week, and the Shuberts will present a play, "Ourselves," by Rachel Crothers, at the Lyric Theatre next Wednesday night. "Ourselves" is another vice play. It will endeavor, however, to show how a fallen woman can be reformed, and the need of a uniform moral standard for both sexes. In the company will be Grace Elliston, Selene Johnson, Jobyna Howland, Geoffrey C. Stein, Thurlow Bergen, Stanley Dark, Craig Miner, Mattie Keene, and others.

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BUNCE-CRAWFORD WEDDING.

Daughter of Mrs. H. B. Crawford Married to Russell Bunce.

Miss Elizabeth Franklin Crawford, daughter of Mrs. H. B. Crawford, was married to Russell Bunce of this city yesterday at noon in St. Stephen's Church, Port Washington, L. I. The Rev. Charles L. Newbold performed the ceremony.

The bride was gowned in white charmeuse and rose point lace and carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. Miss Esther Davis of Brooklyn acted as maid of honor.

Carleton Bunce was best man for his brother, and the ushers were F. Mayhew Washburn and Frederick Cunningham of this city. Edwin Hermann Crawford gave his sister in marriage.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride. Among the guests were Mrs. A. C. Bunce, Mrs. Spencer Langston, Mrs. A. A. Welch, Mrs. Walter Large, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Crawford, Mrs. A. W. Capron, Mrs. Carleton Bunce, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Jackson, Mrs. Guy Carleton, Miss Bunce, Mrs. James Reynolds, Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Mackinnon, the Misses Jewett, Edward W., and Augustus W. Jewett.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Some of Those Sailing To-day on Two Liners—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Miss A. M. Adam, J. M. Anderson Ernest Britton, Miss R. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Clarke, Mrs. A. S. Clarke, Gordon Craig, E. H. Davis, the Rev. D. J. Dougherty, Bishop of the Philippines; Miss Kate Forsythe, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Grey, Herman Metz, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene E. Mapes, Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Nelson, F. E. Parker, James Allwood Smith, United States Consul at Calcutta; Mr. A. Taft, Mrs. J. Whistler, and Capt. F. A. Wilcox.

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA (Hamburg)—Dr. L. G. Avery, C. W. Burdick, Mrs. H. F. Boardman, Mrs. W. H. Crocker, Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Davis, W. C. Graves, W. E. Hall, Mrs. F. Gaylord, Miss J. Lawson, Mrs. F. G. Merrill, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Newson, Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, Lady Taylor, Dr. and Mrs. H. J. Trask, Mrs. A. W. Wells, and Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Weber.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

ORUBA (Southampton, via West Indies)—J. Alleyne, Miss Hanna Bentley, W. Chamberlain, H. D. G. Dunbar, C. W. S. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Gates, Miss Eva Harris, Miss W. Kingston, Miss Gladys Lowe, the Rev. S. Naylor, Miss Celina Reyes, G. P. Thomas, and G. Stilwell.

SAXONIA (Naples)—Miss Helen Adams, Dr. and Mrs. Edgar Buckingham, R. A. Bolt, D. C. Barton, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Brock, Mrs. B. D. Cochran, J. C. Caldwell, Miss Eva C. Davis, Mrs. F. L. Fisher, Brig. Gen. G. S. Grimes, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Lewis, Mrs. C. W. Ritter, Mrs. G. S. Powers, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Stratton, Dr. F. D. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. White, and the Rev. R. Wilbur.

KAISER WILHELM DER GROSSE (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Adams, Mrs. G. R. Balfour, Lieut. Col. W. G. R. Cordue, A. M. Crane, Miss E. N. Crane, Commander Cleland Davis, U. S. N.; Mrs. F. French, Mrs. Robert E. Peary, Miss Marie Peary, C. E. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. A. Staples, Mrs. C. B. Stockwell, Arthur Taylor, Mrs. H. V. Thorpe, and Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson.

MISS UNDERHILL WEDS.

Married to Eugene V. Connett, 3d, in South Orange.

The wedding of Miss Kathryn Underhill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey I. Underhill of 148 Turrell Avenue, South Orange, N. J., to Eugene V. Connett 3d, son of Mr. and Mrs Eugene V. Connett of Convent Station, took place yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Holy Communion, South Orange, before several hundred guests. The rector, the Rev. George A. Hanna, performed the ceremony.

Miss Helen Connett, sister of the bridegroom, was maid of honor, and Mrs. George Fisher of Short Hills was matron of honor. William Brewer Connett, brother of the bridegroom, was best man. The ushers were Andrew Underhill, brother of the bride; Robert Johnson and Henry Orrick of Baltimore; John Stover of Germantown, Penn.; Carl Jones of St. Paul, Minn., and Austin Mcigs of New York, the latter a cousin of the bridegroom.

Owing to the recent death of Graham H. Brewer, uncle of the bridegroom, the reception was attended only by relatives and close friends.

Miss Edna McCaughtry Weds.

The wedding of Miss Edna McCaughtry, a writer, and Stanley C. Burger took place at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon in the Memorial Chapel of St. Mark's Church, Tenth Street and Second Avenue. The Rev. Dr. William Norman Guthrie, rector of the church, performed the ceremony. Only the immediate families were present and there was no reception. Mr. Burger is the foreign manager of a New York brokerage firm, and he and his bride are to sail this morning for Europe on the Kaiser Auguste Victoria.

Burgwin-Denny Engagement.

The engagement of Miss Mary B. Burgwin, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Burgwin of Pittsburgh, Penn., to Harman Denny Denny, Jr., a son of Mr. and Mrs. Harman Denny Denny of the same city, is announced. Mr. Denny is a brother of Archibald Denny, who several years ago married Miss Katharine Kendall, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Beals Kendall of New York.

Miss Hory, Bride of Dr. Hartman.

Miss Anna Marie Hory of this city and Dr. H. Thomas Hartman were married yesterday in the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, the Rev. Father Daly of the Paulist Fathers officiating. Miss Miriam E. Hory was her sister's only attendant, and Louis F. Hartman was best man for his brother. The couple will spend their honeymoon in the South. On their return they will live at 2,374 Jerome Avenue.

Miss Booth to Wed F. McC. Houston.

The engagement of Miss Ethel Boyd Booth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Booth of 514 Ray Street, Jamaica, to Frank McClellan Houston, was announced yesterday. Mr. Houston is a graduate of Westminster College, New Wilmington, Penn. He is a son of the Rev. Dr. Thomas A. Houston, pastor of the United Presbyterian Church of Darlington, Penn. Miss Booth is well known in social circles in Jamaica. Her father for a time was Secretary of the Borough of Queens.

Miss Marguerite Marx Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Sydney J. Marx announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marguerite Henriette, to Fernando Perez del' Pulgar, Vice Consul from Spain to New York. Dr. and Mrs. M. Murray Waxman of 143 West Seventy-first Street will give a tea for Miss Marx and her fiancé on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 23.

Miss Susan E. G. Drake's Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Susan E. G. Drake, daughter of Mrs. Benjamin Drake, to Richard Sears of Boston, which is to take place on Nov. 19 in St. James's Church, this city, is to be quiet, owing to the death of Lawrence Drake, the bride's uncle. A small reception for the family is to be given by the bride's sister, Mrs. Lyman Tiffany Dyer, at 8 East Eighty-sixth Street. Miss Drake's only attendant will be Miss Clarinda Boardman, daughter of Mrs. Lansdale Boardman.

Reception to Brand Whitlock Sunday

Mr. and Mrs. Brand Whitlock will be the guests of honor at a reception and tea to be given by the Pen and Brush Club of this city at the clubrooms, 132 East Nineteenth Street, next Sunday afternoon. The President of the club is Miss Ida M. Tarbell, the magazine writer. Brand Whitlock, until recently the Mayor of Toledo, Ohio, is the newly appointed Ambassador to Sweden.

PERCY HEMUS IN RECITAL.

Baritone Sings with Distinction Songs of Four American Composers.

Percy Hemus, a baritone whose activities have been largely confined to the West, gave a recital in Aeolian Hall last night. It was an unusual programme that he presented, inasmuch as it included only songs of four living American composers, Ward-Stephens, Egon Putz, Sidney Homer, and Arthur Bergh, with a reading of Poe's "The Raven" to a musical setting by Arthur Bergh already made known here by David Bispham.

Mr. Hemus sang with distinction and authority. His voice is of a fine quality, very rich in resonance, and he showed himself possessed of strong feeling for dramatic effect and variety of tone color. His only vocal lack was on high notes in full voice.

The programme was interesting as showing that a complete recital can be made up of American songs, even from so narrow a field as four living composers. With the exception of Mr. Homer, the composers were present in person to play the accompaniments of their songs. There was a very fair-sized audience, which seemed to enjoy thoroughly the work of the singer.

MIZZI HAJOS FOR "SARI."

Hungarian Star Engaged for Savage's Light Opera Production.

Mizzi Hajos, late star of the unfortunate "Her Little Highness" company, has been taken into the Henry W. Savage fold and will be the star in "Sari," a new light opera which will be put on by Savage Christmas week.

"Sari," which will be Mr. Savage's first new production this season, is the opera by Emmerich Kalman, which, with the title "Der Zigeunerprimas," has been current in Vienna for several months, where it has had simultaneous presentation in two theatres of the Austrian capital. At one playhouse it was sung in German, while at the other it was given in Hungarian.

The story of "Sari" is laid in Hungary and Paris. Most of the persons who figure principally in it are Hungarians. Miss Hajos is a Hungarian.

FELL TO DEATH FROM AUTO.

Joseph Milbank's Driver Fainted While at the Wheel.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 5.—Seized with a sudden illness while driving a powerful touring car owned by Joseph Milbank of New York, this afternoon, Eugene Richter, a chauffeur, fell from the machine on Byram Shore Road and was crushed to death. He was alone in the car when the accident occurred.

Mr. Milbank said to-night that Richter had been his driver for ten years, and he was sure that the man must have fainted at the wheel. The fact that the car ran a considerable distance after the accident occurred strengthened this belief. Last week Richter was accused by a Greenwich woman of running the automobile in a reckless way, and he explained that a sudden dizziness had overcome him and that he was unable to control the automobile.

DR. MORROW ESTATE, $9,354

Celebrated Specialist's Royalty on Book for Six Months $13.80.

Dr. Prince A. Morrow, one of the most noted specialists on leprosy, at his death on March 17 left a gross estate of $9,554, according to the report of the Transfer Tax Appraiser, filed yesterday. For the six months preceding his death the royalties on his book, "Social Disease and Marriage," amounted to $13.80. The rest of his estate was made up of bank accounts, personal effects, and an equity of $5,000 in 66 West Sixty-eighth Street.

By the appointment of Mrs. Mary A. Cobb, Dr. Morrow was Trustee of a fund of $10,000 for the American Society of Sanitary and Moral Prophylaxis, of which he was founder and President. This sum was placed in his care under an oral agreement only, but by the terms of his will he surrendered the fund. His wife, Mrs. Lucy S. Morrow, received one-third of the estate, the residue being divided in equal shares among his three children.

Heavy Weather Delays the Saxonia.

Owing to adverse winds and head seas, Capt. E. G. Diggle said, the Cunard steamship Saxonia, which arrived yesterday from Fiume, took thirteen days, twelve hours, and twelve minutes to steam from Gibraltar to the Ambrose Channel Lightship. Her best day's run was 294 miles. On the passenger list were two well-known civil war veterans. Brig. Gen. G. H. Grimes of Buffalo and Major Joshua Brown, who fought in the Second Regiment of Kentucky under Gen. Forest.

Edna Wallace Hopper in "Movies."

Edna Wallace Hopper is about to become an actress for the "movies." The musical comedy star, who recently returned from a stay of a year and half in Paris, had been announced as a coming vaudeville attraction, but yesterday Miss Hopper accepted a proposition from one of the film companies, and is to appear in a series of photo plays at an early date.

Lodge Is Harvard Alumni President.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of the class of '71 has been elected President of the Harvard Alumni Association for the coming year. The new Vice Presidents of the association are Marcus C. Sloss, '90, of San Francisco, Judge of the California Supreme Court, and Francis R. Appleton, '75, of Boston. The latter was re-elected.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A theatre party of 300, composed of members of the Woodmen of America, will occupy orchestra seats at Keith's Harlem Opera House to-night, to witness a performance of the stock players in "The Dictator."

Owing to the reception accorded Cyril Maude in the role of Major Bingham in "The Second in Command," the Liebler Company has decided to retain this play as the programme for the second week of Mr. Maude's engagement at Wallack's Theatre. This comedy will be followed by "Beauty and the Barge," by W. W. Jacobs and Louis V. Parker.

H. H. Frazee announced yesterday that he had engaged Robert Pitkin to replace Ralph Herz in the principal comedy role of Victor Herbert's new opera, "The Madcap Duchess," which, with Ann Swinburne in the title part, will have its New York premiere in the Globe Theatre next Friday evening. Mr. Herz will retire from the cast on Saturday night at the conclusion of the Boston engagement.

Percy Mackaye's play, "To-Morrow," will be produced at the Astor Theatre, Nov. 20, under the auspices of the Child's Welfare League. "To-Morrow" is being played at the Little Theatre, Philadelphia.

Laura May Haughwout will give a reading of Maeterlinck's "The Blue Bird," at the Little Theatre to-morrow afternoon. She has divided the play into three parts, with many subdivisions, in order to give it as much realism as possible.

Mayor-elect John Purroy Mitchel and a party of friends attended the performance of "Seven Keys to Baldpate" at the Astor Theatre last night.

"Kasernenluft," the German military play, will be given at the Irving Place Theatre tomorrow afternoon at a professional matinee.

Emmet Corrigan is to return to vaudeville and will be seen at Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre next week in the Lambs' Gambol playlet, "An Eye For An Eye."

Olga Nethersole will present this afternoon at the Colonial Theatre for the first time a one-act play called "The Last Scene of the Play," by Mrs. W. K. Clifford. The little play deals with the divorce question in England.

Last night was baseball writers' night at the Palace Theatre, and many of the scribes attended to witness Rube Marquard's new sketch. The Catholic Protectory Band, which has played many times at the Polo Grounds, marched down Broadway to the theatre, and during the intermission in the theatre played several selections.

MICHAEL T. DALY, POLITICIAN, DIES

Commissioner of Public Works Under Mayor Gilroy and Croker's Right-Hand Man.

OFFICE HOLDER 40 YEARS

Chief Clerk of Bureau of Elections Was Foe of Tammany Hall In His Early Political Career.

Michael T. Daly, for many years chief clerk of the Board of Elections, under Mayor Gilroy, the Commissioner of Public Works, intimate friend of Richard Croker, and personally known to as many politicians as any man in New York, died at his home, 188 Lexington Avenue, yesterday morning. Mr. Daly had been ill only a short time and was at his office and apparently enjoying good health for one of his age when he was stricken about ten days ago. He never rallied and his death was not unexpected.

Michael T. Daly was born in Ireland in 1841. He came to this country when he was ten years old. He was educated in the public schools and in the Free Academy, now the College of the City of New York. He first worked as a clerk in a broker's office, and afterward as a bookkeeper for Patrick Mulvihill, wine importer at 302 Pearl Street.

He entered politics when he joined the Andrew Jackson Club, which was afterward merged into Apollo Hall, and was with that organization in its fights against Tammany Hall. He was Second Mayor's Marshal under Mayor Oakey Hall, prior to that time. Fighting against Tammany caused him to lose that place. In 1873 he was made Clerk of Part I. of the old Marine Court, but he resigned that place in 1876 to go into business as an auctioneer.

Mr. Daly did not remain long in this business, but returned to politics as a clerk in one of the parts of the Supreme Court. In 1890 he was made Chief Clerk of the City Court, and in May, 1891, Mayor Grant appointed him a Commissioner of Accounts. He was holding this place when Thomas F. Gilroy became Mayor and resigned as Commissioner of Public Works. Mayor Gilroy then appointed Mr. Daly as his successor as Commissioner of Public Works, and in May, 1893, he was reappointed for the full term.

It is said that Mr. Daly owed his appointment as Commissioner of Public Works to the friendship of Richard Croker. Twenty years ago a prominent politician once referred to Daly as "Croker's second self." It was said that he was so thoroughly in the confidence of the Tammany Chieftain that he opened his letters and answered them, in other words, he was Croker's right-hand man in the administration of the affairs of the organization that was so completely routed last Tuesday.

Daly referred to Croker as "the little Chief," and he was always proud of the fact that he had been and was Croker's friend. At the time of his death Mr. Daly had been a public office holder for practically forty years.

Election Excitement Kills Rabbi.

Morris Frank, a well-known Williamsburg Rabbi, 63 years old, who lived at 117 Seigel Street, was found dead in bed yesterday by his wife, Rebecca, when she called him for breakfast. The Rabbi was seemingly in good health when he retired Tuesday night, after he had been out watching the election returns. It was thought that the excitement attending the posting of bulletins brought on heart disease.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE F. ROBINSON, a retired transportation agent, died on Tuesday at his home in Brooklyn. He is survived by his widow and two daughters.

THOMAS SPENCER FIELDING, son of the late Police Sergt. James S. Fielding, died on Tuesday at his home in Brooklyn. His brother, William H. Fielding, who was a keeper in Sing Sing Prison, died four weeks ago.

Mrs. ANNA TICKNER, 73 years old, of 45 Downing Street, Brooklyn, died on Monday in her home. She was born in New York and lived the greater part of her life in Brooklyn. Two sons and a daughter survive her.

Miss MARY SNOW GILBERT, 72 years old, who for forty years had been prominent in missionary work among the poor in this city, died on Monday at the home of a niece, at 668 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn.

JOHN FRENGER, 78 years old, of 763 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, died at his home yesterday. He was for many years sexton of the Herkimer Street German Reformed Church.

JOHN WARBURG, a retired Williamsburg business man, of 1,915 East Forty-fifth Street, Flatbush, is dead at his home. He had lived in New York for fifty years.

LEWIS G. GOLDSMITH of 214 Ninetieth Street, Brooklyn, is dead at his home. He retired several years ago after forty years of service in the molding department of the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Mr. Goldsmith was a veteran of the civil war.

JOHN A. SIMPSON, 61 years old, who lived with his sister, Mrs. J. Harvey Waite, at 520 Monroe Street, Brooklyn, died there yesterday. He had been a resident of Brooklyn for more than fifty years.

EUNICE HAWKINS, since her birth, forty-five years ago, a resident of Brooklyn, is dead at her home, 236 Greene Avenue. She was an aunt of the Rev. Philip Whelan, rector of St. Ann's Roman Catholic Church, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ANN ELIZA L'HOMMEDIEU, 90 years old, is dead at her home in Setauket, L. I. She was the widow of John P. L'Hommedieu.

Mrs. SUSAN BROWN JANSEN, 43 years old, wife of Dr. Fred I. Jansen, died suddenly in Salt Lake City yesterday. She was a member of the Caughnawaga Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Her daughter is Mrs. Van Dyke See of New York.

CHARLES WESSON COMINS, President of the Comins & Evans Roofing Company, died yesterday at his home, 270 Ryerson Street, Brooklyn. He had lived in Brooklyn for more than fifty years.

SAMUEL MORGAN WEEKES, a native of Brooklyn, 40 years old, died Tuesday at his home, 69 Morton Street, Brooklyn. He was a son of the late Alderman Samuel Weekes.

Miss ANNA MESEROLE, a direct descendent of Jan Meserole, who settled on Long Island in 1662, died yesterday in the Willard Sanitarium, Ocean Parkway, L. I. She was a prominent member of the W. C. T. U. Miss Mezerole was 70 years old.

JOHN FREDERICK CORDES, a retired grocer, who was in business in Brooklyn for many years at Fourth Avenue and Dean Street, died Monday at his home, 372 Dean Street. He was born in Germany eighty years ago.

Mrs. MARY FITZ-RANDOLPH SILLIMAN, widow of Col. William Silliman, died Tuesday at her home in Morristown, N. J. She was 67 years old.

JOSEPH SHAPIRO, 55 years old, of 1,420 Stebbins Avenue, a leather merchant, who has been in poor health for some time, died Monday night with his wife and daughter, Sofia, in Intervale Avenue yesterday. Coroner Healy's physician said that Mr. Shapiro died of heart disease.

WILLIAM B. GOULD, 75 years old, died yesterday at his home in South Orange, N. J. He had been a manufacturer of hardware, with a factory in Newark, which was established by his father, the late Mitchel Gould, in 1832. Besides a widow, Mr. Gould is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Edwin Bayles, and a son, Clifford A. Gould.

MICHAEL WOODS, 70 years old, for years a foreman in the D., L. & W. Railroad shops at Lyndhurst, N. J., died at his home there Tuesday night a few hours after casting his vote, one of the crosses on the ticket being for his son, Town Clerk John F. Woods, who was elected Freeholder.

FRANK LESLIE STEERS, dealer in phonograph supplies at Broadway and 143d Street died on Tuesday at his home, 600 West 144th Street, aged 54 years. Mr. Steers was a member of the Lambard Choral Society in West 108th Street, and was a well-known amateur musician.

WILLIAM JOHNSON, a contractor, died on Tuesday at 230 West 136th Street.

Mrs. ELIZABETH H. LYMAN, wife of Frederick W. Lyman, a retired

FOOTBALL TEAMS SHAPING UP FOR SATURDAY'S GAMES—GIANTS LOSE IN TEXAS

TIGERS DRIVEN IN LAST HARD WORK

Harvard Formations Rehearsed —Scrimmage Against Freshmen.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 5.—Princeton's 'Varsity and freshman football elevens took their final hard scrimmage this afternoon preparatory to their big games, the 'Varsity against Harvard, and the freshmen against the Yale cubs on Saturday. The 'Varsity won in thirty minutes of play by a 9 to 0 score. Payne, who substituted for Full Back Streit, carried the ball over for a touchdown after the ball had been brought down to the ten-yard line on a mixture of formations, chiefly through the freshman line, and Capt. Hobe Baker added the other three points by a drop kick from the twenty-five-yard line. Previous to the tussle with the freshman the 'Varsity was put on the defensive against team B, the latter using Harvard's formations exclusively. The ineligibles failed to put it over the goal line in the entire twenty minutes of play.

"Eddie" Hart played with the 'Varsity, and his constant smashes through the opposing line resulted in the failure of most of the plays before they were started. The Tigers had a Brickley, a Mahan, and a Hardwick to work against, and the coaches drove them as hard as though the make-believes were the real Harvard players.

The coaches have abandoned their attempt to discover or develop a punter on the squad of such strong kicking ability that he could make the eleven on that prowess alone, and instead they have decided to divide the burden between Law, Borden, and Capt. Baker, the task being additional to Baker's already heavy load. All three selections took a turn at the punting to-day from scrimmage formations, and in spite of Baker's lack of practice his kicks averaged well up to those of both Borden and Law. In all attempts he succeeded in getting them off accurately and quickly, but his distance was slightly under that of Law, while Borden's punts did not average by ten yards up to what he has been doing.

All the regulars were in the line-up today and all are, according to the coaches, in good condition. Borden substituted for Law at right half near the end of the practice, and Payne went in for Streit at full back just before the touchdown came, while Glick found relief in Emmons for a short period at the end.

Princeton will introduce a novelty in the game Saturday by wearing numerals on their backs to facilitate the task which the crowd usually finds in following the game. The numbers with the names of the players wearing them will be printed on the souvenir programmes to be obtained at the gates. Princeton has been anxious to use numbers on their players for three years during which time Parke H. Davis, Princeton's representative on the Football Rules Committee, has been asking that body to adopt a rule requiring the general use of numbers. The objection has been that numbers might assist the players in diagnosing their opponents plays. This year Princeton asked Harvard for permission to use the system, and also suggested that Harvard use them, but the Crimson authorities declined to go further than to grant permission to the Tigers.

MAHAN IN GAME AGAIN.

Harvard's Regular Backfield in Fighting Trim for Tigers.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 5.—With Mahan back in the Crimson's 'Varsity line-up this afternoon, the Gambridge coaches had their first chance of the week to work the regular backfield together on the plays for the Princeton game and to work out some of the important details of their defense to be put on against the Tigers' open game, which is expected Saturday.

Mahan was quite himself, showing plenty of speed, getting into interference and defense and also showing that his absence has not served to put him off his game as a dangerous drop kicker. He will get into a harder scrimmage to-morrow, and it is certain that he will play Saturday at Princeton. It is doubtful, however, whether Trumbull will be able to play centre. The coaches say that there is a possibility for him, but in the meantime Soucy is being worked hard, and probably will have to play most of the game even should Trumbull be able to start.

Except for Soucy, Harvard had its regular first string team on the field for more than an hour and a half today. The first part of the practice was defense against the second team and later the 'Varsity tried its own plays, several of which are new, against some substitutes and four or five of the coaches, including Parmenter, Corbett and the Withingtons. In neither scrimmage did the teams endeavor to score, but to-morrow there will be a red hot fight.

After the practice Mahan, Brickley and Logan tried for field goals from behind the scrimmage line, Brickley making five successful shots in seven tries, Logan scoring only once in five tries and Mahan missing three of his seven tries. Crimson's defense against intricate forward passes was better to-day and the team showed a lot of snap. The line, however, still bothers the coaches considerably. R. W. P. Brown, '08, assisted the coaches today.

Ursinus Cancels Remaining Games.

COLLEGEVILLE, Penn., Nov. 5.—Following the death of George Gay, a Ursinus College student and athlete, who had his neck broken in a football game Saturday at Phoenixville, the Faculty met last night and decided to cancel the remainder of the football schedule. The two games to be played were the Pennsylvania Military College and Franklin and Marshall.

ARMY-NAVY GAME PLANS.

Polo Grounds Nearly Ready for Great Contest on Nov. 29.

The work of setting up the temporary stands and boxes at the Polo Grounds for the Dartmouth-Carlisle football game on Nov. 15 and the Army-Navy game on Nov. 29 will be completed within a few days and then everything will be in readiness for these big games. All the work on the playing field was finished several days ago. Some changes from the original plans of the temporary stands have been decided upon and these will add somewhat to the seating capacity at the Polo Grounds.

The most improved football scoreboard is to be installed before the Tigers and Indians clash and it will also be operated during the Army-Navy game to keep the crowd in closer touch with the happenings on the field. It is not likely, however, that any of the teams will number their players, as they have shown no such desire to date. Spectators at the Dartmouth-Carlisle game, which is to be played at the same time as the Yale-Princeton game at New Haven, will be able to follow the progress of the latter game, as it will be reproduced on a special bulletin board at the Polo Grounds.

Requests for tickets to the Army-Navy game continue to pour in at the New York Club office and there will be little chance of eleventh-hour applications being considered. It is already certain that the supply of tickets for the general public will not fill the big demand.

Secretary John B. Foster went to Annapolis Monday and delivered to the football management there the full Navy quota of 14,500 tickets. The original request from Annapolis called for 12,500 seats and a provision was later made for 2,000 additional seats if desired. The Annapolis management asked for the additional allotment. These seats are on the north side of the field, comprising a section of the stands behind third base and a big part of the left field bleachers.

The West Point allotment, numbering 12,500 tickets, was sent to the Army management yesterday. West Point had the same privilege as Annapolis in regard to 2,000 extra seats, but did not ask for them. The cadets will occupy the south stands, taking in part of the grand-stand as well as the bleachers, the same as the Navy on the other side.

Holders of tickets secured through the New York Club will occupy that section of the grand-stand directly behind the plate, and part of the centre field bleachers. Polo Grounds boxholders will be able to purchase boxes for the game and a few will be sold to persons who are not season boxholders. The bleacher seats are to be numbered and each ticket will call for a certain seat. The New York Club will not send out the tickets until the Monday before the game.

BUSY DAY FOR WEST POINT.

Cadets Now Pointing Toward the Same Way with the Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 5.—There was much work to be done with the Army football squad this afternoon and the coaches started to do it early. Four teams worked industriously at their signals, after which the squad was called together by Head Coach Daly for final instructions before lining up for the scrimmage. The big squad of coaches followed every play in the rough work indulged in between the regulars and scrubs and before the finish nearly every man of promise on the squad had felt the effect of the gruelling work, which lasted 45 minutes and resulted in a placement goal and two touchdowns for the regulars.

Benedict booted the ball between the uprights from the 35-yard line early in the fracas. Both he and Markoe, who were in the line-up for the first time all over the week, signalled their return by fine offensive tactics. It was terrific line smashing by Benedict and Hodgson that enabled the regulars to shove Hobbs over for a score after they had carried the ball forty yards through the scrubs. Prichard distinguished himself by a 40-yard dash for a score from an intercepted forward pass, and Woodruff was the man of the hour, for, when called upon to kick both goals, he turned the trick neatly. The line showed more aggressiveness and charged better to-day.

Coaches Graves, Pullen, Sultan, and Boyers drove the forwards at every step and many men were used in the workout. Meacham, McEwan, and Wynne were slightly injured and retired early, but all will be back in the line-up to-morrow. The Albright game next Saturday is worrying nobody here, every effort being made to point the team for the big game with the Navy.

Navy Half Backs Incapacitated.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 5.—Leonard and McCreavey, the half backs of the Navy team, were not in the lineup this afternoon. Leonard has a bad knee, which he hurt in practice last week, and will not be in the lineup against Bucknell. It is hoped that he will be able to play against Penn State on the following Saturday. Somebody stepped on McCreavy's face during the Lehigh game and bruised it badly, but he could play if necessary, and the hard working back will be in the game Saturday. Failing, Alexander and Blodgett were the chief half backs used this afternoon with Harrison and Miles at full back and Mitchell at quarter back. Nichols again did good work for the second team at quarterback. Mitchell will probably start the game on Saturday, but Nichols will get a longer period of playing than against Lehigh on Saturday. The Navy is perfecting a defensive system against the forward pass plays, which Bucknell is expected to use.

Morristown Beats Randolph.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Nov. 5.—In a hard-fought football game here to-day Morristown School defeated Randolph Military Academy, 21 to 0. Morristown scored all her points in the last quarter, completely outplaying the wearied Academy boys. Capt. Devitalis starred for Morristown, making two touchdowns. Wendell also played well, running back punts in wonderful style.

NO MORE CHANGES IN YALE ELEVEN

Present Line-Up Expected to be Employed in Princeton and Harvard Games.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 5.—Capt. Ketcham of the Yale eleven admitted to-night that no more changes will be made in the team this week and the coaches hope that no more will be necessary this season. The shift they ordered on Monday was maintained in to-day's practice, the first scrimmaging of the week for the 'Varsity. If the present line-up proves as strong against Brown on Saturday as the coaches believe it will, the same combination will be hurled against Princeton and Harvard on consecutive Saturdays. The shake-up gives Yale a new centre trio in Way, Cooney and Marting, places Capt. Ketcham at right end, moves Full Back Aleck Wilson from full back to quarter back and installs at full back Dave Dunn, who had the position two seasons ago. It removes Tommy Cornell from left half back and hands that berth over to Ainsworth, who has returned to the squad after a week's absence. Ainsworth's selection is the biggest surprise of the set, as Cornell has been a success in most of the games he has played.

Ainsworth is the sensation of the season here and his dodging and end running have been the best of the squad. He is prone to injury and very light.

To-day marked the return of the 'Varsity to scrimmaging. The regulars were lined up for fifteen minutes against the freshmen and showed their best form in weeks. They not only mowed down the 1917 players for two touchdowns without giving up the ball from the kick off, but they held the scrubs who tried Harvard formations. Wilson starred in his new role of quarter back, taking a forward pass from Ainsworth and cutting into the open for a forty-yard run that scored the first touchdown. Knowles scored the other through a tackle plunge for eight yards after the regulars had carried the leather by short dashes close to the freshmen's goal. Dr. Bull's scrub eleven tried twelve attacks to get the ball over the 'Varsity goal from the ten-yard line without succeeding, the second eleven blocking the Crimson formation easily.

Two more injuries occurred to-day, Don Markie being put out of the game for the season when he injured his elbow again. This member was hurt last month, and he had only just returned to the play. Markie was a first string player last year. Johnny Castles slightly injured his foot to-day.

Additions to the coaching staff included George Goss, Ned Glass, Ralph Bloomer, Tom Shevlin and Guy Hutchinson. The 'Varsity line-up to-day decided upon for next Saturday follows: Left end, Avery; left tackle, Talbott; left guard, Way; centre, Marting; right guard, Cooney; right tackle, Wren; right end, Ketcham; quarter back, Wilson; left half back, Ainsworth; right half back, Knowles; full back, Dunn.

CORNELL LOSES O'HEARN.

Crack Right End Will Be Unable to Play Against Michigan.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 5.—The Cornell football team went into the first secret practice of the year on Alumni Field this afternoon. Head Coach Sharpe uncovered several plays to be used in the Michigan game on Saturday, and while he was teaching them to the 'Varsity he would not permit any outsiders to have a look at the way they were worked. In all probability Cornell will practice in seclusion for the remainder of the season.

The first bad news in several weeks came out from the camp to-day. The coaches got word from O'Hearn, the great right end, that he had suffered a relapse and would not be able to return here this week, and, therefore, he will be kept out of the Michigan game. O'Hearn was taken from the field in the Harvard game last week with a badly cut eye, which at times refused to perform its functions. It was blinded for some time after the Harvard game. Word came in early this week, however, that he was improving rapidly and would get back here in time to take his place in the line-up against Michigan. Expecting a running game from the Michigan backs, especially Craig, the coaches were counting on O'Hearn to do the brunt of the work of defense, and they are now well at sea over this proposition. Mehaffey, who has played left end, was switched over to right end, while Ress was put back at left end, where he played early in the season.

With the exception of O'Hearn, the entire 'Varsity team was out to-day, and for two hours went through a brisk practice of signal work and scrimmaging. The Cornell men showed good form and the team is rounding into fine shape for the game with the Westerners, who are coming here prepared to clean up Cornell.

Lafayette Scrimmage Unsatisfactory

EASTON, Penn., Nov. 5.—A fast scrimmage held to-day in preparation for the Pittsburgh game was of a rather discouraging order to the Lafayette coaches and to the men themselves. The scrimmage lasted for a long time—that is, a long time for a scrimmage on March Field—and in two spurts the 'Varsity made as many touchdowns, but the work of the first team was far below the standard. The scrubs, to all intents and purposes, scored a touchdown early in the melee, but it was barred on a technicality. This did not offset the fact that the scrub team ran through the 'Varsity like water through a sieve, in this effective penetration Williams took the leading part. This ambitious young scrub dashed through the 'Varsity time and again for long gains. Blackburn, Hamming and Louden also helped to put the 'Varsity to shame, and Oberlin and Paulon, of the scrub line made the gains of the backfield easier. Among the 'Varsity men Boyer was the superior. He picked his holes with great precision, and was largely instrumental in making the two 'Varsity touchdowns.

Stevens Freshmen Beat Sophs.

The annual football game between the freshman and sophomore classes at Stevens was played at Castle Point Field yesterday. The freshmen had the better of the contest, winning out by the score of 7 to 0. The game was fast and well played. The youngsters have made a good showing in football this year, as shown by the fact that six of the freshman team are 'Varsity men. In the second quarter O'Dougherty intercepted a sophomore forward pass and ran forty-five yards for a touchdown. Kent kicked the goal. The line-up:

Freshman.	Position.	Sophomore.
Given	Left end	Erdofy
Kent	Left tackle	Rendall
Kynor	Left guard	Wilkinson
Graydon	Centre	Burn
Gavin	Right guard	Oldis
Middleton	Right tackle	Soper
O'Dougherty	Right end	Hoinkis
Anderson	Quarter back	Muehleck
Bartsch	Left half back	Todd
Savale	Right half back	Musk (Capt.)
Hersloff (Capt.)	Full back	Rosenberg

Referee—Mr. Pangburn, Stevens. Linesman—Mr. Higley, Ohio State. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Easy Work for Lehigh Team.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 5.—Still adhering to the rest-up policy the Lehigh 'Varsity employed the usual Wednesday half holiday in a long signal practice. The regular scrimmage game with the second team was dispensed with and instead a semi-scrimmage took place. In this style of practice the scrubs worked out well-known Swarthmore plays, and it was the duty of the 'Varsity to break them up. The work of the afternoon was regarded as fairly satisfactory owing to the fact that many are still suffering from bruises. There was more snap in the playing to-day than at any time this week, and this is due to the fact that the mental depression of the players is gradually giving way to the old-time confidence. By Saturday the men will be in good shape again, but to attain this end no heavy work will be given them on the remaining days of practice. Fred Green and Grumback were simply looking on to-day, and Capt. Flick was tried out at Green's left end, where he will play Saturday, if Green does not round into condition.

DARTMOUTH HOPES HIGH.

Big Green Team Expects to Beat Penn if Line Does Not Waver.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 5.—The Dartmouth team had its last scrimmage to-day before the Pennsylvania game on Saturday, and every team on the field was glad when the coaches called enough. The practice was the hardest of the year, consisting of three fifteen-minute periods of scrimmage, preceded by grueling setting-up work, and followed by a short signal drill. All the "lame ducks" were on hand, miraculously recovered, and Hogsett, Loudon, Dunbar and Curtis vied with each other to see who could show the best effects from his short rest. Of the whole squad only two men were out of practice, Snow and Ambrose, and the coaches had long since become resigned to doing without them in the Quaker game.

For the first time since the Princeton game the team seemed to be running together and at top speed. Special improvement has shown in the work of the line and the coaches predicted freely a victory over Pennsylvania if the forwards held their own against the heavier Quaker line. The Dartmouth backfield trio is definitely decided and will consist of Whitney, Murdock and Snow. The Dartmouth supporters are willing to back these three men against any Pennsylvania can show to beat Whitney's plunging or Curtis's speed and punting ability. The coaches have not left the team without other kickers, however, and Whitney is now in condition to punt the ball over forty yards at a clip.

The Dartmouth squad will consist of twenty-seven players, and will leave here for New York to-morrow night. It will spend Friday in New York, practicing there, and will go to Philadelphia Saturday morning. Two hundred students will follow the team and excitement is at a high pitch here to-night, as it is felt that a victory over the Quakers is all that stands between Dartmouth and a very high rating for the season. The general sentiment in Hanover indicates a hard, close game with the Pennsylvania seven excelling in strength and the home team superior in all parts of football strategy.

PENN SHOWS UP STRONG.

Coaches Well Pleased with Progress Eleven Is Making.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—Six touchdowns marked the scoring power of the University of Pennsylvania 'Varsity football eleven in the final scrimmage to-day prior to the Dartmouth game on Saturday. It was the first chance the regulars had of unfolding the attack which has been built up for the Hanover team, and the way they outclassed the scrubs in the fifty-minute workout brought joy to the coaches.

Not only did the 'Varsity show up well on the offense, but also displayed a defense that was practically impregnable. For fifteen minutes the scrubs attempted to carry the ball across the goal line within the shadow of the 'Varsity's goal posts, but never got any nearer than the five-yard line.

To-morrow the 'Varsity squad will go to the Whitemarsh Country Club, outside the city, where they will stay until Saturday morning. Light signal drills will be the order from now on until the big game.

Amherst Battle with Freshmen.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., Nov 5.—Coach Hobbs gave the Amherst team a long and hard practice to-day on Pratt Field, and after the usual signal practice and catching of punts sent his charges against the freshman team for an hour's scrimmage. In contrast to yesterday's practice for the development of defensive playing, to-day's scrimmage was for the purpose of perfecting the 'Varsity's offensive attack. The 'Varsity had three substitutes in the line-up, Captain McGay, Chamberlain and Warren were given a rest and their places were taken by Knowlton, Bancroft and Rugg. The 'Varsity scored nine touchdowns against the first-year men, and a future star was found in Knowlton, who played full back. He was sent through the freshmen's line for huge gains, and he scored five touchdowns. He tore holes in the freshman line, and it is probable that Coach Hobbs may use him in Rider's place. Hubbard also showed up well in running back of punts and running through a broken field were remarkable, and the diminutive quarter back is expected to do great things against Williams. A probable star was also discovered in Brown, the freshman captain, who intercepted a forward pass attempted by the 'Varsity, and ran forty yards for a touchdown. Newton Kimball's shoulder is getting into shape and he will probably be available for the Williams game, while Whitten, who scored Amherst's touchdowns against Dartmouth, has left his crutches and is walking around. It is expected that he will don the moleskins next week. His place to-day was taken by McTernan and Atwater.

Secret Practice for Williams.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Nov. 5.—The first secret practice of the season to-day marked the middle of a week fraught with importance for the Williams College 'Varsity. The shaking up in the team ordered by Coach Daly on Monday has been tried and gives promise of results against Wesleyan next Saturday. Turner, full back for two seasons, is rounding into shape and the position of centre and is succeeding. Tomkins, the former centre, with a little more practice, will make an efficient end. Jones is showing life and head work at quarter back. The changed back field is working well, while the line is coming along slowly. If this shift does not show enough excellence, however, there is a probability that the former lineup will be resorted to. Capt. Vinal's injured ankle is improving, and he will be at end on Saturday. Newton, injured in the Harvard game, is still under the weather, and may not play against Wesleyan. The other cripples are improving and almost all will be fit in a few days.

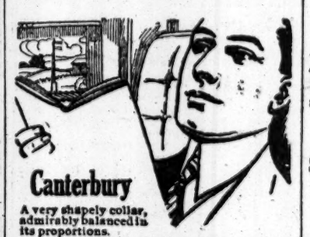
Irving Beats Hackley 20 to 7.

Irving School football players invaded the domain of Hackley School yesterday at Tarrytown and defeated the home eleven by a score of 20 to 7. The back field of the winners played conspicuously with Anderson and Payne starring. Leaf ran the Irving team in capital style. Hackley assayed several forward passes, which were intercepted. Anderson punted 60 yards on one of his attempts, following which Pettibone, for Hackley, make a 70-yard run for a touchdown, which was followed by the goal. When the game ended Irving had the ball on Hackley's one-yard line.

Five Teams on Carlisle Field.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 4.—Five separate football teams with hard games coming on Saturday worked out on the Carlisle Indians' football gridiron this afternoon, when the Indian 'Varsity eleven, Dickinson, Conway Hall, Indian Reserve, and Junior 'Varsity Indians just about filled the big field with their squads. Practically every footballer in Carlisle was photographed in a tremendous group. The era of good feeling in athletic circles here was further cemented when the Indians scrimmaged for one-half hour against the strong Conway Hall eleven and concluded with a long period against Coach Harrington's rapidly developing Dickinson team. The big crowd of football men followed eagerly through the contests in which Conway and Dickinson figured with great credit. All of the Indian 'Varsity team players were in the line-up and no injuries were reported on the squad. The Indians used the plays they will work against Johns Hopkins on Saturday, and Dickinson was preparing for the Lebanon Valley game, while Conway's efforts were directed toward tackling the Pennsylvania freshmen.



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HEAVY BATTING IN WHITE SOX VICTORY

Nineteen Hits and Ten Runs Accumulated Off Matty and Hearne at El Paso.

By JOHN J. McGRAW, Manager New York Giants.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Nov. 5.—A poor playing field and an overflow crowd, which interfered somewhat with the outfielders, made our final game in Texas a poor contest as a baseball spectacle, and the Sox defeated us by the score of 10 to 7. It was a free hitting affair all the way, with the result in doubt up to the closing innings. Five runs by Callahan's boys in the seventh put us far in the rear, and our ninth inning rally fell short.

The weather conditions were ideal for baseball, but the sand lot on which we played had a worse effect on the game than bad weather would have caused. The Texans have shown themselves very enthusiastic over the world's tourists, and Washington Park held, it is said, the largest crowd that ever witnessed a ball game in El Paso. The boys were inclined to loaf a bit in the closing innings, but I gave all to understand that they must play real baseball on this trip. The crowds want fast baseball, and they are going to get it.

An aeroplane exhibition by an aviator named Wagner was one of the side features of the game. He has been making flights here for several days, and in the first inning of the game he volplaned to the playing field after circling around a few times. He was anxious to have some of the players take a ride with him and Sam Crawford accepted the invitation. None of the other players were willing to ride.

As Mathewson is no longer suffering from the severe cold which troubled him for several days, I asked him to pitch, but one inning was enough to prove that Matty was not "right." The Sox touched him up for three runs, and Bunny Hearne went in at the beginning of the second inning. The fans here wanted to see Matty work the full game, but I could not agree to that. If I acceded to the requests of the fans in the different cities Matty would be working every day.

Jim Scott again proved our Jonah. The miner is very popular here as he pitched for a semi-professional game here several years ago. One of his games was against the Giants during a Spring training trip and Matty was one of our pitchers in that game, which Scott won. He got a great reception when he went to the box to-day. We hit him hard enough to win ordinarily, getting two doubles and as many triples in our collection of eleven hits, but even this assortment could not match the fourteen hits made off the Sox. They got four off Matty in the first inning and fifteen off Hearne in the next seven frames.

Magee gave a wonderful exhibition in the sun field. All of his four catches were of the spectacular order, one being with his gloved hand after a long run. Crawford, Rath, Meyers and Weaver had a field day at bat.

We ran second to the Sox all the way. After they got three runs off Matty in the first inning the Giants got two in the second on a pass to Doyle and triples by Merkle and Thorpe. Jim was left on third. In the fourth we got another run on Merkle's drive to left which was muffed by Evans and netted three bases. Mike Doolan's sacrifice fly scored Merkle. In the seventh Meyers's double scored Doolan, who had walked. In the ninth Doolan's single, a pass to Thorpe, Meyers's second double and a single by Hearne gave us three more runs. The score:

WHITE SOX.	AB	R	H	PO	A
W'ver, ss	3	2	3	4	5
Rath, 3b	5	1	4	2	3
Sp'ker, cf	5	0	2	2	1
C'ford, rf	5	2	4	2	0
Evans, lf	4	0	0	3	2
Schalk, c	4	0	0	3	2
Schf'er, 2b	5	1	2	2	0
Daly, 1b	4	0	1	10	1
Schalk, c	4	1	1	3	1
Scott, p	3	2	2	0	6
Total	40	10	19	27	20

GIANTS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sn'dg'a, cf	5	0	2	2	0
Magee, lf	5	0	2	4	0
Lob't, 3b	4	0	0	6	0
Doyle, 2b	2	1	0	1	6
M'kle, 1b	4	2	1	8	1
D'lan, ss	3	1	1	2	3
Thorpe, rf	3	1	2	1	0
Meyers, c	4	1	3	1	0
M'son, p	0	0	0	0	1
Hearne, p	3	0	1	0	4
Total	32	7	11	24	13

Errors—Evans, Snodgrass, Meyers, Mathewson.

White Sox	3	2	0	0	0	0	5	0	—10
Giants	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	3—7

Stolen bases—Doyle, Rath, Scott. Two-base hits—Scott, Meyers. (2.) Weaver. Three-base hits—Merkle, Thorpe. Sacrifice hit—Evans. Double play—Scott, Rath, and Weaver. Innings pitched—By Mathewson, 1; by Hearne, 7. Hits—Off Mathewson, 4; off Hearne, 7. Struck out—By Hearne, 1; by Scott, 2. Bases on balls—Off Hearne, 3; off Scott, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Hearne, Evans. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Sheridan.

Pittsburgh Must Pay Cooper.

CINCINATI, Ohio, Nov. 5.—The National Baseball Commission to-day upheld the claim of A. W. Cooper for $800 alleged to be due him from the Pittsburgh Club of the National League. Cooper claimed that President Dreyfus of the Pittsburgh Club signed him to a contract, calling for $1,500 for the season of 1913, promised to pay him $1,800 if he was retained by the club during the entire season. He was retained and the National Commission allowed the claim and ordered the Pittsburgh Club to forward that amount to the player.

Not Much Hope for Fordham Team.

The last home game on Fordham's schedule comes on Saturday, when Boston College plays at Fordham Field. The following Saturday the Maroon winds up the season with Holy Cross at Worcester, Mass. Victories over both of these teams are much to be desired, but Coach Thorpe realizes that heroic work must be done in the short time given him for preparation. The interference will have to be bolstered up and adequate protection given to the kicker. The faults so glaringly exhibited against Villanova on Election Day, lack of team work and very poor tackling, and this so late in the season, must be speedily eliminated to insure a good showing against Boston College, which last Saturday easily defeated the strong Worcester Polytechnic substitute eleven, 14 to 0. The defensive work of Capt. Mulvey and Bud Wymard was the only redeeming feature of Fordham's stand against Villanova. Both men entered that game in none too good condition, which rather emphasizes their good playing. The entire eleven was a little "mussed up" yesterday. Tom Thorpe has promised to hustle his charges in scrimmage periods to-day against the scrubs and both the Prep and Commerce elevens.

Football Hurts Kill a Schoolboy.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Nov. 5.—Injuries received in a football game caused the death to-day of William McCartney, aged 15, a high school student. He was hurt in a game last Saturday. At the hospital it was found that his skull had been fractured in three places.

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TO IGNORE BALL PLAYERS.

American League Will Not Take Up So-Called Grievances.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—The American League will not consider the demands of the Baseball Players Fraternity at its annual meeting to-morrow. President Johnson said to-day that the league had never been asked formally by the fraternity to grant any reforms or to make any changes in the contracts and that, while the National Commission had referred to each club owner a synopsis of the changes desired by the men, the programme of the meeting called for no discussion of it. The commission probably will take action on the demands ahead of either the American or National League, if any action is taken, according to Johnson.

Magnates were slow in gathering to-day and the absence of some of its members caused a postponement of the Board of Directors meeting until to-morrow. It will precede the league meeting, which is to be held late in the afternoon.

With the announcement that the players' demands will not come up for discussion the source of liveliest public interest is removed. The meeting, according to the President and the few owners who have arrived, will deal with routine affairs.

The question of reduced admission to world's series games may be discussed. Incidental to announcing this possible feature, Mr. Johnson said he had never favored increasing the number of games in the big series to the best five out of nine. No discussion of the commission's abandoning its 10 per cent. share of the world's series receipts is on the programme as reported, mainly for the reason that the league has no jurisdiction over the matter.

Threats of the Federal League and rumors of a baseball war involving a wholesale desertion of players will be unheeded. A story that in self-defense the American Association planned to put teams in Cleveland and Pittsburgh to fight the Federal League on its own grounds was denied by Owner Charles Somers of the Cleveland Club, which has practically controlling interest in the Toledo organization.

CHAMPIONS NOT ELIGIBLE.

Kiviat, Kyronen, and Hayes Barred from Junior Cross Country.

At a meeting of the Championship Committee of the Metropolitan Association held yesterday the entries of Abel R. Kiviat and Martin Hayes, Irish-American A. C., and W. Kyronen, unattached, were returned as ineligible. Kiviat was barred because of his having won national titles; Kyronen for the reason that he has not been in the district long enough, and Hayes through his having competed on winning teams for similar honors.

Eight teams will struggle for the title of junior team champion in the race which is carded for Saturday over the Van Cortlandt Park course. Among them are Yonkers Y. M. C. A., Long Island A. C., Irish-American A. C., Bronx Church House, New York A. C., Royalton A. C., Glencoe A. C., and Mohawk A. C.

The following will try for the individual honors: Russell Springstein, Yonkers Y. M. C. A.; Frank Smith, George Critchley, Harry Hellawell, and J. Longfeld, all of the New York A. C.; A. Rosander, unattached; P. Dougherty, Jersey Harriers; C. Pores, Sheridan A. C.; Gaston Strobino, unattached; J. H. Dennelly, Irish-American A. C., and Nick Giankicopolis, unattached.

Second Win for Lawyers Nine.

The Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company for the second consecutive year won the championship of the Associated Bankers' Baseball League, and captured the Coulter Frew Cup and Alexander Taylor medals. The winners lost only two games out of twenty-eight played, and finished the season with an average of .857. The Security Bank, Guaranty Trust, and Bankers' Trust Companies tied for second position. The final standing follows: Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, .857 percentage; Security Bank, .714 percentage; Guaranty Trust Company, .714 percentage; Bankers' Trust Company, .714 percentage; Fourth National Bank, .384 percentage; Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company, .384 percentage; Chase National Bank, .222 percentage; National Park Bank, .083 percentage.

La Salle Defeats Xavier Quintet.

La Salle Academy basketball team opened its season with a victory over the Xavier quintet on the former's court by the score of 31 to 21. At the end of the first half the score stood 14 to 13 in favor of the Xavier boys. In the second half, however, the La Salle boys outplayed their opponents, making 18 points. Ungerland and Larkin played well for Xavier. The line-up:

La Salle	Positions.	Xavier.
Horan	Forward	Larkin
Prendergast	Forward	McCarthy
Mangan	Centre	Ungerland
Noonan	Guard	McGoldrick
Laura	Guard	Deagen

Goals from field—Prendergast, 3; Mangan, 3; McCarthy, 3; Lauria, 3; Larken, 2; Ungerland, 2; Deagen, 2; Noonan, 1; Horan, 1. Goals from fouls—Prendergast, 9; Ungerland, 3. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes. Referee—Mr. Noonan, Manhattan College.

New Jersey Deer Season Closes.

Special to The New York Times.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., Nov. 5.—The closing of the deer season to-day in New Jersey was a most successful one for the hunters and no less than six deer were killed. Notwithstanding that more deer were slaughtered this season than in previous years old sportmen state that there are plenty remaining for the breeding season. The successful hunters known to-day to have killed deer were: William Ripley of this place, who brought down a four-pronged buck; Herman Startsenbach and James H. Mason of Atlantic City, who each bagged large bucks.

Mervill Fairbrothers, a young hunter of Pleasantville, was arrested this afternoon by Game Warden William Loder, of Egg Harbor City, for killing a doe. Fairbrothers was just in the act of cutting the deer's throat when the game warden came along and made the arrest. Justice of the Peace William Mischlich to-night fined Fairbrothers $100. The sportsmen of this county will again petition the Legislature to pass a law allowing the hunting of deer with dogs.

Murphy to Box Phil Bloom.

After his ten-round bout with Phil Bloom at the Postman A. C. of Brooklyn to-night Tommy Murphy of Harlem will start West, where he will engage in several bouts before Christmas Day. Bloom has been performing in the most approved form recently, and expects to win from the Harlem lightweight. Bloom surprised the fistic fans by outpointing Knockout Brown and holding the hard hitting Willie Becker to an even break.

Other Sports on Page 9.

TO STAY OUT OF CONFERENCE

Michigan Rejects Proposition to Rejoin Intercollegiate Body.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Nov. 5.—By an overwhelming majority, students, Faculty, and Ann Arbor alumni of the University of Michigan have voted against a resumption of athletic relations with the Western Intercollegiate Conference. The result of the balloting, which has been in progress the last three days, was announced to-night as follows: In favor of returning to the conference, 980; against, 2,448. The students' vote was: 911 yes, 2,324 no: Faculty vote, 39 yes, 49 no; Ann Arbor alumni vote, 10 yes, 75 no.

A dispute has arisen as to the methods of counting the votes cast by outside alumni. Seventeen associations, voting as associations, have cast their ballots in favor of returning, while nine associations have voted no. Pro-conference men want the individual ballots counted, while the antis insist only the vote by associations should be registered.

Final action on the question is in the hands of the Board of University Regents, which will meet on Nov. 14. What effect the vote just taken will have on their decision is problematical. Considerable outside pressure is being exerted to have the board ignore the vote entirely and put Michigan back into the intercollegiate fold.

Pro-conference men declared that should the Regents finally lecide in favor of re-entering the conference, Michigan need not be deprived of games with Eastern universities.

The conference limits the yearly football schedule to seven games, at least four of which must be played with conference teams. This, they say, would leave Michigan free to continue its arrangement with Pennsylvania, Cornell, and Syracuse.

NEW STEEPLECHASE RECORD

The Welkin, Carrying 160 Pounds, Runs Two Miles in 3:52 1-5.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—A world's record for a steeplechase of two miles, 3:52 1-5, was made to-day at Pimlico race track by The Welkin with 160 pounds on her back. The Welkin is ten years

WANTS HARVESTER MONOPOLY DECLARED

McReynolds Asks That Trust Then Have Reasonable Time to Plan a Reorganization.

ARGUMENTS ARE CONCLUDED

Case Taken Under Advisement by Federal District Court—Defense Predicts Great Price War.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 5.—Attorney General James McReynolds, concluding final arguments for dissolution of the International Harvester Company before the United States District Court this afternoon, asked that an interlocutory decree be entered by the court declaring the harvester concern a monopoly in restraint of trade. He requested that the defendants have a reasonable time to submit to the court a proper plan of reorganization.

"It is the vitw of the Government that this company must be cut up into a separate and distinct units," the Attorney General said. "This must be done in such a way that the stockholders of the different parts must be distinct. We insist that it is an economic impossibility for companies owned by the same people to furnish bona fide competition."

Mr. McReynolds condemned Cyrus McCormick, whom he called the founder of the Harvester Trust, because Mr. McCormick had not appeared in the case. He reviewed the career of the harvester company from its organization ten years ago, pointing out specific instances in which, he said, the law had been violated, furnishing an ample basis for an order of dissolution under the Sherman law.

Rapid Expansion of Business.

"The story of this powerful monopoly, marking time or losing business here and there, as related by some of the counsel for the defense, is absurd," said the Attorney General. "Take the finances of this concern in 1903 and take them now and what have we? In 1903 the total business done by the International Harvester Company was $53,000,000; in 1912 it had increased to $122,000,000; in the same length of time its capitalization had increased from $120,000,000 to $163,000,000, and between 1903 and 1911, the latest figures available, the assets of this concern had increased from $130,000,000 to $223,000,000.

"Those figures in terse form, tell the story of the rapid growth of the power of this concern. This expansion has been so enormous that the word of this corporation has become absolute law to thousands and thousands.

"When the McCormick, the Deering, the Plano, the Champion, the Milwaukee and the Osborne Companies entered this organization, this monopoly automatically was born. The existing competition was wiped out.

"The International Harvester Company in its first year held the following percentages of the nation's business in the varied lines: 98 per cent. of the binders, 93 per cent. of the corn binders, 92 per cent. of the mowers, 85 per cent. of the rakes, and 40 per cent. of the twine.

"And there is nothing in the evidence to show that this situation has changed in ten years. Of course, there has been some competition. We got that story in the tobacco case and in numerous other trust cases. But the fact stands out that we have more than 90 per cent. of the great harvesting companies of the country put under one company."

"No man who looks upon that picture can fail to see that this concern had the absolute power to fix prices. Of course(there existed no desire to get 100 per cent. of the business. A certain amount of competition keeps down public sentiment and helps in other ways.

"Intent is wholly immaterial. Philanthropic purpose cannot be pleaded as justification for the result. When these defendants purposely entered into this organization, into this conspiracy, they laid themselves liable to be hcarged with guilt for the result."

At the conclusion of Mr. McReynolds's argument court was adjourned, the case being taken under advisement.

John P. Wilson, in his summing up for the defense, predicted a price war among harvester manufacturing firms.

"Whether this plea is granted or not," said Mr. Wilson, "there will be in the next few years competition in these lines such as the world has never seen. A war is now on, not only in agricultural implements, but in harvester lines, which is going to be the fiercest ever known."

Mr. Wilson did not demand acquittal, but asked that the court dismiss the case without prejudice to either side, thus reserving to the Government the right to intervene at any time in the future.

Edgar A. Bancroft of Chicago, general counsel for the harvester concern, in his closing appeal said the evidence disproved nearly every assertion of guilt made by the Government. He admitted that at the beginning of the concern's career some things might have been done by some of the five division managers which were not exactly right under the law.

Rival Division Managers.

"I desire to impress upon the court," the attorney continued, "that at the beginning there existed great rivalry between these five division managers, as each, probably, had a vision of possibly being raised to the general managership of the big new corporation. And, doubtless, these managers, for a short time, did business as it had been done for years in the harvesting and machinery lines. Those methods of competition were not always gentlemanly. It is to this period that nearly all the Government's letters and other exhibits refer. Those conditions were not created, but were ameliorated, by the International Harvester Company. Instead of being made worse."

Judge Hook interrupted Mr. Bancroft to say: "I don't suppose there ever has been a business of any kind that has not had some of this sort of thing. But the question before this court is whether there was enough of it by the International Harvester Company to make this concern guilty under the provisions of the Sherman law."

REPEATERS GRAB CAMERA.

Three Roughs Leap on Moving-Picture Men, but Are Beaten Off.

When Earl S. Barnes, head of a motion picture company and one of his camera operators made a complaint at the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station yesterday, it was learned for the first time that on Tuesday morning when they were engaged in getting a film of Chairman McCall of the Public Service Commission in the act of casting his ballot, their purpose was misinterpted by three roughs in the line of voters, who immediately suspected the camera of being a gatherer of evidence. The three, it is thought, were repeaters.

According to Barnes, they hastily dropped out of the line waiting at the polling place in Amsterdam Avenue, just above Eighty-seventh Street, and thus got out of focus of the camera. It was when the photographers moved on toward a Broadway car that the three leaped upon them.

"You fellows'll get nothing on us," was the battle cry. "You've followed us from Ninety-seventh Street, and you're trying to get evidence for that Ballot League."

Whereupon they grabbed at the camera, but the operator and Barnes fought back with such vigor that they held the film till the men fled at the approach of detectives.

To Tell of Newspapers' Part.

Robert Adamson, campaign manager of the Fusion Party, will speak to-night before the Advertising League at the Aldine Club on "The Power of the Press." The part the newspapers played in the defeat of Tammany and the peculiar vilificacions which they received will be discussed. Other well-known newspaper men will speak.

MAY END NEW HAVEN FIGHT.

Appeal Against Bond Issue Likely to be Vacated, It Is Said.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 5.—From the same sources which predicted so accurately that former Gov. Morgan G. Bulkeley, President of the Aetna Life Insurance Company, would file an appeal against the majority action of the Massachusetts Public Service Commission in approving the issue of $67,000,000 debenture bonds by the New Haven Road, it was said to-night that it was very likely the appeal would be vacated in the Massachusetts Superior Court together with the injunction, which is to be heard Monday, and that the opposition, which has maintained its position through every legal prerogative and opportunity was unwilling to so embarrass the new administration of the road as to precipitate the possibility of a receivership or the humiliation of begging short-time loans from the bankers.

All this is the result of a visit to Hartford, last evening, by Chairman Howard Elliott, who had a long conference with Mr. Bulkeley and later with the President of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company, Edward Milligan, who is a Director of the New Haven Road. Another but less generally accepted theory is that Mr. Bulkeley suggested another scheme of financing the road, because, as was remarked tonight, "a bond issue with a lawsuit hanging over it is like a hamstringing."

In connection with the report that Stone & Webster, the contractors, are negotiating for taking over the Connecticut trolley lines of the New Haven road, it was admitted to-day that representatives of the Boston Developing Company had been in town the last few days, and it is known that data have been obtained at the Post Office, the Building inspector's office and other public offices concerning the growth of Hartford during the last ten years.

MAY TEST TARIFF CLAUSE.

Importers Dissatisfied with Ruling on 5 Per Cent. Rebate Provision.

Notwithstanding the decision of Attorney General McReynolds that the 5 per cent. discriminatory rebate in the new tariff, favoring goods brought to this country in ships of American registry, conflicts with several treaties now in effect, and the intention of the Treasury Department to reject this provision as inoperative, plans are being discussed here relative to a test of its legality. Such a test, it was pointed out yesterday, would involve the right of the Secretary of the Treasury to ignore a section of the tariff law enacted by Congress and signed by the President.

If the proposed case is brought, it will probably come before the Board of General Appraisers in the form of a protest demanding a rebate of 5 per cent. on all merchandise imported in American ships. While the Treasury Department has instructed customs officials to ignore the 5 per cent. clause in question, it is doubtful if a Collector could legally refuse to forward the expected protest to the board. With a protest fairly before the lower customs tribunal, nothing would stand in the way of a judicial interpretation of the disputed section. Should the Board of Appraisers and the Customs Court of Appeals both sustain the importer's protest, it would be necessary for the Treasury Department to heed the discriminatory section or to obtain its repeal by Congress.

HURT AT THE MILITARY SHOW

Gov. and Mrs. Glynn See Soldier Wounded in Byonet Fight.

Gov .and Mrs. Glynn and the Governor's military staff attended the Military Tournament at Madison Square Garden last night and from the reviewing stand watched the drills and field work of the State and regular soldiers and of the Police and Fire Departments. They also saw a soldier, James Connelly of the Third Company, Coast Artillery Corps, U. S. A., injured seriously in a bayonet fight.

Connelly was taking part in the combat with the other members of his company. His helmet and padded protector slipped, and before he could adjust it he was stabbed in the neck by a bayonet thrust. The wounded soldier fell to the floor and was carried away by members of the hospital corps who were on duty. He was taken to the Seventy-first Regiment Armory where his company is quartered for the tournament and put in the company hospital there. It was said that his wound wasc serious but not fatal.

That was the only accident of the evening, but Gov. Glynn saw some very stirring exercises, including a flying platoon drill by Battery B, Second Field Artillery, N. G. N. Y., under the command of Major Chauncey Matlock, and a house-scaling contest between members of the New York Fire Department, under Battalion Chief Thomas Larkin.

Other events of the night included the drill of the Police Department under Lieut. McCarthy; a drill by Troops A and G, First Squadron, First Cavalry, N. G. N. Y., commanded by Major William R. Wright; field exercises by Capt. Walter Delamater's Provisional Company of the Seventy-first Regiment; the building and demolition of a trestle bridge by the Twenty-second Regiment, Corps of Engineers, and a horsemanship exhibition by the officers of the Third United States Field Artillery.

To-night Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, U. S. A., commanding the Eastern Division of the Army, will review the tournament.

TRAPS A WOOING LAWYER.

Woman Detective Then Turns Accuser at His Trial for Arson.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., Nov. 5.—Mrs. Zola Bennett, a detective employed by the State, gave some sensational testimony to-day at the trial of Frank E. Howarth, a young lawyer, charged with arson. The woman swore that Howarth told her he had burned several buildings in Putnam to "get revenge" for political defeats. Some of the houses were owned by political opponents of Howarth, Mrs. Bennett said. Howarth, who is only 24 years old, is charged with causing fourteen fires in Putnam during the last year or more. Mrs. Bennett is a pretty widow, and resides at Danielson.

Mrs. Bennett said she became acquainted with the lawyer by calling at his office, and he became so fascinated that he began visiting her. After a few weeks, she said, he became confidential with her about his past life and his plans for the future. She testified that he told her he had tried unsuccessfully to be elected to the Connecticut General Assembly, not for the honor of election, but so that he might be retained by the New Haven Railroad. He told her, she said, that politicians cheated him out of the nomination and that he burned the buildings for revenge.

WOULD-BE RESCUER SAVED.

Policeman Sought Cripple in Burning House Until Overcome.

When persons in the neighborhood of the building at 1,080 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, ran up to Patrolman Kelly of the Grand Avenue Station last evening with the news that there was a fire in the basement there, they told him also that an old and crippled woman was in the place. So he told them to turn in the alarm and he went into the basement.

The neighbors gathered in a circle about the house and waited, but Kelly did not reappear. When the firemen arrived, they were told that the policeman had been in the basement some time, so the firemen went in to look for Kelly.

On the floor of the hallway, some ten feet from the steadily advancing flames, they found him lying unconscious, overcome by the smoke. It was several hours before he was revived in the Swedish Hospital.

And there had been no one in the basement after all, nor in the rest of the building, for the tenants were all away. The fire did not reach the second floor.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

All-Silk Fabrics, Cotton Lace, and Rosaries Gain Lower Duty.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained a protest by Menke, Kaufmann & Co., regarding the classification of woven fabrics of all silk. Appraiser Higgins reported that the goods contained between 600 and 760 threads per square inch. Collector Mitchel accordingly levied $3 per pound under Paragraph 399, Tariff act of 1909. The importers asserted that the fabrics actually contained 608 threads, and asked duty under the same paragraph at $2.50 a pound, but not less than 45 per cent. ad valorem. An official analysis substantiated the importers' contention.

The board sustained M. J. Corbett & Co. on rosaries, taxed 60 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 421, act of 1909, as ornaments. They were claimed dutiable according to the components of chief value. The board granted entry at 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 199, on manufactures of metal.

J. K. Stiefel & Co. won a contention over cotton lace imported under the act of 1909. The Collector assessed 70 per cent. on the ground that the goods were made on the Lever or Gothrough machines. Duty was claimed on laces at 60 per cent. ad valorem.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

THOMAS W. BUTTS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Thomas W. Butts, an attorney of 51 Chambers Street, by these creditors: C. Amory Stevens, $1,000, money loaned; Alphonse Montant, $1,000, money loaned, and Bernard Scheinkman, $30, for medical services. Butts is in Ludlow Street Jail. He was arrested in a civil action, brought by the executors of the estate of the late Townsend Wandell, to recover $25,000.

SIEGEL & ALPERSTEIN.—A petition has been filed against William Siegel and Max Alperstein, who compose the firm of Siegel & Alperstein, manufacturers of cloaks and suits, at 135 West Twenty-ninth Street, by these creitors: Fred R. Stiefel, $160; K. Tasufia, $59, and H. Abrams, $32, on assigned claims. Judge Hough appointed Charles L. Brookheim receiver, under a bond of $1,000. Liabilities, $20,000; assets, $5,000.

EMPIRE STATE SUSPENDER COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Empire State Suspender Company, manufacturer of suspenders, at 550 Broadway, by these creditors: B. Abbott, $400; Harry Baum, $100, and A. Cummins, $400, on assigned claims. Liabilities, $20,000; assets, $5,000. Judge Hough appointed Asa B. Kellogg receiver, under a bond of $1,500.

JOSEPH GARFINKEL.—A petition has been filed against Joseph Garfinkel, dealer in furniture at 1,885 Amsterdam Avenue, by these creditors: Louis Brenner, $300; Milton Blumberg, $100, and Arthur W. Stebbins, $150. Judge Hough appointed Harry Osterman receiver under a bond of $500.

NEW CREDIT HOUSEHOLD SUPPLY COMPANY.—Jacob Zuckerman and David Nagler, doing business as the New Credit Household Supply Company, sellers of goods on the installment plan at 63 Clinton Street, have filed a petition, with liabilities of $6,229 and no assets.

KATHLEEN M. PARKER, engaged in the theatrical profession at 137 West Forty-eighth Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $5,485 and no assets. Among the creditors are John Archbold of Toronto, $796, loan; Mme. Julie, $905, merchandise; Miss May Moore, $525, merchandise; Harold D. Murphy, $200, medical services, and Miss Frederica Thum, $241, hotel accommodation.

CHARLES KOTERBA of 2,110 Starling Place, the Bronx, has filed a petition with liabilities of $1,138 and no assets.

JOHN MAIER, baker of 1,688 Avenue A, has filed a petition with liabilities of $679 and no assets.

AREF KHOURY & BROTHERS.—Judge Hough has granted a motion to deny a discharge from bankruptcy to Aref Khoury & Brothers, manufacturers of kimonos at 17 Rector Street, against whom a petition was filed on May 19, 1911, and whose liabilities were $12,589 and nominal assets $199,309. Referee W. Allen reported that the books had been manipulated so that their true financial condition could not be ascertained, and that a false statement had been made to the Fifth National Bank, which is a creditor for $9,380.

THOMAS OPTICAL COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed E. K. Coulter receiver for Martin M. Thomas and E. Charles Piper, doing business as the Thomas Optical Company at 171 Broadway, under a bond of $2,000. Liabilities, more than $9,000; assets, estimated, $9,000.

KAP BROTHERS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Karp Brothers, manufacturers of cloaks and suits at 158 West Twenty-seventh Street, show liabilities of $66,403 and assets of $34,300.

KINGSTON WOODWORKING COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Kingston Woodworking Company show liabilities of $58,634 and assets of $38,026.

NATHAN NEWMAN.—Schedules in the assignment of Nathan Newman, jobber in women's underwear at 467 Broadway, show liabilities of $5,086, nominal assets of $3,146, and actual assets of $869.

GUSSIE RUFF.—Schedules in the assignment of Gussie Ruff, dealer in dry goods at 231 First Avenue, show liabilities of $2,818 and actual assets of $300.

S. GREEN & CO., (Inc.)—Schedules in the assignment of S. Green & Co., (Inc.), manufacturer oi umbrella handles at 175 Grand Street, show liabilities of $1,408, nominal assets of $1,683, and actual assets of $1,090.

WILLIAM EGGUR.—Schedules in the assignment of William Eggur, jeweler of 71 Nassau Street, show liabilities of $3,889, nominal assets of $145, and actual assets of $89.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments, for amounts more than $100, were filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

Alton, Ralph—V. E. Gartz, $269.
Aranowitz, Samuel—B. S. Kahn, $138.
Byrne, John B.—Herb, $194.
Bell, Frederick—Bogert Flour Company, $177.
Bogdony, Joseph—H. Poltzer, $142.
Bedell, Elmer and Drusilla—A. L. Powell, $350.
Bischoff, Franklin, Jr., executor—W. Sohmer State Controller, $192.
Berg, Jacob—S. H. Abelsky, $104.
Bowdery, Barbara K.—People's Trust Company, $681.
Costar, George—J. Sommer, $1,566.
Camner, Joseph—H. H. Galinger, $1,544.
Druckur, Saul—A. A. Haas, $295.
De Long, William H.—Oswald Acetylene Company, $211.
Davis, Halsey—J. Macklin, $161.
Friedman, Max—M. Gradinger et al., $366.
Ford, Hugh C.—Burns Brothers, $151.
Fuller, Elizabeth—C. W. Joyce, $104.
Frizzell, Richard J.—A. Letteresi, $283.
Friedmann, Edward—J. Vass, $238.
Friedson, Hyman—H. Shamberg, $147.
Gold, Robert—M. Garaboss, $199.
Goldstein, Jacob—M. L. Shaine, $191.
Heinemann, Isaac—Fleishmann Brothers Co., $5,181.
Hardenberg, James—Universal Standard Electric Company, $122.
Haycock, James J., John J. Bolan—People &c., $200.
Horowitz, Jacob—Bottinger, $21,489.
Hoag, Frank B.—G. Smith, $900.
Herman, Owen—American Exchange Cigar Co., $257.
Houghm, James W—T. M. Mulry, et al., $168.
Hazer, Frederick C.—J. Rabnitz, $141.
Knabe, Wolfla—M. H. Dorland, costs, $136.
Kuthe, Herman—J. G. Roll, $206.
Levey, Irene—H. Burg, $224.
Lewis, Malka or Mollie—M. Susterdam, $226
Lash, Sidney R. and Broadway Sign Building Company, Inc.—H. Frank, Jr., $297.
Lamm, Adolph—S. Berg, $1,102.
McGarve, William M. and Otto Nage—State Bank, $125.
Martin, Charles—Church E. Gates & Co., $465.
Marchese, John E.—A. A. C. Montague, $550.
Maslow, Charles—Tower Manufacturing Company, $137.
Morris, Nonson—J. Zuhr et al., $330.
Murphy, Daniel—M. I. Eisenfeldt, $5,161.
McCaffrey, James F. and Harry Williams—People, &c., $500.
Paradise, Herman—A. Amendolasa, $500.
Porter, Samuel—E. Kramer et al., $145.
Quinn, James—Majestic Hotel Co., costs, $108.
Rising, Samuel S. and Roy—Arthur Boomhower Corporation, $209.
Rubin, Harry—S. Kantrowitz, $240.
Rosendorf, Samuel—Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., $384.
Shiffner, Wilhelmina—J. H. Rosenfeld, $103.
Shapiro, Minnie, or Minnie Wolf—A. C. Rothstein, $364.
Schwartz, Morris—E. Fishman et al., $313.
Stichel, Abraham—J. Schulman, $385.
Singer, Regina—R. Freedlander et al., $119.
Talley, Isaac—S. Ordehn et al., costs, $119
Silverstein, Samuel—Walhogg & Chase, $392.
Schnetzer, Philip—Bogert Flour Co., $152.
Tempest, John F. V.—F. Sinon et al., $389.
Rucci, Angelo—Rolandelli, $112.
Weinshcauch, Julius—E. Regensburg & Sons, $460.
Wilson, Leba—C. H. Meyer, $164.
Charles Stock Co.—C. Wagner, $231.
Cadaliac Hotel Co.—C. Deiscoll, $13,512.
Empire State Suspender Co.—W. V. Astor, $1,711.
Home Printing Co.—M. Koble, $909.
Harris, H. Uris, Iron Works—F. C. Neuen, $25,127.
Malle Little Grip Co.—Morris Bldg. Co., $311.
Rising Co.—J. Fredman, $451.
Suwassat Realty Co.—J. Kayes, $214.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Atlas, Samuel and Jeanette—I. Solotorofsky, Sept. 10, 1913, $2,023.
Gundlach, Ella—D'Amore et al., July 16, 1907, $631.
Kalbert Construction Co., Edw. F. Schubert, Francis Keil, and Muegler Iron Works—A. Waldan, Oct. 25, 1913, $709.
Levy, Charles H.—West Publishing Co., Oct. 14, 1912, $198.
M. Groh's Son—M. Hargrave, Oct. 28, 1913, $200.
Same—A. Hargrave, Jan. 24, 1913, $2,035.
Faerber, Moretz—H. V. Chasan et al., Oct. 28, 1913, (vacated,) $588.
Palmer, Samuel S.—Candee, Smith & Howland Co., June 5, 1912, (released,) $1,192.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:34 | Sun sets..4:53 | Moon sets..—

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	1:38	1:45	7:36	8:10
Governors Island	2:38	2:37	8:41	9:13
Hell Gate	4:28	4:27	10:21	10:53

Arrived—Wednesday, Nov. 5.

SS K. W. der Grosse, Bremen, Oct. 28.
SS Concho, Galveston, Oct. 29.
SS El Dia, Galveston, Oct. 30.
SS Maria di Giorgio, Philadelphia, Nov. 4.
SS Oruba, Kingston, Oct. 31.
SS Apache, Jacksonville, Nov. 3.
SS Santiago, Wilmington, Nov. 1.
SS San Giorgio, Rotterdam, Oct. 21.
SS Prinz August Wilhelm, Kingston, Oct. 31.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Oceanic	Southampton	Oct. 29
Narragansett	London	Oct. 18
Arasonia	Gibraltar	Oct. 25
Princess Irene	Palermo	Oct. 25
Paloma	Nipe	Oct. 31
Consul Horn	Amsterdam	Oct. 17
Aureole	Dartmouth	Oct. 25
Chr. Knudsen	Middlesboro	Oct. 22
Zacapa	Kingston	Nov. 1
Bremen	Bremen	Oct. 25
Paul Faix	Swansea	Oct. 27
Pola	Huelva	Oct. 17
Caribbean	Bermuda	Nov. 4
Roma	Azores	Oct. 29
Momus	New Orleans	Nov. 1

DUE TO-MORROW.

Steania	Lisbon	Oct. 21
Smyrna	Huelva	Oct. 18
Themistocles	Piraeus	Oct. 21
Celtic	Liverpool	Oct. 30
City of Columbus	Savannah	Nov. 4
El Valle	Galveston	Nov. 1
Caroline	Havre	Oct. 25
Pretoria	Hamburg	Oct. 26
Zulia	San Juan	Nov. 1
Vestris	Barbados	Nov. 1
Exeter City	Swansea	Oct. 23

DUE SATURDAY.

Savoie	Havre	Nov. 1
Olga	Seville	Oct. 27
Belvedere	Naples	Oct. 26
Laura	Almeria	Oct. 26
Prinz Willem V	Haiti	Nov. 5
Lenape	Jacksonville	Nov. 5
Esperanza	Havana	Nov. 4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Morro Castle, Havana	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Purus, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Albinga, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Taormina, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Bayamon, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

New York, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Nickerie, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Albingia, Inagua	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Oceanic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Caribbean, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Camaguey, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Thrives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Puros, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Bremen, Bremen	——	10:00 A.M.
Venezia, Naples	——	8:00 P.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	——	2:00 P.M.
Minnehaha, London	——	1:00 P.M.
Cymric, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Calabria, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Oruba, Jamaica	——	1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	2:00 P.M.
El Rio, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Dia, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Allianca, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., NOV. 5.

SS Oceanic, Southampton to New York, was 364 miles E. at 8 P. M.; due 6th, 11 A. M. White Star Line.
SS Bremen, Bremen to New York, was 193 miles E. at 2 P. M.; due 6th, 8:30 A. M. North German Lloyd.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, was 798 miles S. at 7 P. M. Ward Line.
SS Tagalancia, Tampico to New York, was 45 miles N. E. of Havana at 7 P. M. Ward Line.
SS Caribbean, Bermuda to New York, was 393 miles S. at noon. Royal Mail Steam Packet.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 775 miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 318 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon. Morgan Line.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah to New York, was 85 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 4 P. M. Savannah Line.
SS Lucy Nefi, Charleston to New York, was 7 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 247 miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 27 miles S. of Mississippi Bar at 7 P. M. Morgan Line.
SS Zacapa, Santa Marta to New York, was 220 miles S. at 7 A. M. United Fruit Co.
SS Ravo, New Orleans to New York, was 206 miles S. at 7 A. M.
SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 244 miles S. at noon. Morgan Line.
SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 230 miles S. of Galveston Bar at noon. Morgan Line.
SS Eocene, Port Arthur to New York, was 70 miles E. of Sabine at 7 A. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Indrasamha, at Gibraltar, Nov. 5.
SS Chicago, at Havre, Nov. 4.
SS Madonna, at Marseilles, Nov. 3.
SS Germania, at Lisbon, Nov. 3.
SS Oscar II., at Copenhagen, Nov. 4.
SS France, at Havre, Nov. 4.
SS Kim, at Lisbon, Oct. 31.
SS Raunefels, at Port Natal, Nov. 1.
SS Christian X., at Bahia, Nov. 2.
SS Louisiane, at St. Malo, Nov. 2.
SS Tennyson, at Rio Janeiro, Nov. 2.
SS Idaho, at Hull, Nov. 3.
SS Vincenzo di Giorcio, at Hamburg, Nov. 3.
SS Chalister, at Montevideo, Nov. 4.
SS Kathlamba, at Singapore, Nov. 4.
SS St. Patrick, at Hongkong, Nov. 4.
SS Imumcrea, at Montevideo, Nov. 5.
SS Shirley, at Aden, Nov. 4.

Sailed.

SS Olympic, from Southampton, Nov. 5.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., from Southampton, Nov. 5.
SS Allanton, from Barbados, Nov. 4.
SS Rotenfels, from Hodfidah, Nov. 1.
SS Montevideo, from Cadiz, Oct. 31.
SS Carpathia, from Fiume, Nov. 4.
SS Montrose, from Singapore, Nov. 2.
SS Green Jacket, from Buenos Aires, Nov. 2.
SS Bristol City, from Swansea, Nov. 4.
SS Gordon Castle, from London, Nov. 4.
SS Indrakula, from Sabang, Nov. 4.
SS Orotava, from Southampton, Nov. 5.
SS Karenga, from Algiers, Nov. 4.
SS Chiltern Range, from Rotterdam, Nov. 4

Passed.

SS Anglo Egyptian, New York for Freemantle, passed Cape of Good Hope.
SS Bangrove, New York for Port Said, passed Sagres.

Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Siberia ..... Nov. 6
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, and New Zealand and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Tahiti ..... Nov. 7
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Tacoma)—Seattle Maru ..... Nov. 6
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline. Nov. 7
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma ..... Nov. 13
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru ..... Nov. 14
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Niagara ..... Nov. 21

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 6, SS New York.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 5, SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie and SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, and at 5 P. M. Nov. 10, SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse.
France—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 6, SS New York.
Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 6, SS Ultonia.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 4, SS Zeeland.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 6, SS Ultonia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 3, SS Nieuw Amsterdam, and at 5 P. M. Nov. 10, SS Noordam.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 20, SS Hellig Olav.
Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. Nov. 18, SS Bergensfjord.
Italy—Close at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 6, SS Ultonia.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

WANTS CONTRACTS PROBED.

Cary Assails McAdoo's Action on Post Office, Taken to Oblige Taft.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Representative Cary of Wisconsin, Republican, today asked the House to investigate the awards of contracts for the New Haven Post Office and conferred with President Wilson and Secretary McAdoo about it. Mr. Cary affirms that the contract was given to a Philadelphia concern which bid higher than some others.

The Treasury, in awarding the contract, acted upon the advice of former President Taft, who asked that the building be constructed of a certain kind of marble.

EDUCATION NOTES.

A rumor has been current in the past few days that it was the intention of the Department of Education to distribute negro children among the public schools on the west side of town, which, owing to the shifting of the population, have had their classes reduced in size. Some of these schools, such, for instance, as No. 160, on Eighty-ninth Street, near Columbus Avenue, are attended by the children of wealthy parents, and the fear has been expressed that the putting of a number of negro pupils in these schools would lead to the withdrawal of many white children. Associate City Superintendent Andrew W. Edson was asked yesterday what truth, if any, there was in the rumor. He replied that, so far as he knew, there was no intention of doing anything of the kind. Negro pupils, he said, were to remain in the schools where they now are.

Twenty-one cases of the superior merit of teachers were considered by the Board of Examiners yesterday.

There will be a meeting of representatives of the various high schools in Brooklyn on December 13, at the Academy of Music, in that borough to discuss the proposed establishment of a university there. The meeting will be under the auspices of the Manual Training High School. The nuclei for the new university, it is said, already exist in Brooklyn, consisting of the Polytechnic, the Adelphi, the Long Island Medical College and the College of Pharmacy.

The association of new teachers and principals will meet at 4 P. M. to-morrow at Terrace Garden, Fifty-ninth Street, near Third Avenue.

The Women High School Teachers' Association will meet to-morrow afternoon at the Washington Irving High School.

The Morris High School Faculty will have an alumni tea to-morrow afternoon.

District Superintendent Joseph S. Taylor is delivering a course of lectures in the Bronx on "Principles and Methods of Teaching."

The New York Schoolmasters' Club will have a dinner, and an election of officers at the Aldine Clubrooms, Broadway and Twenty-third Street, on Saturday evening.

The Association of Men Teachers on Eligible Lists Prior to January 1, 1912 will hold a special meeting at the City College Club, 63 West Fifty-ninth Street, to-morrow afternoon.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

CLARK, ELIZABETH S., (died March 15:) net estate, $215,902.03; gross estate, $230,756.76; personal chattels, $9,022.70; 800 shares Cuban-American Sugar Company Preferred, $76,000; 1,008 shares Cuban-American Sugar Company common, $20,160; 300 shares National Sugar Refining Company, $29,400; 300 shares American Sugar Refining Company, $34,650; 414 shares American-Hawaiian Steamship Company, $62,100.

ISENBERG, BENJAMIN, (died May 19, 1912;) net estate, $1,706.64; one share New York Butchers' Calfskin Association; realty, equity of $9,000 in 485 East 140th Street, appraised at $34,000.

LAMONT, ANNA M., (died March 15:) net estate, $351,140.26; personal effects, $1,197; 33 1-3 shares Colorado Pinery and Land Company, $1,555.56; realty, 555 Fifth Avenue, $955,000.

MORROW, PRINCE A., (died March 17:) net estate, $6,416.22; gross estate, $9,354.84; bank account, $2,394.39; personal effects, $1,946.65; royalties, $13.80; equity of $5,000 in 66 West Sixty-eighth Street, appraised at $28,000.

NELKE, EMMA, (died Aug. 25, 1907;) bank accounts, $2,743.10.

SELIG, MOSES, (died Nov. 25, 1912;) net estate, $223,080.31; gross estate, $238,290.57; bank account, $19,513.26; life insurance, $5,000; mortgage of $30,000 on 238 West 106th Street; twenty $1,000 bonds New York City, five $1,000 bonds Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, ten $1,000 bonds Pennsylvania Railroad; five $100 bonds American Ice Securities Company; four shares New York Butchers' Calfskin Association; realty, $148,270.37; equity of $90,000 in southwest corner of Broadway and 138th Street, valued at $250,000; equity of $15,000 in 174 West 107th Street, valued at $55,000; equity of $18,000 in 162 West Eighty-fourth Street, valued at $90,000; equity of $17,000 in northeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 138th Street, valued at $47,000; northwest corner of Sixty-second Street, equity of $12,000, appraised at $30,000.

WICKES, HENRY C., (died April 3,

Are Bond Purchases Now Opportune?

The great and world-wide expansion in credit and absorption of capital, which has depressed all investments, has been effectively checked and capital is accumulating for first time in a number of years.

Under such conditions it invariably seeks sound bonds, such as are readily convertible into cash, and good bonds are growing scarce and advancing. We believe they are going higher.

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All holders of securities must comply with Government regulations. The use of the prescribed blanks is essential. Failure to comply in the above respects may invalidate the investor's otherwise legitimate exemption under the provisions of the law.

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The safeguards surrounding this Short Term Security place it in the conservative investment class. The notes are secured by First Lien Bonds on property valued in excess of $42,000,000.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Early Strength in Stocks Followed by Partial Reaction—Money Easier.

Noteworthy strength was displayed by the stock market upon the resumption of trading yesterday, and the price advances in the first hour were accompanied by a volume of trading which can be described as large compared with standards recently set. But neither the activity nor the improvement in quotations was maintained throughout the session. Soon after the opening, transactions contracted considerably and part of the early gain was lost. The market as a whole, however, was left at the close of the day a fair fraction above Monday's final average.

A more hopeful view of the Mexican situation and inferences which in some quarters were drawn from the result of Tuesday's elections were the factors commonly cited in explanation of the strength which the market showed. A further easing in money rates, indicating, as had been expected, that the strain incident to the first of November payments had by yesterday been practically overcome was one of the underlying factors which perhaps exerted more real influence than either of the matters to which the day's discussion was chiefly devoted. Beyond all this the rise was probably induced by an over-sold condition which grew out of a recent excess of pessimism. The fact is that cheerful views were being taken in some quarters of matters which previously had been regarded by most traders as more or less seriously disturbing. The change in point of view was at least in part the product of the changes in prices themselves.

The denials that an ultimatum had been sent to Mexico, while putting a somewhat different complexion on earlier report, in no wise cleared up the question of the manner or the time of the settlement of the vexatious problem which the Mexican situation presents. In some of the expressions heard in the financial district regarding the elections it appeared that the wish was father to the thought with many of those who argued that the voting indicated lessened popular approval of the policies of the national Administration. One of the arguments heard was that Tuesday's elections showed that all that was needed to overthrow the party now in power was the reuniting of that party's chief opponents. But the differences within the party which lost control at the last national election constituted the rock upon which the political hopes of a large part of the financial community met with shipwreck. Wall Street is by far from being unanimous in its views on political matters, and even among those who would like to have seen a decided reaction from the forces which were reflected in the last national election there was no argument yesterday that such a reaction was indicated by the previous day's voting.

Of the day's information bearing upon the industrial situation, the most interesting was that which had to do with the steel trade. Prices have shown some further recession, and a further slowing down in this basic industry is indicated by the decline in pig iron production during the past month. It would appear, too, that the reduction in the tariff is becoming more of a practical factor in the American steel market than it was during the first few weeks following the enactment of the new tariff law.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange colateral at 3@5 per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. The renewal rate was 4 per cent.

Time money rates were 4¾@5 per cent. for 60 and 90 days and 4½@5 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5¾@6 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $432,529,733; balances, $21,283,993; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $93,463.

The local banks have gained $401,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 5 per cent. for short bills and 5 per cent. for three months' bills; Berlin 4⅞ per cent.; Paris, 3⅞ per cent. Money was 4½ per cent. in London and 4 per cent. in Berlin.

The Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 49 pfennigs. The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 20 centimes.

Foreign exchange was quoted as follows:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

Demand sterling—High, $4.8525; low, $4.85; last, $4.85.

London—Cable, $4.85⅛.

Paris—Cable, 5.20⅜ less 3-64; check, 5.21⅛ less 1-64.

Berlin—Cable, 94¼ less 1-64; check, 94 11-16 less 1-32.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.21¼ less 3-32; check, 5.21⅞ less 1-16.

Holland—Cable, 40.08; check, 40.08.

SIXTY AND NINETY-DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8060; 90 days, $4.7865.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.80⅝; 90 days, $4.78⅝.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.25 less 1-16; 90 days, 5.26⅞ less 1-32.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 93¾ less 1-32; 90 days, 93⅝ less 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis, 20c premium; St. Paul, 15c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d higher in London, at 27½d, and ½c higher in New York, at 59½c per ounce.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, by Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

By Order of Administratrix.

15 shares Lint, Butscher & Ross Realty and Construction Company, $100 each, $100 the lot.

By Order of Trustee.

18 shares Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railroad trust certificates and $6.50 scrip, $8 the lot.

$800 Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railroad registered general refunding mortgage 4½ per cent. bonds, due Dec. 1, 1989; $5.00 scrip, and $56.54 Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railroad interest note of 1913, $7 the lot.

For Account of Whom It May Concern.

$40,000 Mount Carmel Cemetery Association certificate of indebtedness, reduced to $36,300, $1,200 the lot.

150 shares American Railway Traffic Company, $100 each, $25 the lot.

$200,000 Old Dominion Development Company temporary first mortgage fifty-year 6 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, due Jan. 1, 1960, $20,000 the lot.

$1,200,000 Old Dominion Development Company temporary first mortgage fifty-year 6 per cent, sinking fund gold bonds, due Jan. 1, 1960, $120,000 the lot.

$100,000 Old Dominion Development Company temporary first mortgage fifty-year 6 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, due Jan. 1, 1960, $10,000 the lot.

9,500 shares Old Dominion Development Company preferred, $100 each, $100 the lot.

13,500 shares Old Dominion Development Company common, $100 each, $50 the lot.

4 2-12 shares Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company beneficial certificates, $510 the lot.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German 3s	75	76
German 3½s	83¾	85
Prussian 4s	97	98
Amsterdam 4s	94½	95¾
Bavarian Government 4s	96¾	97¾
Bremen 3½s	81¼	82¾
Hamburg 3s	78½	79¾
Saxony 3s	75½	76¾
Berlin 4s	95¾	97
Cologne 4s	93½	94¾
Frankfurt 3½s	85½	86¾
Munich 4s	93¾	94¾
Russian 4s	86½	88
Vienna 4s	81½	82

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Trading on the Election.

A number of brokerage houses with foreign connections remained open election night to allow traders to take advantage of the change in public sentiment as registered at the polls. The bad feature about buying or selling in London in anticipation of what the New York market is going to do the next day is that prices so rarely behave as they should on the record of past performances. Granting that the alert trader learned in time Tuesday night that the Administration of President Wilson had been substantially indorsed by the results in New Jersey and Massachusetts, what use did he make of his information? If he thought that the Democratic Administration is running the country into a panic and sold short on that assumption, or if he believed in President Wilson and bought stocks, he had no way of knowing that the majority of people who speculated agreed with him. Judging by price fluctuations, the first impression registered on the stock market by an important event is frequently a wrong one.

***

"Day After" Contrasts.

A year ago, when the Republican Party was so decisively unhorsed, it was natural to look for a wide break in the quotations. Most people probably did look for a slump, and many of them hastened to sell a few stocks by cable. The market opened buoyantly, enjoyed more activity than it had witnessed in a long time, and closed with gains that averaged 1.39 points. There were 1,012,000 shares dealt in, and brokers talked Wilson prosperity. That was on Wednesday. On Thursday the market turned weak, and by Saturday it was very weak, indeed. At the close that day the averages were off 1.73, which more than wiped out all of the gain made Wednesday. No more was heard of "Wilson prosperity"; there was a great deal of talk about the radical cabinet which the new executive was likely to frame. Yesterday, after the indorsement of the Administration, stocks were strong, closing with an average gain of .28. But there were only 225,000 shares traded in.

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Rallying Call for Stockholders.

The committee for minority shareholders of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, consisting of W. Bourke Cockran, Thomas Read, and L. Napoleon Levy, is still stirring up the management. Having obtained from an examination by public accountants figures as to the amount of surplus in the company's treasury, they are advertising the forthcoming annual meeting of the Brooklyn Union stockholders on Nov. 11 as an event well worth attending. The committee hopes, among other things, to have the number of Directors increased from seven to fifteen to allow representation for stockholders residing in Brooklyn, and presumably better informed about conditions in that borough.

***

Minority Scores a Point.

When minority stockholders of the American Locomotive Company left the annual meeting two weeks ago after expressing their views on divers matters affecting the management, they believed that they had been not only outvoted, but thrust far into the background as well. It was an agreeable surprise to them, therefore, to learn yesterday that their suggestions had not been entirely ignored. They presented a resolution asking that in place of a committee made up of members actively interested in the company which had been selected to examine past and present business methods, an entirely independent committee be appointed. The names of three prominent men for the work were offered with the assurance that they would act if the power was given them. The resolution was buried under the weight of proxies representing $30,000,000 of stock. The minority holders went away disgruntled, and resigned to a year's wait before they could again have opportunity to register their views. The directors gave no intimation that they had been at all impressed, but they showed yesterday that the resolution had not been passed by without consideration. They sent word to the stockholders that one of the men proposed for the independent inquiry had been appointed to aid the regular committee, with the assistance of a shareholder of prominence. Their action gave evidence that another corporation had answered to the present-day call to let the real owners have a greater voice in its direction.

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October's New Companies.

Caution inspired by the uncertainties of future legislation relating to corporations is credited with bringing about a sharp decline in new promotions in October. The month brought new companies of $1,000,000, or more, with capital aggregating only $70,856,300, according to The Journal of Commerce, as compared with $169,495,000 in October 1912. The record was somewhat better than in September, which established a minimum figure for a number of years with capital issues amounting to no more than $43,750,000, but stood out as particularly poor for a month usually marked by important charter applications. The comparison with the same month of last year was made all the more striking when the total of new organizations with capital of $100,000 or greater were placed side by side. October, 1912, brought an aggregate of fresh capital issues of $327,765,000 against $118,561,300 last month. The grand total of the ten months of 1913 was $1,864,143,300 in contrast with $2,573,157,000 in the same period last year.

***

Mexican Petroleum Active.

Mexican petroleum gave an exhibition of rapid action yesterday which is occasionally witnessed when life is suddenly instilled into a usually inactive stock. After opening at 45, the shares steadily melted down to 42, a new low record, and then, turning about, shot forward to 48½, an upward drive of 6½ points. Thereafter several thousand shares changed hands within a fractional range of the top and at the close the quotation had fallen back only a half point. More than 10,000 shares were dealt in, the turn-over representing a much greater interest in the stock than on average days of trading during the year.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s...May, 1957	104½	104½	104½	104½
4½s...Nov., 1957	104½	104½	104½	104½
4½s...May, 1917	101	101¼	100⅝	101⅛
4½s...Nov., 1917	101		100⅝	...
4½s...Mar., 1930-60	99⅞	100¼	100	100¼
4½s...Mar., 1962	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99½
4½s...Sept., 1960	99½	99⅝	99¼	99½
4s ...May, 1959	96¼	97	96¼	97
4s ...Nov., 1958	96¼	97	96¼	97
4s ...May, 1957	96¼	97	96¼	97
4s ...Nov., 1956	94⅜	96	95	96½
4s ...Nov., 1955	94⅜	96	95	96½
4s ...Nov., 1936	95	97	96	97
4s ...1918-1919	98¼	99¼	98¼	99¼
3½s...Nov., 1954-5	84⅜	85½	84⅜	85½
3½s...May, 1954	84⅜	85½	84⅜	85½
3½s...1950-1954	84	85½	84	85½

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Very Dull and Prices Generally Lower with Tobacco Issues Leading.

The outside market was very dull and rather heavy yesterday. There was so little movement to prices, however, that the trading was devoid of significance. The tobacco stocks eased off fractionally, while the oil shares ruled fairly firm. Some interest was shown in the low priced mining issues, but the trend in them was generally downward.

***

Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	Anglo-A. Oil	22⅝	22⅞	22¾	22¾
700	Brit.-A. Tob.	24½	24½	24½	24½
550	Manhat. Tr.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
100	Marc. of Am.	4	4	4	4
1,000	*Maya Oil	19	19	19	19
530	Pueb. S. & R.	3	3 1-16	2 15-16	3
20	S. Ohio of N. J.	377	377	376	376
200	Tob. Prod. pf.	86½	86½	86¼	86½
600	U.C.S.Co., A.	88	88	87½	87½
100	†Willys Ov'ld	62½	62½	62½	62½

MINING STOCKS.

10,000	*Aris.Belm't.	11	11	8¼	8¼
100	Braden Cop.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
850	Buffalo M...	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
1,100	*Butte & L..	29	30	29	30
2,700	*Can. G. S..	18	20	18	19
1,700	*Carib. C'bit.	60	60	59	60
3,000	*C. O. D.Con.	4	4	4	4
1,540	First Nat....	2¾	2¾	2¾	2 13-16
110	Goldf. Con...	1¼	1¼	1 7-16	1 7-16
140	Gr.-Can.,new	32½	32½	32½	32½
3,000	*Greenwater.	5½	5½	4½	4½
1,100	Kerr Lake...	4 7-16	4 7-16	4 5-16	4⅜
2,000	La R. Con...	1¾	1 13-16	1¾	1¾
300	McK.-Dar. ..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,700	*Nev. Hills..	63	63	59	59
1,000	*New U. B..	77	77	73	76
2,000	Nip. M. Co..	8	8	7¼	7⅝
800	Stewart.....	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 9-16
100	Tonopah Ext.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
2,000	*Tono. Belm.	89	90	89	89
200	Tono. Min...	4 7-16	4½	4 7-16	4½
100	Tri-Bullion..	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
800	Tularosa	⅝	11-16	⅝	⅝
2,500	*W. E. Con..	1 7-32	1¼	1 7-32	1¼
2,500	*Weitz. S. M.	9	9	9	9
300	Yukon G. M.	2	2	2	2

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

2,200	W. E. Ext....	5	5	5	5

BONDS.

$20,000	St. L. P. & N. 5s.....	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾

*Sell cents per share. †Ex dividend.

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INDUSTRIALS.

Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were:

	Nov. 5. Bid.	Asked.	Nov. 8. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Writing Paper..	1	1¼	1	1¼
Bay State Gas....	5-16	3-16	3-16	5-16
Borden's Con. Milk..	115	116	115	116
Borden's Con. M. pf.	103	106	103	106
Brit.-Am. Tob, new.	24¾	25	24¾	25
Brown Bros	50	53	50	53
Brown Shoe pf.....	86¼	92	86¼	92
Cluett-Peabody	55	62	55	62
Cluett-Peabody pf....	95	100	95	100
Con. Rubber Tire ..	33	35	34	35
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	92	95	92	95
Emerson-Brantingham	23	27	23	27
Emerson-B. pf.....	78	85	78	85
Havana Tobacco ...	3	6	3	6
Havana Tobacco pf..	9	15	9	15
Houston Oil	13	16	13	16
Houston Oil pf.....	50	60	50	60
Inter. Rub. Tr. ctfs.	6	7	6	7
Lehigh Val. C. S. Co.	215	225	215	225
Maxwell Motors	1½	2¼	1½	2¼
Max. Motors 1st pf...	21	23	21	23
Max. Motors 2d pf...	4	7	4	7
Moab Oil Co.....	20	30	20	30
N. Y. Transportation.	4	5	4	5
Otis Elevator	74	76	74	76
Otis Elevator pf....	94½	95½	94½	95½
People's Gas rts. w. i.	1⅝	2¼	1⅝	2¼
R. J. Reynolds.....	235	250	235	250
U. C. S. Co. of A., pf.	111	115	111	115
U. S. L. & H.....	4	6	4	6
U. S. L. and H. pf....	25	35	25	35
Willys Overland pf..	87	92	87	92

MINING STOCKS.

Barnes King Dev.....	1⅞	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛
Beaver Con.....	33	35	32	34
Big Four	19	20	18	20
Br. Col. Copper.....	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛
Butte-New York.....	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Con. Ariz. Smelting.	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Copper Mines	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾
Davis-Daly Copper..	1 9-16	1 11-16	1 9-16	1 11-16
Dia. Black Butte....	2	3	2	3
Diamond F. Daisy...	2	3	2	3
El Paso Con.....	2¾	3	2¾	3
Florence	20	25	20	25
Goldfield Midway....	3	5	3	5
Gold Hill	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Greene-Cananea.....	6	7	6	7
Boston Ely.....	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
Mason Valley.....	4	4½	4	4½
Mines of America...	2¼	2½	2¼	2¼
North Butte Develop.	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Ohio Copper.....	7-16	½	7-16	½
South Utah M. & S.	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Tuolumne Copper....	¼	1	¾	⅞
Union Mines	4	6	4	6
United Copper	¼	½	¼	½
United Copper pf....	3	5	3	5
Victor Tonopah.....	25	27	25	27

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s....	135	145	135	145
Braden Cop. 7s, new.	135	145	135	145
Chicago Elevated 5s.	93½	96	95½	96
Cons. Rubber Tire 4s	67	68	64	67
Mason Valley 6s:..	60	85	60	85
N. Y. C. 4½s, 1960...	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜
N. Y. C. 4½s, 1962..	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜
Western Pacific 5s...	77	79	77	79

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	22	23	22	23
Atlantic Refining ..	663	668	658	664
Borne-Scrymser	280	290	280	290
Buckeye Pipe Line..	168	170	168	170
Chesebrough Mfg. ..	650	670	650	660
Colonial Oil	115	121	115	125
Continental Oil.....	184	187	182	186
Crescent Pipe Line.	58	60	58	60
Cumberland Pipe Line.	74	77	74	77
Eureka Pipe Line..	343	347	340	350
Galena-Signal Oil ...	171	174	171	173
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	138	142	138	143
Indiana Pipe Line..	128	130	128	130
National Transit ..	40	42	40	42
New York Transit..	314	317	314	318
Northern Pipe Line.	108	112	108	112
Ohio Oil	125	131	129	131
Prairie Oil and Gas..	393	397	388	393
Solar Refining	258	265	258	264
Southern Pipe Line..	240	245	240	247
South Penn. Oil.....	247	250	240	245
S. W. Penn. Pipe....	148	153	148	153
Standard Oil (Cal.)..	191	193	193	195
Standard Oil (Ind.)..	397	400	398	400
Standard Oil (Kan.)..	435	450	435	445
Standard Oil (Ky.)..	460	470	460	470
Standard Oil (Neb.)..	303	310	300	310
Standard Oil (N. J.).	376	378	376	378
Standard Oil (N. Y.).	156	158	149	150
Standard Oil (Ohio).	295	305	295	302
Swan & Finch.....	290	300	290	300
Union Tank Line....	84	85	84	86
Vacuum Oil	174	176	172	174
Washington Oil	34	38	35	38
Waters-Pierce Oil...	2100	2300	2100	2300

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Nov. 5. Bid.	Asked.	Nov. 8. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	144	146	144	146
American Cigar pf...	85½	87	85½	87
British-American	24¾	25¼	24¾	25
British-Am., new	24¾	24½	24¾	24⅝
Conley Foil	280	295	280	295
Johnson Tin & M....	165	185	165	185
J. S. Young.....	140	155	140	155
MacAndrews & F....	180	193	183	193
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	220	228	220	228
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip.	130	140	130	140
R. J. Reynolds.....	240	245	240	245
R. J. Reynolds 6% sc.	100	102	100	102
Tobacco Products	100	125	100	125
Tobacco Products pf.	86	86½	87	87¾
United Cigar Stores..	87¼	88	87	87¾
Un. Cigar Stores pf...	110	115	110	115

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction.....	102	103
American Light & Traction pf....	104½	106½
Adirondack Electric Power.....	13	16
Adirondack Electric Power pf....	49	51
American Gas & Electric.....	75	77
American Gas & Electric pf.....	45	46
American Power & Light.....	66	69
American Power & Light pf.....	76	78
American Public Utilities.....	50	53
American Public Utilities pf....	74	76
Appalachian Power Co.....	9	10¼
Appalachian Power Co. pf.....	40	45
Cities Service	76	78
Cities Service pf.....	72	73
Commonwealth P. R. & L.....	52	55
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf....	75	77
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s.....	90	95
Electric Bond Deposit pf.....	60	65
Electric Bond & Share pf.....	97½	100
Empire District Electric 5s.....	..	85
Empire District Electric 5s pf...	70	75
Federal Light & Traction.....	25	27
Federal Light & Traction pf.....	74	76
Federal Utilities Co., Inc.....	7	32
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., pf....	..	72
Gas & Electric Securities.....	93	100
Gas & Electric Securities, pf....	80	85
Lincoln Gas & Electric.....	20	25
Montana Power Co.....	40	41
Montana Power Co. pf.....	95	96
Northern Ontario L. & P.....	10	15
Northern Ontario L. & P. Co. pf..	59	62
Northern States Power.....	19	20
Northern States Power pf.....	72	73½
Ozark Power & Water Co.....	37	42
Pacific Gas & Electric.....	34½	34½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.....	81½	83
Republic Ry. & Light Co.....	19	20
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf....	72	74
Southern California Edison.....	83	86
Southern California Edison pf....	93	96
Standard Gas & Electric.....	6	7
Standard Gas & Electric pf.....	30½	31½
Tennessee Ry., Light & P.....	15½	16½
Tennessee Ry., Light & P. pf....	68	70
United Light & Railways.....	79	80
United Light & Railways 1st pf..	77	78
United Light & Railways 2d pf....	71½	72½
United Utilities Co.....	22	24
United Utilities Co. pf.....	97½	102½
Utah Securities	16	17
Utilities Improvement.....	40	42
Utilities Improvement pf.....	60	62
Western Power	15½	17
Western Power pf.....	49	50

*Ex dividend.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6	Baltimore Trust	160	160	160
100	Cigar Mach. Corp...	2¼	2¼	2¼
25	Col. Trust	28	28	28
1	Con. Coal	97½	97½	97½
126	Con. Power	109	107½	107½
1	Con. Power pf.....	108	108	108
27	G. B. S. Brew.....	3	3	3
97	United Ry. & Elec.	25⅝	25½	25⅝

BONDS.

$1,400	City Balt. 3½s, '50.	90	90	90
1,000	City & Sub. 5s....	102	102	102
1,000	Col. & G. 1st 6s...	102	102	102
7,000	Con. Coal ref. 5s...	86	86	86
2,000	Con. Gas 4½s.....	93½	93	93
1,000	Con. Power 4½s...	87½	87½	87½
1,000	Florida Southern 4s..	86	86	86
18,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s..	44	43¼	43½
1,000	G. B. S. B. inc. 5s.	7½	7½	7½
10,000	New Orleans 4s, '27.	94	94	94
3,000	U. Ry. & E. 1st 4s..	82½	82½	82⅝
4,000	U. Ry. & E. inc. 4s.	64½	64⅝	64⅝
500	U. Ry. & E. fdg. 5s.	86	86	86
400	U. Ry. & E. fdg. 5s, small	87	87	87

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adventure	1½	1½	1½
2,200	Alaska Gold.....	21⅞	21⅝	21⅝
140	Allouez	35½	35	35
762	Amalgamated	72⅝	71¼	72¼
670	American Zinc....	17⅝	17⅜	17⅜
240	Arizona Coml.....	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
845	Butte-Balaklala	5¼	5	5
185	Butte & Superior...	31	30½	31
100	Calumet & Arizona.	63½	63	63½
100	Chino	39¼	39	39
20	Copper Range.....	37¼	37⅛	37⅛
20	Daly-West	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
18	East Butte.....	11¼	11¼	11¼
50	Franklin	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16
103	Granby	70½	70	70¼
288	Greene-Cananea....	32	31	32
25	Island Creek.....	47½	47	47½
25	Isle Royale.....	18	18	18
480	Kerr Lake.....	4⅜	4¼	4¼
50	Keweenaw	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
50	Mayflower	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
135	Nevada Con.....	15½	15½	15½
1,148	Nipissing	8	7¾	7 5-16
145	North Butte.....	24⅜	23⅜	24¼
25	North Lake.....	1½	1¼	1¼
55	Old Colony.....	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
20	Old Dominion.....	48	48	48
45	Osceola	79	77¾	79
385	Pond Creek	18¾	18⅝	18½
70	Shannon	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
10	Shattuck	27½	27	27
100	Superior & Boston..	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
195	Superior	23½	23½	23½
300	Tuolumne	86c.	86c.	86c.
238	U. S. Smelting.....	37	37	37
30	U. S. Smelting pf...	46⅜	46½	46½
50	Utah Apex.....	2	2	2
50	Utah Con.....	9	9	9
125	Utah Copper.....	51¼	50⅜	51¼
12	Victoria	1½	1½	1½
50	Winona	2	2	2
15	Wolverine	43⅝	43⅜	43⅜

RAILROADS.

40	Boston Elevated....	83	82	83
8	Boston & Lowell....	185	185	185
5	Boston & Maine....	51	50½	51
20	Mass. Elec.....	11

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

KNICKERBOCKER SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Knickerbocker Safe Deposit Company for the election of Directors, Inspectors of Election, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the main office of the company, No. 338 Fifth Avenue, on Thursday, November 13, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon.

The polls will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock.

CHAS. S. ADAMS, Secretary.

New York, N. Y., November 6, 1913.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the International Typesetting Machine Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company, No. 182 William Street, in the City of New York, on the 18th day of November, 1913, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

JOSEPH E. RIDDER, Secretary.

Chartered 1799.

Bank of the Manhattan Company.

New York, November 1, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. By order of the Directors.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

KRUTTSCHNITT BACK FROM WESTERN TOUR

Conditions Fair Along Southern Pacific, but He Expects No Railroad Building Soon.

NO RETURN FOR THE MONEY

Misquoted About Central Pacific, as He Only Said They Intended to Defend Themselves.

Back from a four weeks' trip to the Pacific Coast, during which he traveled 10,400 miles, Chairman Julius Kruttschnitt of the Southern Pacific said yesterday that railroad building would not be resumed in this country until there was a better prospect of earning a fair return on the investment of the capital required. Mr. Kruttschnitt took a cheerful view of the business outlook.

"Conditions generally throughout the country, that is, on our lines, are good," he said. "There is a very fair movement of freight, but it is nothing phenomenal. California is still feeling the results of the failure of the orange crop last year. This has been reflected in the local traffic. The coming orange and other crops, however, are in good shape, and indications are for a prosperous year."

Regarding reports concerning the Southern Pacific's attitude toward being forced to sell the Central Pacific, Mr. Kruttschnitt said:

"I have been misquoted. I was asked 'What are you going to do?'

"I said there was only one thing to do, and that was to defend ourselves. We have broken no law and don't know of any law to be broken. Nothing has been done regarding the disposition of the Central Pacific since the California Commission declined to approve the dissolution plan."

Asked about conditions on the Southern Pacific's lines in Mexico, Mr. Kruttschnitt said:

"On our side of the mountains things are pretty quiet. We are running trains as far south as Hermosillo and occasionally a train below. Trains are being run over about half of our territory. It is a regular service, but not a daily one. We run a train down one day and back the next, and in some sections we run only one a week. Food, you know, has to be carried to those people.

"Sentiment is good, but everywhere there is evidently a lack of confidence. There is not much new business going on. You could see this from the train windows. In many cities on the Southern Pacific and Central Pacific you see many trains on side tracks loaded with structural material and lumber. But this was the only time I haven't seen solid lumber trains waiting to be unloaded. Lumber cars were conspicuous for their absence."

Mr. Kruttschnitt said the Southern Pacific was not considering any new financing. "We are slowly finishing up that construction we were committed to—that which must be finished—and have not undertaken any new lines," said he.

"People don't seem to want railroad securities and won't come forward with the money. When you think of it, the money used by the Southern Pacific is public funds. Interest paid on new funds is increasing right along."

Reverting back to sentiment among business interests, Mr. Kruttschnitt said:

"Universally the spirit of the people that is, people who are using the railroads—is much more friendly and more co-operative than I have ever seen it before. I am speaking from my observations from New Orleans, through Texas, and on the Pacific Coast as well."

ADVISORS FOR LOCOMOTIVE.

William R. Willcox and Dr. Seelye to Aid in Inquiry.

Stockholders of the American Locomotive Company have been notified by President Marshall that William R. Willcox, formerly Chairman of the Public Service Commission, and Dr. L. Clark Seelye, President Emeritus of Smith College, had consented to act as an advisory committee to the Committee of Inquiry previously appointed to look into the company's business affairs. The information was decidedly pleasing to minority shareholders, as they looked upon the appointment of the committee of two as a distinct victory for themselves. At the annual meeting recently a resolution was proposed by the minority, and voted down by the majority holders, to have an independent committee consisting of Mr. Willcox, Herbert Knox Smith, former Commission of Corporations, and William J. Wilgus, former Vice President of the New York Central, appointed to examine the company's records.

The Committee of Inquiry consists of men closely affiliated with the company. It was formed as the result of charges brought by Isaac M. Cabes, a stockholder, that "extravagance" had characterized the management for several years. Dr. Seelye took an active part at the annual meeting in the quest for information, and voted in favor of retaining the present committee instead of handing its task over to an entirely disinterested body.

President Marshall said in a circular sent out to all stock owners that the Directors' decision to appoint the two advisors had been influenced by suggestions made at the annual meeting.

MUNN & CO. WON SUIT.

Court Decided for, and Not Against, Them in Encyclopedia Case.

The Scientific American was successful in its suit to enjoin the publishers of the Encyclopedia Americana from using the name Scientific American to promote the sale of the reference work. The only reservation is that the encyclopedia publishers may use the title on editions of the work prior to and including that of 1910, when there was still a contract between the publishers of the encyclopedia and Munn & Co., the publishers of the magazine.

This prohibition refers not only to the title page of the encyclopedia, but to any circulars or other literature. On none of these may the defendant publishers make any claim to co-operation with the Scientific American. A Trenton dispatch printed in THE TIMES of last Tuesday gave the contrary impression. In the recent decision rendered in the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, Chancellor Walker said:

"The use of the name has subjected complainants to loss and is a fraud on complainants and on the public, entitling them to injunction and equitable relief."

WANAMAKER INQUIRY AGAIN.

Representative Falconer Asks for Information as to Customs Charges.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Investigation of the Government's settlement of customs claims against John Wanamaker, effected in the last day's of the Taft Administration by a payment of $100,000 to the Treasury, is the object of a resolution introduced to-day by Rrepresentative Falconer of Washington, who has asked that Attorney General McReynolds be directed to give the House all information on the subject.

Special agents discovered that through irregular practices in valuation of imports the Government had been losing duties for about twenty years in Philadelphia. Officials of the last Administration asserted that the Government collected more on the settlement than it might have got as the result of a lawsuit.

SHIPPERS FINED $600.

Classified Chemical Apparatus as Glassware—Other Cases to Come.

Elmer &Amend, the large wholesale drug firm of Eighteenth Street and Third Avenue, were fined $600 yesterday in the Federal District Court by Judge Hunt for a breach of the Interstate Commerce law, in that they shipped chemical apparatus under the classification of "glassware," whereby they paid a lower freight rate.

This was one of the 150 cases which the Government had decided to bring against shippers to prevent the practice of the underclassification of shipments. The Government asserted that the false classification was made deliberately in order to obtain the lower rate from the railroad.

The firm denied this and asserted that the mistake in this particular shipment was the result of an error of the shipping clerk. The fine was paid.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

	1913.	Increase.
Fourth week of October..	$211,521	*$17,445
Month of October.....	940,611	*24,391
July 1-Oct. 31.....	2,517,580	32,334

CANADIAN NORTHERN—

Fourth week of October..	807,900	113,200
Month of October.....	2,687,100	335,000
July 1-Oct. 31.....	8,435,600	837,400

DENVER & RIO GRANDE—

Fourth week of October..	518,700	11,200
Month of October.....	2,459,800	2,100
July 1-Oct. 31.....	9,059,800	*55,400

DETROIT UNITED—

Second week of October.	216,415	1,950
Jan. 1-Oct. 14.....	10,115,002	1,085,794

HAVANA ELECTRIC—

Week ended Nov. 3.....	45,198	*800
Jan. 1-Nov. 2.....	2,870,505	222,607

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—

Fourth week of October..	1,073,299	*159,920
Month of October.....	3,175,008	*265,385
July 1-Oct. 31.....	11,635,716	276,146

MISSOURI PACIFIC—

Fourth week of October..	1,798,000	*208,000
Month of October.....	5,606,000	*231,000
July 1-Oct. 31.....	21,533,597	*484,453

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

Fourth week of October..	394,000	*21,000
Month of October.....	1,195,000	*62,000
July 1-Oct. 31.....	5,238,000	*287,600

TEXAS & PACIFIC—

Fourth week of October..	647,186	*24,880
Month of October.....	1,799,764	*171,298
July 1-Oct. 31.....	6,167,624	61,307

*Decrease.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for September—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Mileage	2,342	2,309	2,241
Freight rev..	2,377,400	2,225,147	2,215,592
Passeng. rev.	611,074	587,634	521,003
Total op. rev.	3,122,153	2,962,480	2,950,357
Mt. of way..	364,528	386,610	409,057
Mt. of equip.	610,705	605,610	510,182
Transp. exp.	962,298	857,702	806,802
Total op. ex.	2,001,872	1,957,899	1,841,699
Taxes	109,990	102,155	93,100
Operat. inc..	952,699	882,739	1,024,741
Three months—			
Freight rev.	7,018,818	6,825,522	6,695,429
Passeng. rev.	1,804,241	1,755,074	1,638,621
Total op. rev.	9,228,871	8,948,703	8,687,078
Mt. of way..	1,068,727	1,158,011	1,105,020
Mt. of equip.	1,746,789	1,769,017	1,572,456
Transp. exp.	2,872,016	2,670,402	2,458,835
Total op. ex.	6,104,883	5,859,918	5,481,177
Taxes	329,880	306,465	279,990
Operat inc..	2,797,994	2,795,024	2,943,351

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY for September—

Mileage.....	9,129	9,075	9,074
Gross	8,972,117	8,608,810	8,084,806
Net after tax	3,165,260	3,436,657	2,921,789
Three mo.gr.	25,786,645	24,362,218	23,144,028
Net after tax	8,686,075	8,480,584	7,290,450

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL system for September—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Mileage	9,690	9,592	98
Freight rev...	6,107,584	6,091,613	15,771
Passeng. rev..	1,888,273	1,860,130	28,142
Total op. rev.	8,675,620	8,604,270	71,350
Mt. of way...	1,158,911	1,051,880	385,198
Mt. of equip..	1,282,022	1,063,322	218,700
Trans. exp...	2,896,139	5,262,226	512,043
Total op. exp.	5,775,169	5,262,226	512,043
Taxes	332,238	310,563	21,675
Orepating inc.	2,614,281	3,067,856	*453,574
Three months—			
Freight rev...	16,609,533	16,628,924	*19,001
Passeng. rev..	5,724,432	5,507,300	216,131
Total op. rev.	24,286,751	24,100,095	177,656
Mt. of way...	3,661,506	2,991,928	669,578
Mt. of equip..	3,714,253	2,990,061	724,824
Transp. exp...	7,981,797	8,007,150	184,293
Total op. exp.	16,004,074	14,872,955	1,731,119
Taxes	1,062,176	931,685	131,490
Operating inc	8,748,199	8,410,741	*1,662,541
*Decrease.			

GREAT NORTHERN reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for September—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Mileage	7,748	7,487	7,844
Freight rev...	6,407,388	5,747,941	4,798,305
Passenger rev.	1,287,700	1,173,500	1,038,554
Total op. rev.	8,642,052	7,857,936	6,548,356
Maint. of way.	1,089,407	1,027,851	642,924
Maint. of equip	859,528	759,350	578,855
Transp. exp...	2,009,552	1,775,881	1,537,949
Total op. exp...	4,181,797	3,773,581	2,992,297
Taxes	433,879	388,941	278,509
Op. inc	4,058,822	3,588,623	3,310,479
Three months—			
Freight rev...	18,724,260	15,372,190	12,985,590
Passenger rev.	4,002,363	4,197,880	4,110,675
Total op. rev.	25,078,696	20,902,938	18,296,225
Maint. of way.	3,559,854	3,393,081	2,401,703
Maint. of equip	2,458,848	2,277,206	1,876,142
Transp. exp...	5,873,560	5,066,414	4,469,029
Total op. exp.	12,283,621	11,298,190	9,328,889
Taxes	1,199,376	861,685	853,990
Op. inc	9,713,249	8,855,089	8,200,613

MICHIGAN CENTRAL reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage	1,819	1,817	1,805
Freight rev...	1,951,839	1,782,450	1,726,998
Passenger rev.	904,938	837,100	797,355
Total op. rev..	3,169,808	2,901,687	2,792,505
Maint. of way.	550,770	355,021	286,544
Maint. of equip	541,535	440,718	378,594
Transp. exp...	1,315,339	1,045,603	953,488
Total op. exp.	2,427,046	1,949,236	1,717,772
Taxes	116,000	116,000	100,500
Op. inc	625,575	839,809	978,929
Three months:			
Freight rev...	5,418,165	5,105,811	4,783,104
Passenger rev.	2,224,628	2,593,457	2,482,530
Total op. rev..	9,193,754	8,520,106	7,956,355
Maint. of way.	1,564,228	1,068,880	775,234
Maint. of equip	1,580,889	1,229,495	954,451
Transp. exp...	3,624,937	3,147,259	2,766,805
Total op. exp.	7,134,800	5,770,828	4,837,415
Taxes	348,000	348,000	318,750
Op. inc	1,710,091	2,414,198	2,817,048

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS for September—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Mileage	1,261	2,231	1,255
Gross	1,055,953	1,079,093	1,084,816
Net after taxes	204,748	228,789	234,045
Gross, 9 mos..	8,133,880	8,221,590	8,024,956
Net after taxes	507,499	651,335	655,334

NEW YORK CENTRAL reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage	3,751	3,595	3,591
Freight rev...	6,107,228	5,724,328	5,338,774
Passenger rev.	3,579,907	3,293,122	3,258,720
Total op. rev.	10,826,397	9,993,083	9,631,976
Mt. of way....	1,005,146	1,382,017	1,223,500
Mt. of equip...	1,930,459	1,878,219	1,412,854
Transp. exp...	3,562,555	3,350,817	3,124,105
Total op. exp.	7,556,610	7,056,048	6,173,256
Taxes	534,353	532,494	525,947
Operating inc.	2,748,358	2,462,499	2,992,088
Three months:			
Freight rev...	17,445,755	16,292,959	15,114,417
Passenger rev.	10,503,083	10,027,579	9,856,969
Total op. rev.	31,590,192	29,213,810	27,783,980
Mt. of way....	4,834,252	4,007,436	3,666,055
Mt. of equip..	5,766,721	5,341,523	3,984,042
Transp. exp...	10,719,834	9,709,980	9,244,477
Total op. exp.	22,689,964	20,324,108	18,157,320
Taxes	1,611,413	1,581,488	1,358,389
Operating inc.	7,242,410	7,398,809	8,366,482

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage		2,061	2,061
Freight rev...	$2,854,342	$2,821,745	$2,518,417
Passenger rev.	2,815,214	2,663,858	2,627,808
Total op. rev..	6,074,438	5,985,230	5,649,466
Mt. of way....	822,595	897,276	650,880
Mt. of equip..	886,024	667,833	628,477
Transp. exp...	2,287,926	2,038,533	1,961,551
Total op. exp..	4,128,740	3,530,581	5,432,600
Taxes	280,000	270,000	233,000
Op. income....	1,681,722	2,247,411	2,082,653
Three months:			
Freight rev...	8,371,090	8,723,675	7,441,844
Passenger rev.	7,935,769	7,830,900	7,544,078
Total op. rev.	17,956,726	18,149,189	16,445,195
Maint. of way	2,879,214	1,968,877	1,867,982
Maint of equip.	2,397,860	1,902,529	1,868,866
Transp. exp...	6,670,928	6,172,857	5,885,442
Total op. exp.	12,037,006	10,837,006	10,172,575
Taxes	920,000	1,000,000	945,000
Operating inc..	5,032,044	6,916,273	5,727,270

THE ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage	8,002	8,043	8,028
Freight rev...	$3,906,724	$4,093,707	$3,671,571
Passenger rev.	1,978,842	1,919,450	1,896,851
Total op. rev.	6,166,936	6,338,014	5,981,595
Maint. of way.	1,060,260	953,994	944,273
Maint. of equip	867,009	847,165	735,462
Transp. exp...	2,314,141	2,382,073	2,113,534
Total op. exp.	4,295,682	4,487,308	4,113,943
Taxes	230,703	213,283	213,183
Oper. income.	1,560,882	1,507,698	1,596,145
Three months:			
Freight rev...	11,454,194	11,944,887	10,141,404
Passenger rev.	5,972,137	5,854,177	5,550,966
Total op. rev.	18,266,209	18,670,283	16,764,894
Maint. of way.	2,788,886	2,881,017	2,784,930
Maint. of equip	2,730,811	2,504,408	2,300,796
Transp. exp...	6,976,418	6,807,853	6,256,902
Total op. exp.	12,475,703	13,182,689	12,238,269
Taxes	903,688	717,972	646,720
Operating inc.	5,895,857	4,770,437	3,799,897

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July— 1913. 1912. Increase.

Total receipts from operat'n	3,685,790	3,663,799	21,990
Exp. privileges	1,866,582	1,817,884	48,698
Total op. rev..	2,019,208	2,045,915	*26,707
Total op. exp..	1,989,477	1,874,670	114,802
Net op. rev....	29,734	171,244	*141,510
Taxes	31,878	31,070	807
Oper. deficit...	2,143	†140,174	142,317
Mileage—			
Steam roads.	57,247	57,384	*36
Other lines...	4,059	3,202	856

CUMBERLAND COUNTY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY, Portland, Me., for September—

Gross	218,898	190,630	27,768
Net after taxes	91,932	89,758	2,174
Sur. after chg.	28,273	32,798	*4,525
12 mos. gross..	2,278,877	2,097,982	180,895
Net after tax..	1,010,139	879,099	132,040
Sur. after chg.	317,223	251,248	65,980
Bal. after pfd. dividends	196,228	191,343	3,980

PORTLAND RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER COMPANY for September—

Gross	547,451	542,387	5,064
Net after tax..	268,046	263,431	4615
Sur. after chg.	92,032	121,245	*29,213
12 mos. gross..	6,689,055	6,657,842	131,210
Net after tax..	3,366,803	3,308,096	58,707
Sur. after chg.	1,431,971	1,668,828	*176,857

EAST ST. LOUIS & SUBURBAN COMPANY for September—

Gross	238,547	217,962	20,585
Net after tax..	97,118	101,009	*3,954
Sur. after chg.	47,876	52,513	*5,143
12 mos. gross..	2,646,367	2,374,432	272,405
Net after tax..	1,135,468	1,061,935	73,583
Sur. after chg.	547,730	491,168	56,562
Bal. after pfd. dividends	197,780	141,168	56,562

*Decrease. †Surplus.

PITTSBURGH BREWING COMPANY for the year ended Oct. 25—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross rev.....	5,759,901	5,414,151	5,055,497
Expenses	4,680,301	4,403,814	3,994,928
Net rev.....	2,055,800	1,804,638	1,361,468
Interest	346,640	379,140	379,140
Depres., &c....	642,020	487,048	531,460
Surplus	1,067,140	438,450	450,869
Preferred div..	427,000	427,000	427,000
Surplus	640,140	11,450	23,868
Common div...			298,108
Surplus	640,140	11,450	*274,239
Previous sur...	3,822,445	3,810,995	4,085,234
Total sur.....	4,462,585	3,822,445	3,810,995
*Deficit.			

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Nov. 5, 1913	$1,756,000
Same day last year	2,659,500
Total year to date	427,179,420
Same period last year	597,947,500
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	86.94 +.01
Same day last year	92.23 +.08

Range year to date	High.	Low.
	92.81 Jan. 10	85.78 June 11

U S 4s, coupon 1,000.....110½
Jap Gov 4½s, ster l 2,000.....85¼
2,000.....86
24 Series 4,000.....85¼
4,000.....85¼
2,000.....85¼
N Canal 4s, 1960 1,000.....91
2,000.....100¾
2,000.....100
4½s, 1963, temp rcts 4,000.....104⅝
16,000.....104¼
4½s, May, 1937 4,000.....104¼
4½s, May, 1917 1,000.....101⅝
Adams Expr 4s 7,000.....76
2,000.....76
Am Cotton Oil 5s 5,000.....92½
Am. Sm Secur 5s 5,000s10r.....103¾
500.....103
Am T & T cv 4½s 15,000.....96
col 4s 1,000.....86¼
Am Tobacco 4s 4,000.....86
Ann Arbor 1st 4s 2,000.....70¼
Armour & Co 4½s 5,000.....89½
A, T & S F gen 4s 13,000.....93¼
4,000.....93½
10,000.....93¾
5,000adj.....93¼
Calif-Ariz 1st & ref 4½s 1,000.....99
Atl Coast Line, L & N col 4s 5,000.....88½
B & O pr lien 3½s 8,000.....90¼
gold 4s 5,000.....91⅛
2,000.....91⅛
10,000.....91½
conv 4½s 8,000.....92
2,000.....91⅞
1,000 c.....92
2,000.....92
P, Lake E & W Va 4s 2,000.....85
S W Div 3½s 5,000.....87¾
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s 1,000.....81½
Beth Steel 5s 1,000.....95
Bklyn City 1st 5,000.....99½
B R T gold 5s 5,000.....100¼
5s, 1918 7,000.....96⅝
ref conv 4s 1,000.....85¾
Bush Term Bldgs gtd 5s 2,000.....85¼
Canada So con 5s, Ser A 2,000.....105½
Cent Leather 5s 2,000.....94
C of N J gen 5s 2,000 S.....113¾
2,000.....113¾
Cent Pac gtd 4s 5,000c20f.....90⅞
5,000.....91
gtd 3½s 5,000.....87
1960 5,000.....90¾
Cent R R & Bkg Co of Ga col 5s 5,000.....99⅝
Chat & Alton 3½s 12,000.....85¼
C, B & Q gen 4s 5,000.....92¼
2,000.....92
1,000.....91¾
2,000.....91½
C, R I & P R R 4s 2,000.....82¾
5,000.....82¾
21,000.....83
12,000.....83½
Chi, I & L & C 4s 3,000.....94¼
Col & 9th Av 1st 5s 1,000.....98½
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1931 1,000.....95
Dallas Waco 6s 1,000.....100
Den & Rio Gr 1st & ref 5s 4,000.....71¼
Det Edison 5s 2,000.....101
Du Pde N P 4½s 1,000.....87¾
1,000.....87½
Erie, Pa col tr 4s 5,000.....87¾
1st con 4s 1,000.....85¼
Gen Elec deb 5s 2,000.....102
7,000.....102¼
Hock Val 1st 4½s 1,000.....100¼
Ill Cent 4s, 1953 1,000.....87½
Sprfld Div 3½s 1,000.....75
Ill Steel 4½s 4,000.....84
Indiana Steel 5s 3,000.....90
Inter-Met 4½s 5,000.....74¼
18,000.....75
I R T 1st & ref 5s 23,000.....88¾
2,000.....92¼
1,000.....93¾
Inter Paper 5s 1,000.....102½
Lack Steel 5s, 1950 2,000.....74
Lake S & Mich So 4s, 1928 1,000.....91½
Lex Av & P F 1st 5s 1,000.....95¾
Lizg & Myers 7s, temp bonds 1,000.....98¾
L&N 4s.....120
Lizg & Myers 5s 1,000.....95¾
5,000.....97½
3,000.....97¾
Lorillard Co 5s 4,000.....96
5,000.....95
Lou & N unfd 4s 7,000.....93
M, K & T 1st 4½s 1,000.....82¾
1st & ref 4s 1,000.....68¾
Mo Pac gen 5s 1,000c20f.....78¼
4,000c20f.....78¼
10,000c20f.....78
Mob & O new 6s 2,000.....118¼
National Tube 5s 3,000.....95¼
5,000.....95¾
Nash, Ch & St L 1st con 5s 3,000.....105¾
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s 1,000.....97¼
5,000.....98
N Y Cent gen 3½s 11,000.....82½
L S col 3½s, registered 1,000.....79
N Y G, L, H & P con tr 5s 2,000.....102¼
pur money 4s 5,000.....80
N Y, L & W 1st 6s 1,000.....108¼
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s 65,000.....106½
when issued 75,000.....103
20,000.....102¾
2,000.....102
10,000.....103¼
10,000.....103¾
10,000.....108
19,000.....103¾
43,000.....103½
94,000.....103¾
10,000.....103¾
52,000.....103¾
5,000.....103¼
N Y Rys adj 5s 2,000.....54½
3,000.....54¾
N & W con 4s 7,000.....93¼
10-20 conv 4s 10,000.....102¼
conv 4½s 10,000.....108
Nor Pacific 4s 10,000.....94¾
5,000.....94¼
Ohio River 1st 5s 5,000.....85¼
Ore Short L 1st 5s 1,000.....100¼
Pac Tel & Tel 5s 11,000.....86¼
2,000.....86¼
2,000.....86¾
Penn conv 3½s 6,000.....97
9,000.....97¼
Phila Co conv 5s, 1922 2,000.....99
25,000.....96¾
Pub Serv C 1st 5s 1,000.....85¾
1,000.....85¾
Ray Consol 1st 5s 1,000.....108
Reading gen 4s 1,000.....88¾
1,000.....88¾
1,000.....88¾
2,000.....88¾
St L & S F R gen 5s, Tr Co 2,000.....108½
St L S W 1st 4s 5,000.....84
con 4s 1,000.....77½
St P & N Pac 4s 1,000.....110
Seab Air L adj 5s 2,000s10f.....74
5,000.....74½
So Pac 1st ref 4s 7,000.....80¾
col 4s 6,000s0f.....82¼
conv deb 4s 5,000.....85¼
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s 3,000.....97¾
Southn Ry 1st 5s 2,000.....103¾
1,000.....106
gen 4s 4,000.....74
1,000.....78¾
Tex & Pac 1st 5s 1,000.....100¼
Texas Co conv 5s 4,000.....98½
Third Av 1st 5s 1,000.....104¾
1,000.....104¾
adj 5s 20,000.....74¾
17,000.....76
Union Pac 1st 4s 10,000.....95¾
5,000.....95¾
6,000.....95¾
2,000adj.....95
conv 4s 10,000.....90¾
1st & ref 4s 2,000.....90½
U R Rs of S F 4s 1,000.....53
U S Rubber 5s 1,000.....102¼
1,000.....102
U S Steel 5s f 5s 1,000.....99¾
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s 1,000.....95
Virgin Ry 1st 5s 4,000.....98
1,000.....98
4,000.....97¾
Va & S W con 5s 1,000.....90
Wabash 1st 5s 2,000.....102¼
1,000.....102¼
2,000.....102¼
Wabash R R ref ext 4s 5,000.....49
Western Electric 5s 5,000.....100¾
Western Maryld 4s 7,000.....77
Wn N Y & P 1st 5s 5,000s0f.....104¾
West Un fund & real est 4½s 3,000.....88½
West Shore 4s 2,000.....93¾
Westingh E & M 1st ev s f 5s 4,000.....91¼
1,000.....91⅜
1,000.....91⅝
11,000.....91¾

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 5.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Nov 5, 1913	225,757
Same day last year	1,012,360
Total year to date	76,838,251
Same period last year	111,309,751
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	67.62 + .28
Same day last year	83.89 +1.39

	High.		Low.	
Range year to date	79.10	Jan. 9	68.09	June 10
Same period last year	85.83	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1

	—Call Money.— High.	Low.	Ren'al.	—Sterling Exchange.— High.	Low.	Close.
Nov. 5, 1913	5	3	4	$4.8525	$4.85	$4.85
Same day last year.	7	4¾	5	4.8570	4.8560

THIS AD IS WORTH 1.05 TO OFFICE MEN

Our Offer: Send $1 and this ad. or phone 412 Sunset, and we will deliver 1,000 Flatt-er (card index) Clips, reg. price..... 80c and one Victor 5-in-One Inkstand, reg. price..... $1.25

Total regular price.... $2.05

All complete for $1, saving you $1.05. Why, the inkstand alone sells for $1.25 everywhere. Size 5¾ in. wide by 7¼ inches long, 2½ inches deep.

VICTOR FIVE-IN-ONE INKSTAND $1

is all one piece Crystal Glass, Double Inkstand, with slide covers, (red and black:) pen and pencil rack, clip and pin trays, stamp holder, made flat and convenient for use on flat-top and low roll desks. A handsome, clean-cut, businesslike, dustproof inkwell that looks well in the most elaborate office. Sold everywhere at $1.25 and $1.50 each.

The FLATT-ER (card index) CLIP is a light polished steel clip made flat for use to hold together index cards in the drawers, for attaching inclosures to letters—the flattest paper and card fastener made. Regular retail price, 80c. per 1,000.

SAVE $1.05 AND ORDER NOW.
Tear out the ad. as a Memo.
Send N. Y. orders to
TOWER MFG. & NOVELTY CO.,
18 E. 23d St., or 326-330 Broadway.
Phone Worth 5100.

or **WEEKS-NUMAN CO.,**
Manufacturers of Victor Office Devices.
BUSH TERMINAL, BROOKLYN.
Phone Sunset 412.

Why Puzzle Over

Income Tax Computation?

Merchants, Manufacturers and Business Men generally will save time and money by our AUDIT SYSTEM, which includes the preparation of INCOME TAX schedules.

Call, write or telephone

PRACTICAL AUDIT COMPANY
Established 1888
115 Broadway New York
Telephone 1834 Rector
Schofield Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 18,583.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GUSTAV A. ROETH and RAYMOND BLUM, individually and as copartners composing the firm of ROETH & BLUM, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Gustav A. Roeth and Raymond Blum, individually and as copartners composing the firm of Roeth & Blum, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1913, the said Gustav A. Roeth and Raymond Blum, individually and as copartners composing the firm of Roeth & Blum, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1913, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

November 5, 1913.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In matter of LOUIS BLOOM and BENZIN GOODMAN, trading as NEW YORK SPECIALTY CLOAK CO., alleged bankrupts. —No. 18,806.

To the creditors of Louis Bloom and Benzin Goodman, trading as New York Specialty Cloak Co., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, alleged bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that a petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the alleged bankrupts herein, and a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of November, A. D. 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, to consider an offer of composition, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated November 5th, 1913.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 18,642.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FREDERICK FICKER and ALICE COOK, doing business as FRED FICKER & CO., Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Frederick Ficker and Alice Cook, doing business as Fred Ficker & Co., of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1913, the said Frederick Ficker and Alice Cook, doing business as Fred Ficker & Co., were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room No. 1,305, Woolworth Building, No. 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

November 5, 1913.

NO. 18,852.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM RAFSKY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Abraham Rafsky of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1913, the said Abraham Rafsky was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

November 5, 1913.

18,719.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—ANGUS D. CAMERON, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Angus D. Cameron, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated October 27th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court Rooms and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 8, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, November 5, 1913.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of I. B HYMAN & CO., INC., bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Nov. 18th, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 31 W. 27th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of silk and cotton waists, dresses, piece goods, laces, embroideries, office furniture, machinery, typewriter, safe, fixtures, &c. Inspection Nov. 15 and 17, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

IRVING M. DITTENHOEFER, Trustee.
ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Attorneys for Trustee. 170 Broadway, New York.

PRISONERS SEEK AUTO CATALOGUES

Two Letters Come to Motor Company from Jail—Other Motor Matters.

Interest in automobiles evidently does not stop at such impediments as prison walls. One of the leading motor-car makers recently received unmistakable proof of this. Two inquiries for catalogues have come to this company from prisons since its announcement of new models for 1914. These inquiries are given added significance when it is realized that convicts in many of the prisons, Federal and State, are allowed to write only one letter a month to the outside world. One of the letters came from Convict No. 3,945 in the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan. He made his October letter a request for information regarding the new "six." The other request of a similar nature was from Convict No. A 7,559 in the Western Pennsylvania State Prison at Pittsburgh. It was couched in the language of a man whose time is valuable and who is impatient of delay, beginning, "Please send me at your earliest convenience," &c. Whether either of the writers will ever be in the market for an automobile cannot be said, but each apparently harbors the hope of one day putting the prison walls behind him and sitting at the wheel of his own car.

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Election brought rejoicing to Automobile Row in at least one respect. The success of Maurice E. Connolly in winning the Queens Borough Presidency was regarded by the motor car fraternity both as a tribute to his stand for good roads in that borough and as an earnest of the maintenance of that policy during the coming administration.

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John N. Willys, President of the Willys-Overland Company, has purchased the plant and all license rights, stock and equipment of the Edwards-Knight Motor Car Company. The car now acquired by the Willys interests has among its features the Knight sleeve-valve motor, worm drive, four-speed transmission, Lanchester spring suspension and wire wheels. Mr. Willys has announced his intention of building the new cars, which will be known as Garford-Knight, at the big plant at Elyria, Ohio. H. J. Edwards, who designed the purchased car, is to be chief engineer at the plant.

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Important suits are foreshadowed in the notification by the Bosch Magneto Company of the Hendee Manufacturing Company, makers of motor cycles, and the Splitdorf Electrical Company to discontinue alleged infringements of its patents. It is expected that both of the companies so notified will fight the claims of the Magneto Company, which cover magneto ignition for gas engines of the two-cylinder V-type construction.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 5.—These companies were incorporated to-day:

Yolo Land Company, Inc., of Manhattan, realty and construction, $800,000; Otis M. MacMillan, Jr., William C. Scofield, Jr., John F. Clancy, 745 Amsterdam Avenue, New York.

Bowman and Roeder Company, Inc., of Manhattan, lumber, mining, construction, $300,000; Calvin Vos, Maxwell Gottlieb, William Nelson, all of 25 Pine Street, New York.

Harlem Investing Company, Inc., of Manhattan, realty and theatrical, $250,000; Joseph S. Siegel, Earl H. Keller, Francis Gilbert, 237 West 122d Street, New York.

Benjamin Stearn and Company, of Manhattan, millinery, $200,000; Dorah Stearns, Ralph Stearns, Frederick L. Happel, 6 West Ninety-first Street, New York.

Electric Contractor's Company, Inc., of Manhattan, $150,000; Charles Metzger, Arthur Sheney, Rudolph E. Mabel, 455 East Eighty-third Street, New York.

Victor Brass Works, Inc., of Manhattan, plumbing supplies, $115,000; Morris J. Junger, Esther Volinsky, Samuel J. Joseph, 837 Beck Street, New York.

Bausch Manufacturing Company, Inc., of Farmingdale, picture frames, woodenware, $100,000; George H. Borthwick, William F. Heidman, Obadiah Bartow, Northport.

Interborough Transfer Company, Inc., of Manhattan, $10,000; Ben Franklin Chassey, Casper Shuthers, Leo Epstein, 60 Varick Street, New York.

Kinato, Inc., of Manhattan, food products and beverages, $25,000; Charles Cassaza, Joseph J. Cassaza, Andrew Cunes, 28 Mulberry Street, New York.

The W. J. Bush Citrus Products Company, Inc., of Manhattan, $25,000; Charles B. Righton, Leo De Nave, Henry H. Bowman, 153 West Eighty-second Street, New York.

Realty Refunding Company, Inc., of Manhattan, realty and construction, $25,000; William C. Cotton, Edith Cotton, Ethel Poole, 115 West Seventy-first Street, New York.

Mercantile Lithographic Company, Inc., of Buffalo, $15,000; George C. Fox, C. Frederick Schopp, Fred C. Vieland, all of Buffalo.

Oriental Cash and Credit Company, Inc., of Manhattan, mercantile, $10,000; Harry Kaplan, Moses Caleff, Sam Grobstein, all of 14 Avenue A, New York.

Ordonia Corporation, of Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; C. A. Meier, V. May Russell, G. A. Vanderbeck, all of 128 Broadway, New York.

Regent Theatre, Inc., of Brooklyn, motion pictures, saloons, theatricals, $10,000; J. Lewis Blumenstock, Charles Cook, Louis B. Chanler, 376 Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn.

Circle Hotel Company, Inc., of Brooklyn, $10,000; Harry Hartman, Marx Hartman, George J. Lyon, 446 Fifteenth Street, Brooklyn.

Assets Protective Corporation, Inc., of Manhattan, salvage, liquidation, realization, $10,000; Frank Evans, F. Jackson, E. C. Bryn, 315 Union Street, Brooklyn.

C. L. Gray, Inc., of Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; C. L. Gray, Elmund K. Stalb, Melvin J. McKenna, 60 Broadway, New York.

Modern Garage Company, Inc., of Manhattan, $10,000; Thomas Black, Carl S. Flanders, Henry W. Biggs, 201 West 108th Street, New York.

Feiner and Dreyfuss, Inc., of Manhattan, laces, dressmakers' supplies, $10,000; Hayman Feiner, Samuel Schwartz, Louis Dreyfuss, 265 West 120th Street, New York.

Mendelson Brothers Company, Inc., of Manhattan, textiles, $10,000; Abram Mendelson, Samuel C. Mendelson, Charles A. Mendelson, 315 Fourth Avenue, New York.

Increases in capital stock were filed by:

Yankee Salvage Association, Inc., of New York, from $2,000 to $200,000.

The C. X. Mather Company, of Queens, from $1,000 to $100,000.

Hospital Realty Company, Inc., of Brooklyn, from $6,000 to $15,000.

Moods Publishing Company of New York, from $5,000 to $300,000.

Voluntary dissolutions of corporations were filed to-day by the following:

Falker Art Company, of Syracuse, incorporated Feb. 28, 1908, with $10,000 capital; Leopold Stickley, President; J. Elsner Falker, Secretary.

Estelle Costume Company, of Brooklyn, incorporated Mar. 2, 1911, with $10,000 capital; Siegfried Altman President; Henry Nadel, Secretary.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

The millinery buyer of one of the big stores said yesterday that the heavy demand for paradise, aigrettes and other high-grade feather ornaments, which was expected immediately to follow the passage of the clause in the tariff prohibiting their importation, had not yet been noticed.

The unmade boudoir cap is a recent embroidery novelty made on schiffli machines. By running a ribbon through embroidered eyelets, the cap is made ready for wear.

The women's cloak and suit department of one of the local stores is featuring English garments, and has engaged an English saleswoman to point out their best features.

An interesting development in the women's neckwear field in the last three weeks has been the increased call for frilled collar sets. Dealers say that they will be strong items in holiday selling, because they follow so closely the season's demand for softness in line about throat and wrist.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

According to statistics obtained from the Palermo, Italy, Chamber of Commerce, exports from that city in 1912 were valued at $11,700,570, compared with $9,198,096 in 1911.

The piece goods trade, the backbone of China's foreign commerce, represented 30 per cent. of the republic's import trade in 1912. This total was considerably less than that of 1911, however.

The Smyrna carpet industry is rapidly developing, and exports of this merchandise to the United States in 1912 were valued at $276,246. Customs statistics show that the value of carpet exports last year was $193,355 greater than in 1907.

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Spring Millinery Styles.

Indications of early Spring millinery fashions point to very large shapes, according to local wholesalers, but no definite color tendency has yet appeared. The trend in trimmings tends strongly toward flowers. Combinations of small violets, roses and forget-me-nots will be featured for high trimmings, and wreathes and clusters of other small flowers, in vivid shades, will also be used extensively. Medium-sized and small black velvet shapes continue to lead the current season's demand, though there is a noticeable demand for white plush hats. Fitch, marmot and skunk furs are now appearing on Winter headgear, being used considerably to encircle the outer edges. "La France" roses are also used for trimmings. The present demand for ostrich feathers is excellent, and it is said that they will doubtless figure largely in Spring trimmings also. Imitation aigrettes sold fairly well on their first appearance, but are not particularly favored now.

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To Avoid Damage to Gowns.

The current issue of The Dry Goods Economist tells of a plan of a prominent ready-to-wear buyer to prevent mussing and damaging of elaborate dresses in handling, a danger more prevalent than ever this Fall because of the sheerness and softness of the fabrics featured. The buyer's plan is to separate the more expensive dresses with large pieces of pasteboard, hung on ordinary hangers. This pasteboard is about the thickness of that commonly used in packing boxes, and measures about 3 by 4 feet. The dresses are displayed on their hangers until the sale has progressed far enough to require trying them on. The hanger is so handled by the saleswoman that she shows a dress without touching it. If the dress has a train, it is usually looped up with tape and thus kept from touching the floor.

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Weather Helps Suit Sales.

The fluctuations of the thermometer in the last few weeks have made retail buying of Fall cloaks and suits somewhat uncertain, but local manufacturers report a steady increase in the wholesale demand. This increase, however, is more noticeable in the high-priced lines than in medium and popular-priced garments. All along the line the tendency in suit styles is away from strictly tailor-made effects and toward fancy cuts. In the better and medium lines fur trimmings are used extensively. An excellent call for evening coats for immediate shipment is reported. Brocaded velvet and plush coats are well up in the demand, "batwing" and "pegtop" effects being especially well taken. Like some of the Fall skirts, the latter effects in coats are roomy at the hips and narrow at the bottom. In children's coats pile fabrics are most favored, especially coats trimmed with fur and with fur buttons.

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Laces and Embroideries Good.

Local lace wholesalers report that shadow flouncings, in widths ranging from 18 to 27 inches, dominate the present demand in that field. Their activity is expected to extend well into Spring. Bobbin nets are active in spots; Venise goods are quiet. Early Spring samples are expected in about three weeks, and the outlook for that season is said to be excellent. Spring embroidery business is fairly satisfactory. The cheaper and medium grades of crepes, ratine and volle flouncings, in 45-inch and narrower widths, are leading the demand. Swiss sets, especially baby sets, are selling well, as are convent effects on the better qualities of cambric. Buyers are also giving more attention to colored novelties.

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Rubber Buying More Active.

According to cables received in this market yesterday, buyers were more active than usual at the opening of the fortnightly auction of crude rubber in London on Tuesday. Of the 960 tons offered 460 tons were disposed of the first day. Smoked sheets closed at 2s. 5d., while pale crepe brought 2s. 2¼d. Locally business was dull. Upriver fine was quoted here at 74 cents for spot and 73 cents for future delivery. Pale crepe was held at 53 cents for spot, 55½ cents for January-June, 1914 delivery, and 56 cents for delivery in July-December.

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Spring Dress Models Shown.

A number of embroidery buyers attended yesterday the opening of an advance showing of women's, misses', and children's Spring dresses at the showrooms of Arnold B. Heine & Co. Several pretty models featuring Scotch plaid embroideries were shown. One of the most interesting of the misses' dresses showed Scotch plaid embroideries on lingerie voile. It was a minaret effect, trimmed with white net ruching at neck and elbows and with a belt and sash of velvet ribbon. Another striking minaret model was trimmed with lace and with satin bands and stole.

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The fifth week of the strike of the Umbrella and Stickmakers' Union finds the umbrella and cane manufacturers tied up and wondering where they are going to get handles to fill their holiday orders. Both the silversmith handlemakers and makers of natural wood handles and canes are out. According to information gained yesterday, the strikers are determined to stay out until their demands are recognized. The prospect of an immediate settlement is not regarded bright by the manufacturers.

Albany Collar Concern Falls.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 5.—A receiver was appointed to-day for Beiermeister Bros. Company of Albany, manufacturers of collars. This followed a petition in bankruptcy. The liabilities are placed at $65,193, with assets of $111,919. New York creditors forced the petition. The company began business in 1904 in Troy.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Weakness of wheat in Europe had influence yesterday in causing a decline in our markets. Final prices showed a net loss of ⅞c from Monday's close and a drop of ⅛ to ¾c from Tuesday's last figures at Chicago. Corn and oats also dropped back, the former from ⅞ to 1c, and the latter a good sized fractional distance. Cotton gained from 7 to 16 points in a quiet session. Provisions were firm and cotton oil displayed steadiness.

WHEAT.

The decline in the wheat market, which started in Europe and was reflected by weakness in the Western markets during our holiday on Tuesday, continued yesterday and at the close the local markets showed losses of ⅞c from the final of Monday, while Chicago was ⅛ to ¾c lower than Tuesday's close. The price upset started in the result of quite vigorous liquidation on the part of those who recently took the bull side on the belief that decreasing receipts in the Northwest and less favorable Argentine crop news would result in a material advance of values. At the decline the market showed losses of 1⅞ to 2⅛c from the top of the recent upward movement, which had carried prices up about 5 cents a bushel.

The movement at Northwestern points was again fairly liberal. The prospects for the new Winter wheat crop are exceptionally favorable. The Price Current stating that seed indicates that the acreage this year will be the largest on record with the total likely to be 10 per cent. in excess of last year. Bradstreet's on Thursday showed an increase of 1,486,000 bushels in world's stocks compared with an increase of 3,389,000 last year. There was a moderate export inquiry at the decline and sales were reported of about 25 loads.

In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at 95½c, cost, insurance, and freight, New York export basis, and 97c, free on board; No. 1 Nor. Duluth, 93c, free on board.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last
Dec.	.94 9-16	93⅞	94 1-16	95	97	
May	....	....	97⅛	97⅛	101¼	

CHICAGO PRICES.

Dec.	84⅞	83⅞	84½	84⅞	89⅝
May	89⅜	88¾	89½	89⅝	95⅝
July	87⅛	86½	86⅞	87	..

CORN.

The bright, cool weather over the entire corn belt led to expectations of increased receipts of new corn in the near future, and the market was weak under further liquidation, closing at a net decline of ⅞c to 1c. The Price Current said that husking returns are up to Government predictions and indicate a crop of around 2,400,000,000 bushels. B. W. Snow placed the total crop at 2,387,000,000 bushels and the amount in farmers' hands at 131,000,000 bushels. Bradstreet's visible showed a decrease of 677,000 bushels, compared with a decrease of 375,000 bushels last year.

The Buenos Aires market was very weak, and Argentine offers had a depressing influence both in Europe and in America, in the local cash market export corn was quoted at 78¾c, free on board.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	68⅞	68	68⅛	69¼	50⅜
May	70	69⅛	69⅝	70¼	49
July	69⅝	68⅛	68¾	69⅝	50¼

OATS.

The oats market was easier, in sympathy with wheat and corn and owing to continued pressure of Canadian oats as well as poor cash demand. The local cash market was steady; standard white being quoted at 45@45½c; No. 2, 46@46½c; No. 3, 44@45c; No. 4, 43@44c; ordinary clipped white, 43@45¼c; fancy clipped white, 46@47c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	37⅝	37¼	37½	37⅝	33
May	41⅝	41¼	41½	41⅝	32⅝
July	41⅛	41	41⅛	41⅛	32⅝

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was heavy during the first part of the day owing to weakness in the hog markets and the decline in grain, but rallied late on covering and buying by packers, closing at about the best of the day. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 39,000 head; estimated for Thursday, 28,000. Kansas City received 13,000 and Omaha 5,300 head.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	10.67	10.55	10.65	10.62	10.50
May	10.85	10.72	10.82	10.77	10.20
Ribs—					
January	10.55	10.45	10.52	10.52	9.97½
May	10.67	10.57	10.65	10.65	9.77½
Pork—					
January	19.90	19.75	19.85	19.92	18.50
May	19.95	19.77	19.92	19.95	18.10

COTTON.

The cotton market was higher yesterday on indications that the ginning returns of the Census Bureau next Saturday would be bullish. Closing prices were steady and from 7 to 16 points above the final figures of Monday. Trading was not particularly active, but there seemed to be some demand from trade sources as well as covering of shorts, and after some early irregularity the tendency of prices was upward with the close only 2 or 3 points off from the best.

Liverpool made a strong showing over the local holiday, but the opening here was somewhat irregular. First prices were 2 points higher to 2 points lower and active months sold 2 or 3 points under the closing figures of Monday during the first few minutes. The market very soon firmed up, however, on bullish private ginning figures.

Private cables attributed the steadiness in Liverpool to trade buying, and said that spinners' calling had absorbed Southern hedge selling. There was a fair volume of spot business in Liverpool over the local holiday, and the cables as a whole were considered mildly encouraging from a bullish standpoint. It was rumored that the National Ginners' Association estimated ginning at 8,640,000 bales, and the crop at 15,400,000 bales, excluding linters.

Southern spot markets were generally unchanged to ⅛c higher.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	....	....	13.40@13.42	13.32
December	13.62	13.50	13.59@13.60	13.52
January	13.43	13.27	13.40@13.41	13.27
February	....	....	13.54@13.56	13.39
March	13.47	13.28	13.45@13.46	13.30
April	....	....	13.44@13.45	13.28
May	13.46	13.27	13.44@13.45	13.29
June	13.27	13.23	13.40@13.42	13.25
July	13.35	13.15	13.33@13.34	13.19
August	13.12	13.12	13.13@13.16	13.02

COTTONSEED OIL.

The early decline in the lard market, as well as the weakness in grain, caused a moderate decline in the cottonseed oil market early in the day, owing to liquidation on the part of timid longs. Crude oil was not being pressed for sale, however, and late in the session a steadier feeling developed, owing to the rally in lard and the firmness in cotton, closing prices being 1 point net lower to 4 points higher.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	6.95@..	6.95
November	7.02	6.98	6.99@7.01	6.95
December	7.11	7.09	7.10@7.12	7.11
January	7.18	7.16	7.17@7.18	7.18
February	....	....	7.22@7.27	7.25
March	7.36	7.33	7.35@7.37	7.35
April	....	....	7.40@7.43	7.37
May	7.47	7.43	7.44@7.45	7.45
July	7.56	7.51	7.55@7.56	7.55

COFFEE.

Prices opened easy, 3 to 13 points lower, and ruled heavy throughout, closing barely steady at a net loss of 19 to 25 points. Cost and freight offers were lower, with Santos 4s quoted at 12.60.

Spot coffee, inactive but steady; Rio 7s, 10¾c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	....	....	9.86@ 9.88	10.05
December	10.11	10.00	10.01@10.02	10.20
January	10.30	10.30	10.14@10.15	10.33
February	....	....	10.27@10.28	10.46
March	10.56	10.49	10.40@10.41	10.60
April	....	....	10.51@10.53	10.72
May	10.75	10.62	10.63@10.64	10.84
June	....	....	10.70@10.71	10.94
July	10.91	10.79	10.78@10.79	11.03
August	....	....	10.88@10.89	11.11
September	11.10	10.97	10.97@10.98	11.20
October	....	....	10.98@10.99	11.21

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 32@33c; firsts, 27½@30c; seconds, 24½@27c; thirds, 23½@24c; held, extras, 30@31c; firsts, 27@29c; seconds, 24½@26½c; State dairy, finest, 30@31c; good to prime, 27@29c; common to fair, 23@26c; process, extras, 26@26½c; firsts, 24@25c; seconds, 22@23c; imitation creamery, firsts, 24½@25½c; factory, June make, firsts, 23½c; current make, firsts, 23c; seconds, 21½@22½c; thirds, 20@21c; packing stock, June make, No. 1, 22½c; current make, No. 2, 21@21½c; No. 3, 19½@20½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 15¾@16c; white, 16c; colored, average fancy, 15½c; white, 13¾@15¾c; State, whole milk, fresh, colored, specials, 15¼@15¾c; white, 15¼@15½c; colored, average fancy, 15½c; white, 15¼c; undergrades, 12¾@15c; whole milk, daisies, best, 16¼c; Wisconsin, whole milk, flats, best, 15¾@16c; twins, best, 15¾@16c; daisies, best, 16c; State, skims, held, specials, 12½@13c; choice, 11@12c; fresh, specials, 12@12¼c; skims, fresh, choice, 10½@11c; skims, poor to fair, 5@10c; State, full skims or badly defective, 1½@6c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 38@40c; extra firsts, 35@37c; firsts, 33@34c; seconds, 29@32c; thirds and poorer, 25@29c; dirties, 25@26c; No. 2 and poorer, 20@24c; checks, good to choice dry, 22@24c; undergrade, case, $5.40@$6.30; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, season's charges paid, 28½c; firsts, season's charges paid, 27½@28c; seconds, 26@27c; lower grades, 23@25c; dirties, 19@24c; State, Pennsylvania and near-by, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 52@57c; gathered whites, fine to finest, 52@55c; State, Pennsylvania and near-by whites, fair to good, 40@50c; small or otherwise seriously defective, 33@38c; Western, gathered whites, 32@50c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery brown, 38@45c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 32@40c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—Wholesale prices for Western beef cuts showed no change yesterday.

SUGAR.—There was no change in the refined sugar market. The raw sugar market was also quiet and unchanged. The London beet sugar market was quiet, with November quoted at 9s 6d, December at 9s 6¾d, and May at 9s 10½d.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The market was quiet and prices were held firmly.

RICE.—The market was firm and trading was quiet.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The declining tendency of the wheat market discouraged flour traders. Buyers were holding off for lower prices, but mill men refused to concede any thing.

OILS.—Petroleum and linseed oil were steady and unchanged.

NAVAL STORES.—The turpentine market was firmer yesterday and the price advanced to 46c. Resin and tar, however, were quiet and unchanged.

WOOL TRADE MARKS TIME.

Moderate Business for the Week—No Lower Prices Yet.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say to-morrow that the past week has been one of the most moderate trading in all grades of wool, with the market steady and in a healthy condition. The sales for the week have been 3,360,000 pounds, and the rumors as to lower prices have failed to materialize.

In the woolen industry price advances by several sellers have not been confined to fancy worsted fabrics, but have occurred, though to a lesser extent, upon certain lines of fancy woolens. Without doubt most of the advances have been upon lines which were in a sold-up condition, but some orders are still being received at the advance. The situation in women's wear woolens and worsteds has not been entirely satisfactory. Even here, however, the whole industry is feeling much more confident than it was a short time ago.

Spinners of cotton yarns are just as firm as ever in their ideas of value based upon the price of cotton. Two factors, however, have now entered the situation of which spinners are taking cognizance. The first is the return of buyers, both knitters' and weavers', to a policy of hand-to-mouth purchasing. The second is the fact that those dealers who purchased yarns at the low prices prevailing last Summer are now getting deliveries, with the result that they are offering them from a cent to two cents below the price at which spinners will do business. Spinners are covering only their present needs in purchases of cotton yarns, and the same is true of knitters. In worsted yarns some low prices have been quoted this week, but it does not appear that yarns can be delivered at the figures made with the wool market continuing strong.

In linens the much-wanted price lists that importing houses have awaited patiently have at last arrived, and in a great many cases the new values are higher than the old quotations. Colored cotton goods have advanced a half cent, and some mills are understood to be sold ahead to the first of May.

White woolen and worsted manufacturers are discussing with anxiety the possibility of foreign importations of cloths, and they are inquiring with equal zeal as to their own chances of purchasing foreign worsted yarns. But the uncertainty of deliveries, owing to ocean freights and the possibility of idle machinery, incident to the non-arrival of yarns as expected, are all features that will have due weight with the domestic weaver in deciding as to where his yarns shall be bought.

One of the low prices quoted upon domestic worsted yarns is based upon the report everywhere prevalent that 2-40's half-blood yarns have been selling below 85 cents. On the other hand, it is intimated that any manufacturer who places a price on his cloth based on eighty-cent yarn cost for 2-40's half-blood yarns will furnish an addition to the bankruptcy list in the near future.

Oil Up 15 Cents a Barrel.

FINDLAY, Ohio, Nov. 5.—An advance of fifteen cents a barrel was announced to-day on North and South Lima, Princeton, and Illinois oils.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY—William Whitney & Co.; P. J. McManus, cloaks, suits; 41 Union Square, Victoria.

ATLANTA.—Southern Suit & Skirt Co.; G. W. Seay, jobs, ready-to-wear; 71 W. 23d.

BALTIMORE—E. Rosenfeld & Co.; G. M. Harsh, shirtings; 1,133 Broadway; Netherland.

BALTIMORE—Gomprecht & Benesch; S. Gomprecht, carpets; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co., J. S. Radcliffe, furn. goods, gloves; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. G. Frazier, muslin underwear; B. Reid, silks, dress goods; 72 Leonard.

BOSTON—Al. Siegel Co.; Miss A. Goldring, waists; 6th Av. and 19th; Collingwood.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; G. W. Little, upholstery goods; 31 Union Square.

BOSTON—W. J. Collins, cotton goods; Hoffman House.

BOSTON—Filene's, W., Sons Co.; Miss F. Kaleske, ladies' neckwear; W. O'Callaghan, misses' suits; Mr. M. L. Jackson, waists; Miss J. Griffin, misses' bath robes, kimonos, petticoats; H. H. Ellis, hosiery; Miss McCallum, hdkfs.; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss C. Towns, handkerchiefs; E. W. Dempsey, gloves, laces, ribbons, neckwear; C. F. Jones, infants' wear; Mr. Lowe, trimmings, art goods, yarns; 55 White.

BOSTON—White, R. H., Co.; A. H. Shannon, dress goods, silks; I. Friedlander, boys' clothing; T. J. Graham, laces, trimmings, gloves, h'dk'fs; F. H. Bell, upholstery goods; L. F. Hill, house dresses; 60 W. 33d.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; F. A. Burdick, ladies' coats, skirts; F. A. Fuller, furs; F. R. Williams, ladies' gloves; Mr. Tyrell, furn. goods; Miss Henry, waists; Miss Walsh, ladies' coats, skirts; Miss Kendall, costumes; 31 Union Sq.

BRISTOL, TENN.—Mahoney-Jones Co.; J. A. Mahoney, notions, furnishing goods; 350 Broadway; Albert.

BOSTON—J. Bachorn, furs; Albert.

BUFFALO—Meldrum, H. A., Co.; J. J. Cronin, silks; 60 W. 33d.

BUFFALO—Hengerer, W., Co.; S. J. Ryan, books, stationery; 214 Church.

BUFFALO—Hamlins, H. N. Des Marets, mdse. mgr.; 116 W. 32d.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Mr. Tagg, dress goods, silks; 2 Walker.

CHATTANOOGA.—Miller Brothers Co.; A. Mathis, dress goods, silks, laces, notions, hosiery, gloves; Gregorian.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; T. A Lamond, domestics; 115 Worth.

CHICAGO—The Fair; L. H. Webb, dress goods, silks, linings, wash goods, muslins; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Importers and

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Pressure has fallen over the entire country except the Atlantic States, and there are two pronounced centres of depression, one northeast of Montana and the other off the Coast of Washington.

Thus far the first mentioned disturbance has been dry, but the second has caused general rains over the north districts west of the Rocky Mountains.

Rains also continued in Oklahoma and Eastern Texas, while over the remainder of the country the weather was fair.

Temperatures have risen as a rule except in the Atlantic States. In the Northwest they are considerably above seasonal. Except for rain jin the North Pacific States and Rocky Mountain region, fair weather will prevail generally during the next two days throughout the country, with higher temperatures in the Central Valleys Thursday and in the Atlantic States Friday. It will be colder Thursday night or Friday in the Northwest.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate west, becoming variable; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable, becoming south; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast and east.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY:

Eastern New York, Southern New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday; light to moderate winds, becoming south.

New Jersey—Fair Thursday; Friday fair, warmer; light to moderate variable winds, becoming south.

Western New York—Fair; warmer Thursday; Friday, fair; moderate south winds.

Northern New England—Fair Thursday; warmer in Vermont; Friday, fair; warmer in interior; light to moderate winds becoming south.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	45	42	4 P. M.	61	54
6 A. M.	44	39	6 P. M.	59	52
9 A. M.	45	44	9 P. M.	56	47
12 M.	55	49	12 P. M.	54	

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 46; for the corresponding date last year it was 52; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 48.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 41; at 8 P. M. it was 50. Maximum temperature, 55 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 38 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 57 per cent. at 8 A. M., 45 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.30 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.31 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.

12:49—624 St. and 2d Av., elevated railroad structure.....Trifling

12:49—1,494 2d Av.; E. Steupdenback..Trifling

2:40—46 Hudson St.; G. Fesser.....Trifling

2:53—51st St. and Broadway; Times Square Auto Co.....None

6:20—476 3d Av.; not given. (hallway)...None

11:50—Rear 287 Madison St.; fire in shanty .....Trifling

P. M.

12:23—90 Ann St.; Benjamin Smith & Co..$200

1:40—2,550 Decatur Av.; William Casane $150

4:40—1,111 E. 179th St.; Millbrook & Co. .....Trifling

4:55—251st St. and Broadway; S. Bauman & Co.....$5

5:25—345 E. 81st St.; G. Monopodnano .....Trifling

6:00—788 E. 163d St.; Anton Wolf..Trifling

6:10—249 W. 69th St.; not given...$50

7:00—1,928 Daly Av.; George Ryan..Trifling

7:10—223 E. 55th St.; Abraham Kroner..$10

8:45—49 9th St.; Greenfield Co....Not given

9:00—1,928 Daly Av.; George Ryan.....$50

9:45—115-117 W. 28th St.; S. Stoopack .....Trifling

10:50—772-774 Jackson Av.; Meyer Auerbach .....Trifling

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Major C. P. Summerall, Third Field Artillery, to Washington Barracks, District of Columbia, Nov. 13 and 20, to deliver two lectures at Army War College.

Second Lieut. C. Newton, Jr., Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from assignment to 164th Company and placed on unassigned list Nov. 9, reporting to commanding officer, Coast Defenses of New Orleans, for duty on his staff.

Promotions in Coast Artillery Corps—D. M. McKell, from First Lieutenant to Captain; J. H. Hood, from Second Lieutenant to First Lieutenant.

Capt. R. J. Reaney, Second Cavalry, transferred to Fifteenth Cavalry, and will remain at present station pending arrival of that regiment at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Leaves—First Lieut. J. M. Craig, Twentieth Infantry, leave extended one month; Capt. G. D. Catlin, First Infantry, fifteen days; First Lieut. E. F. Haines, Medical Reserve Corps, one month; Capt. F. S. Bowen, infantry, one month, effective Dec. 1.

The Navy.

Rear Admiral H. T. Mayo, detached aid for personnel; to temporary duty Naval War College.

Capt. W. L. Rodgers, detached Naval War College; to command the North Dakota.

Capt. W. F. Fechteler, detached aid for inspections; to aid for personnel.

Capt. A. F. Fechteler, detached President Board Inspection and Survey for Ships; to aid for Inspections.

Commander R. McLean, to Navy Department as Judge Advocate General.

Surgeon W. M. Garton, detached Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va.; to the Kearsarge.

Surgeon F. L. Benton, detached Atlantic Reserve Fleet; to receiving ship at Norfolk, Va.

Surgeon R. R. Williams, detached receiving ship at Norfolk, Va.; to Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va.

Passed Assistant Surgeon W. N. McDonnell, to Naval Hospital, Annapolis, Md.

Machinist W. H. Hubbard, to Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Wilmington at Amoy; South Dakota at San Pedro; Rhode Island, New Jersey and Virginia at Vera Cruz.

Sailed—Cummings from Boston for Newport; Celtic from Gibraltar for Naples.

The Supply will leave Guam for Yokohama in a few days.

The Albany will call at San Francisco en route to Puget Sound.

The Chester will leave Philadelphia for Vera Cruz, Mexico, as soon as possible.

The Perkins and Roe were placed in reserve at Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Nov. 4.

The Walke was placed in reserve at Navy Yard, New York, Nov. 1.

The Terry, Sterrett, and Monaghan have been ordered in reserve at Charleston, S. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BULLUS, ALBERT, (died Oct. 23;) left more than $10,000 personalty; $100,000 and residuary estate to Anna Constance Bullus, his wife; life estate in $20,000 to Eugene Bullus, his son; life estate in $2,000 to Elizabeth Dey; contingent remainders to Eliza Jane Bullus, his sister-in-law, and Margaretta E. Kent, his niece; $20,000 to Margaretta E. Kent, his niece; $500 to the Trustees of Woodlawn Cemetary.

COOK, ELIZABETH, (died Oct. 16;) left $1,200 personalty; $350 each to Kate Forrest, her daughter, Bertie Bernard, her daughter, and William Young, her son.

DUNNING, ELIZA ABRAMSE. (died Oct. 26;) left more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty in uncomputed amounts to Jacob A. R. Dunning, her son; Helen R. Jameson, her daughter; Abby Dunning Catlin, her granddaughter; Alexander Gilbert Dunning, her grandson; Florence H. Dunning, her daughter-in-law, and May B. Swift, her daughter-in-law.

GILL, BRIDGET, (died Oct. 25;) left $900 personalty; $300 to Mary McGuire, her cousin; $100 to Bridget Hollywood; $60 each to the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer and St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church; $60 to Ronan Caroll; $20 to Molly McInerney; $15 to the Rev. Father Lane; residue to St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church.

GLEASON, MARY, (date of death not known;) left $8,400 realty and $200.80 personalty; $1 to Catherine Crown, her daughter; residue in equal shares to Michael Gleason, her husband; James, John and Michael Gleason, Jr., her sons; and Mary, Helen, Dorothy, Loretta and Aline Gleason, her daughters.

GOLDSMITH, JOSEPH, (died Sept. 13;) left $200 personalty to Louis Goldsmith, his son.

HEALY, MICHAEL, (died Oct. 22;) left more than $5,000 personalty; $1,000 each to the rector of the Church of St. John the Evangelist, the rector of the Church of the Mother of Perpetual Help, the Society for the Propagation of the Faith, and the New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled; $500 each to the Trustees of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Annie O'Brien, his greatniece, and Annie McGrath, his greatniece; residue in eight equal shares to John Gray and Frank Connors, his nephews, and Mary McGrath, Kate Gray, Dora Gray, Annie O'Brien, Kate Stack, and Mary Noble Emmet, his nieces.

HELM, JOSEPH V., (disappeared Aug. 3, 1904;) left less than $1,500 realty to Patrick Grady.

MARKEWITZ, SARAH, (died Oct. 24;) left estate of unestimated value in uncomputed amounts to Flora Price, her granddaughter, and Arthur and Walter Price and Alfred and Arthur Markewitz, her grandsons.

ROBINSON, FRANCES A., (died Nov. 1;) left estate of unestimated value to Joseph H. Robinson, her son.

WALTER, ADOLPH L., (died Oct. 31;) left more than $10,000 personalty to Louisa W. Walter, his wife.

WENZEL, MARY, (died Aug. 29;) left about $450 personalty; $120 to Rosina Wolhmut, her sister; residue to Susanna Lipp, her sister.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 252.

Reinstatement, to take effect Oct. 31, as patrolman, first grade—William H. Fielding.

Transfers—Patrolmen, to take effect 4 P. M., Nov. 3—George M. Weiss, Commissioner's office, to 104th Precinct. To take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 6, Commissioner's office to precincts indicated—G. J. Merz, 36th; W. Gilmartin, 147th; J. Smyth, Jr., 156th; J. F. Baer, 63d, and J. T. Bateman, 152d. Mutual, to take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 6—Sergts. L. Mensching, 36th to 63d, and R. S. Fischer, 63d to 36th. Patrolmen A. W. Gleason, 31st to 36th; L. Bauman, 36th to 31st. To take effect 4 P. M., Nov. 6—A. C. Jocler, 5th to 8th; W. H. Hughes, 8th to 5th; F. C. Wendell, 36th to 40th; H. Rose, 40th to 36th.

Assignments—Patrolman W. H. Fielding to 42d Precinct, from noon, Nov. 3. Temporary acting Capts. Daniel J. Carey, 9th Detective District, to command 11th Detective District, in addition, 11 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 5; Lieut. John F. Sweeney, 8th, to command 13th, 10 days, from 6 A. M., Nov. 6; Sergt. C. W. Willemse, 21st, to Detective Division, detailed to District Attorney's office, 5 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 4; Patrolmen J. P. Stafford, 4th, to clerical duty, 2 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 6; Capt. J. Miglilo, 14th, I. Cassetti, 15th, and T. J. Martin, 18th, to Detective Division and District Attorney's office, 5 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 4; W. Silliver, 21st, to Detective Division, 5 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 4; A. C. Johnson, 36th, to C. O., 5 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 5; S. S. Fuchs, 63d, to Detective Division and District Attorney's office, five days, from 10 A. M., Nov. 4; M. McCormack, 161st, to Bureau of Telegraph, 5 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 3.

Leaves of Absence (With Full Pay)—Captain: Thomas T. Ryan, 13th, 10 days, from 6 A. M., Nov. 5; 2; to be deducted from vacation. (Without Pay)—Patrolmen: H. Cohen, 10th, 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 5; F. Marek, 22d, 2 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 5; S. J. Daly, 28th, 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 9; J. Goldstein, 37th, 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 11; T. W. Malone, 81st, 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 5; J. N. Gassman, 146th, 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 2; J. O. Wheat, 157th, 2 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 5.

Reprimanded—Lieuts.: Patrick McDonald, 172d, Oct. 18, (1) entered liquor saloon and drank beer, (2) performed tour of duty in civilian attire without permission; Lawrence E. Patterson, 172d, Oct. 18, made change in entry in the Aided and Arrest Record.

Charges Dismissed—Sergeant: F. O. Matthews, 168th, Aug. 23, carelessly handled revolver. Patrolman: Martin J. Cavanagh, 274th, March 27, (1) absent from post, (2) not quiet, civil, and orderly, (3) struck man and threatened to shoot him.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 212.

To report to Engineer of Steamer T. S. Richards at 7th Regiment Armory for practice 10 A. M., Nov. 6: J. T. Foote, Engine 18; T. S. Richards, Engine 227; W. Clancy, Engine 76; C. W. Roe, Jr., Engine 33; E. A. Hammond, Engine 92; F. A. Woolley, Engine 287, (2d Section;) M. Ferguson, Engine 224; W. A. Walsh, Engine 230; F. Ergenzinger, Engine 237; F. Munn, Engine 244; J. J. Keefe, Engine 308; J. Donnelly, Engine 36; W. Waldo, 139—Jessen M. J. Kesner & Co. 140—Casper v. Kuhne. 141—Varney v. Ditmars. 142—Schultze v. Huttinger. 143—Murtha v. Penn R R Co. 144—Brody, Adler & Koch v. Hochstadler. 146—Schwabe v. Herzog.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Seabury, J. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Schefer. 2—Healy & Co. v. McMurtry. 3—Stull v. City N Y. 4—People ex rel Thacher v. Walsh. 5—Zeltner v. Guaranty Trust Co. 6—Matter of D'Angelo (Cruger & ano.). 7—Same v. same. 8—Matter of King. 9—People v. Faccioli & Co. 10—Frankel v. Samuels. 11—Peerless Tailoring Co. v. Samuels. 12—Irwin v. Hurtig & Seamon. 13—Block v. Evans. 14—Bly v. Int R T. 15—Same v. same. 16—Coffin v. Nat'l City Bank of New Rochelle. 17—Coffin v. Coffin. 18—Reynolds v. Reynolds. 19—Jefferson County Sav Bank v. Lant. 20—Stern v. Greenwald. 21—Zentzelsky v. Sulzberger & Sons Co. 22—Cohen v. Cohen. 23—Matter of Public Service Comm, &c. 24—Harman Co v. Shea. 25—Baldwin v. Casualty Co. 26—Yalewitz v. Good. 27—Schachter v. Same. 28—Greenspan v. Same. 29—Schultz v. Schultz. 30—Schmidt v. Siemund. 31—Matter of Davis. 32—Graff v. N Y Rwy Co. 33—Matter of Barter (Baychester Av). 34—Bronx Sav Bank v. O'Angelo. 35—Hammer v. Clarmont Silk Mills. 36—Lent v. Schwartzbarth. 37—Falen v. Falen's Sons. 38—Reiley v. Reinhack. 39—Gordon v. Cliner. 40—Haire v. James Riley & Sons. 41—Weinberg v. Gottesman. 42—Mater of Roth (Lantry). 43—City N Y. v. Miscione. 44—Sweet v. Wygall. 45—City N Y. v. Montalbano. 46—Morrill v. Fanning. 47—Franze v. Katz. 48—Well v. Hirshkowitz. 49—Bartlett v. Harris. 50—Slaughter v. Turkel. 51—Lefler v. Oelrichs. 52—Towle v. same. 53—Lefler v. same. 54—Bonnett v. Clay Product & Bldg Material Co. 55—Yung v. Blake. 56—Matter of Sonkin (Maxenta St.). 57—Park & Tilford v. Realty Hrd & Supply Co. 58—Wolsbserger v. N Y Mutual Gas Light Co. 59—Allinel v. Morrison. 60—Kyles v. Kyles. 61—Helen Realty Co v. Falk. 62—Ludwig Baumann & Co v. Zittel. 63—Ettinger v. Ettinger. 64—Shapiro v. Shapiro. 65—Kimball Co. v. Lebnicke. 66—Hoffmacher v. Levy. 67—Journeymen Horse Shoers' Union v. Lunny. 68—Bakken v. Bakken. 69—Equitable Life Assurance Society v. Astor. 70—Astor Mfg Co v. Penney. 71—Corn v. Suderon. 72—Postakewitz v. Poslakewitz. 73—Mologuhney v. Fleischmann Realty Co. 74—Hulst v. Epstein. 75—Bellot v. Chadwick. 76—Wasserman v. Bronx Home News v. 77—Business Men's Realty Co v. Comet Co. 78—Alvey v. Bentham. 79—Rieser v. Weinstein. 80—Granat v. Granat. 81—Aronovicl v. Sulant. 82—Cohn v. Tanver. Motor Car Co. 83—Briggs v. Gourand. 84—Bamford v. Eames. 85—Cohen v. Karansky. 86—Barndall v. Imperial Osage Dev Co. 87—Matter of Weseman. 88—Myers v. Ward. 89—Anderson v. Stumpfel. 90—Smith v. Int Feature Film Co. 91—Whitman v. Kayne. 92—Slocum v. Zanetti. 93—Todd v. Brown. 94—United Dressed Beef Co v. Schuessler. 95—Tench v. Lee. 96—People ex rel Feixoto v. Board of Education. 97—Ettla v. Engle. 98—Golden v. City N Y. 99—Hubbard v. Ocean Accident & Guar Corp. 100—Buerniestel v. Rivers. Behm Co. 101—City N Y v. Darling. 102—Copeland v. Donnegan. 103—Lesch v. Lesch. 104—Morris v. Bitzick. 105—Universal Taximeter Cab Co v. City N Y. 106—Matter of De Marchi (Maclay Av.). 107—Matter of Brown (Maria Berg).

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Delany, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J. Motions. Demurrers. 184—First Nat Bank v. Valentine. 186—Gilleran v. Springfield Cemetery. 187—Driscoll v. same. Preferred causes. 687—Union Estates Co v. Adlon Con Co. 645—McGrath v. Carnegie Trust Co. 948—Madison Trust Co v. Carnegie Trust Co. General calendar. 495—Sonnenschein v. Sonnenshein. 361—Eisenberg v. Swartz. 41—Carpenter v. Heinze. 426—Moloney v. Oliver & Brown. 530—Doyno v. Doyno. 1120—Riverside Con Co v. City of N Y. 307—Paskowitz v. Wiener. 462—Weinstock v. Schwartz. 84—Steinberg v. Becker Distributing Co. 184—Fisher v. Tuttle. 559—Mitchell v. Murray. 338—Stein v. Stein. 298—Smith v. Steers. 319—Zinsser v. Zinsser. 282—Blume v. Moller. 482—Leary v. Leary. 489—Levine v. Suchoff. 492—Bayne v. Ancient Free Gardeners. 523—Sexauer & Lemke v. Corn. 518—Kenning v. Kenning. 797—Halnes v. Twelfth Ward Bank. 274—Soltz v. Soltz. 438—Guaranty Trust Co v. Ward. 476—Spencer v. Spencer. 383—Wilner v. Wilner. 396—Dizik v. Gouled Embroidery Works. 350—Cohen v. Lamensdorf. 527—Hatch & Clute v. Fargo. 10—Conklin v. Linde & Co. 11—Linde v. Gibson. 343—Berus v. Berus. 50—Goodman v. Goodman. 1121—Gallinger v. Beinhauer. 398—Hoffman v. Goelet. 336—Stewart v. Stewart. 350—Katzner v. Langer. 418—Chester Co Guarantee, &c, Co v. Securities Co. 500—Orr & Co v. Heilman. 375—Garabaldi Realty & Con Co v. Santangelo. 415—Zippert v. State Bank. 128—Dayton v. Dayton. 397—Dorsch v. Dorsch. 373—La Sala v. Hope Const Co. 536—Sherwood v. Pizzutillo. 506—Ruman v. Nat Slavonic Society. 525—Interborough Rapid Tr Co v. Littlefield. 312—Tucker Co v. Tucker. 488—Hoffman v. Horowitz. 79—Shipley v. Nathan & Greer Co. 384—Saenger v. Steinfeld. 486—Berkowitz v. Sergeant. 305—Hecht v. Faeth. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., clear; Part V., clear; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Erlanger, J. 578—Litchfield v. Purdy. 579—Same v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Davis, J. (Criminal Term.) 1—Joseph N. Vendig. 2—Alex Dameo. 3—Vincenzo Campanella.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J. Inquest. 1564—Fiset v. Hurcey. 1410—DeGroot & Wear Realty Dev Co. 1906—Kapilk v. Beckman. 1896—Intl Motor Co v. Senft Cont Co. 2028—Young v. Reiners. 1924—A C & H M Hall Realty Co v. Wise. 2027—Oshinsky v. Property Ind Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Weeks, J. 551—Suessans v. Canavan Bros Co. 1132—Szydlowski v. Wells & Marvin. 238—Nice v. Nassau Elec R R. 450—Fogarty v. Int R T. 903—Dwleigh v. Tonkin. 1305½—Geller v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Donnelly, J. 1040½—Burke v. Pitts Cont Co. 232½—Schiff v. Burdick. 556—Davidson v. Stein. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V., Goff, J. 784½—Ratney v. Joline. 356—Hayes v. City N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI., Marcus, J. Case on. Reed v. Belnord Realty Co. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII., Bijur, J. 1126—Carroll v. City N Y. 1171—Korbin v. Singer. 167—Rosenberg v. Elinger. 314—Frankel v. Frankel. 332—Washington v. City N Y. 1146—Uhr v. same. 1072—Markert v. Long Island R R. 44—Minners v. City N Y. 862—Devine v. Kohlmeier. 860—Von Glahn v. Carey Print Co. 1210—Morgan v. City N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Guy, J. 3442—Schmidt v. Medical Socy of County N Y. 3436-3437—Kobransky v. Brill. 98—Economidy v. Vlasto. 772—Noble v. Vogel. 758-759—Banks v. Rosello. 1100—Quinn v. N Y Times Co. 4562—Deering v. Barret. 1176—Hanens v. Duffy. 296—Flam v. Lazar is. 813-814—Finn v. Ganong. 1142—Smith v. J. W. Cody Shoring & Const Co. 825—Langer v. Bierman. 340—Myers v. Noonan. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Amend, J. 922¼—Wallraff v. Hautsche. 1184—Sendarman v. Glassberg. 917—Lynn v. Smith. 915—Loughney v. Smith. 307—Schlessinger v. Nassau Electric Railroad. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—De Angelis, J. 934—O'Brien v. Tuttle Roofing Co. 559—Flavin v. C I & Brooklyn R R. 190—Winkler v. Penn Tunnel & Term R R. 1034—Schonleben v Int R T. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Gavegan, J. Case on. Lidke v. Riverside Drive, etc., Co. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Dugro, J. 90—Kahn v. Springer. 228—Ackerson v. Langer. 4357—Lolacono v. Greenberg. 1111—Langer v. Brooklyn Heights R R. 224—Garrison v. Sun Printing & Pub Co. 1227—New York Tube & Fuller Express Co. 1228—Funke v. Clay Cont & Bldg. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Pendleton, J. 304—Guidone v. Nuglers Iron Works. 856—Talcott v. Pfizer. 373—Northern Grain Co v. Wiffler. 519—Title Guar & T Co v. Asbestos Shingle, &c, Co. 1000—Lord & Lord v. Risco. 57—Michaels v. Sutphin. 1508—Rafalo v. Edelstein. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Newburger, J. 550—Reed v. Allison. 903—Rinehart v. Delenne. 906—Casualty Co of Am v. Nat Surety Co. 1083, 1084—Kehoe v. Crockett. 831—Kohn v. Armour & Co. 1079—Blum v. Scottish Union, &c, Co. 1046—Vreeland v. W Shelton Sewing Co. 752—Lowenstein-Weiller Co v. Gosnold Silk Mills. 515—Ludwig Nissen & Co v. Vatable. 1008—Finkelstein v. Hamilton R & B Co. 1041—Hubbard v. Ocean Accident &c, Corp. 1117—I H Hanchard Co v. Sackett & Wilhelms Co. 1082—Mallory v. Title Guar & T Co. 1017—Schwartz v. Frieder. 191—Fitzgibbons Boiler Co v. City of N Y. 1507—Small v. Houseman. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Hendrick, J. Case on, Franklin v. Hoadly. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Adjourned until Nov. 17.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Philbin, J. 83—Brinley v. Nevins. 720—Ackerman v. Barting. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Brady, J. 1097—Partridge v. Randolph. 1108—Holub-Dusha Co v. Germania Bank. 1506—Gourd v. Healy. 718—Oppenheimer v. Lillendahl Bros. 176—Marks v. Springer. 1102—Main Paper Stock v. Schlegal. 1101—Rubber Trading Co v. Mann Rubber Mfg Co. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate: Carl G. Scheer, Elizabeth Butler, Frances Steel, George H Winter, Katharine Sattong, Thomas Morrissey, Ida S Straight, Charles H Reimsberg, Margaret L. Foote, William Webb, Jane Kiddler, Underhill W Smith, Katherina Hoffman, Cecilia E Fendler.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Conlan, J. Contested will: No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Green, J. Calendar called at 9:45 A. M. 2850—Schier v. Bradley Const Co. 4080—Bromberg v. Karsch. 8674⅛—Sherman v. Glassberg. 4298—Schuetzger v. Kinsly. 4332—Kirch v. Conn Cab Co. 4302—Smibaldt v. N Y City Int Ry. 5653⅛—Strnad v. W Messer Co. 2041—Stoddard Motor Co v. McKenna. 1329—Uzeky v. Fargo. 4351—Shaw v. Knickerbocker Ice Co. 4338—Moore v. Fitzpatrick. 4357—Chamowitz v. Spenadel. 4358—Mahoney v. Zeregn Av Imp Co. 4370—Goldberg v. Cohen. 2236—Warburg & Schwartz Inc v. Rochester German Ins Co. 4141—Ferguson v. Porter. 4133—Brettbart v. Empire City Subway Co. 4308-4309—Simonds v. Rosenkrantz. 4334—Choate v. Rohner. 4323-4324—Napoli v. N Y Edison Co. 4303—Metzger v. Bway Imp Co. 4156—Stockovich v. Kles. 4162—Wise v. New York. 4241—Cohen v. Int R T Co. 4299—Well v. Goldberg. 4314—Weschler v. Insky. 4318—Noblle v. N. Y. Edison Co. 4333—Czchonensky v. Fargo. 4336—Sloper v. J. Hoffman Brew Co. 4350—Fox v. Stern. 4357½—Barbour v. Blaine Scrotz & Co. 4364½—Goldstein v. Goldberg. 3742—Weissler v. Fishman. 3620—Seixas v. Lawson. 4373—Donnelly v. Johnson Carford Co. 4374—Kavanaugh v. Cole. 4376½—Hano v. Kretsch. 4376—Rude v. Prentz. 4379—McCullen v. Topping. 10550—Brown v. Sondheim. 4130—Youngstown Grocery Co. v. Brind. 4386—Schakelman v. Minsker Young Men's Commercial Aid Assn. 4388—Mundy v. Brooklyn Heights R R. 4390—Razoll v. Buff. 4380—Calpan v. Pittsburg Con Co. 4381—Schlechter v. Schleffer. 4384—Olsen v. Necker. 4385—Miller v. Ungar.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—La Feta, J., case on: Part IV., Lynch, J., clear; Part V., Finelite, J., case on; Part VI., O'Dwyer, J., case on: Part VII., Luce, J., case on: Part VIII., Smith, J., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II., Delehanty, J. 6376—Maccarone v. Bonomolo. 6220-2—Vault Light Co v. Reiser. 6150—Horowitz v. David. 6124—Goldberg v. Schnoor. 6118—Gens v. State Bank. 5938—Mindlen v. Brown. 5925—Wheeler v. Mechanical Rubber Tire Co. 6131—Feldman v. Globe Ind Co. 6156—Well v. Hayes. 6288—H G Vogel Co v. Fishel. 6209, 6169—Gens v. Bernstein. 6175—Resnick v. Kaufman. 6182—Pietrowski & Konop Co v. Minske Rlty Co. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. Lane v. Charlton Greenwich Co—Henry M Stevenson. Emigrant Ind Sav Bank v. McCarthy—Frederick C Gladden. Butchler v. Worcester Const Co—Melvin G. Falliser. Wmshurst Corp. Fire Ins Co v. Ehrlich—John C. Lowe. Tax Lien Co of N Y v. Burke.—Wm Steele Grey. Smith v. Thal Realty Co—Albert P. Massey. Moller v. Simon—John W. Ingram.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Trantor v. Trantor—Roger A Pryor.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Smith v. Pletscher—George W Cline.

SUPREME COURT—Delaney, J. Halsted v. Berent—Joseph T Ryan.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. Cohen v. Oseroff—Phoenix Ingraham.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J. Emelie Louise Brunn v. Lincoln Brunn—Albert Sanders.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J. Rector's, &c., of Calvary Church v. Kauffman—Wm F. Rooney.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Jenks, PJ; Burr, Thomas, Carr, Rich, Stapleton, JJ. Enumerated. 23—Reider v. City of Mount Vernon. 978—Fyde Park Co v. Jackson Co. 585—Irwin v. Ellis. 592—Seyford v. Southern Pacific Co. 593—Manhattan Co v. Paul. 645—Montrose v. Bagcott. 222 N E—Gonzirtis v. Arbuckle. 1—Mittag v. City of New York. 621—Muller v. Swezey's Co. 625—Empire Co v. White Co. 630—Maltz v. Westchester Brewing Co. 632—Harris v. Cushman. 638—Peter v. Smith. 947—Posin v. Williamsburg Bank. 649—U S Fidelity Co v. Borough Bank. 651—Power v. N Y C & H R R R. 655—Lyden v. Nassau R R. 661—Curnen v. Law Motion Ins Co. 662—Bauman v. Morse Dry Dock Co. 557—Thomas v. American Molasses Co. 446—Remington v. Shultz Bread Co. 656—Tuma v. Prejocsbring. 668—Hack v. Supreme Lodge, etc. 438—Costigan v. N Y & Stamford Railway. 552—Nass v. Manhattan Mills.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Blackmar, J.; Part II., Garretson, J.; Part III., Manning, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Kelby, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J. 781—Williams v. Decantin and another. 450—Beaty v. Muldoon. 786—Power v. B H R R. 1316—Sunman v. City of N Y. 4559—Cameron Machine Co v. Hoffman-Youmans Paper Mills. 1651—Nolan v. Parkinson. 88—Turner v. Woolworth and another. 1654—Luberwitz v. Friedman. 1655—Bloomfield v. Board of Education. 1657—McDonough v. Bolowitz and another. 1659—Gassert v. B H R R. 1662—Pecker v. Transit Development Co. 1673—Southard v. Gray. 1674—Poling v. Nassau R R. 1675—McMorrow v. B H R R. 1683—Brown v. Hayes. 1685—Dexter v. City of N Y. 1686—Dawson v. same. 1267—Hart v. Klauber. 1623—Leary v. Sandblom. 1687—Diamond v. Lupo. 1688—Bracket v. L I R R. 1689—Moss v. Doell. The balance of the day calendar stands over until Nov. 7. Highest number reached on regular call, 1719.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Kelly, J. 372—Taylor v. Taylor. 380—Lang v. Hoetzel. 384—Kurnick v. Shernsky. 391—Muskat v. Muskat. 392—Reser v. Reser. 394—Schwartz v. Cardondale Knitting Mills Co. 398—So. Amboy Terra Cotta Co. v. Sam House Amus Co. 399—Cameron v. Cameron. 402—Eiseman v. Eiseman. 406—Voss v. Noiseless Door & Cushion Co. 413—Ross v. Picker. 415—Butzgy v. Schneider. 416—Hand v. Highway Amus. Co. 417—Luciano v. M. & J. Const. Co. 418—Sinclair v. Mutreau. 419—Levy v. May. 420—McElmore v. Ryan. 423—Allocca v. Allocca. 425—Coen v. James. 429—Mole v. Mole. 431—Ruckert v. Haggerty. 433—Bayer v. Bayer. 435—Polly v. Polly. 441—Magliano v. Palumbrino Const. Co. 444—Malone v. Schmidt. 539—Benevy v. Benevy. 307—Zerwick v. Zerwick. 250—Wise v. Wise. 301—Franklin v. Franklin. 148—Lindner v. Hopkins. 525—Ball v. Caulfield. 156—Peerless Pattern Co. v. Hamilton. 170—Breines v. Meyer. 74—Williams v. Clarke. 30—Lange v. Edison Elec. Ill. Co. 206—Kuhnla v. Peterman. 83—Ursinus v. Ursinus. Highest number reached on the regular call 463.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Maddox, J. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Scott Ave. 2—Smith Bros v. Segal. 3—Smith v. Trautman et al. 4—Parrell v. Borough Realty Co. 5—Cain v. B H R R Co. 6—Galbraith v. B H R R Co. 7—McSherry v. B H R R Co. 8—Ruediger v. B H R R Co. 9—Tilton v. Slattery. 10—Slaviz v. Bush Terminal Co. 11—Good, Lillie v. Nass Elec R R Co. 12—Good, Lazard, v. Nass Elec R R Co. 13—Farrell v. B H R R Co. 14—Hasbert v. Transit Dev Co. 15—Frischkorn v. Friesenkorn. 16—Ex rel McKeown v. Conpolly. 17—Wederholt v. Rosenthal. 18—Lawrence v. Berlenbach. 19—Tax Lien Co v. Fringo. 20—Matter of Peritz. 21—Matter of Simon Nagel, Jr., Inc. 22—Hopkins v. B H R R Co. 23—Hull v. Greenberg et al. 24—Seal v. Moore et al. 25—Matter of Montgomery St (Clark.) 26—Matter of Fenimore St (Weber.) 27—Matter of Winthrop St. (Waterman.) 28—Matter of Ward St (Klos.) 29—Reinhardt v. Hough et al. 30—Basciano v. N Y Consolidated Ry Co. 31—Ostrinsky v. Kobre. 32—Matter of Robinson & Winthrop Sts (Ingram.) 33—Porsla v. Marrone. 34—Wagner v. Jarvis et al. 35—Brandt, Harry, v. Brandt et al. 36—Brandt, Clara, v. Brandt et al. 37—Brandt, Annette, v. Brandt et al. 38—Valentine v. Ellis et al. 39—Johnson v. Jost. 40—Fox v. Fox. 41—Barth & ano v. City of N Y. 42—Manhattan & Jamaica Railway Co v. Brady et al. 43—Evans v. Nass Elec R R Co. 44—Batchellor v. Nass Elec R R Co. 45—Brown v. Nass Elec R R Co (Motion I.) 46—Brown v. N Y Consolidated R R Co. 48—Friedman v. B H R R Co. 49—Hartman v. Hartman. 50—Tennyson v. N Y & New Jersey Steamboat Co. 51—Matter of Parks. 52—Town of Brookhaven v. Gerard et al. 53—Follmer v. Scouler et al. 54—Olsen, Carl, v. Olsen, Asgot. 55—Rosenberg v. Rosenberg. 56—Molleck v. Mayhew Constr Co et al. 57—Matter of Todd. 58—Sanford v. Sanford et al. 59—Drake & ano v. Griggs et al. 60—Tuthill v. Tuthill. 61—Normal Land Co v. Malnor Realty Co, et al. 62—Matter of 26th Ave. 63—Lynch v. Gold et al. 64—Sharko v. Bklyn Cooperage Co. 65—Kosmanecz v. Amer Sugar Refining Co. 66—North v.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Big Purchase by August Heckscher in Fifty-seventh Street Adjoining His Fifth Avenue Corner—Riverside Drive Corner Sold for Apartment—Deals in Harlem —Good Bronx Market.

August Hecksher, who lately purchased the old Whitney mansion on the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street and has erected there a three-story taxpayer building, has shown his confidence in the future commercial value of that locality by acquiring additional property. He purchased yesterday through Henry D. Winans & May the residence adjoining the Whitney plot at 4 West Fifty-seventh Street and the two abutting houses at 3 and 5 West Fifty-sixth Street. The house at 4 West Fifty-seventh Street was formerly the home of James A. Roosevelt and is still owned by the family, although a year ago the property with the Fifty-sixth Street houses, in the same ownership, were transferred to a corporation known as the Four West Fifty-seventh Street Company, and it was from this company that the purchase has been made.

The property has a frontage of 37.6 on Fifty-seventh Street by 100.5 and the two Fifty-sixth Street houses have a frontage there of 50 feet by 100.5. With this acquisition Mr. Hecksher controls a frontage of 162.6 on Fifty-seventh Street, 100.5 on Fifth Avenue and 50 feet on Fifty-sixth Street, a plot containing about 8,750 square feet. The assessed valuation of the parcels just bought, with the buildings, is $480,000, indicating that the purchase price was considerably over $500,000.

There was a trade element connected with the transaction, Mr. Hecksher giving in part payment the vacant plot at 882 Fifth Avenue, between Sixty-nin h and Seventieth Streets, 30 by 175, assessed at $250,000, and the vacant plo. at 3,101 to 3,109 Broadway, five lots, with a frontage of 126.1 feet and 97 deep by irregular. The property is on the west side of Broadway between 122d and 127th Streets, and stands assessed at $61,000.

An upper west side deal which will result in the erection of another high class Riverside Drive apartment house formed an interesting feature of the realty market. The vacant plot on the northeast corner of the Drive and 155th Street, 100 by 150, was sold for the A. M. Bendheim Construction Company to the Strathcona Construtcion Company. It is in a section of the Washington Heights apartment house district, which has witnessed many successful operations, and it is announced that the new owners will improve the plot in the near future with a ten-story house to cost over $500,000.

The deal involved a trade, the Strathcona Company giving to the Bendheim Company in part payment the six-story apartment at 50 St. Nicholas Place, covering a plot 99.1 by 100. The house has lately been completed and is north of 150th Street. It figured in the trade at $190,000, while the Riverside Drive parcel figured at $225,000, an aggregate of $415,000 for the properties exchanged.

Frank E. Smith and A. Ginsberg acted as the brokers in the deal.

In the west Harlem section an apartment deal was made by E. P. Gaillard, who sold for Henry M. Fitch the six-story house known as the Rochambeau at 312 Manhattan Avenue, on the northeast corner of 113th Street, covering a plot 100.11 by 95. It has been held at $225,000. The buyer was Sally H. Walker of Coggin Hall, Prince George County, Va., and in part payment she gave a 500-acre estate on the James River in Virginia. Title to this property passed yesterday.

Midtown Loft Deal Consummated.

Contracts were signed yesterday for the sale of 520 Broadway, an eleven-story building, adjoining the Bayard Building, at the southeast corner of Spring Street, by Joseph Guinet, to the McKeon Realty Company, Thomas Larkin, President. The sale of the property was reported Monday. In exchange the buyers gave 424 to 438 West Thirty-eighth Street, a twelve-story commercial loft.

Buys Harlem Dwelling.

The three-story dwelling at 126 West 122d Street, on a plot 17.6 by 100 feet, has been sold by the Duross Company for Frederick Van Wyck to Mrs. Fanny Mooney.

Harlem Tenement in Trade.

The six-story tenement at 208 and 210 East 105th Street, near Third Avenue, on a plot 36 by 100.11 feet, has been purchased by Max Eigen and L. Lustgus from Samuel Shreyer. The brokers were Morris Goldberg and Joe Kobrins. In part payment the buyers gave the three-story tenement at 444 to 452 Hamburg Avenue, Brooklyn.

Bronx Borough.

The John J. Tully Company has resold the five-story twenty-family tenement at 1,315 Prospect Avenue, on a plot 40 by 105 feet. The buyer is an investing client of Alexander Selkin and David Mintz.

Hugo Wabst sold for a client 3,320 White Plains Avenue, a three-story flat with store, on lot 25 by 100, between Rosewood and Bartholdi Streets, just north of the Adee property.

The recently constructed five-story new law tenement at 748 East 179th Street, on a plot 36 by 95 feet, has been sold by the Bischoff Construction Company hotel. Property at Seacliff, L. I., was given in part payment.

The two and a half-story frame house at the southwest corner of Adrian Avenue and 228th Street, in the Marble Hill section, has been sold by the Duross Company for Patrick Mahon to a client for occupancy. The plot is 63 by 100.

Harris Maran & Co. have resold the Aldus, a five-story flat, on plot 42 by 100, at 950 Aldus Street. This completes the sale of the two properties taken recently in exchange by the selling company for the Dayton Arms apartment house at 603 to 611 West 140th Street. The other parcel, 2,236 and 2,238 Webster Avenue, was resold last week.

Brooklyn.

David Porter sold 595 East Eighteenth Street, two and one-half-story frame and stucco bungalow on a plot 40 by 100, for Robert H. Thompson to a client; also the southeast corner of Foster Avenue and East Nineteenth Street, a two and one-half-story frame and stucco bungalow, 42.6 by 100, for the E. R. Strong Building Company to a client, who will occupy.

The three-family house at 107 Ryerson Street has been sold by H. W. Rozell & Son for J. Steward to an investor.

The Jerome Property Corporation has sold 257 Sixth Avenue, between Carroll Street and Garfield Place, a three-story and basement brownstone residence for the estate of Caroline Feser to a client for occupancy, and also leased 472 Second Street, a three-story residence for C. Bogart to Mrs. R. Dinsmoore.

Long Island

Joseph P. Day sold to Edward W. Felmar on the Howard Estates a plot, 40 by 90, on the east side of Hawtree Avenue, 140 feet north of Lamberson Avenue, fronting on the Hawtree Canal.

West Side Lease.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Walcott G. Lane the five-story American basement house at 353 West Eighty-fourth Street to David E. Kennedy.

Robert Goelet to Build Theatre.

Robert Goelet is to improve his property on the southwest corner of Broadway and Ninetieth Street with a combination taxpayer containing stores and a moving-picture theatre. The property consists of a plot fronting 100.8 feet on Broadway and 162.6 feet on Ninetieth Street, flanked on two sides by the Admanston and Evanston, twelve-story apartment houses owned by Herbert De Puy of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Goelet acquired the property from Robert E. Dowling, who bought the entire block from the Thomas W. Evans Museum and Institute of Philadelphia, and restricted the plot sold to Mr. Goelet to a structure no higher than four stories.

East Side Factory in Foreclosure.

The old National Biscuit Factory property, comprising the vacant block front on the south side of Montgomery Street, between Water and South Streets, will be sold in foreclosure proceedings. The plot is 140 by 185.10 feet. The sale is ordered for Nov. 26 by Joseph P. Day.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY ST.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

120th St, 4 East, s s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11, five-story tenement; Antoinette Dudensing against Patrick Reddy et al.; Edgar Pliske, attorney; Wilbur Larremore, referee; due, $2,789.76; taxes, &c. to the plaintiff for $26,950.

133d St, 65 West, n s, 160 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11, five-story tenement; Augusta Schork against G. K. Wilson et al.; J. J. Phelan, attorney; Wilbur Larremore, referee; due, $16,071.46; taxes, &c., $1,000; to the plaintiff for $15,009.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

124th St, 230 East, s s, 250 ft w of 2d Av, 19x100.11, three-story dwelling; R. W. Cooper against F. W. Meysenburg et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; M. G. Palliser, referee; due, $6,548.50; taxes, &c., $216.77; to the plaintiff for $6,400.

AT 3,208 3D AV.

By Joseph P. Day.

Southern Boulevard, e s, 66.11 ft s of 145th St, 25x38.11x25x59.1, one-story building; W. S. Smith against Sarah Mortiz et al.; W. S. Smith, attorney; G. H. Montague, referee; due, $1,462.98; taxes, &c., $254.07; to the plaintiff for $800.

By J. H. Mayers.

Arlington Av, n w corner of Kappock St, —x4.11x157.4x70.5, two-story dwelling; K. C. Boyer against M. E. L. Dodge et al.; C. P. Latting, attorney; H. H. Herts, referee; due, $12,904.60; taxes, &c., $224.96; to the plaintiff for $12,500.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

Pearl St., 74 n. e. corner Coenties Slip, 24x 33x61.10, irregular, five-story building and store; executors' sale, estate of Charles F. Kaegebehn, deceased.

By Joseph P. Day.

97th St., 151 West, n s, 434 feet west of Col avenue, 16x100.11, four-story dwelling; C. L. Weiher agent W. B. Reynolds and others; George Ludwig, attorney; S. S. Koenig, referee; due, $13,299.38; taxes, etc., $278.85.

163d St., 438 West, s s, 250 feet East of Amsterdam avenue, 25x112.1, five-story tenement; E. A. Herbs agent S. M. Goldstein and others; Bandler & H, attorneys; F. X. Mooney, referee; due, $21,023.12; taxes, etc., $368.30.

Nagle avenue, corner lot, 480 west corner lot Ellwood St., 50x250, vacant; John Cabot, Jr., agent W. A. Marks and others; action 2; Taft & S., attorneys; A. J. Talley, referee; due, $10,285.68; taxes, etc., $226.75.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

27th St., 141.3 West, n s., 475 feet west of 6th avenue, 50.2x98.9, three and five-story tenements; Henry Goldstone agent L. M. Stevens and others; Jerome Eisner, attorney; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $12,894.23; taxes, etc., $2,700; subject to first mortgage of $75,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

42d St., 213 E., n. s., 205 feet east of 3d avenue, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; City Real Estate Co., agent Bertha Adler and others; Harold Swain, attorney; L. S. Greenbaum, referee; due, $14,456.32; taxes, etc., $568.98.

42d St., 215 East, n. s., 230 feet East of 3d avenue, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; F. A. Colt agent Charles Adler and others; Lyon & S., attorneys; H. H. Herts, referee; due, $14,158.88; taxes, etc., $1,550.97.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

11th St., 363 West, n s, 176 ft w of Washington St, 20x93.2, four-story tenement; A. M. Cassidy against Mary Sheridan and others; H. S. Mack, attorney; L. S. Burchard, referee; dower rights.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Bailey Av, 2,522, e s, 295.8 ft n of Heath Av, 16.8x100, two-story dwelling; J. S. Wilson against Tessler Building Co. and others; action 1; J. C. Higgins, attorney; J. T. Ryan, referee; due, $5,024; taxes, &c. $251.

Bailey Av, 2,524, e s, 312.4 ft n of Heath Av, 16.8x100, two-story dwelling; same against same; action 2; same attorney; same referee; due, $5,067; taxes, &c. $251.

Bailey Av, 2,526, e s, 345.8 ft n of Heath Av, 16.8x100, two-story dwelling; same against same; action 3; same attorney; same referee; due, $5,067; taxes, &c, $251.

By George Price.

Cauldwell Av., 695, w s, 225 ft s of 156th St, 16.8x115, two-story dwelling; Harry Meyer against Della Rowan and others; H. F. Lippold, attorney; Martin Saxe, referee; due, $5,240; taxes, &c, $314.

By Joseph P. Day.

Tilden St, 841, n s, 55 ft w of Bronxwood Av, 25x210, Wakefield; Bridget Williamson against J. J. O'Connell and others; Friend & F., attorneys; P. A. Hatting, referee; due, $4,372; taxes, &c, $474.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 5.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AVE, 1,865 e s, 19.6x100; Jos. Garfinkel to Jos. Burchmen, 524 West 152d St., (mortgage $15,250.) Nov. 4; attorney L. B. Nelson, 320 Broadway.....$1

AMSTERDAM AV, n e cor. 184th St, 97.5x200 ft. to Laurel Hill Terrace, Barney Estate Company to Ice Mfg. Co., 1,170 Broadway, (mortgage $32,000.) Nov. 3; attorney, N. Y. T. Inc. Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 89.8 ft s of 32d St, 20x100; Michael T. Daly to Kate F. Daly, June 17, 1907; attorneys, York & Y, 221 Broadway.....$1

LEXINGTON AV, 2,135, e s, 20x60, (foreclosed Oct. 28); Percival H. Gregory, ref., to United States Trust Company of New York, 45 Wall St, trustee J. R. Peters, deceased, Nov. 3; attorneys, Stewart & S, 45 Wall St.

MADISON AV, s e cor 41st St, 23.5x85; Fisher A. Baker et al, exrs., &c., Ferris S. Thompson to Mary C. Thompson, 288 Madison Av, Oct. 14; address, 2 Wall St....$100

MADISON AV, 1,067, e s, 20x85; Justus L. Bulkley, trustee will Joseph E. Bulkley to New York Life Insurance and Trust Company as trustee Joseph E. Bulkley, Oct. 30, 1903.....$1

MANHATTAN AV, n e corner of 113th St, 100.11x95; Austin B. Fletcher and others to Henry M. Fitch, Long Branch, N. J., all liens, Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Henry M. Fitch to Sally H. Walker, Coggin Hall, Prince George Co., Va., all liens, (mtg $130,000,) Nov. 3; attorney, same.....$10,000

NORFOLK ST, 105 w s, 25x100 ft.; Lena Jablons to Michael Josephson, 105 Stanton St, (mortgage $36,000,) Nov. 3; attorney A. Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St.....$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 47.5 ft n of 152d St, 21.5x67.7x irregular; William L. Dannenhauer, referee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, (foreclosure Oct. 31,) Nov. 3; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St.....$15,000

WEST END AV, n w corner 100th St, 56x100 ft; Isaac Stiefel to Bella Stiefel, 823 West End Av, (mortgage $110,000,) Jan. 2; attorneys Latchman & G., 35 Nassau St..$100

3D AV, s e corner of 75th St, 62.2x75; Carrie, wife of Louis Teven, to Arbutus Realty Co., 2 Rector St, (mtg $72,000,) all liens, Nov. 5; attorneys, H. A. & C. E. Heydt, 2 Rector St.....$1

5TH AV, e s, 30.2 ft s of 75th St, 27x120; S. Reading and Caroline H. Bertron to Caroline H. Bertron, 46 West 54th St, all liens, Nov. 3; attorneys, Beekman, M. & G., 52 William St.....$1

5TH AV, w s, 25 ft s of 133d St, runs w 83.3x s w 20.11x s 12.4x e 100 to avenue x n 25 to beginning; Geddila Rothman to James Dillon, 311 16th St, West New York, N. J., Oct. 30, (mtg $27,500;) attorney, Emanuel A. Stern, 40 Wall St.....$100

17TH ST, 230 to 234 West, s s, 75x84; Neslo Building Co. to Ferd. Kurzman, 48 West 75th St, all liens, Nov. 5; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St.....$1

21ST ST, 230 East, s s, 26.5x92; Alma Blass and others, heirs, &c., of Henry Blass, to Mary Blass, widow, on premises, ½ part, all liens, Nov. 1; attorney, Fred V. Mayforth, 99 Nassau St.....$1

35TH ST, 220-224 West, n s, 42.1x98.9; Jos. L. Buttenwieser to Julius B. Fox, 520 Ocean Av, Jersey City, all liens, Oct. 30; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 Wall St..$100

39TH ST, 126 East, s s, 19.10x98.9 (foreclosed Sept. 29); James A. Foley, ref., to County Holding P. 100 Broadway, Nov. 8; attorneys, Merrill & R, 100 Broadway.....$40,000

45TH ST, 152 and 154 West, s s, 47.8x100.6x irregular; Harry C. Irwin to May I. Eisfeldt, 127 West 48d St, B. and S.; attorneys, Webber & W., 7 Beekman St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Charles E. Hess and another to same, quitclaim, correction and confirmation deed, Nov. 3; attorneys, same.$100

81ST ST, 225 East, n s, 25.5x102.2; Helen M. Barry to Emile Lams, Roselle, N. J., all liens, Aug. 8; attorneys, Mandelbaum Bros., 96 Wall St.....$1

84TH ST, n s, 298 ft e of Avenue A, 25x 102.2; Bertha Brandt, widow, and others, heirs, c., of Charles E. Brandt, to Franz Eisenbrand, 1,667 Avenue A, (mtg $10,500.) Oct. 31; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av.....$100

90TH ST, 428-5 East n s, 50x100.8 ft.; The Jacob Bread Co., to Benj. Erde, 126 Hopkins St., Brooklyn; Nov. 3; attorneys, Goetz & J., 302 Broadway.....$1

112TH ST, 136 WEST, s s, 25x100.11 ft.; Leah Strauss to Hattie, wife Nathan Stark, 55 West 95th St, (mortgage $21,000,) Nov. 3; attorney, S. H. Aarons, 261 Broadway..$100

118TH ST, 444 East, s s, 17x75.7; Justus L. Bulkley, trustee, will of Joseph E. Bulkley, deceased, to New York Life Insurance & Trust Co., 52 Wall St, trustee of Joseph E. Bulkley, Oct. 30, 1903; address 52 Wall St.....$1

118TH ST, 452 East, s s, 17x75; same to same, Oct. 30, 1903.....$1

124TH ST, 438 West, s s, 25x100.11; Gedalia Rothman to James Dillon, 311 16th St, West New York, N. J.; (mtg $29,000,) Oct. 30; attorney, Emanuel A. Stern, 40 Wall St.....$100

Bronx.

ARTHUR ST, w s, 85 ft s of Pelham Av, 23x50; Mary E. Dalton to Jennie M. Brady, 2,595 Valentine Av, quitclaim, July 22, 1901; attorney, J. J. Brady, 51 Chambers St.....$1

COLLEGE AV, 1,332, e s, 16.8x100; Kingston Securities Company to William R. Russ, 400 East 180th St, Nov. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway..$100

COLLEGE AV, 1,334, e s, 16.8x100; same to Mary F. Quinn, 361 West 47th St, Nov. 3; attorney, same.....$100

COLLEGE AV, 1,336 and 1,338, e s, 33.4x 100; same to Thomas L. Byrnes, 224 East 69th St, Nov. 3; attorney, same.....$100

CORTLANDT AV, w s, 76 ft w of 160th St, 25x75; Amalia Weill to Joseph Weill, Scarsdale, N. Y. Nov. 5.....$1

FAILE ST, w s, 25 ft s of Gilbert Place, 50x100; Philip April and others to John J. Tully Co., 730 North Oak Drive, Oct. 30, (mtg $2,400;) attorney, David Mintz, 882 Prospect Av.....$100

FOREST AV, e s, 150 ft n of West Farms Road, 37.6x104.5; Charles E. Lockwood to Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av, (mtg $1,500,) Oct. 25.....$100

GRAND AV, w s, 236.2 ft s of 190th St, 40.9x106; Grand Av. s w corner of 190th St, 236.2x106; Ethelis Realty Company to John A. Halloway, 552 West 180th St, Nov. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway.....$100

INTERIOR LOT at centre line between Freeman and Home Sts and 153.6 ft s e of West Farms Road, 76x117.3x89.4; Max Cohen and others to Prospect Holding Co., 784 East 150th St, Oct. 31; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOT 535, map Van Nest Park; Maria Farago to John J. Jones, 521 West 46th St, (mtg $4,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.....$100

LOT 691, Block 14, map Tremont Terrace; Baxter Howell Building Co. to Henry Carter and another, 1,442 Williamsbridge Road, (mtg $5,000,) Nov. 3; attorney, L. G. Mapes, 1,469 Williamsbridge Road.....$100

LOT 476, map Gleason property; William J. Williamson et al., to Bingle Realty Co., 499 Willis Av, Nov. 3, (mtg $4,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.$200

LOT 31, block 14, map Morris Park; Alex Pfeifer to Mary Pfeifer, 319 East 83d St., Oct. 20, (mtg $500.....$1

LOTS 88 to 91, map of Clason's Point; Willard P. Beach and another, executors, to Henry A. Stadler, Jr., 1,350 Leland Av, Nov. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$433

LOTS 88 to 91, map of Clason's Point; Lewis A. Cocks and others to Henry A. Stadler, Jr., 1,350 Leland Av, Nov. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 64 to 69, map of William Adee; Wellman Finance and Realty Co. to W. D. Howell Co., Inc., 1,541 Overing St, Oct. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

MANIDA ST, 853 to 859, 75x100; Bernard Branner to Ethel A. Branner, 853 Manida St, Nov. 3; attorney, David Sternlicht, 230 6th St.....$100

OGDEN AV, s e corner of 165th St, 77.6x18; Henry F. Deane and others to Mary J. De Lamater, 1,245 Madison Av, Oct. 29, (mtg $3,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

PLOT begins 440 ft w of White Plains Road, and 220 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x75; Henry Ochler to Charles F. Ochler, 1,823 Amethyst St, Nov. 16, 1908.....$100

PROSPECT AV, 1,315, w s, 40x105; John J. Tully Co. to Dosie T. Abramson and another, 920 St. John Place, Nov. 3, (prior mtg $34,000;) attorney, Joseph G. Abramson, 30 Church St.....$100

STEBBINS AV, n e corner of Jennings St, 44.3x—; Wilhelmina Schultz to George Cook and another, executors, 317 East 150th St, Nov. 1, (mtg $42,000;) attorney, Arrowsmith & Dunn, 261 Broadway.....$1,000

WALTON AV, w s, 403.9 ft n of Burnside Av, 89.11; Charles E. Moore, referee, to Fordmount Realty Co., 507 Vermont Av, (mtg $4,875.) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,750

WALTON AV, 2,072, e s, 25.3x100.11; James P. Dunn to John B. Dunn, Nov. 30, 1909, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Joseph L. Zoetze, 206 Broadway.....$100

WEST FARMS ROAD, s e s, at s w s of Freeman St, 152.10 to Longfellow St x75.1x 105.3x138.4; George D. Judson to Prospect Holding Co., 784 East 150th St, ½ part, (mtg $15,500,) Oct. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Finkelstein to same, ¼ part, Oct. 30; same attorney.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Rebecca Koplin to same, ¼ part, Oct. 7; same attorney.....$1

WEST FARMS ROAD, s e s, at s e s of Longfellow Av, 52.8x57.6x76.1x7.5; Prospect Holding Co. to Max Cohen, 1,185 Fulton Av, and others, Nov. 3; attorneys, Davis & D., 51 Chambers St.....$100

3D AV, s w corner of 180th St, 95x—; John A. Halloway to Ethelia Realty Co., 160 Broadway, Nov. 1; (mtg $60,000;) attorney, Francis Colety, 160 Broadway.....$100

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

CHRISTOPHER ST, 114 and 116; Louis Newman against Arlenna M. Kahn, Oct. 22, 1913.....$185

LYMAN PLACE, 1,366; Evans Bros, Inc., against Lymore Realty Co. and others, Oct. 22, 1913, (by bond).....$315

PARK AV, 1,022; Louis Greenberg against L. J. De Milhau and others, Sept. 15, 1913, (by bond).....$235

7TH AV, 2,156 to 2,164; Joseph Cohen against Judson C. Wells, Aug. 20, 1913.....$275

71ST ST, 113 West; Empire Architect Bronze Co. against Hennessy Realty Co., Oct. 23, 1913, (by bond).....$1,750

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BY ORDER OF THE
Supreme Court of New York
MADE IN "WRIGHT TRUST SUIT"
And to close the
ESTATE of FREDERICK BEDFORD, Dec'd.

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer,

Will Sell at Auction
At the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St., New York City, on
Wednesday, Nov. 19, 1913,
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

All that part of the parcel of land formerly designated on the Tax Map of the City of New York as Lot 532, in Block 2,179, to which said City has not taken title.

Subject to all unpaid assessments made or to be made against said lot or any part thereof, and with the benefit of all awards of compensation which have been on account of said lot or any part thereof, but which have not been paid by said City and all awards of compensation hereafter made on account of said lot or any part thereof.

The portion of former Lot 532 so to be sold consists of:—

A plot of land located near the line of 191st St. and east of the Boulevard Lafayette now designated as Lot 532, in Block 2,179, on Tax Map of New York City.

A plot of land lying to the eastward of the foregoing plot and now designated as Lot 533, in Block 2,179, on Tax Map of New York City.

Maps, &c., at AUCTIONEER'S office, 31 Nassau St., or BYRNE & CUTCHEON, Attorneys for Trustees, 24 Broad St., New York City.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ON THE HILLS

of L. I. I am erecting a neat, pretty bungalow of 6 rooms and improvements, which I will sell to right party for $100 down and $12 per month; near Sound, large town and railroad; makes an ideal year round home; good sized plot of ground for small farming and chickens Address Bungalow, Box 76 Times.

SMALL FARM

Fairly good house; near trolley and station; good boating and bathing near by; $100 cash, balance $12 per month. Address SMALL FARM Box 87 Times.

TO PERSONS OF REFINEMENT.

Beautiful cottage for sale; all modern improvements; desirably situated with right of beach; yacht club and dock; terms to suit; fine chance for medical man. Write at once for further particulars. Owner, 11 Times. P. M. Loss.

FARMS.

Commuter's Farm,
16 Acres, $4,000, Equipped.

Only 40 miles to New York; one of the biggest farm bargains ever offered in this section; 1½ miles to station; land all in cultivation; 2-story house, barn, poultry houses, artesian well; if taken now you get 2 horses, cow, 225 chickens, other stock, all machinery, tools; crops, hay, etc.; full details Page 3, "Strout's Biggest Farm Bargains." Fall Edition; write to-day for free copy. E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Station 1,003, 47 West 34th St. and 150 Nassau St., New York.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JERE. JOHNSON JR. COMPANY

Positive Auction
Without Reserve
SATURDAY, NOV. 8
at 1:30 P. M., on premises, rain or shine, under proper shelter,
146 IMPROVED CITY LOTS
AT THE JUNCTION OF
Thompson (Now Queens Boulevard) **& Greenpoint Avs.**
LONG ISLAND CITY
RIGHT AT THE
Dual Subway Station
NOW UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

From Herald Square the lots are Equidistant with 96th St., Manhattan.

Interborough Subway Trains will run through the Belmont Tube and stop at this station.

B. R. T. Subway Trains and **Interborough "L" Trains** will cross the Queensboro Bridge and stop at this station.

This station will be the third stop in Long Island City from Manhattan. Every important centre in Manhattan, Brooklyn, and the Bronx will be brought into direct touch with this property, with a **Five Cent Fare** to all points.

Estimated running time to the heart of the 42d St. district, **8 minutes**, or about 15 minutes to City Hall.

IMPROVEMENTS The lots have sewers, cement sidewalks and curbs, brick gutters, &c., all laid under City inspection and according to City specifications. The streets are on City grade and are macadamized. No assessments for any of this work.

HOW TO GO From the Manhattan side of the Queensboro Bridge take a Thomson Av. car direct to the property—running time 15 minutes—or take any 42d St. car marked "Long Island City" to Bridge Plaza. Long Island City, and there take a Thomson Av. car.

TERMS: 60% may remain on mortgage at 5%.

ALL TITLES INSURED without expense to purchasers by the Title Guarantee and Trust Co.

MAPS AND PARTICULARS FROM
JERE JOHNSON JR. CO.
187 Broadway, Manhattan.
193 Montague St., Brooklyn.
OR COURTNEY DEVELOPMENT CO.,
1,170 Broadway, New York.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Auct'r
will sell at auction
Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1913,
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., N. Y.

ABSOLUTE PARTITION SALE
110 W. 44th St.,
near Sixth Av.,
The four-story and basement brownstone building; size of plot 20x100.5
WILLIAM WEST SHAW, Esq., Atty., 2 Rector St.
ALEXANDER, COHN & SONDHEIM, Attys., 51 Chambers St.
Maps, etc., at Auctioneer's Office, 156 Broadway.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New 1 and 2 Family, All Stone
and brick; hardwood; new; $4,675 to $6,500; no assessments; will take single lot free and clear part payment. 372 Enfield St., Brooklyn. Will rent. FLEER BROS. Write us.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

AN ABSOLUTE SACRIFICE.
35 acres, hour Grand Central; dwelling 8 rooms; stable; well, spring, splendid stream; high elevation; excellent neighborhood; $8,500.
FOX REALTY COMPANY,
22 EAST 42D ST.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT
IN THE ENLARGED FIVE STORY
SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
250 Fifth Avenue-corner 28th street
TO DESIRABLE TENANTS FOR OFFICE PURPOSES ONLY
TWO FLOORS
EACH HAVING OVER FOUR THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OF FLOOR SPACE
BROKERS PROTECTED

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Light, Airy
Executive Offices
in a Fine Location.
There are no more desirable offices in the entire city than in the beautiful, new, 17-story, fireproof building at
56-58 West 45th St.
Unobstructed light on three sides. Every convenience and improvement. In the heart of the new, uptown business district. No finer facilities anywhere, at any price, but
Very Low Rents
Apply on premises to
GEO. BACKER CONSTRUCTION CO.

5 STORY STABLE
44x95
83 stalls, ample wagon room. Concrete floor and basement. Electric Elevator, 11x19 feet.
148-50 WEST 20TH STREET.
Center of retail trade.
Will lease for term of years.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 East 42d St.

OFFICES TO RENT
for light manufacturing purposes; elevator service, light, heat, and janitor service; 82 Duane St., one door east of Broadway; apply on premises; rent moderate.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

BACHELOR
APARTMENTS
Furnished or Unfurnished
Hotel Service
HOLWORTHY CHAMBERS
152-6 Madison Av., cor. 32d St.
1-2-3 Rooms and Bath
$240 to $1,200
Inquire on premises or
G. M. Simonson, 100 William St.

Studio next door to Sherry's to let for one year, furnished or not Apply 12 W. 44th St.

For Rent 7 Room Apartm't
Handsomely furnished, corner 47th St. and Broadway, to married couple. Must have best references. Prices reasonable. W. C. Reed, 315 Madison Av., New York City.

THE SEVILLIA
Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St.
Very desirable apartment, 2 rooms, bath, furnished; also one of 3 rooms and bath. (Unfurnished.)

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Attractive New Stucco Residence.
REASONABLE PRICE. CONVENIENT TERMS.
Kew Gardens
Surrounding KEW STATION
15 MINUTES
from Pennsylvania Terminal
OTHER NEW HOUSES, $8,500 TO $22,500. VILLA PLOTS AT MODERATE PRICES.
Full details on application to KEW GARDENS Corporation, John J. Britton, Manager of Sales, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York. Telephone, Greeley—5250 and 5251. Representative at Kew Gardens office at Kew Station, every day.
The following trains are suggested for inspecting Kew: Leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., via L. I. R. R. WEEK DAYS—9:07, 10:18, 11:07 A. M.; 12:28, 1:06, (SAT. ONLY,) 2:06, 3:00, 3:36, 4:08, 4:30, 5:00, 5:15, 5:37 P. M. SUNDAY—8:36, 9:46, 11:18, 11:34 A. M.; 1:08, 2:08, 3:03, 4:15 P. M. Returning at frequent intervals.

MODERN COTTAGE
Seven rooms, large, light, and airy; all improvements; ground enough for vegetables, fruit, and berries; quiet, restricted neighborhood; 30 minutes' ride; $100 cash, balance $18 per month; one month free to responsible party. Address Cottage, Box 66 Times.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CROSS & BROWN COMPANY
Real Estate
Mortgage Loans — Insurance
Announce Their
REMOVAL
To
18 East 41st St.
Tel. Murray Hill 4000.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED
Brooklyn.

BEAUTIFUL BRICK HOUSES FOR RENT $25 and $30 in Brooklyn
Semi-detached brick and stone; 7 rooms and bath, parquet floors, hardwood trim, elegantly decorated, electric lights; sewer and gas; in park section of Brooklyn; on lines of present "L" and new subway; 8 minutes to ocean, 30 minutes to New York; 5c. fare. Send for booklet. SPECIAL MANAGER, 60A Liberty St., New York. 'Phone Cortlandt 5528.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK
200 W. 58th St.
Southwest Cor. 7th Av.
JUST COMPLETED.
An apartment house de luxe.
Open Fireplaces.
Refrigeration.
A Few Suites of
4 5 6
rooms, or larger to suit.
RENTALS $1,200 TO $2,800
There being only a few vacancies, we will make SPECIAL CONCESSIONS to desirable tenants.
AGENT ON PREMISES.
OPEN EVENINGS.

4 & 5 ROOMS
(New Building),
"No. 105 West 72d St."
Housekeeping Apartments.
Agent on premises.
F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co., Agents,
Broadway, at 80th St.

3,4,5,6 ROOMS
AND BATH
EXTRA MAID'S ROOM
THE OREGON
162 West 54th,
Corner 7th Av.
New Fireproof Building
Rents $900 to $1,700
Per Annum
Renting Agent on Premises or
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
Agents, 162 West 72d St.

39 W. 55TH
Housekeeping Apartments, 3, 4, 5 rooms, 2 baths. Cuisine service if desired. Extra servants' quarters. Rental $1,400 to $2,500. Also Physician's Office. New building.

3 & 4 Rooms
with Bath and Kitchenette
The Curlew
250 West 78th Street,
Southwest Cor. Broadway.
Attractive apartments, containing every up-to-date improvement; convenient to Subway and all transit lines.
Rents $42.50 to $65.
Calder, Nassoit & Lanning
Broadway, Cor. 105th St.

36 Central Park South
All conveniences of a modern hotel and apartment house combined. Between 5th and 6th Aves. 14 Story, High-Class Apartment House; Steel Construction; Absolutely Fireproof.
ONLY A FEW LEFT
Overlooking the Lake Section of Central Park
2-3-5 Rooms, 1 to 3 Baths.
RENTAL $1,000 UP.
Satisfactory References Indispensable.
Resident Owner as Manager assures high-class service.
Dining Room on first floor.
Tray service in room if desired.

Corner Apartment
All Outside Rooms, Southern and Eastern Exposure, Nine Rooms and Baths..... $2,300
Seven All Outside Rooms and Baths, Southern and Western Exposure..... $1,900
CORNWALL
255 West 90th St., Cor. B'way
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents.

Real Estate

To Let—Unfurnished.

Nine room brick house; steam heat; electric light; improvements. 61 West 184th.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

Look at 691 Elmore Place, (East 22d St.,) corner Faragut Road, 10 R., with garage; sell, rent, or exchange; also 1,516 President St., near Albany Av.; new 2-family stone 18 ft. driveway; open daily. Elliott, 44 Court St.

CHESTER COURT ONE-FAMILY HOUSES, $7,750; terms to suit; English stucco brick; Prospect Park station, Brighton "L"; opp. 610 Flatbush Av. P. J. COLLINS, Builder.

My list of Flatbush properties smaller than some, but is carefully selected. Sanders, 26 Linden Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone Flatbush 3570.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

Genuine sacrifice; cozy house, 7 rooms and bath; steam heat, electric lights, best section of Corona, 3 blocks from new subway, 2 blocks from trolley; fare 5c; title guaranteed; price only $3,850. Small payment down, balance as rent. H. Kendregan, 502 2d Av., New York.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful suburban home of 11 rooms for sale or rent. Extensive view of Hudson River, near station. Will consider an exchange. Box 211, Dobbs Ferry.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

AT FREEPORT

Two houses, 7 and 10 rooms; all improvements. Beautiful houses built by myself, next my own home, to preserve neighborhood. Terms can be made to suit. An opportunity for right parties.
ROLAND M. LAMB, Freeport, L. I.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Farm of about 200 acres, 160 being tillable, and balance woodland. Fine stream of water running through the farm. Improvements are 9-room, 1½-story house with slate roof, farm barns with stable for 25 head of cattle, wagon house, corn cribs, hog and chicken houses. Over 200 apple and pear trees, about 100 being trees just coming into bearing. Land is suitable for dairy or truck-ing, and if desirable the property can be cut in half and made in two properties, as formerly, there being another house and barn on the property. Only one-fourth mile from depot of C. & R. of N. J., and 1½ miles from Chester station, D., L. & W. R. R. Short drive to Budd Lake and Lake Hopatcong. Stone road and located at Bartley, Morris Co., N. J. Price, $10,000, one-half of which can remain on property. Address Wm. Bartley & Sons, Bartley, N. J.

Perhaps this is what you have been waiting for. My client says, "Sell my house, never mind what I lose, forget that; make a price that will dispose of it." House is a beauty, 6 large rooms and bath, modern in every way, parquet floors, beam ceiling, steam heat, all city improvements in street; 5 minutes to station, only 8 miles out; $5,800 takes it; $800 cash balance $20 per month; worth $4,500 any minute; a card will bring full information. Champlin, 522 West 156th St., New York City.

Ridgewood.—High section, new house, seven rooms; steam heat; open fireplace; hardwood floors and trim; every improvement; decorated throughout; $6,-800; easy terms. S. S. Walstrum, Ridgewood, N. J.

Desirable bungalow dwelling; fine building, with porte-cochere; improvements; two acres, near Station, Riveredge, N. J. Rent, $30. Price, $8,000, $100 down. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich St.

Grand, large private house, 10 rooms, 2 ranges, 2 toilets, $5,500; will vacate 1st April. 305 Webster Av., near Congress St., Jersey City Heights.

ARNDT, Dentist.

Building Material Wanted.

5,000 Two-inch scaffold planks wanted. Hoffman, 680 East 133d St.

Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Will sublet suite offices, 50x25, Centurian Building, 1,182 Broadway; mahogany furniture, rugs, electric fans, typewriter, desks, &c.; inducements to sublet; will sell furniture reduced prices. B 83 Times.

CAPE OR OTHER BUSINESS.

Six story building, corner Duane and Lafayette Sts., opposite Municipal Building, new Civic Centre, &c., to lease for a term of years. Donnelly, 99 Nassau.

Store, 1,689 Amsterdam Av., in bldg. with Cushman bakery, junction 144th St., Hamilton Place, & Hamilton Terrace; $60. Apply premises.

26 Vesey St.—Exceptionally large, light lofts for rent. Apply to Superintendent Evening Post Building, 20 Vesey St.

Daylight lofts, also store, basement, 25x100; 28 West 15th; cheap rent. Gray, 1,123 Broadway.

To Rent—Part of office, furnished; stenographer, telephone. Room 1,112, 32 Broadway.

Offices, very light, steam heated, 109 Broad St.; $15 per month up.

Bronx.

To lease for a long term of years the property, n. s. 167th st., facing Anthony and Carter Avs., 100 ft. on each; deep cellar; sewer connections to both avenues; suitable for theatre or department store; terms reasonable. Kleinle Bros., 123 Lexington Av.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
308-310 W. 15th St.,
Two Rooms and Bath, $33.
Ashforth & Co., 11 E. 42d St.
111 West 43d St.
Two Rooms and Bath, $50.
Ashforth & Co., 11 E. 42d St.
N. E. Cor. Lexington Av. & 24th St.
Three Rooms and Bath, $50.
Ashforth & Co., 11 E. 42d St.

Select Apartments For Particular People. The YORKE Agency will find one for you without cost or trouble.
25 West 42nd St., near Fifth Av. Bryant 6899.

THE JEFFERSON,
324-328 WEST 51ST ST.
Very attractive apartments; four, seven rooms; elevator service; all improvements. Apply premises or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

THE LINCOLN,
300-340 West 51st St.
Attractive apartment, four and five large, light rooms, bath; elevator; all modern improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

311 WEST 128TH ST.
Northeast corner St. Nicholas Av.; very desirable corner apartment; six rooms, bath; all improvements; suitable for office, dentist, or dressmaker. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

AT SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.
4-6 rooms; elevator apartments; $28-$45; 221 West 141st (7th Av.).
6 rooms, bath, private halls; $34-$38; 67 West 106th, (near Columbus.)

Ten rooms, three baths; beautiful view of Hudson; Riverside and 79th St.; to let furnished or unfurnished; all outside rooms. Apply to Superintendent, Riverdale, 67 Riverside Drive.

93D ST., 46 AND 48 WEST.
Seven and eight large rooms, bath; all light; fine location; half block from Park entrance and "L" express station; $50 to $62.50.

Apartment, six rooms, 5 minutes from 6th and 9th "L" terminal; quiet, select location; concessions by present tenant. Superintendent, 970 Anderson Av., Highbridge.

Dentists and Doctors.—1st apt., 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; corner Amsterdam Av. and 144th St., junction Hamilton Place; rent $50.

4,823 Katonah Av.—Two apartments, $20 each; six rooms, improvements; one month free. James T. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich St.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $40 AND $60
Four and six rooms, high class. 5 W. 104th

5 West 16th St.—Bachelor apts. and skylight studios; rent, $45-$50. Tel. 3106 Chel.

East Side.

COR. MADISON AV. and 92D ST.—7 rooms and bath; all outside rooms, and conveniences; reasonable rent. 1,292 Madison Av.

Bronx.

Daly Av., 1,935.—Superior 3 and 4 room apartments for quiet people; owner on premises; rent $22, $30.

Apartments Wanted—Unfurnished

Apartment wanted; seven or eight rooms and bath; elevator; full particulars; vicinity of West 180th St. or Bronx. Address Box 722, Cornwall-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Storage.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

Clothing

MME. NAFTAL buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes; diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th. Phone 670 Bryant.

Lost

If the gentleman who was accompanied by a lady and another gentleman, and who on Saturday night last, about 8 o'clock, was seen to pick up a lady's diamond watch and fleur de lis diamond pin attached to it, from the sidewalk, just outside of the 44th St. entrance of the Criterion Theatre, will return the articles to 41 West 72d St. a reward of one hundred ($100.00) dollars will be paid and no questions asked.

LOST or stolen, Southern Pacific collateral 4 per cent. bonds of 1949 Nos. 16,983, 17,095, 6,993, 9,045, 8,509. All bankers, bondholders and brokers are advised against negotiation of these bonds, and requested to communicate with the undersigned if they are presented.
HARRINGTON, BIGHAM & ENGLAR,
64 Wall St., New York City.

LOST — Nov. 3, in Subway, between 116th and 18th Sts. and Victoria Hotel, a diamond and platinum oval pendant. A suitable reward will be paid for return to Picksley & Co., 570 5th Av.

LOST—Reward, no questions asked, for return of any or all articles lost in black purse, Broadway, 34th and 42d Sts.; lady's watch, gold pen, L. I. R. R. commutation ticket, and mileage, to C. R. Barteau, 60 Clark St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Oct. 29, between the Murray Hill and Manhattan Hotels, a carnelian intaglio gold-mounted gentleman's antique seal ring; a reward of $25 will be paid for return to Picksley & Co., 570 5th Av.

LOST—Wednesday, Nov. 5, in lavatory of Childs restaurant, two rings, one turquoise and diamond, set three emerald and nine-teen diamonds, with manager. Fleming, Room 408, Whitehall Building.

LOST—Saturday night, going from 41 West 72d to Criterion Theatre, lady's diamond watch and diamond fleur de lis pin attached. $100 reward paid at 41 West 72d St.; no questions asked.

LOST,—Nov. 3, gold bracelet, set three sapphires, auto, Bedford, Flatbush section. Ocean Parkway, King's Highway, to Fort Hamilton Av.; reward. N. O'N., 62 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—A diamond Horse Shoe pin, between 46th and 48th Sts.; money contents can be kept as reward. Return to Mrs. Anna Shinn, 130 West 47th St.

LOST—On Nov. 4, between 4 and 8 P. M., between Holland House and Waldorf-Astoria, a pearl horseshoe lady's brooch; liberal reward. Inquire Manager, Holland House.

LOST—Nov. 5, between 74th and 37th, diamond barpin, containing 12 large stones. Liberal reward if returned to Mrs. Beer, 48 West 74th.

LOST—Monday night, Nov. 3, in taxicab that took party from Astor Theatre to Plaza Hotel, pair of opera glasses; liberal reward. Return to R. C. Bolling, 71 Broadway.

LOST.—Gold watch, monogram R. W., between 80th and 86th Sts., on Broadway, Wednesday afternoon. Wilhelm, 981 Park Av. Liberal reward.

LOST — Diamond bowknot pin, Nov. 2, St. Agnes's Church (62d-Columbus) to 167 West 87th. Reward if returned to above address.

LOST.—A diamond horseshoe pin, between 99th and 52d Sts., west side; reward. Frankel, 315 West 99th St.

LOST.—Gold Swiss watch, name Mabel on case. Liberal reward if returned. Raymond, care Stewart, 236 West 55th St.

LOST—Bracelet, with five diamonds, between Longacre Theatre and Calvert Hotel. Weiner, Hotel Calvert, 41st and Broadway.

LOST—Diamond circle pin, between Knickerbocker Hotel and 34th, 5th Av. Reward if returned to Strouse, 1,181 Broadway.

LOST.—Dark fur neckpiece, Central Park, between 72d, 8th Av., and Casino. Liberal reward. Sousa, 351 West 114th St.

LOST.—Overcoat on Post Rd. Cos Cob to Portchester. Label Schechter. Return Mr. Lieber, 461 4th Av. Reward.

LOST—Black lynx muff, neighborhood 113th, Broadway. Myers, 605 West 113th. Reward.

$300 REWARD
for large sapphire and diamond ring, lost Oct. 25, probably on New Haven train between New York and Pittsfield, Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av., 37th St.

$100 REWARD
for diamond cluster ring, lost Nov. 2 at Sleepy Hollow Club, Scarboro, N. Y. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av., 37th St.

$50.00 REWARD
and no questions asked for return Tiffany watch and chatelaine, lost between 181st St. Subway, Grand Central to 45th St. Smart, 8 East 45th St.

$50.00 REWARD.
Pair diamond and sapphire ear-rings lost Oct. 30th. Mrs. La Croix, 264 Riverside Drive.

Found.

FOUND—Nov. 28, a sapphire and pearl pin. T. D. B., 96 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

$50 REWARD for brown chow dog, harness on, name Ching, lost Wednesday in Central Park; strayed from Park southward. Mrs. Jere Zweighaft. Apartment 6P, Dearborn Apartments, 350 West 55th St.

FOUND—White female dog; brown ears, tan collar. Cleland, 39 Claremont Av.

Sanitariums.

Ellis Sanitarium, Metuchen, N. J.—25 miles New York, Pa. R. R.; moderate rates; beautifully furnished and situated; quiet, refined; invalids, acute, chronic, convalescent, nervous; open to physicians or their treatment followed.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

West Side.

VERY DESIRABLE SINGLE ROOMS, WITH BATH; ALSO CHOICE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES AT MOST ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

HOTEL WALLICK,
43D AND BROADWAY.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, AND 2 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, at 72d St.
6, 8, 9 rooms and two baths, newly decorated and furnished; possession immediately. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 3547.

104th St., 18 West.—Five rooms and bath; all improvements; newly decorated and carpeted; convenient "L" and Subway; near Central Park; or select your own furnishings. Janitor, or James R. Keane & Co., 77th St. and 3d Av.

92 Morningside Av. East, opposite park.—Comfortably furnished seven-room corner apartment; elevator service; rent $75 to desirable party. Porter & Co., 159 West 125th St.

A.—Riverside Drive, Nos. 120-125, North Corner of 84th St.—Handsomely furnished apartments, 10, 11, and 12, all light rooms; three, four baths, Stewart. See Superintendent.

Beautifully furnished eight-room corner apartment, including piano. Apply to Janitor Bennington Corners, West End Av. and 100th St.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Apartments of one, two, or more rooms, with kitchenette privileges; electricity, telephone, &c. Del Monte, Apartment 53.

High-class furnished apartments to sub-lease, four months or longer, $75 to $600 per month. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

611 West 180th.—Nicely furnished, 4 rooms, with bath; telephone service, electric lights; one block from Subway; references required.

95th, 330 West.—High-class 6-room elevator apartment; all light; handsomely furnished; block from Subway express; $85.

124th, 510 West.—Corner apartment, six rooms; telephone, electricity, elevator. Weber, 880 Morningside.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, $75.
6 rooms; high class; fine location. 5 W. 104.

40TH, 28 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, private bath; small rooms.

Riverside Drive, 454, (near 116th.)—Five large rooms; $85 month. Apt. 4C.

Furnished apartment, 7 rooms, bath; 2 maid's rooms; all night elevator. 125 West 58th.

East Side.

Hotel St. Lorenz, 127 East 72.—2-room apartment, with bath, $10 weekly; 3-room apartments, with bath, $14 weekly; 4-room apartment, with bath, $15 weekly; 5-room apartment, with bath, $18-$25 weekly. Furnished or unfurnished.
Includes service, heat, and electric light. Moderate-priced restaurant.
Phone 130 Lenox. S. S. Ryman, Mgr.

To sublet at attractive rental, furnished or unfurnished, for the season or longer, one suite, parlor, two bedrooms and bath; one suite, parlor, four bedrooms and two baths; in the exclusive Madison Square Apartments, 37 Madison Av.

THE HAMPTON, 22 EAST 31ST.
Exclusive, well-managed apartments, 2 to 4 rooms, with bath; furnished or unfurnished; table service optional. Worth investigating.

Handsomely furnished apartments, all sizes, rent $50 to $800 per month. Archibald Foss, 341 Madison Av. (corner 44th.)

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Six or seven rooms; west side; three adults; not over $90; give full particulars. B 99 Times.

A.—A.—Clients waiting for furnished apartments. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Business Opportunities.

A real opportunity on account of circumstances. A good business man or capitalist can acquire at a most reasonable price the good will and practice of a leading medical institution. The business is capable of great extension and is producing at present a net profit of between $15,000 and $20,000 annually. This is an exceptional opportunity for an active, ambitious person. In order to avoid curiosity seekers, only offers submitting references as to financial responsibility will be considered. Reliable, 224 Times.

Partner with $2,000 to $3,000 wanted; take active interest, established manufacturing business; unusual opportunity to enter highly profitable business. Thorne & Reeve, 706 Firemen's Building, Newark, N. J.

Novelty wood-turning plant located in white birch section of Maine; splendidly equipped; good transportation facilities; cost, $36,000 eight years ago; price $12,800. Harwell, Cannon & McCarthy, 200 5th Av.

Moving Picture and vaudeville theatres, 600 to 2,000 capacity, leasing and building propositions. Pitzer & Smith, 1,480 Broadway.

Will assist churches, hospitals, charitable institutions in raising funds. For full particulars. N 283 Times Downtown.

Established export house desires partner with $10,000 capital; references required. N 225 Times Downtown.

Salesman will invest $2,500, with services, going business; preferably manufacturing. B 97 Times.

Business Exchange.

Use your spare time to build up a mail order business of your own. We help you start right, show you how to profit. 27 opportunities. Particulars free. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Business Notices.

PERFECT FAC-SIMILE Typewritten Letters —500, $1.25; 1,000, $1.60; 10,000, $7.45. Addressing; best workmanship; delivered when promised. Harakon Company, 143 West 40th. 'Phone Bryant 6867.

Multigraphed letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. 'Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau, Room 1,018.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Newly renovated rooms; parlor dining room; table guests.

24TH ST., 118 EAST.—LARGE ROOM, SUITABLE COUPLE; CONVENIENCES; REASONABLE.

29TH, 38 EAST.—Desirable front rooms; a comfortable home, with excellent table.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.—Attractive suite; private bath; other desirable rooms.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Doctor's office; large and small rooms; private house; board.

MADISON AV., 165.—Large rooms; most desirable; private bath; one block Subway; elevated road.

MADISON AV., 436.—Large third story front room, with alcove and large closets; well kept house; reference.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Desirable single rooms; excellent board; steam; telephone; $10 up.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy rooms; steam, hot water; best board; references.

39TH, 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites, with private baths; steam heat, elevator, and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068 Bryant.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well heated; conveniences; good board; reasonable.

47TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large and small rooms; back parlor; all conveniences; references.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; excellent table. 4589 Bryant.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Established 25 years; rooms, suites, baths, telephones; superior table.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS; REFERENCES.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superior board; references.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room; private bathroom; hot water, steam heat.

71ST, 135 WEST.—Exceptional table board; suites; private baths; single rooms; reasonable.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Handsome large front room; also sunny square room; all conveniences.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—19th year; sunny rooms, baths; excellent table; references.

76TH ST, 237-239 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms with, without bath; table guests accommodated.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Single, double rooms; home cooking; reasonable; table guests.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; references.

77TH ST., 124 WEST.—Large, medium, small rooms, running water, parlor dining, newly furnished house; table guests; exceptional neighborhood.

78TH, 155 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; conveniences.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Warm, handsomely furnished medium room, adjoining bath; moderate; gentlemen.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Noreco Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room. Booklet on request.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; private or public baths.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Delightful parlor suite; private bath; southern exposure; excellent cuisine.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and light small rooms; excellent home cooking; good service; moderate; references.

81ST, 147 WEST.—Attractive room, with private bath; good home cooking.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Attractive rooms with board; private baths; reasonable. Schuyler, 8397.

83D, 11 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished rooms, parlor floor; homelike surroundings.

85TH ST., 125 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath; one single room; references.

85TH, 209 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; rare chance for good meals.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—Second story large front room; references.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; electricity; steam heat; table specialty.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms in well appointed house; excellent board; references.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Desirable room, suitable two; excellent board; private house. Strauss.

94TH, 147 WEST.—Sunny rooms, private bath; parlor dining room; telephone; electricity.

94TH ST., 148 WEST.—Double room, second floor; running water; small room; table guests.

95TH, 65 WEST.—Rozelle — Handsome rooms; cuisine, service exceptional; attractive dining; references.

103D ST., (Corner West End, 879.) near Riverside Drive; Subway.—Delightful rooms; conveniences; splendid meals and service; moderate rates.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table board; references.

105TH, 254 WEST.—Private dwelling, accommodating few guests only; newly furnished single, double suite; unquestionably refined neighborhood; references.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped house near Riverside Drive. Has few guests. Can accommodate few more with beautiful parlor bedroom; private bath.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large front, southern rooms; all conveniences; good table; references.

122D, 156 WEST.—Front room; dressing room; refined location; excellent table; references

122D, 520 WEST.—Large front rooms, separate, together; conveniences; excellent table. Kerker.

123D, 111 WEST.—A house for particular people; exceptional accommodations for table boarders; inspection invited.

ACCOMMODATION for two table guests; also medium-size room; every convenience; excellent food; private house. Phone 5262—Riverside.

Charming Permanent Home,
Away from city dust and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables, everything sweet and clean, very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents, or 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 836.—Large, front, double, single rooms; steam heat; table specialty.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 227.—Three bachelors want young man to join them; excellent food; very reasonable rate. Borg.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

MORNINGSIDE HEIGHTS, (414 West 121st St.)—Double and single rooms, all light, nicely furnished; high-class elevator apartment; near Subway and elevated; excellent table, Apt. 2.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 867, Near 157th St. Subway.—Exquisitely furnished, large room, overlooking drive, Hudson; private bath; steam; $22 two; single room; exclusive, private house.

THE WOODBURY,
Riverside Drive, 855, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house: wonderful grounds.

Board Wanted

REFINED AMERICAN YOUNG LADY, neat, cheerful, cultured, seeks room and board with cultured private family; no boarding house; where young people are preferred, not essential; references requested when answering. Highest references given. Moderate board. West side below 125th Street. N 289 Times, Downtown.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

97TH, 16 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Comfortable parlor, single rooms; heated; reasonable.

117TH ST., 28 EAST.—Large, well-appointed, newly renovated rooms; running water; bath; telephone.

21ST, 130 EAST—Gramercy Park; furnished rooms without board; all conveniences; steam.

36TH, 138 EAST.—Large, comfortable rooms, suitable two, three; running water; references.

45TH, 25 EAST.—Rooms with or without private bath, suitable two gentlemen.

60TH, 41 EAST.—Large and small, nicely furnished rooms to rent; gentlemen; references.

72D, 127 EAST, (Hotel St. Lorenz.)—Large rooms, use of bath, $4, $5, $6 per week; suitable for gentlemen. 130 Lenox.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 588, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; back parlor; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

West Side.

39TH ST., 39 WEST.—Attractive large room, private bath; other rooms; refined house; telephone.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Small room adjoining bath; private house; sunny; references; bachelors.

47TH ST., 31 WEST.—Fine two-room apartment; shower bath; kitchenette; steam, electricity; elevator.

47TH ST., 31 WEST.—Splendid main floor room; bath, steam, electricity; business or private.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, splendidly furnished room; steam; select house.

52D ST., 200 WEST.—Handsomely furnished corner rooms, $7-$12 weekly; worth investigating. Foster.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Beautiful, large, small front rooms; private bath; southern exposure.

56TH ST., 64 WEST.—DOCTOR'S OFFICE, suite and bedroom, in physicians house. Telephone Plaza 442.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Furnished rooms to let; large and small rooms.

57TH, 363 WEST.—Small, bright room in apartment; lady; references. Van N.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths, electricity, steam heat; board optional.

58TH ST., 128 WEST.—Nicely furnished single room; all conveniences. Columbus 2305.

60TH, 22 WEST, at Broadway, THE NEW YORK.—25 ROOMS, INCLUDING BATH, 50c DAY; 100 ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, $1 DAY; meals in rooms free; monthly reduction; gentlemen.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Commodious rooms, en suite or separate; private baths; references.

69TH, 118 WEST.—Doctor or dentist; large, sunny back parlor, private bath, complete; furnished as desired; other rooms.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, with or without bath; every convenience.

71ST, 165 WEST (off Broadway.)—Immaculately clean rooms; continuous hot water; cozy home for refined business people; telephone; also rooms with private bath.

71ST, 66 WEST.—Furnished room; telephone; private house; gentlemen only; references.

73D, 159 WEST.—Rooms suitable two; newly furnished; hot, cold water; references.

73D, 271 WEST.—Bright sunny rooms, one with private bath; $12; references.

73D, 162 WEST.—Desirable rooms in newly-decorated home; Subway, express.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Rooms, suitable one or two; refined surroundings; references.

75TH ST, 102 WEST (Del Monte.)—Attractive large furnished room; first class modern apartment; running water, telephone, Subway. Apt. 25.

76TH ST, 303 WEST.—Room; bath, electricity; parquet floors; private house; references.

76TH, 110 WEST.—Second floor, furnished, unfurnished, unexcelled service; electricity; gentlemen; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

78TH (2189 Broadway.)—Desirable, sunny two room suites, for one or two refined business gentlemen; telephone; references. Hazelwood.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Two beautiful connecting rooms; private bath; single, en suite; also small room; Subway; references; excellent location.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Large, handsome front room; 3 windows; electricity; select private house; Subway.

79TH, 160 WEST.—Well-heated front room, three windows; subway. 5503 Schuyler.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelor's; superior accommodations; all modern conveniences; quiet surroundings; references.

82D, 118 WEST.—Neatly furnished, comfortable room; private bath; private house; also single room; all conveniences; telephone.

82D, 127 WEST.—Two beautiful rooms, bath, elegantly furnished; private entrance. Campbell.

82D ST., 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms; large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; reference.

84TH, 108 WEST.—Attractive large, sunny rooms; running water; every comfort; telephone; two flights; L, Subway; gentlemen. Harris.

84TH ST., 17 WEST. — Newly-furnished rooms, single, en suite; private entrance. Leslie.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private bath; steam heat; phone; references.

84TH ST, 268 WEST.—Gentlemen, business women; elevator, running water, telephone, $5. Osborn.

85TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large rooms, well kept; private house; reasonable; reference; telephone.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Pleasant front room, second story; private house; suitable two.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Attractive, large room; El., Subway; telephone; private house.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—House just opened; quiet, refined surroundings; continuous hot water.

86TH, (537 West End Av.)—Attractive rooms, exclusive neighborhood; breakfast optional; references.

86TH, 302 WEST.—House just opened; refined surroundings; continuous hot water.

89TH ST., (Near Drive.)—Exceptional second floor front rooms or suite. Y 264 Times.

91ST, 203 WEST.—Attractive room, next bath; private family. Stobbie.

92D ST., 76 WEST.—Two front rooms, suitable two gentlemen; piano; Subway, L; independent entrance. Scholes.

94TH, 161 WEST.—Room, bath adjoining; convenient to all cars; gentlemen.

95TH, 810 WEST.—Large room; running water, heat, electricity, telephone; near bath, elevator apartment; kitchen if desired. Johnson.

95TH, 155 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, bath; refined private family; board optional.

95TH ST, 230 WEST.—Large, also single outside rooms; Broadway Subway. Clark.

99TH, 304 WEST.—Large, light room, elevator apartment, near Riverside; gentlemen. Tomlinson.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Handsome, sunny rooms in private house; lavatory, bath, electric light.

101ST, 230 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Light, single room, adjoining bathroom; gentleman; reference. Kellly.

102D, 254 WEST.—Private house; refined environment; small, attractive rooms; adjoining baths.

108D, 145 WEST.—Beautiful front room, running water; private house; references; telephone.

107TH, 237 WEST.—Attractive suite; together, separate; running water; homelike; reasonable. Flint.

107TH, 230 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, studio; high-class apartment; references. Gurnee.

110TH, 200 WEST., 2D.—Attractively furnished front room, four windows; high-class apartment.

118TH ST., 617 WEST.—Large south front room, neatly furnished; elevator, telephone; refined surroundings. Moody.

113TH, 606 WEST (near Riverside)—Attractive rooms; running water. Wilson.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

115TH ST., 404 WEST.—Very desirable, well-furnished room, with large clothes closet and all conveniences. Apt. 21.

116TH ST., 620 WEST (near Riverside).—Two gentlemen; front rooms; private family.

118TH ST., 401 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Southeast corner rooms, single and en suite; overlooking Drive; 2 baths; one block Columbia University; meals exceptional, optional; references. Apartment 51.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Attractive housekeeping suite; southern exposure; also other rooms. Smith.

119TH, 422 WEST, (Apartment 63.)—Large, sunny rooms; modern elevator apartment; references.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Attractive room; elevator house; near Columbia; reasonable. Phone 8350 Morningside. Hammond, Apt. 2.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Large front room, newly furnished, reasonable. Apt. 62.

120TH ST. and Amsterdam Av., Edward Francis Court.—Outside rooms, single or en suite; also studio; new apartment; every convenience. Apartment 106.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Choice connecting front rooms; also single; $3 up. Sherman.

124TH, 510 WEST.—Splendid two-room suite in corner elevator apartment. Weber.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED light housekeeping suite, dentists' residence, 449 West 23d, (London Terrace;) electric lights, steam heat, telephone; reasonable; unusually desirable.

BROADWAY, 2,783, (107th.)—Homelike outside room; running water; southern exposure; elevator. Jarett.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, (141st., Convent Av.)—Dainty suite, dressing room; $6.50. Residence.

HOTEL ST. LORENZ, 72D ST., LEXINGTON AV.—ROOMS AND PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 UP. TELEPHONE 130 LENOX.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550, (corner 127th St.) —Immaculate room, adjoining bath; private family; one block from Subway; $6 weekly; references required. Telephone Morningside 3396, Apartment 41.

Unfurnished Rooms

TWO connecting front rooms and bath; private house; electric light; parquet floors. Inquire 254 West 88th St.

Help Wanted Female

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.—We require experienced saleswomen for the following departments: Neckwear, Stationery, Art, Embroidery, Shoes, Women's Hosiery, Silverware, Furs, Misses' Suits, Candy, Picture and China Departments. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO

DEPARTMENT OF WRAPPING.—Require a number of girls, as parcel wrappers. If under sixteen years of age come with working certificate. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway Floor, Central Building.

A desirable all-year-round position as model in fitting department, for a young woman with good figure measuring 36 bust and 5 feet 7 inches tall. Apply P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

CANVASSERS.—Women canvassers can make independent income handling new sanitary articles on liberal commission. Apply 11 to 3, no letters, Howard & Co., 15-17 Mercer St.

DESIGNER FOR DRESSES.
Expert on neat and strictly new crepe ratine and voile dresses; prices from $5 to $16.50 each. To a designer of proven ability and one who has held similar position with representative firm we offer exceptional inducements. Address Box N 231 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS.—Must speak German fluently. Apply by letter, giving experience, references, and salary expected, Box N 247 Times Downtown.

NURSE.—Undergraduate nurse or trained attendant for elderly gentleman recovering from surgical operation. Address Teacher, X 374 Times.

PUPIL NURSES.—Apply Supervisor People's Hospital, 208 2d Av

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be accurate and painstaking; experience not essential; one with some knowledge of Spanish preferred; state age, experience, if any, references, and salary expected. N 135 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, stenographer, typewriter, in shipping office; must be accurate and experienced; state salary desired. N 245 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, good education, live in Brooklyn. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience and salary. Z 265 Times.

TYPEWRITER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman, with knowledge of bookkeeping, in a wholesale unenclosed retail hardware house in Manhattan; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address N 246 Times Downtown.

TWO REFINED, EDUCATED LADIES; new educational field; guaranteed salary. Educational Society, 225 5th Av.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 33 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY; STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL, ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY, AND SOCIAL AMENITIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York.
Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St., known throughout the country for thorough work.

KNICKERBOCKER SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES,
489 Fifth Av., N. Y., opp. Public Library.
LEARN TO EARN
Complete Secretarial course; special stress on English. D. McClellan Smith, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON

ARTISTS DECIDE ON 'THE GIRL OF TO-DAY'

They Go Over the Hundreds of Pictures and Finally Settle on One.

EACH FIRST CHOSE FIVE

Places on Jury of H. C. Christy and Harrison Fisher Taken by Hamilton King and W. L. Jacobs.

The well-known artists who had been asked by THE NEW YORK TIMES to act as a jury in the selection of the picture of The Girl of To-day met yesterday at the office of THE TIMES and made their choice. First, they decided upon the twenty-nine photographs they considered as most typical of the present-day American girl, and then from among those they chose one that in their opinion best represented The Girl of To-day.

Owing to illness in the family of Harrison Fisher, and to the fact that Howard Chandler Christy had been unavoidably detained in Ohio, the places of these two members of the original jury had to be filled by other distinguished artists, and Hamilton King and W. L. Jacobs consented to act. C. Allan Gilbert, Clarence F. Underwood and Penrhyn Stanlaws were on hand promptly; Philip Boileau, though he hated to break away from pastoral pursuits at Douglaston, L. I., came in on time keen for the contest, and James Montgomery Flagg, who says he is the only person he knows well who believes in punctuality, beat the clock by a few minutes, and though he had an early engagement, he found himself so interested that he stayed through to cast his final vote.

And it was an interesting lot of pictures that the artists found upon entering the big room where they were displayed. Mention has been made before of the fact that a glance over the lot had assured that the choice of the judges must necessarily fall upon a girl with good looks, as there seemed to be no other kind represented. The photographs had all been arranged by hundreds on long, narrow tables, each brilliantly lighted, and each picture so placed that it could be studied to best advantage. To the credit of the judges it must be said that each was carefully examined. Some when they had taken their first glance at the enormous array of pictures had thrown up their hands in mock dismay. However, they went bravely to their task, which soon caught and held their keen interest. As each of the artists has made famous a type of the American girl by his pictures, and each type is distinct from the others, it was interesting to watch them in their process of elimination and selection.

It was decided that the first thing to do would be for each of the judges to view all the pictures in turn before an attempt at definite selection was made. This took some time, and when this had been done, acting upon the suggestion of Messrs. Gilbert and Underwood, the next step was to pick out from the whole array an even one hundred which seemed best to represent definite types of American girls. This being accomplished, the next thing was to narrow the choice down to the twenty-nine which were most typical of American girls. Here a difficulty presented itself.

Mr. Flagg thought that with so many types of girls in this country it would be hard to get down to twenty-nine.

Mr. Boileau suggested that it had taken generations to produce an American type, and that perhaps a strict interpretation of "typical American girl" might limit the choice to those whose families had been here for two hundred years or so.

"How many girls do you think would come under that head?" asked one of the other judges.

"I should say there were at least 500,000," was the reply.

Mr. Underwood and Mr. Gilbert advocated the selection by each of five of the best types from the one hundred which had been taken from the whole number, with the result that the first judge took the five he considered best, the second the five he thought best out of what were left, and so on. Then the photographs were all displayed on a large table in a room adjoining the "exhibition hall," and the real discussion began.

"To me this is the American girl of the period," said one, taking up a photograph. "This is the sort of girl you see most of in this country."

"But the features have not sufficiently aged to denote character," objected another.

"Well, at what age does girlhood begin and when does it end?" asked a third.

"I should say that girlhood ended at 20," said the first speaker.

"I have known girls as old as 40," said another.

"This girl has youth, good looks and spirit," was another comment. "She comes nearest to my idea of The American Girl of To-day."

One of the judges picked up another photograph and held it out for inspection.

"She looks too much like a foreigner," said another.

"There are many American girls that may look English or German or French or some other nationality."

"We are not picking out the prettiest girl, necessarily," reminded one of the other judges. "What we want to arrive at is the girl that in our minds comes nearest to representing The Girl of To-day. She may not be pretty, but she must look up to date."

"Clothes play a considerable part with The Girl of To-day," observed Mr. Flagg. "Women would like this face," was the comment on one photograph, "because they would not consider it a dangerous one."

"Here you have a girl who is remarkably level-headed. This one, you can see, loves clothes. This is a very sentimental type."

"Here is one who comes near to representing a composite of types."

It was examined with interest. And so the comment went on, each pointing out some distinctive feature of a particular photograph. Finally four were separated from the rest, after considerable discussion, and for a time it looked as if it would be very difficult to arrive at a verdict. Supporters of each argued the merits of their respective choices, until finally a ballot was taken, and the picture of The Girl of To-day was selected. The result of the award will be made known later.

The twenty-nine photographs selected by the judges will be reproduced by the new and wonderfull photogravure process, and will be published in a special section of the Christmas number, and the photograph they chose as that of The Girl of To-day will cover the entire front page of that section.

CREWLESS, SAILED THE SEA.

Schooner with Cargo, All Canvas Set, Picked Up by Steamship.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 5.—The revenue cutter Gresham towed into port to-day the abandoned Gloucester fishing schooner Annie M. Parker, which was picked up Monday 60 miles east of the Nantucket Lightship.

The British steamship Astrakhan, bound from New York for France, sighted the Parker on Monday, drifting about with all sails set. Officers of the Astrakhan boarded the vessel and found that she had evidently been abandoned in haste. Four of the eight dories usually carried on the fisherman were "nested," and lashed to the deck. The other dories were missing. Salt fish, valued at about $8,000, filled the hold. The clothing and valises of the captain and crew were in their bunks. A few burned pieces of bread were all the food that was found in the galley, indicating that before leaving the crew had hastily gathered together a supply of provisions.

The schooner was not leaking and appeared to be in perfect condition, except for the loss of one jib that was carried away, possibly after the vessel was abandoned. A prize crew from the Astrakhan therefore was put in charge of her and they later turned her over to the Gresham.

From the owners of the Annie M. Parker, the Gorton-Pew Fisheries Company of Gloucester, it was learned that the schooner sailed from Sydney, N. S., for her home port on Oct. 26, after a fishing trip to the Newfoundland Grand Banks. She was in command of Capt. Vincent Nelson, a veteran Gloucester skipper, and was manned by a crew of 15 men. The owners could offer no explanation of the abandonment of the vessel.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 5.—Nine members of the crew of the Gloucester fishing schooner Annie M. Parker were brought here to-day by the schooner Tifton. The Tifton, which was bound from Jacksonville, Fla., had picked them up from dories thirty miles off Nantucket Sunday morning, after they had been afloat twenty-four, hours without food or drink.

A tenth survivor, Harry Nelson, of Beverly, son of the Captain, was left behind on the Boston fisherman Josie and Phoebe, exhausted from his experience, but hoping to find trace of his father, who is missing with three seamen.

Reuben Kenney, the cook, was swept overboard from a dory while his mates looked on powerless to help. His home was at Glenwood, N. S. He leaves seven children.

The missing men, besides Capt. Nelson, are: Lester Fletcher of Argyle Sound, N. S.; Ross Worthen of Pubnico Head, N. S., and Thomas Landry of Arichat, C. B.

The fact that their abandonment of the stranded schooner near Nantucket and the loss of life were unnecessary was not known to the rescued men until word reached them to-night that the schooner was in port at New Bedford practically undamaged.

It appears that the Annie M. Parker, bound home from the fishing grounds, and carried off her course by adverse winds, went aground on Rose Crown shoal, off the Nantucket coast, early Saturday morning. The vessel was wracked by the waves, and the crew agreed with Capt. Nelson that hope for safety lay in getting clear of their craft.

Three boats were put over the leeward side before one was launched. The first was smashed; the second was swamped; the third was floated and eight men put out in it. Two other boats were dropped overboard safely on the windward side. The first held three men; the last contained Capt. Nelson and three of his crew.

It was pitch dark, and the dory crews were lost to the view of each other almost in a moment. The last seen of the boat in which Capt. Nelson left his ship was when it was rounding the bow of the schooner. The seas were running high, and in one of the hollows between them the little craft swung around the bow and out of sight.

The men in the other two boats did not see each other until daybreak. When they got together, an account of stock was taken and it was found that neither had water or food. They drifted about all that day and the following night, constantly buffeted by heavy seas, one of which carried Reuben Kenney, the cook, over the stern. Kenney fought hard to swim back to the boat, but went down before his comrades could reach him.

When they were picked up by the Tifton Sunday morning all the survivors were nearly exhausted. The supplies aboard the Tifton were low and the ten added hungry mouths taxed the schooner's lockers to their utmost. The Boston fisherman Josie and Phoebe was sighted and hailed. The skipper had no fish on board, but he set a trawl. He pulled in a good catch, which, with flour and meal, was turned over to the Tifton's captain. Harry Nelson insisted on going with the Josie and Phoebe, in the hope that he might be able to obtain some trace of his father and three mates.

ATTACK GAME WARDEN.

Shot from Hunter's Gun Tears Away Sole of Official's Shoe.

Deputy Game Warden Ernest Trainor of Hackensack, N. J., came near meeting the same fate yesterday that befell Game Warden John C. Reinhold of Hackensack, who was shot to death while attempting to arrest an Italian hunter. Trainor came upon two Italians who had just killed a rabbit in the woods between Hackensack and Lodi. As the Warden seized one man the hunter's shotgun was discharged, tearing away the sole of the deputy's shoe. The other Italian aimed his shotgun at Warden Trainor and his companion, John Ammerman, threatening to kill them if they moved. The Italians then backed away and disappeared.

Another Italian, Abran Fagoni of Lodi, was discovered hunting in the same woods later, and Justice James Bratt of Hackensack fined him $20 and costs.

Auto Burns on Huyler Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 5.—The Greenwich automobile chemical fire engine responded to an alarm from the estate of Coulter J. Huyler of New York late this afternoon. After the machine had traveled the eight miles at high speed it was found that an automobile which was being tested had burned.

CITY BREAKS GROUND FOR FIRST NEW PIER

Work Begins at Once at 46th St. and North River to Provide for the Greatest Steamships.

CREDIT TO MAYOR GAYNOR

Mayor Kline Says He Feels He Is a Proxy for Him in Providing for Port's Expanding Commerce.

Ground was broken yesterday for the new pier system at the foot of West Forty-sixth Street, which starts the big work of water front improvement to provide for the largest steamships coming to this port and others that are now under construction. All of the piers are to be at least 1,000 feet in length. Mayor Kline, Mayor-elect Mitchel, Dock Commissioner Smith, and other city officials were there when the dirt was turned.

Police Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo placed the police boat Patrol at the disposal of officials and guests, who went from Pier A to the site at North River and Forty-sixth Street, where the dredge Toledo was ready to start digging on the arrival of the party. Included in the official party were the Borough Presidents of the Bronx, Richmond, and Queens, Douglas Mathewson, Deputy Controller; T. O. McGill, Secretary of the New Harbor Commission; ex-Gov. John A. Dix, representatives of the Chamber of Commerce, Maritime Association, Produce Exchange, Board of Trade, and Col. William A. Black, Col. S. W. Rosseller, and Brig. Gen. W. T. Rossell, U. S. A.

Mayor Kline pressed the lever connecting with the dredge, which commenced to scoop up the mud from the shore line at the rate of 200 tons a turn. Then Mr. Mitchel reversed the lever of the steam shovel and dumped it, remarking that it was a good improvement. Commissioner Smith said the new dock system would make New York the leading harbor of the world. He congratulated the city that Col. Rossell, who had just retired from the army with the rank of Chief Engineer, had entered into an arrangement with the State Commission to act for them as advisory engineer on harbor improvements.

Mayor Kline read these telegrams from President Wilson and Gov. Glynn:

Washington, D. C., Nov. 5, 1913.
My thought turns to-day with the greatest interest to the great dredging work about to be begun for the new piers, a development in which the whole country must feel a deep interest.
WOODROW WILSON.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 5, 1913.
The State congratulates the City of New York on the auspicious inauguration of the great work of dredging for the new piers at West Forty-sixth Street. The State is justly proud of its great harbor and of every development that makes for its commercial prestige and importance. God speed this great undertaking.
MARTIN H. GLYNN.

Mayor Kline said he felt that he was acting as a proxy for the late Mayor Gaynor in taking part in the inception of the construction of the new piers so vital to the business interests of the city. He said:

"The step taken to-day is an event of great importance to the commerce of this city. We had reached a point in the development of the port facilities where we had to provide docks such as these will be or see the shipping interests seek other cities for accommodations. The decision of this city to build these needed piers means that we intend to expand our facilities to meet the growing needs of our commerce, and that we do not intend to permit our commerce to suffer from any lack of vigilance or attention on our part.

"When I pressed the lever which lifted the first shovelful of earth to-day I felt that I was acting as proxy for our late Mayor, to whose foresight and labor we owe the realization of this great project. Mayor Gaynor worked constantly and untiringly for months to bring about the construction of these piers, which he realized to be necessary to our commerce, and to him the business interests of our city owe a lasting debt."

SPANGENBERG PROMOTED.

Made a Full Captain for Saving Vulturno Passengers.

The agents of the North German Lloyd Steamship Line in this city announced yesterday that on account of his courage and skill in rescuing the passengers from the Uranium steamship Volturno, Acting Captain Spangenberg of the Grosser Kurfuerst has been promoted to the rank of Captain in the company's service. News has been received from Berlin that the Directors have decided to add ships of a total weight of 188,600 tons to the fleet of the company.

The principal items in this programme are the building of the Columbus, which will be put in the New York-London-Paris-Bremen service in August, 1914, and the building of a sister ship to the Columbus. Each of these will have a gross registered tonnage of 35,000. The other dimensions are as follows: Length, 775 feet; beam, 83 feet; depth, 54 feet, and displacement, 40,000 tons. They will be equipped with 30,000 horsepower engines, and will make from twenty to twenty-one knots. The Columbus as well as her sister ship will have accommodations for about 500 first cabin, 500 second cabin, 700 third cabin, and 1,100 steerage passengers.

The new steamships will have nine decks, of which the top deck will be set aside for first cabin social rooms. The cabin space in all classes will be unusually large.

There will also be a sister ship to the Berlin, which will be built on the same general lines as this steamer, which, in the Mediterranean service, is regarded as a model ship.

$142 for Volturno Survivers.

Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer of the New York Red Cross relief fund for the Volturno survivors, received $142 yesterday at his office, 52 William Street. This makes the total so far $6,390. The contributors were: Mamaroneck, N. Y., $1; J. A. Lockwood, $2; Miss Catherine B. Ely, $5; Mary E. Compton, through THE TIMES, $10; Pupils of the Hartridge School, $19; Two Friends, $5; Mrs. Willard Straight, $100.

Broken Vows Cost St. Paul Man $17,400.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 5.—Miss Ada M. Cox of Rockford, Ill., obtained in the District Court to-day a verdict of $17,400 against William Rufus Edwards, a St. Paul lumberman, for breach of promise.

TAX ADJUSTER IN THE TOILS.

James Powers Indicted for Using the Mails to Defraud.

James Powers, a real estate man of East Orange, N. J., was arraigned yesterday before Judge Hand in the Federal Court on an indictment for using the mails to defraud. He was held in $3,000 bail for pleading.

Post Office Inspector Kenyon, who worked up the case, said that Powers for nearly a year had managed the Tax Adjustment Bureau, first at 80 and then at 69 Wall Street, and that the complainants were the owners of certain submerged lands in the Montauk Point region of Long Island. According to the indictment, Powers in his correspondence led the clients to believe that his bureau was connected officially with the County Clerk's office of Suffolk, although it was in reality a private enterprise.

His circulars said that thousands of lots belonging to non-residential owners in Suffolk County had been advertised for sale for the non-payment of taxes, and that the law did not require the officials to send out notices of taxes when they fell due. The bureau consequently offered, on receipt of fees ranging from $1.50 to $5.80, to adjust all unpaid taxes.

According to Inspector Kenyon, Powers had received a large amount of money from property owners, and had settled their taxes for them. These, however, were very small, and Kenyon reckoned that in its year's existence the Tax Adjustment Bureau had reaped a profit of between $15,000 and $25,000.

POST-ELECTION MURDER.

Watcher at Bonfire Shot Down in Front of His Boarding House.

After an election night spent with the noise and the crowds, Michael O'Fanning, with his friend, Joseph Rafferty, had returned to their boarding house at 224 West Sixty-seventh Street, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, and O'Fanning was standing, at the curb beside a lingering bonfire, when he was shot down. He died a few moment later in Roosevelt Hospital.

By the time the police arrived Rafferty, in his nightgown, was bending over his companion of the evening before. He said he was just climbing into bed when he heard shots. The police held him as a material witness, despite his suggestion that O'Fanning had been killed by the explosion of cartridges that might have been in the fire.

According to the police, both Rafferty and O'Fanning served terms for burglary, and an indictment against O'Fanning, who was only 20 years old, was dismissed last week.

BLAKE SUIT POSTPONED.

Lawyers Said to be Negotiating for a Settlement of Separation Action.

By agreement of the lawyers for both sides the application of Mrs. Katherine K. Blake for alimony from her husband, Dr. Joseph A. Blake, was adjourned until Friday when it was called yesterday on the calendar before Supreme Court Justice Seabury. This marks the fifth postponment in the case. George Gordon Battle, counsel for Mrs. Blake, said yesterday that although there were negotiations pending for a settlement of the case nothing definite had been decided upon.

Mrs. Blake asks alimony of $1,500 a month pending the trial of her suit for separation. In the answer of Mrs. Katherine Duer Mackay to the $1,000,000 suit for alienation of her husband's affections brought by Mrs. Blake, the statement is made that the controversy between Dr. Blake and his wife has reduced his earning capacity materially.

CHAUFFEUR KILLED IN A FIT.

Auto Wrecked After He Suffered Epileptic Attack.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Eugene Richter of 249 William Street, Port Chester, a chauffeur for Joseph Millbanks, a broker of 40 Wall Street, Manhattan, who lives here, was killed to-day.

He was about one-half mile from the home of his employer in an auto when he suffered an epileptic fit. The auto swerved to one side of the road, where it crashed into a pipe fence. One of the pipes crashed through the windshield, and struck Richter on the chest, killing him.

Automobilists who passed along the road after the accident discovered the chauffeur's body.

Woman Hurt in Trolley Crash.

A car of the Desbrosses Street ferry line crashed into a Madison Avenue car on the Brooklyn Plaza of the Williamsburg Bridge early yesterday morning, injuring several of the passengers. A defect in the switch leading to the loop caused the accident.

Mrs. Becky Rosenberg of 314 Bristol Street, Brooklyn, was cut and bruised and injured internally. She was taken to the Eastern District Hospital. The motorman of the Grand Street car, James Charles, and the conductor of the other car, Paul Westfeld, were cut by broken glass.

STAMP SHOW VISITORS' CUP.

It Is Awarded to Exhibitor Steinmetz of Philadelphia.

Each visitor to the recent international Philatelic Exhibition at the Engineering Societies Building got a ticket on which he was requested to vote which exhibit he considered the most interesting. The exhibitor receiving the largest number of votes, it was announced, would be awarded a silver cup to be known as the "Visitors' Cup."

The count has been finished and the prize goes to Joseph A. Steinmetz of Philadelphia, with George H. Worthington of Cleveland second.

Mr. Steinmetz's collection, which was shown in "Class L—Miscellaneous," consisted, according to the official catalogue, of "An hundred or two graphic pages selected at random from a wonderful collection, Messengers from the Isles of the Seven Seas, from the Orient and the Occident, from the Polar Lands of Snows. Not just mere dead dry-bone stamps, but charming little talismans of the Arabian Nights of Stampdom, living, vibrant, happy children of the Fairy Kingdom of our entrancing Hobby."

ADVERTISEMENT.

Velours Are Elected.

London and Paris both have experienced a season of Velour Soft Hats. And New York Goodressers—quick to note the trend of fashion—have demanded Velour Soft Hats, too. Velour Soft Hats may be had around town at $5.00 and up, but they are not made with the new droop brim. Through the foresight of Truly Warner, the famous "Hatter to Mr. Goodresser," you can get a smart new droop brim velour with rich Fuggaree scarf band at $3.00. If you want this up-to-the-minute velour style, go to one of the Truly Warner Stores to-day.

Wallach Bros.
B'way at 29th St. Southwest Corner.
246-248 W. 125th St. 3rd Av., cor. 122d St. } Open Evenings.
Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits in Pencil Stripes, Chalk Lines, Hair Lines, Special at
$25
A WONDERFUL showing of these new patterns here at $25. Stripes anywhere from 1/8 to 1/2 inch wide, principally on black and blue grounds. Made in "ahead of date" models, single or double breasted—English soft rolls as well as the more conservative styles. Their price is $25 and a *very* special price it is.

A Player Piano Which Marks a New Step in Musical Art
UNTIL now the one essential feature of artistic hand playing has been absent from the music of all player pianos—proper graduation of tone. We are therefore greatly pleased to be able to announce that, after years of patient experiment, we have entirely overcome this drawback.
Sohmer
"The Player Piano with the Gradutone Buttons"
Five Distinct Graduations of Tone
The Gradutone Buttons—an exclusive Sohmer feature, are like an instantaneous telegraph from your mind to the keyboard; they make possible five positive graduations of tone by simple finger movements.
In the midst of a brilliant, loud piece of music, you can instantly change to the most delicate pianissimo—or any intermediate degree—without changing your pumping.
You Play the Sohmer Player Piano—You Don't Merely Operate It
The expression devices of the Sohmer Player Piano are the opposite of mechanical. The expression and feeling in the music are your own—produced directly by you. This means that you are absolute master of the Piano.
Hidden Strength
There is a hidden strength in the Sohmer Player Piano, and that is the piano itself. No player can be better than the piano behind it. The Sohmer has a world-wide reputation for its ability to withstand the hardest usage and hold its wonderful tone under the most trying circumstances.
An Invitation
Come and hear the New Sohmer Player Piano; you will be well repaid, for it is an entirely new type of player piano—and a call carries not the slightest obligation.
Booklet on Request
If it is not convenient for you to call, a booklet about the new Sohmer Player Piano will be sent you free. Write Dept. H to-day.
SOHMER & CO., Fifth Ave. at 32nd St.
Piano and Player Piano Makers
Purchasers are entitled to an unusually favorable Monthly Music Roll Service.

$20 TO $40 SAVED ON SILK-LINED SUITS
Tariff changes frightened millmen. They offered, and we bought, at less than half value, 77 pieces, mostly imported cloths—enough for 1,000 Suits and Overcoats. We will make them up to your measure:
OVERCOAT, Satin Lined, $27.50
Suit, Silk Lined, $27.50
These cannot be duplicated in ready-made shops, and other custom tailors would ask $40 to $70.
Special Silk-Lined Full Dress, $40; Tuxedo, $35; black or white silk waistcoat if desired.
Samples of Materials and portfolio of Style Suggestions free on request.
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Broadway and 9th Street

E&W SHIRTS
EARL & WILSON
$1.50 TO $10.00
Specials
Red-Man Label $1.50
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THE SAME HIGH STANDARD THAT MADE RED-MAN COLLARS FAMOUS
FOR THE MAN WHO DEMANDS FIT AND SERVICE

AEOLIAN HALL, Mon. Aft., Nov. 10, at 3.
SONG RECITAL Miss ELLEN LEARNED
Tickets Box Office. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.
LITTLE Thea., 240 W. 44th. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30.
"Prunella" A Fantasy with Music. Marguerite Clark as Prunella.
AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3.
SONG RECITAL HERBERT Witherspoon
Seats 75c to $1.50. Management Wolfsohn Bureau.
AEOLIAN HALL To-morrow Eve., at 8:15.
SONG RECITAL EVAN WILLIAMS
Seats 50c to $1.50. Man'g'nt Wolfsohn Bureau.
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque To-day. Mat. To-day. THE GAY NEW YORKERS.
MURRAY HILL BURLESQUE Evgs. 8:15 | Mat. To-d'y | Mollie Williams & Her Company
MINER'S HIGH-CLASS BURLESQUE
People's (B'ry & Sp'g St.), Bronx (3d Av. & 156th St.). Beauty, Youth & Folly. The Roseland Girls.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills.
A—M—E—R—I—C—A
Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal.
—HIPPODROME—
Next SUNDAY Night SOUSA
Only New York Concert This Season. Seats on Sale.
WINTER GARDEN
B'way & 50th. Mat. To-day, $1. Evgs., 8:10.
Another Winter Garden Success.
The Last Word in Scenic Investiture and Costumic Delight.
THE PLEASURE SEEKERS
WITH ALL STAR CAST
MAX ROGERS, BOBBY NORTH, HARRY COOPER, GEORGE WHITE, HUGH CAMERON, DOROTHY JARDON, MYRTLE GILBERT, VIRGINIA EVANS AND MAY MONTGOMERY & MOORE
100 Bewildering Broadway Beauties.
Sunday Night Concert—Best Bill in New York.
SHUBERT THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'way. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15. "Light that Failed" Also Wed. 12th.
ROBERTSON'S T'm'w, (Fri.,) 8:15. "MICE & MEN." Also Fri., 14th. (with GERTRUDE ELLIOTT)
FAREWELL
Sat. Mats. 8, 15. Evs. 10, 13..... "Hamlet." Sat. Evs. 8; also 15. "Passing of 3d Floor Back," foll'd by "Sacrament of Judas."
44th St. MUSIC HALL. W. of B'way. POP. PRICED MAT. TO-DAY.
"GLIMPSE OF THE GREAT WHITE WAY."
SAM BERNARD POLAIRE
MADO MINTY—TORTAJADA
AGOUST COMPANY—SCHWARTZ CO.
B.—WARD—L.—MACK & WALKER
ALEXANDER & SCOTT. Daily Mats. 25c. to $1. Evgs. 25c. to $1.50. Sun. Concert, Mat. & Eve.
CASINO B'WAY & 39TH. Evenings 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
OH, I SAY!
FRENCHIEST FARCE
MOST MELODIOUS MUSIC
MOST BEAUTIFUL GIRLS
SEEN HERE IN YEARS
COMEDY 41st St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tues. & Sat., 2:30.
THE TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS.
Marriage Game
with ALEXANDRA CARLISLE AND SUPERIOR COMPANY.
"Scores a Ripping Success."—*Acton Davies, Eve. Sun.*
"Miss Carlisle Delightful, Irresistible."—*Alan Dale, American.*
"Another 'Peg o' My Heart.'"—*Everybody.*
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEA., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE LURE
PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS
39 St. nr. B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
COME AND BE THRILLED AND LAUGH AND BLUSH.
5 Triumphs "The Bride" "Pelleas" "The Black Mask" "En Deshabille" "A Pair of White Gloves."
BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day, 2:15.
ARNOLD BENNETT'S BRILLIANT COMEDY THE GREAT ADVENTURE
39TH STREET THEA., Near Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. AT BAY
LYRIC. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Sat., 2:15. THE GIRL AND THE PENNANT
48TH St. Thea. Evs. 8:20. Mts. To-day & Sat., 2:20.
THE HIT OF THE SEASON. TO-DAY MAT. TO-DAY, $1.50.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34 St. & 8 Av. Mats. Wed. & Sat. BLINDNESS OF VIRTUE
WEST END. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. THE FIVE FRANKFORTERS
NEXT WEEK—THE BLUEBIRD.
Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Pet o' My Heart."
Royal 1 block from 149th St. & 3rd Av. Evs. 25c. to $1. Mat. Sat., 2:15. Bought and Paid For
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NEXT TUES. (First Night) SEATS TO-DAY. VICTOR HERBERT'S NEW COMIC OPERA. THE MADCAP DUCHESS with ANN SWINBURNE.
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Last Week This Theatre—Next Week Fulton. JOHN MASON in Augustus Thomas's New Play. INDIAN SUMMER
NEXT TUESDAY. Seats To-day. DAVID BELASCO presents THE MAN INSIDE By Roland Burnham. A drama of crime. ham Molineux.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20. LAST TWO WEEKS. GRACE GEORGE in J. M. BARRIE'S STIRRING PLAY HALF AN HOUR Preceded by the brilliant comedy. The Younger Generation
LYCEUM THEATRE, NEXT MON. at 2:30. Special Mat. Performance, auspices of Stage Society of N. Y. Two new plays. "BY PROXY" by Joseph Medill Patterson. "COUNTESS MIZZI" by Arthur Schnitzler. Laurette Taylor, Chrystal Herne, Frank Mills, Lionel Walsh, George Le Guere, Maud Odell, Jessie Ralph, Mark Smith, Anne McDonald, Walter Creighton. Seats now.
Knickerbocker B'way, 38 St. Evs. 8. Mts. Wed. & Sat. at 2. DONALD BRIAN in the Musical Comedy Triumph THE MARRIAGE MARKET.
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:15. FANNIE WARD in MADAM PRESIDENT "Would Make a Sphinx Laugh."—*American*
HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:20. LAST 3 DAYS. THE FIGHT By BAYARD VEILLER. NEXT MON., GEN. JOHN REGAN Seats To-day.
HARRIS 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:15. MISS PHOENIX A new farce by Albert Lee. NEXT MONDAY—SEATS TO-DAY. HENRIETTA In a play of Grand Opera atmosphere by Edward Childs Carpenter. CROSMAN THE TONGUES OF MEN.
FULTON 46 St. Evs. 8:30. AFTER 5 Mat. Sat. NEXT MON., SEATS TO-DAY. JOHN MASON in INDIAN SUMMER
New Amsterdam W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. LAST WEEK THIS THEATRE. | Next Week LIBERTY. Gala Opening MON. SOUVENIR PHOTOS. CHRISTIE MACDONALD In Victor Herbert's Greatest Operetta. SWEETHEARTS NEXT MON., NIGHT, 8:30. Seats To-day. A New Musical Comedy, THE LITTLE CAFE by C. M. S. McLELLAN & IVAN CARYLL.
GEO. COHAN'S M. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. POTASH & PERLMUTTER
GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30. ANOTHER COHAN & HARRIS HIT NEARLY MARRIED with BRUCE McRAE
COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'way, 45 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) Sat., 2:20. SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE Most novel play in years.
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